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ELEVENTH YEAR. THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 10, 1890. ONE CENT.

RAS' BUNCO GAME

Steering Canada's Visiting Statesmen

AGAINST THE WASHINGTON SHARPS.

John Charlton the Latest Victim—Did He "See" Hitt and Blaine?—How the U.S. Politicians Regard the Information Supplied by Canadian Soreheads—Our Oily Course, Reciprocity in Tariffs, not Lying Down to Be Walked Over—Mr. Bunting and Sir Richard Favor Coercive Legislation on the Part of the United States.

One of The World's young men has been in Washington for the past two weeks. While there he heard a good deal about Canadian affairs and saw and heard something of "visiting statesmen" from Canada to the capital of the United States. John Charlton, M.P., for instance, was there from last Thursday up to Monday night. He registered at Willard's Hotel as John Charlton, Lynedoch, Ont. What was he doing? The World will hazard the information that he was in conference with some of the political leaders at Washington. Sir Richard Cartwright has also been there. Mr. Bunting and Mr. Farrer were there—several times. They all manage to see Mr. Blaine and the principal politicians. What about? Ah, that's the question.

The World further hazards the information that Mr. 'Ras Wiman is the "steerer" in this political "bunco game." 'Ras writes the letters of introduction, arranges the interviews, "steers" the "greenhorns" from Canada "up against" men like Blaine, Allison, Hoar, Hitt, Cullom, Frye and the other magnates at Washington.

The Canadians are allowed to do the talking while the political sharpers at Washington listen and draw them out. The interviews are not before congressional committees. That would be too open, too compromising. But they meet them in the quiet of hotel rooms or at the residences of the politicians. And the Canadians talk—on the surface of Reciprocity, or Commercial Union—and the Washington man listens to what to him is merely an argument for annexation!

Now these wily politicians at Washington have two things before them ever—first that of office, second the tariff. On these issues they all have pronounced views. They all belong either to the Ins or Outs and they are all either Protectionists or Tariff Reformers. They will sacrifice any one and every one to attain their end on either or both of these questions. If they thought they could gain or hold office by "coercing," "gobbling" or "soft-soaping" Canada they would do it in a flash. If they thought they could carry their tariff policy by sacrificing Canada in any way, they would not hesitate a moment.

And yet these "visiting statesmen" from Canada go to Washington, allow themselves to be pumped, patted on the back, dismissed with hope, as if these men to whom they have been giving information have anything in view but one or both of the aforesaid objects—office or tariff advantage. Canada to them is a mere pawn in the game.

How extensive this conspiracy to hand over Canada to the United States politicians is The World can only guess, but it is much greater than most Canadians imagine. Fortunately, as yet only our sorehead journalists and disappointed politicians are in it. But it may spread. So big is the stake in the great political game at Washington that if either the Republican or Democratic leaders see a chance to make a point out of Canada they would not scruple at spending millions of dollars to fan this smouldering conspiracy into a flame. That is what Canadians have to guard against.

A Canadian "statesman" who "visits" Washington is a fool. He puts himself in the power of clever, astute and unscrupulous men. They'd use him. They look upon him as a man with a price, as a tool to work out annexation. They have as much regard for Canada outside of their political ends as they have for one of their discarded tobacco quids.

Canada has only one course to pursue, and that is Reciprocity in Tariffs. The great United States is leading in the game and we can only follow, and if we but follow they cannot cry out. But for us to talk of not offending or irritating our neighbors is rot. When they show a neighborly spirit we can do the same, but to "visit Washington" and suggest coercion is a crime.

Will Mr. Charlton explain in the House what he was doing in Washington?

And who is to be the next M.P. that 'Ras proposes to "steer" into Mr. Blaine's little parlor?

It Was a Case of Natural Death.

At the Poplar Hotel, Queen-street east and Saulter-street, last night Coroner Pickering held an inquest on the body of Mrs. Anne O'Donohoe, 362 Eastern-avenue, who died suddenly under alleged suspicious circumstances. Dr. Luke Teskey, who made the post-mortem examination, gave as his opinion that Mrs. O'Donohoe died from congestion of the lungs brought on by drink and exposure, and accordingly a verdict of death from natural causes was returned.

Another large consignment of those elegant Spring Overcoats just in at the Model Clothing Store, 219 and 221 Yonge-street.

Ironing Silk Hats.

"I haven't had my hat ironed since I bought it two months ago," a World reporter heard a customer say as the latter handed his hat to the attendant in Dineen's hat store to have it dressed over. "You seem to have the common idea that ironing spoils a silk hat," replied the hat man. "That is a great mistake. No one wears a silk hat over a year, while the majority of men change with the spring and fall styles. You might iron a hat every day for six months without wearing off the nap or injuring it unless you should burn it in ironing, which rarely happens." Dineen has a man doing nothing else but dressing hats, for the small charge of 25 cents.

