THE TORONTO RUBBER CO.
OF CANADA
T. McILROY, JR., & CO.
India Rubber goods of every description.
28 KING-ST WEST.

The Toronto World.

Drafts on Russia, France, Germany
And all parts of the world.
BANK OF ENGLAND NOTES, GREENBACKS
And all Foreign Money Bought and Sold.
C. S. GZOWSKI, Jr., General Agent Do-
minion Royal Mail Line, 24 King-street east.

TENTH YEAR. MONDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 23, 1889. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE MAN ON HORSEBACK.

FRENCHMEN DON'T FOLLOW WHERE HIS WHITE PLUME WAVES.

The Republicans Successful in the French Elections—In Montmartre, for which Boulanger Stood, a Re-ballot is Necessary—Senator Abbott's Mission.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The Tribune's special cable from London says: Mr. Abbott's mission to Australia is considered here as of some importance. His primary object is to press the claims of Vancouver as against San Francisco as the terminus of the new trans-Pacific steamship route. Canada has already promised $500,000 for an eighteen-knot service between England and Canada, and is prepared to give $125,000 for the proposed service between Vancouver and Sydney, N.S.W. Mr. Abbott wishes to induce the Australians to contribute an additional sum of $175,000 towards the Pacific subvention in order to secure fast boats capable of giving a twenty-eight days' sail between London and Sydney.

He will not find all the colonies of the same mind about encouraging the Pacific route. South Australia will certainly object to the line, because it would injure Adelaide. Possibly Melbourne, which maintains a bitter rivalry toward Sydney, will not care to see the older capital of New South Wales profit by Mr. Abbott's proposal. Sydney may be content to sit still and see whether the United States may not offer more liberal terms than Canada in order to maintain the present San Francisco route for its mails and commerce.

We do not sufficiently know the terms of Mr. Abbott's intercolonial tariff scheme, but that he takes some project in his portmanteau is the belief of everybody who has any knowledge of the subject.

Behind all this is the Pacific cable project, which Canada also strongly supports. The Australian colonies deem it a pious aspiration, but are not as eageras Canada to spend money on the scheme. They do not more than half employ the existing cable routes to England.

THE FRENCH ELECTIONS.

The Republicans Apparently Victorious—Many Second Ballots Necessary.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—Notwithstanding the fact that an electoral contest was proceeding the streets of Paris early to-day presented a deserted aspect. Rain cleared the boulevards and kept people within doors. The country visitors to the exhibition left the city yesterday for their respective departments to participate in the elections, leaving the different sections of the exhibition less crowded than usual. Crowds of electors have thronged the Mairies for the last two days obtaining their voting papers. It is therefore considered improbable that the prediction of a large falling off in the vote will be fulfilled.

The voting began at 8 a.m. Around the electoral urns representatives of the different parties kept assiduous watch. The voting proceeded slowly until afternoon. Groups of electors leisurely deposited their papers and retired in silence. There was no excitement or bustle anywhere. Telegrams from the provinces reported equal tranquility. After 5 o'clock the polling places were thronged; still perfect order prevailed. The crowds were good-humored, and there was no apparent tendency to a disturbance. The authorities had taken elaborate precautions against a riot but there was no display of force in the streets. The soldiers were kept in readiness in the barracks and the police were massed under cover at various points with instructions to remain inactive unless compelled to interfere. No row is yet apprehended unless the Montmartre returning officers decline to count the Boulanger voting papers. The Elysee circle is more confident of a Republican majority. A Boulangist majority is considered utterly improbable. Reports from Montmartre say that even the defeat of Boulanger is possible although his supporters are using every means to secure his return. The clergy of Montmartre ordered prayers in his favor. The Boulanger committee are in continuous secret session directing the contest.

There was a riot at Avignon to-day. A crowd forced the doors of the building occupied by the Boulangist committee, burned the voting papers and set fire to the building. Thence the crowd went to the Boulangist club, broke in the doors, wrecked the furniture and drove out the members.

Bad For The General.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—11 p.m.—The vote in Montmartre was as follows:

Boulanger	7816
Joffrin (Labor)	6697
Thribaud (Republican Revisionist)	444

Boulanger's majority 1865

PARIS, Sept. 23.—The prefecture of the Seine has issued the official figures of the results in Montmartre as follows: Registered electors 18,743, voters 11,686, blank voting papers 2494. Boulanger received 5800 votes. According to these figures a second ballot will be necessary in Montmartre. This result is probably accounted for by the number of blanks.

