At the last meeting of the American Beekeepers' Association the president, R. F. Holtermans, said, in his annual

The Apiary.

Progress in Bee Culture-Protection

during Winter.

1897

address :

As an occupation, beekeeping is making progress in many desirable directions. True, there are a few yet who try to belittle beekeeping by giving the impression that anyone can keep bees and succeed without experience and labor and others who think the experlence of able men should not be presented. All this we are leaving behind us, and we are standing upon a broad and liberal platform. Our industry is being recognized as a wealth-producing power of the country, and we can justly be proud of our occupation.

The study of the life history of the marvelous honey bee has thrown open to scientific men some of the most beautiful laws of nature, in that way increasing our reverence for the Creator of all things, who has set these laws in force.

Many who are going in the cities could take hold of beekeeping with profit. The taking of honey takes nothing from the fertility of the soil. The bees are great public benefactors in the pollination of flowers, and day by day investigations reveal the unportance of the honey bee in its relation to plant life. Honey is also one of the most economical and healthful of foods.

The speaker urged beekeepers to stand shoulder to shoulder to protect their market. As an association and as individuals, he said, we could do much to encourage the consumption of one of the most healthful of foods gathered from nature's laboratory, from fields and forests.

## Bee Protection During Winter.

A very inexpensive and good way to protect bees for winter is to make bottomless boxes to set over the hives, says Farm and Home, large enough so that there shall be a space of 3 or 4 in ches on the sides and 5 or 6 inches on the top. The front should be left open from the bottom up to the entrance. Nail a board about 6 inches wide to fit close to the hive at the lower edge of the board, which should come just above the entrance and upper edge come out to the edge of the box : that will leave the entrance open which can be partly closed with a small stick is so desired. The bees are left on their summer stands and the space between the hive and box packed with dry chaff or leaves. The boxes should come about 6 inches above the hives. After placing a cloth over the brood chamber, set a super on and fill full of chaff, then place the cover of the hive on and also have a cover to fit the box. If the location is very windy, a weight should be placed on the outer cover to prevent wind blowing it off. Bees should be packed about Nov. 1 in Michigan and similar latitudes. They should be examined after every snow storm to see that snow does not obsiruct the entrance. That will be all the care they will need until May 1.

# The *flock*.

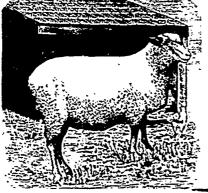
# SOUTHDOWN SHEEP.

CHAMPION SOUTHDOWN WETHER "HEAVY WEIGHT" AND HIS RECORD.

## Mutton-Origin of breed-Regularity of feeding.

With our improved methods of feeding and the growing of more roots, our farmers have learned how to raise as fine mutton as can be found in the other markets of the world. A Scotchman who judged the fat sheep at the live stock show held in Madison Square Garden, New York, last winter, said that he had never in his life seen a tiner lot of sheep. The illustration shows Heavy Weight, 7007, a pure Southdown, bred and fattened by W. II. Beattle of Ontario. Heavy Weight is a lamb won first at Guelph, first as a yearling and sweepstakes at the same place, second as a yearling at the Columbian World's Fair, and first at both Toronto and London as a twoyear-old. This wonderful wether should be carefully studied by all breeders and feeders interested in sheep. He is very evenly and symmetrically developed. with a saddle that would delight any enicure. He served as Christmas mutton for the members of the Union League Olub. No better evidence of the value of New-York as a market for anything good can be adduced than the sale of fat sheep at the show referred to. They brought three cents a pound more than market price, and the supply was nothing like the demand.

The Southdown breed derives its name from a range of chalky hills or



#### CHAMPION SOUTHDOWN WEITHER

downs in England, and-most of the credit is due John Ellman, (1) who, without impairing in the least their hardy constitution, succeeded in bringing them to a great perfection, with regard to a more symmetrical and profitable form, superior flesh with early maturity. His success was so great that he formed a llock, from which the best blood of the breed has since been derived. The Southdowns have a closeset fleece of tine wool, weighing, when the animals are well fed, about four pounds; their faces and legs are of a dusky brown, nearly black color, necks slightly arched limbs short; body broad and compact, offal light and the buttocks very thick and square behind. They are easily confined and do better where land is lumited than almost any other breed. Of course they will thrive best where

where wool and mutton are both desired They attain early maturity, are hardy and prolific, often producing two at birth. 'The lambs are large, hardy and mature carly; when eight months old they are said to dress from 60 to 100 pounds. Though naturally an upland sheep, they thrive equally well on lower sections. They make an excellent cross on native sheep, the progeny taking after the sire.