The largest assortment of Spring Overcoats in Toronto at the lowest prices. The Model Clothing Store, 219 and 221 Yonge-street.

New English Productions.

By far and away the best and prettiest range of silk, flannel and Oxford shirtings ever sent out by enterprising English manufacturers to this young and progressive city is the collection that quinn is now showing at 115 King-street west. These goods will be made in shirts, pajama suits and night robes or will be sold by the yard.

Families leaving the city or giving up housekeeping can have their furniture carefully stored at moderate cost with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

The Sheffield House importing Company (Registered),
65 Yonge-street, below King. New goods suitable for wedding presents. We keep only the best goods. C. E. Robinson, Manager.

THE LAND OF STORMS.

Another Ohio Tornado—Houses and Barns Wrecked—Other Casualties.

AKRON, O., April 9.—The first regular tornado ever known in this country struck Springfield township last night. The storm moved in a path 10 rods wide, utterly wrecking everything in it. The house of A. Jones, the two-story house of Scott Sweitzer and five barns and sheds were demolished. Mr. Sweitzer, his wife and two children were thrown into the cellar when the house went down and escaped uninjured.

NORWALK, O., April 9.—The following were injured by last night's cyclone here: Dora M. Palmer, killed, head crushed; Maud Harding, artery in temple severed, otherwise injured; Carrie Pettitt, cut in face; Louisa Brutsche, cut in face and badly bruised about head; Maggie Elme, cut about head and face; Rose Lyke, caught by falling timber and bruised about the shoulder and hand cut. The 40 girls employed in the umbrella factory tried to escape from the main building but were not quick enough.

Barns Fired by Lightning.

NYACK, N.Y., April 9.—During a thunderstorm early this morning lightning set fire to and burned half-a-dozen large barns in Rockland county.

A Freight Train Wrecked in a Storm

MIDDLETOWN, N.Y., April 9.—While Otisville was experiencing a severe storm at 2 o'clock this morning a freight train on the Erie Railway broke in two at the station and running together caused a bad wreck. The cars smashed into the Weiter Hotel and carried away the piazza.

EUROPEAN DISARMAMENT.

Talk of an Agreement Between France and Germany—But Switzerland Begins to Build Forts.

PARIS, April 9.—La Paix, supposed to be inspired by President Carnot's secretary, says there is talk of the possibility of an agreement between France and Germany to be followed by a general disarmament.

Bankrupt Rome.

ROME, April 9.—It is reported the enquiry into the municipal finances reveals a state of bankruptcy exceeding the worst anticipations. The Government declines further to assist in averting a crash. Numerous failures are expected.

Switzerland Building Forts.

LONDON, April 9.—In accordance with France's confidential desire Switzerland has commenced to build forts at Mont Furka and St. Maurice in the canton of Valais for the protection of the frontier.

Passports in Alsace-Lorraine.

BERLIN, April 9.—The Vossissche Zeitung says the compulsory passport regulations in Alsace-Lorraine will shortly be abolished.

Dissatisfied German Army Officers.

BERLIN, April 9.—Many officers of the guard are not satisfied with the Emperor's order lowering the scale of private incomes necessary for securing a commission in the army and have requested to be allowed to retire from the service.

The Dahomian Blockade.

PARIS, April 9.—All the powers recognise the blockade of the Dahomian coast by France.

A Berlin Scandal in High Life.

BERLIN, April 9.—The disclosures caused by the arrest of Frau Oberamtmann Herser for gross immorality are exciting all official and fashionable Berlin. Frau Heaser, who is the wife of a leading municipal official, has for some time been giving a series of receptions at her mansion in Frederick-street, which were really orgies of an Oriental character. She was assisted by her handsome daughter, and among her constant visitors were members of the highest nobility, court and city officials, officers of the army and other persons of distinction. Pretty girls of good family were invited by Frau Henser and in many instances unwillingly lured to their ruin. Information was given for Frau Henser by a high official, and now she has succeeded in escaping beyond the jurisdiction of the courts. The daughter has been arrested and persuaded into making a confession, her evidence being taken in camera, so as to screen the names of certain persons of rank.

Cable Flashes.

The British Government has strongly urged the Porte to grant amnesty to the Cretans.

Mr. Gladstone's speech on the Balfour Land Purchase Bill fails to satisfy the Irish party.

A railway train was thrown down an embankment at Frankfort and 27 workingmen injured.

Emin Pasha expresses regret at his inability to accept the invitation of the relief committee to visit England.

Gen. Kuropatkim has been appointed Governor of the trans-Caspian territories in place of Gen. Komaroff, who has been recalled to St. Petersburg to assist in the Ministry of War.