The Latest Totals.

PARIS, Sept. 23.—The latest totals are: Republicans elected—158. Anti-Republicans—92. Re-ballots necessary—145.

An Incipient Row Quelled.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—The workmen in the Montmartre district deposited their ballots early to-day and departed immediately without exchanging views with their fellows. The demeanor of the electors throughout the d y was quiet and there was no crowding at the polls. After the closing of the urns there was some excitement in various parts of the city, especially in the Bourse quarters. Here the different parties paraded the streets, the Boulangists singing popular refrains.

There was a great uproar at the offices of The Presse, where an announcement of Boulanger's victory in Montmartre was displayed on a transparency. The news was received with mingled cheers and hoots by the rival contingents, and as a row seemed imminent the police and mounted guards charged upon and dispersed the crowd. Several persons were arrested.

Pending Political Contests.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—Pending by-elections are not exciting much attention. Mr. Chaplin will doubtless be re-elected for Sleaford, but with an impaired majority. Mr. Leng is not likely to meet with any opposition in Dundee. A small hole-and-corner meeting of Socialists invited Mr. John Burns, but he has declined. Mr. Edward Jenkins, the author of "Ginx's Baby," was also thought of as the Unionist candidate, but Dundee has had enough of Mr. Jenkins, and he seems to know that fact. Hence Mr. Leng will be unopposed. At Peterboro a tough fight is expected, though the Unionist candidate is a weak man. A still more severe contest may be looked for in North Bucks. At Elgin there is a distinct split among the Gladstonians, arising out of Mr. Seymour-Keay's views of land nationalization. The doctrines of Mr. Henry George have no attraction for the rural Liberals, and Mr. Keay is not of a sufficiently retiring disposition to make way for a man of more moderate views.

The Smokeless Powder.

BERLIN, Sept. 22.—The manœuvres at Hanover terminated yesterday. The Emperor, commanding the Tenth Corps, assumed a defensive position behind Elze, on the Alfeld Railway. His corps used smokeless powder. Eight Schunann ironclad towers armed with machine guns figured in the fight, the plan of which involved the retreat of the Seventh Corps firing the ordinary powder. The Post publishes a military report on the manœuvres, which is conclusive as to the necessity of smokeless powder henceforth for both artillery and infantry. The corps using the smokeless powder got within 200 yards of the enemy without the latter being able to determine the distance. The latter were often taken on the flank and were unable to guess whence the fire came. If it had been a real battle they would have been annihilated. The reports dilate upon the demoralizing and bewildering effect of the smokeless fire of the infantry upon their opponents and also refers to the increased certainty of aim arising from the absence of smoke, especially in the case of artillery. The war office is preparing to supply smokeless powder to all the troops, including the second-class Landwehr. The latest perfected smokeless powder leaves no sign after firing by infantry, and only a slight gray mist after firing by artillery.

Getting Ready For the Czar.

BERLIN, Sept. 22.—Prince Bismarck will come to Berlin on Wednesday. Count Herbert Bismarck, all the Cabinet Ministers and Gen. von Schweinitz, the German Ambassador to Russia, are summoned to a meeting on Thursday. The assembling of political potentates is due to the Czar's coming visit, for which definite arrangements are to be made. Prince Bismarck appears to be determined to invest the interview with all possible importance. The absence of M. de Giers, the Russian Foreign Minister, indicates that the Czar is determined to refuse Prince Bismarck a political conference.

Is She Another Mrs. Maybrick?

LONDON, Sept. 22.—Last Wednesday the body of a wealthy resident of the West End, named Weldon, was buried by his family, who were of the belief that his death was due to natural causes. After the interment two brothers of the deceased became suspicious that the dead man's wife had followed the example of Mrs. Maybrick and Saturday the body was exhumed and placed in the hands of chemical experts for examination. The suspicions of the brothers are based, in part, on the fact that Mrs. Weldon's first husband died under circumstances similar to those attending the death of the second, the death in each case occurring very soon after the husband had made a will in her favor.

Will War Come Soon?