THE ILLUSTRATED JOURNAL OF AGRICULTURE

Mr. Beattie's success in the show yard with fat sheep entitles his words to some weight in feeding sheep. Listen to what he says: "I always feed my sheep, with the greatest regularity, never at one time to-day and another to-morrow. I never leave any feed near the sheep ; this is suicidal to all success. Give the sheep as much water as they want, and plenty of salt. Be gentle with them, and never startle them. A sheep that is fattening does not need much exercise. Their business is to lay on fat, and to do this they must be contented and happy. "-E. T. Reddick, in "American Agriculturist."

## Special Notices.

#### CONSUMPTION CURED.

CONSUMPTION CURED. An old physician, retired from practice, had placed in his hauds by an East India missionary the for-nula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permauent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Caturh, Asthum and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nerrous Debility and all Nerrous Complaints. Having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, and desiring to relieve hu an sufforing, I will send free of charge to all who wish it, this recipe, in German, French or Euglish, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail, by addressing, with stamp, nam-ing this paper. W. A. Norzs, 820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

As a home remedy for throat and lung diseases, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is juva-inable. Druggists now have Ayer's Amanac.

THE FAMOUS ONTARIO BUSINESS COLLEGY .to the advertisement of the Famous Ontario Business College, of Belleville, Ont., now in its 29th year. This institution is the most Busmess College, of Belleville, Ont., now in its 29th year. This institution is the most widely attended business college in America and has the highest reputation for thorough teaching and general efficiency. There are constantly in attendance a large number of students from the province of Quebec. We would advise young men and parents desir-ing to give their sons a start in life, to send for the catalogue of Ontario Business College to-Messrs. Robinson and Johnson, the prin-cinals. Belleville. Ont. cipals, Belleville, Ont.

Dandruff is due to an enfeebled state of the skin. Hall's Hair Renewer quickens the nutritive functions of the skin? healing and preventing the formation of dandruff.

#### The Seed is the Vital Thing.

Planting must he begun right, else no amount of cultivation er fertilizer can preamount of cultivation or fertilizer can pre-vent the crop being a fuilure. The first step is the selection of the seed. Do not take any risks here. Get seeds that you can de-pend upon—seeds that are fresh, that have a reputation behind them. The most reliable seeds grown in this country are Ferry's Seeds. Wherever seeds are sown the name of D. M. Ferry & Co., of Windsor, Ont., is a guarantee of quality and freshness. The greatest care and strictest caution are exery and the growing selection machine and

greatest care and strictest caution are exer-cised in the growing, selection, packing and distribution of their seeds. Not only must they be fresh, but they must be true to name. On a par with the quality of the seeds is Ferry's Seed Annual for 1897, the most com-prehensive and valuable book of the kind over **G**printed. Every planter, large and small, should get, read and digest this book bofore dupling a simple word. It is from to all boforo planting a single seed. It is free to all who address the firm as abov .

Mr. George Thomas, Liveryman of Ridgo. town, Ontr, says of the Saskatchewan Bullulo Robes : "It is with pleasure and satisfaction that I can recommend the Saskatchewan Bullulo Robe for I have used them both in Of course they will thrive best where well fed and well cared for, making a very profitable breed for any farmer (1) Eliman's wethers weighed 64 lbs. at 2 years old; Jonas Webb's weighed 112 ibs to 120 lbs. at 18 months. Lambs of the Hampshire-down breed at 9 months often weigh as much as the latter. Ed.

#### A Very Popular Calendar.

Few people in these busy days are willing to live without alcalendar to mark the passing of time. This fact, no doubt, accounts for the of time. This fact, no doubt, accounts for the calendars of all kinds, colors, shapes and sizes which flood the mails at this season. Among them all the one that best suits us is that issued by N. W. Avgu & Son, the "Keeping Everlastingly At It" Newspaper Advertis-ing Agents of Philadelphia. We have just received our new copy and are fixed for 1897. It is not difficult to see why this ca-lendar is so great a favorite. The ligures on it are large enough to be read acress a room; its handsome appearance makes it worthy of a place in the best furnished office or library, while it is business-like all the way through. The publishers state that the demand for this calendar has always exceeded the sup-ply. This led them years ago to place upon it a nominal price—25 cents, on receipt of which it is sont, postpaid and securely packed, to any address. packed, to any address.

As will be seen by their announcement in the advertising columns, Messrs. Wm. Bwing & Co.Chave their Annual Seed Catalogue now ready. During the 28 years they have been in the business each year has been a been in the business each year has been a progressive one, and they acknowledge, with pardonable pride, a greater patronage in the past year than ever before—due to the ap-preciation of their keeping faith to their standard of superiority—Messrs. Bwing & Co's patrons may rely upon the seeds sent out by them, having been fully tested; or if otherwise the fact is honestly stated in their catalogue, with useful, hints concerning the same. The firm's aim being to make their annual catalogue a practical condensed epitome of the various lines, useful to the amateur with a small garden as well as to with a small garden as well as to amateur the farmer.

All interested should send their address to Messrs Ewing & Co. when a copy will be mailed free.





Ayrshire and Jersey Cattle,

Berkshire and Yorkshire Pigs.