The Chicago Strikes.

CHICAGO, April 9.—The striking carpenters have pickets at all the depots and most of the suburban towns. Wherever they find carpenters coming here to work they labor with them and almost invariably induce them not to work. The strike is costing them $35,000 to $40,000 per week, but they say they are prepared for an all-summer siege. The struggle is for a recognition of the union and the masters say they will not grant this.

The cigar makers' strike took a new turn this morning when 50 non-union bunch makers employed at the Columbia cigar factory struck for higher wages. While the strikers were holding a meeting their late employers entered with half a dozen policemen and caused the arrest of Frank Kemp and John Dabowon a charge of having intimidated non-strikers. The striking bunch-makers voted to join the union.

New York Carpenters' Demands.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The organised carpenters of this city at a meeting this evening decided to demand eight hours as a day's work after May 1 and $3.50 per day.

Prevented from Assembling.

VIENNA, April 9.—The unemployed workmen here to-day made repeated attempts to hold meetings but were prevented from assembling by patrols of cavalry.

The Chicago Billiard Tournament.

CHICAGO, April 9.—Schaefer conceded Ives 225 points and then beat him by 500 to 277 inclusive of handicap. Cotton beat Heiser in the afternoon 250 to 169.

No Color Line There.

CRESTLINE, O., April 9.—Miss Campbell a society leader, has eloped with and married a colored hotel waiter. Her parents are nearly crazed with grief.

Baptist Boards of Missions.

At the meeting of the Foreign Mission Board in connection with the Baptist denomination Rev. W. C. Weir of Guelph presided. Rev. T. S. Johnston, Bradford, and Rev. N. S. Walker, Mount Forest, were appointed foreign mission secretaries in their districts. Mr. J. G. Scott advocated the extension of the benefits of life insurance to missionaries. Mr. Harris, Mr. Grant and Mr. McLaurin were appointed a committee to confer with the college authorities regarding the question of a special course of study for those preparing for mission work. These applicants for mission work appeared: Rev. A. A. McLeod, pastor of Tecumseth-street Church, Toronto; Mr. George Barrow, secretary of the Y.M.C.A., Toronto; Mr. Arthur Wakeling, New York, and Dr. Birdsoll of Delhi, Ont.

The Home Mission Board yesterday passed the appropriations for the past six months.

THE NEW DUTY ON LIVESTOCK

REFORM MEMBERS STRONGLY OPPOSE THE INCREASE.

Bars in a Scott Act City—Sudden Illness of the Secretary of State—Another Lot of Tariff Deputations—Railway Subsidy Seekers at the Capital—General Ottawa Notes.

OTTAWA, April 9.—A complaint by a Fredericton paper that though the Scott Act is the rule in that community three bars are openly maintained in connection with the Royal School of Infantry was read to the House to-day by Mr. Gillmor. The article complained that the young men who joined the school for school courses were demoralised by these bars, which are in connection with the canteen, the sergeants' mess and the officers' mess. Mr. Gillmor asked what the Minister of Militia proposed to do about it and Sir Adolphe Caron replied that he would have an enquiry made.

Sir John Macdonald made a feeling reference to the death of the member for New Westminster (Mr. Chisholm) and pathetically remarked these sad events following so closely, one upon the other, were reminders of the uncertainty of human life.

The House having gone into committee on the tariff resolution the clauses embodying the orders in council adopted since the last tariff bill were passed without brief discusion. Then the new tariff was taken up. The items respecting acid, acid phosphates and precious stones evoked no discussion but there was a great flow of oratory over the proposition that live cattle, sheep and hogs should pay an import duty of 30 per cent. in place of 20 per cent. as formerly.

Mr. Foster explained that this increase was about equivalent to the increase in the duty on dead meats.

Sir Richard Cartwright, Mr. Charlton and Mr. Mulock deplored this increase as serving no good purpose and tending only to inspire the United States with a feeling of hostility to Canada.

Mr. Foster repudiated the idea that Canada should have to consult the Unieed States before passing legislation believed to be in the interest of the Dominion. He ridiculed the statement that this change in the tariff was thrown out as a challenge to the United States or could be described as retaliation. The simple fact was, he said, that the Government realised that certain of the farmers' products did not receive proper protection, and this it was proposed to give them. If Canadians met with difficulties in the way of retaliatory legislation they would face them not as cravens, but as brave men. [Applause.] He accused the Opposition of conduct nothing less than criminal in endeavoring to create the impression at home and abroad that the Government were inspired with a malicious desire for retaliation.

Sir Richard Cartwright, and after recess Messrs. Charlton, McMillan (Hur.), Landerkin, McMullen, Bechard, Paterson (Brant), Fisher and a host of others on the Opposition side spoke against the change in this duty as unwise in itself and a standing challenge to the States.

At 12.10 the committee rose and the House adjourned.

THE ALIEN LABOR BILL.

Another Batch of Witnesses Before Mr. Taylor's Special Committee.

OTTAWA, April 9.—A meeting of the special committee on Mr. Taylor's Alien Contract Labor Bill was held to-day, when Mr. Ormiston, collector of customs at Gananoque, was examined at length. He said that he made enquiries last year along the frontier to see how the alien labor law affected Canadians, and he cited a number of cases to show that Canadians were compelled to go and reside in the States if their work was there to give them employment. He said that the proclamation issued by Mr. Taylor had a pacifying effect on the United States authorities last season and he did not know whether another would be necessary this summer or not.

Robert Lawrence of Suspension Bridge, N.Y., gave evidence to the effect that he was a Canadian, living on the Canadian side, but was compelled to remove with his family to the other side or give up his employment.

The evidence of W. Dixon of Alexandria Bay went to show that Canadians were prevented from going to the other side to pursue their vocations last season, and there was some talk of enforcing the law again next season.

Farmer Cook of Gananoque gave similar testimony.

NOTES AND GOSSIP.

Railway Pushers Pressing the Government for Subsidies.

OTTAWA, April 9.—At a meeting of the Railway Committee to-day a bill for the construction of a railway from Edmonton to Calgary was passed. The promoters of the road have been promised a subsidy from the Dominion Government.

Captain Neelon, John Shields, W. A. Greenwood and E. A. Smith of St. Catharines had an interview with the Government to-day in regard to the St. Catharines & Niagara Central Railway. They want a subsidy for the balance of the road, some 14 miles, into Hamilton.

Mr. D. F. Burk of Port Arthur, who was the Liberal candidate for Algoma at last general election, is here with a delegation to press upon the Government the granting of a subsidy to the Port Arthur, Duluth & Western Railway.

The Government have promised Mr. O'Connor, who is here in the interests of the Winnipeg & Southeastern Railway, to give a land grant to the road.

E. A. Cleghorn, London; A. Turner, Hamilton; J. F. Young of Perkins, Ince & Co., Toronto; Steele of Lucas, Park & Co., Hamilton, interviewed the Ministers of Customs and Finance to-day regarding the duties on liquors and in respect to the underproof classes, the measurement of goods and the position of liquors in bond as affected by the changes in the tariff. The delegation was introduced by Messrs. Brown and Small, M.P.

The fishery protection service on the Atlantic coast will be resumed about May 15.

At the close of the Budget debate in the House this morning Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment was lost on division, 60 to 97.

Mr. Nicholas Murphy, Q.C., of Toronto, has been in the city endeavoring to obtain the release of the two street car employes, Kain and Gilroy, sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment for running over and killing a child at the Queen-street subway at Toronto. The men have served half their term and a very largely signed petition praying for the remission of the remainder has been forwarded. Sir John Thompson received Mr. Murphy favorably.

A Montreal deputation to-day urged that the duty on heavy chemicals should be continued as before in place of being admitted free as proposed for manufacturing purposes only.

Hon. J. A. Chapleau was taken severely ill in his office to-day and had to be taken home.

Senator Bellerose gave notice to-day of a motion to strike out that clause of the Northwest bill relating to the dual language.

$12.50 hardwood bedroom sets, $7.50 hardwood sideboards and $8.00 baby carriages should be seen by all. Credit without interest or extra charge at Adams', 177 Yonge-street.

King's Daughters.

The Young Women's Christian Association of University College have elected these officers:

Hon. President—Mrs. Ashley.
President—Miss Phelps.
Vice-President—Miss Martin.
Recording Secretary—Miss Hare.
Corresponding Secretary—Miss Fleming.
Treasurer—Miss Carter.

IS IT CONTEMPT OF COURT

To Advertise "Who Killed Benwell? or the Mystery of the Blenheim Swamp."

The editor and proprietor of The Fireside Weekly, published in this city, has got himself into difficulties with those interested in the defence of Birchall, in jail for the murder of Benwell. The trouble arises out of a notice which appeared in certain issues of this paper lately, which announced that a thrilling serial story would soon be commenced, entitled, "Who Killed Benwell? or the Mystery of Blenheim Swamp," which would introduce the principal features of the Benwell-Birchall tragedy and deal with the early history in England of "Rex Somerset."

Yesterday at Osgoode Hall, before Mr. Justice Maclennan, Mr. Hellmuth of London, Birchall's counsel, applied to the court for an order calling upon the editor of The Fireside Weekly to show cause why he should not be committed to jail for contempt of court in publishing this notice, and for an order restraining the publication of the story. Mr. Hellmuth urged that this notice was a contempt of court and tended to inflame the minds of the public against Birchall and prevent a fair trial for his client.

His Lordship granted the order asked for and the editor will be called upon to defend his action on Tuesday, when the motion is returnable for argument.

TRINITY'S INTERESTS.

The New Professor in Classics—The Provost's Mission to England re Music Degrees.

A meeting of the corporation of Trinity University was held in the college library yesterday afternoon, the Bishop of Toronto in the chair. There were present: Rev. Professor Jones, D.C.L., Rev. Professor Clark, LL.D., Rev. Professor Symonds, M.A., the Ven. Archdeacon Dixon (Guelph), Rev. Dr. Langtry, Rev. Rural Dean Mackenzie (Brantford), Chief Justice Hagarty, Dr. Griffin (Brantford), Messrs. J. A. Worrell, Barlow Cumberland, Q.C., and Dr. W. T. Harris of Brantford was appointed to represent Trinity University on the council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario for the next five years.

The report of the special committee on the appointment of a professor in classics to succeed the Rev. Professor Boys, who has resigned, was adopted. The report recommended the appointment of the Rev. Arthur Lloyd, M.A., late fellow of Peterhouse College, Cambridge, as professor in classics and public orator of Trinity College.

The memorial drawn up by the committee in regard to the musical degrees was adopted. The memorial, which sets forth the position and history of Trinity University in conferring musical degrees in England, is to be presented the Colonial Secretary. The provost will be deputed to proceed to England, and is now on his way thither to present the memorial to Lord Knutsford.

THE BOYS IN GREEN.

Last Night's March Out—Orders and Promotions—The Recruits.

Despite the muddy streets, the threatening clouds and the blustering wind, a large number of the boys in green turned out last night at the second parade of the season of the Q.O.R. There were 461 men in line, including the bandsmen and the ambulance corps.

Colonel Hamilton was in command. The regiment marched to Wellington-street, where battalion drill was practised. The various movements were performed with ease and steadiness, and the men were frequently applauded by the spectators. The regiment returned to the armory via Yonge and Adelaide-streets. On arriving at the drill shed the Colonel complimented the men on their fine appearance and steady marching. He also referred to to the proposed athletic association and club house.

The following promotions were then announced: To be corporals—Pte. E. P. McNeil, "A" Company, vice D. D. McNeil, promoted; Private Meadows, "A" Company, vice O'Brien, discharged. To be sergeant—Corp. P. D. Porter, "D" Company, vice Jardine, discharged. To be corporals—Private W. J. Darby and Private A. Welch, "H" Company.

The following were confirmed in their ranks as corporals: Acting-Corporal Argles, "H" Company; Acting-Corporals W. Donaldson, J. Drunan, Gray and Evans, "I" Company. Corporal F. D. Porter, "D" Company, was granted a sergeant's certificate. Private Hutchinson was transferred from "I" Company to "C" Company.

A large number of the men having attended 90 per cent. of the regimental drills during the year were presented with good attendance badges.

The recruit classes will be continued hereafter on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. The men are learning the drill rapidly and a number of them will be through in time for the first church parade.

Immediately upon the conclusion of the spring drill a class for non-commissioned officers holding corporals' certificates will be formed.

It has not yet been decided where May 24 will be spent. A number of invitations have been received from various towns and cities, but none of them have been accepted.

A Ministering Angel Gone.

The staff and patients of the Hospital for Sick Children have lost a kind friend and faithful nurse by the death after a brief illness of Miss Jennie Graham. She was the daughter of a well-to-do farmer residing near Shelburne, and influenced by a generous desire to minister to the afflictions of the sick children she left a pleasant home to accept a position as nurse. Miss Graham was an active member of Cooke's Church, where her bright face will long be remembered. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. William Patterson and Rev. John Neil, after which the body was conveyed to Shelburne by the afternoon train.

The Bullet Case.

Michael McLaughlin, the proprietor of a lodging house at 13 Simcoe-terrace, who is charged with having put two bullets in David Mason's foot during a row, was brought up before Col. Denison yesterday. As Mason is still in the hospital the prisoner was remanded till next Monday, bail being refused. McLaughlin, along with James Johnston and Jane McCaffrey, was also charged with having robbed Richard Kirwin, an old pensioner, of $10. The case was adjourned till Monday.

Spring overcoats at $4.50, $6, $7.50, $10, $12.50, $17.50, $20. Come and see them. The Model Clothing Store, 219 and 221 Yonge-street.

James L. Hughes' Conditional Acceptance

A deputation composed of Messrs. Blain, Hamilton and Campbell, representing the Peel County Conservative Association, waited upon Inspector Hughes yesterday afternoon and formally offered him the nomination for the Legislative Assembly. Mr. Hughes accepted, conditional upon the permission of the Public School Board.

Wycliffe's Choral Officers.

The Choral Society of Wycliffe College have elected these officers:

President—W. McCann.
Vice-President—J. W. J. Andrew.
Secretary-Treasurer—N. J. Perry.
Leader—R. F. Nie.
Councillors—J. O. Stringer, S. H. Gould, G. A. Rix.

Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum is highly recommended by Singers and Public Speakers.

He Came, He Saw, He Conquered.

Rev. W. S. McKee delighted a large audience last night at Trinity Methodist church with his popular lecture, "Coligny; a Great Man's Struggle with the Roman Power." Mr. McKee has accepted a call from the Metropolitan Church to act as assistant pastor during the ensuing conference year.

Another Batch of Barnardo's Boys.

A train load of immigrants arrived at the Union Station last night and among them were 84 boys from London, England. They were under the charge of Mr. A. B. Owen, and were taken to the Barnardo Home, 214 Farley-avenue.

EAST SIMCOE CONSERVATIVES.

A. Miscampbell of Midland Chosen to Run Against Mr. Drury.

ORILLIA, April 9.—The Liberal-Conservative convention held here to-day was attended by about 150 delegates from all over the riding. The convention was called for the purpose of selecting a candidate to oppose Hon. Charles Drury in the coming local election. The only nomination made was that of Mr. Andrew Miscampbell of Midland, the delegates by a standing vote declaring him to be the choice of the convention. Addresses were delivered by Messrs. Craig, Clarke, H. H. Thompson, W. H. Bennett, Dr. Slaven and Mr. McCosh of the delegates, Robert Birmingham of Toronto and G. F. Marter, M.L.A.

SO THEY WERE MARRIED.

A Fashionable Wedding in the Ambitious City.

HAMILTON, April 9.—The marriage of Mr. Charles Alfred Jones of Boston to Miss Clara Roach, daughter of Mr. George Roach of this city, took place at Christ Church Cathedral at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. E. M. Bland, assisted by Rev. Rural Dean Forneret. The bride wore a magnificent gown of white Sicilian with a court train and diamond ornaments, and carried a large boquet of white roses and lilies of the valley. The bridesmaids, the Misses Louise and Bella Roach, wore pale gray faille and white crepe de chine, with silver trimmings and hats to match. Each carried a large boquet of pink roses. Mr. Arthur B. Broderick was best man. Among the invited guests were many society people from Toronto, Montreal and Boston. After the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride's father in Bartonstreet, Mr. and Mrs. Jones left at 5.35 in a private car for New York.

Smuggled Chinamen Captured.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., April 9.—Another capture of 10 Chinese was made at 2 o'clock this morning. They were entering the harbor in a fisherman's boat from lower California when they were stopped by customs officers. The boat was owned by J. E. Williams, who is also in custody.

The Chinamen captured are part of those transferred to the steamer Newburn from the steamer City of Peking in San Francisco harbor, March 25, and taken by the Newbern to Ensada, Lower California. Twenty-three Chinese are now in custody here.

The McKinley Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The Ways and Means Committee was in session for a short time to-day. The Republican members submitted a few changes that have been made in the bill during the last ten days and they were ordered to be incorporated in the text. The changes include those made in the cotton hosiery schedule and a provision that the increased duty on fine linens shall not take effect until Jan. 1, 1894. Otherwise they were confined to changes in phraseology. It is expected the majority and minority reports will be completed to-morrow.

Brained, Kicked and Hanged.

MORRISTOWN, N.J., April 9.—At the mining town of Hibernia Monday night a quarrel took place among a party of drunken Hungarians and Paul Matiazcozgi had his skull broken with a beer bottle. Gerbult Baricki and John Stauin were the names of the men who attacked him. After the man had been struck with the bottle he was kicked until he was insensible. The party then put a rope around his neck and strung him up to a tree, where they left him hanging.

The Nova Scotia Estimates.

HALIFAX, April 9.—The provisional estimates for 1890 were presented in the Legislature to-day. The anticipated revenue is placed at $678,823 and the expenditure at $677,924. Thirty thousand dollars is proposed for a new public building in Halifax for the provincial museum and other purposes, on condition that the Dominion Government grants $10,000 in lieu of the present museum room.

Texas' Insect Pests.

ST. LOUIS, April 9.—Advices from Texas say 75 per cent. of the whole crop in the counties of Cook, Grayson, Collins, Denton, Wise and Montague has been destroyed by insects. One of these creatures is similar to the northern chinch bug and the other is the common lady bug. The latter is the most destructive and is not only destroying wheat but is also ravaging oats and corn and even attacking cotton.

An Anti-Ritualist Row at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, April 9.—The row in St. George's Anglican Church has reached a climax. One-third of the congregation have quarrelled with the pastor, Rev. Owen Jones, whose ritualistic practices are criticised by the rest of his flock. Among those who resigned are Mr. Justice Gwynne, of the Supreme Court, Major Watch, Dr. Cousins and Dr. Powell.

Mun Lee Fails Again.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., April 9.—Mun Lee, the Toronto Chinese laundryman who tried to smuggle three of his countrymen into the United States at Detroit, renewed his attempt here. The party were rowed across the river at Chippewa, paying $80 for the job, but were captured and returned to Canada. They have gone back to Toronto.

The Farmer on Top.

BELLEVILLE, April 9.—A case of interest to farmers who have been taken in by the bull less oats swindle has just been decided by Judge Fralick. The plaintiff sought to recover on two notes of $150 each given by one Saylor to W. W. Hess for bull-less oats. The defence set up fraud. Judgment went for the defendant.

Chicago's Grain Fleet Set Sail.

CHICAGO, April 9.—News was received yesterday that the Straits of Mackinac were free of ice. Accordingly the big grain fleet which has been waiting here for that announcement before sailing for Buffalo and other lake ports weighed anchors and stood away upon their trips this morning and afternoon.

The Enniskillen Charivari Murder.

SARNIA, April 9.—William McFadden was tried at the Assizes to-day on a charge of murder. He was accused of shooting William H. H. Meyers in Enniskillen at a charivari on the night of March 22. The jury at 9¼ to-night rendered a verdict of not guilty.

Merchants can warehouse goods in bond or free with Mitchell, Miller & Co. Negotiable warehouse receipts issued; rate of insurance low.

Brazilian Reforms.

RIO DE JANEIRO, April 9.—The following reforms have been promulgated by the Government: Liberty of the press, liberty of association and of public meeting and a modification of the judicial and criminal organisation.

Gold at 300 Premium.

BUENOS AYRES, April 9.—Monday was a day of great excitement on change. Gold was quoted at 300 premium. The crisis is augmenting and a general labor strike is feared.

A Blow to New York's Canals.

ALBANY, April 9.—In the Assembly the bill appropriating $500,000 for canal improvements failed to get the necessary 65 votes, the vote being: Ayes 61, noes 43.

Advances made on merchandise warehoused with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

Hanged.

SCRANTON, Miss., April 9—George Fields, colored, was hanged here to-day for the murder of Jennie Mosely, colored.

High License Shelved in Nova Scotia.

HALIFAX, April 9.—The High License Bill was given the three months' hoist in the Legislature to-day.

25 Leader Lane.

Ed Beeton, the high grade watch specialist, has removed to 25 Leader-lane.

MASTERS AND MEN CONFIDENT

NO SIGNS OF THE REPAIRING OF THE BREACH.

Federated Builders Concede Nothing—They Rely on the Influx of Outsiders—An Exodus Has Also Commenced—Non-Union Men at Work—Who Will Capitulate, the Bosses or the Men?

The members of the Association of Federated Builders report that they do not purpose conceding anything. The opening of spring and the dull times existing in the smaller cities will, they claim, result in a large influx of masons and bricklayers to this city, and they will have no difficulty in resuming work when they want to.

The executive committees of the strikers state that everything is running smoothly and that the reports are more favorable than they had anticipated. Both sides have accepted the situation as inevitable and neither will listen at this stage of the fight to the suggestion of a compromise. The strikers also allege that if they had wished to act arbitrarily they might have ordered all employes to cease work until all the bosses as an association agreed to their terms, instead of granting permits allowing men to work for any member of the Federated Builders' Organisation who is willing to pay the price.

The association realise that the men are in earnest and in several cases they have notified the owners that they must fall back on the strike clause in their contracts. They express their willingness to wait awhile and see what the outcome will be.

The strikers' meeting places are: Caledonia Hall for stonemasons, Central Labor Hall for laborers and Richmond Hall for bricklayers. The halls were filled all day yesterday with the men, who were full of determination.

What the Builders Say.

The battle has been inaugurated at the very worst time the men could have chosen, their statements to the contrary notwithstanding. Said an employer yesterday: "The great activity in building the past two years and the hundreds if not thousands of empty houses afford abundant proof that there will be little house building this year, while no trouble will be experienced in securing enough non-union men to erect the large jobs under contract."

About 50 of the members of the Bricklayers' Union have so asked for and obtained their traveling cards and left the city. Fifteen or 20 of these have started for Denver, Colorado, where it is claimed skilled workmen are being paid 30 per day of eight hours. Others have left for New York State and various points. Quite a number of additional employers of labor have conceded the advanced wages. Most of these are small employers, with from two to six hands. So far none of the large employers have made the advance, but it was reported around the strikers' headquarters yesterday that some of the association members who had work under way which required completion had sub-let their work and the new contractors were paying the increase. At a freeting of the bosses held the other night, however, the understanding was arrived at between those present that no sub-letting was to take place. The Building Committee of the Board of Trade building have granted the 36 cents asked.

The Sinews of War.

The names of all men out of work are now being secured by Secretary Marsh in order that a statement can be sent to the secretary of the International Bricklayers' Union, at Cohoes, N.Y., giving a statement of the number of married and single men respectively who have been assisted. As soon as this is done a per capita assessment will be levied on each member of the union.

The duty of the pickets who have been stationed by the several unions at all buildings in course of erection and of the stations is to invite and endeavor to induce all non-union men to come out. No attempt will be made, the strikers say, to intimidate anyone. Strangers arriving in the city will be informed of the state of affairs and will be told that if they join the strikers they will receive the same assistance as those who went out on strike.

It Will Be Peaceable.

"The bosses need not think that we are likely to bring ourselves within the meshes of the law by some of our number resorting to violence," said one of the striking laborers yesterday. "Our policy as a body will be to refrain from anything which may be construed into a lawless act, and no man will be forced to quit work who does not belong to the union, but he will of course be persuaded to do so. The battle has now settled into a test of strength between the International Builders' Laborers' Union and the Federated Builders. It was not so much because our demands for 21 cents were not conceded that the unanimity for a strike was manifested, but because the bosses refused to recognise our organisation. If the strike should prove a failure, the union will practically cease to exist, and the cause of labor will receive a serious setback. If the bosses continue to agree to our terms in the same proportion as they have since we went out the strike cannot last very long. Reports are received daily by the secretary of new names of employers who have conceded the increase."

Satisfied with Nine Hours.

"I see it stated that some of the men preferred to strike for eight hours a day instead of for the increased wages," said the reporter to one of the union bricklayers.

"That is not true except in a few isolated cases. Why, the offer made to the bosses that if 36 cents was conceded we would make an agreement not to ask any further change for six years shows that the eight-hour move is not looked for in the near future at all events. If we had asked for reduction in the hours of work and made a demand for the same sum per diem as we had been receiving, perhaps there would be less justice for our demands. Besides, if the eight-hour law had come into force, a larger number of workmen would have to be employed to do the work in that time which has heretofore been done in nine, since bricklaying cannot be "hustled." Shortening the hours of a man's work 10 or 12 per cent. would not result in increased efficiency per hour. During the past two years very few men in the trade have been unemployed on workable days; a larger number of workers would therefore be required to do in eight hours per day the same work which has been done in nine. This would result in the influx of a large number of workmen, and when business became slack, with hundreds out of employment, down would go the wages again."

The Laborers.

The builders' laborers state that the number of permits granted exceeds their anticipations, but admit that a dozen of the principal bosses would employ nearly as many men as the whole 85 who have conceded the increase and who average two to three men each, although one employer of 16 has come in, the secretary reports. The pickets have made encouraging reports to headquarters at Central Labor Hall and if their statements are to be relied on there are not 25 builders' laborers in the city working for less than 21 cents per hour.

The Stonemasons.

There is nothing to report in connection with the stonemasons' strike. Not more than a dozen have taken their traveling cards and left the city. About 15 or 20 non-union men are working in the city, some of whom came in from other points during the past fortnight.

$8.00—We sell a hardwood pedestal extension table for $8.00. This is the best value in the Dominion. C. F. Adams' Home Furnishing House, 177 Yonge-street.

Medical Aspirants.

The spring professional examinations of the College of Physicians and Surgeons are in progress at the Medical Council building, Richmond and Bay streets, Toronto. About 300 students are writing. The results will be announced about May 24.

ANOTHER COMPLICATION.

Manning & Macdonald Add Their Little Difficulty to the Don Agreement.

Bain, Laidlaw & Co., on behalf of Manning & Macdonald, contractors on the Don works, have exploded a bombshell in the ranks of the friends of the Don agreement with the Canadian Pacific Railway. In a pithy letter to the Mayor they forbid the corporation to ratify the agreement, or give permission to any railway company to lay rails along the line of the work until such times as the city shall have taken over the work from the contractors, their clients, and settled with them for every liability in connection with the same. This new difficulty means that the agreement cannot possibly be ratified until a series of expensive and lengthy lawsuits are fought out with Messrs. Manning & Macdonald.

A Theatre for the West End.

Ex-Ald. Pell is speculating on the chances of building a theatre west of Spadina-avenue. He is negotiating for a site on Queen-street directly opposite Vanauley-street, and will in all probability close the deal in a few days. The back wall of the theatre is to be on Farley-avenue a little east of the present Salvation Army barracks, and the building in all probability will have a seating capacity of at least 2000. The ex-alderman has abandoned the idea of putting up a theatre on King-street east, but is talking of putting one up on Yonge-street north.

Architect Langley and Contractor Davis.

Chairman Moses of the Property