LONDON, Sept. 22.—A Russian general officer who has been on a tour of observation in England during the last three weeks said in an interview respecting Bulgaria's independence: "You may rest assured war will break out between Russia and Austria much sooner than is expected by the most pronounced pessimist. I believe that Bismarck will shuffle out of the triple alliance on this occasion and that Italy will come to grief. I do not think that England will be dragged into the conflict unless for the protection of her Indian dominions, but then will stand in little if any danger. Of course, France will be allied with Russia."

Spain Not Satisfied.

MADRID, Sept. 22.—The Moorish Minister of Foreign Affairs has replied to the note of the Spanish Government relative to the capture of a Spanish vessel by Riffians off the Morocco coast. The Minister says the vessel was supposed to be carrying goods contraband of war and he asks the Spanish Government to assist him in making an inquiry into the matter. The Madrid Government is not disposed to submit to any delay. It desires the immediate release of the captured crew. A Spanish squadron has left Cadiz for Tangiers.

A Quiet Campaign.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—The electoral campaign is proceeding quietly throughout France.

Cholera in Mesopotamia.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Consul-General Pringle at Constantinople, in a communication to the Department of State dated Aug. 30, reports a total of 1285 deaths from cholera in Mesopotamia.

King Louis Not Seriously Ill.

LISBON, Sept. 22.—The condition of the King of Portugal gives no cause for anxiety. He receives the ministers daily.

Gamblers Arrested.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The police on Saturday raided the popular Cranbourne Club. They arrested thirty-five baccarat players and betting men.

Another M.P. Sentenced.

DUBLIN, Sept. 22.—William H. K. Redmond, M.P. for North Fermanagh, who was convicted for offences under the Crimes Act, has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

THE GREEN-EYED MONSTER.

W. Sealy Hopkins Murders His Wife and Her Mother and Then Attempts Suicide.

PHILLIPSBURG, Pa., Sept. 22.—W. Sealy Hopkins, aged 26, has engaged in numerous quarrels with his wife during the past two or three months. Two weeks ago he left home, returning yesterday. They had another quarrel this morning, in the course of which Hopkins pulled a revolver and shot his wife dead. This occurred on the first floor of their home. The frenzied man then rushed to the third story, where his mother-in-law was, and shot her too, killing her instantly. Hopkins afterward left his house and went to a livery stable, where he attempted to kill himself, firing two shots at his head with his revolver, neither doing much damage, however, beyond ploughing a couple of grooves in the top of his skull. He confessed to killing his wife and her mother to Dr. Pierce, who pronounced him out of danger. Jealousy and a belief in the faithlessness of his wife are the supposed reasons that incited Hopkins to commit the crime.

DIAMONDS—For the very finest Diamond Jewelry go to Wolff, the Diamond Broker, 17 Leader-lane, Toronto. 146

The Lily's Lost Seamen.

HALIFAX, Sept. 22.—According to the advices received by Admiral Watson, the British war ship Lily was wrecked off Point Armour Forteau, on the coast of Labrador, in the Straits of Belle Isle. The following is a list of the drowned: Robert Love, James Bridge, William Sealy, Samuel Winsor, Walter Mitchell, William Coates and — Beasley, all seamen. None of the officers were lost. The survivors are expected to arrive next week on the Emerald.

Struck Gas and Oil—Painful Accident.

OTTAWA, Sept. 21.—A fine flow of gas and oil was struck here to-day at the People's well at a depth of 1350 feet.

J. B. McGreevey, cashier of the banking house of Samuel S. Lawson, was considerably injured about the forehead and face, his eyebrows and mustache burnt off entirely and his eyes nearly put out by the explosion of a lamp.

Remarkably Healthful.—Adams' Tutti Frutti.

At St. James' Cathedral.

Canon Du Moulin announced yesterday morning to a large congregation in the schoolroom that possibly service would be resumed in the renovated cathedral Oct. 6. The subject of his sermon was "That Woman Jezebel." It was a powerful discourse, wherein was shown the fearfully wicked life of a king's daughter and a king's wife; her baneful and absolute influence over her husband; of her awful death and that of her sons. Emphasis was laid on the possibilities of life; of the good to be done; of the poor and distressed at our doors, while we in our lifetime enjoy all of its comforts. The day of reckoning is the time of retrospection, when one recalls what might have been; then, when too late, remorse, worse than material fire and brimstone, the very essence of hell-fire, preys upon the vitals.

Illustrations were eloquently pictured from the lives of Herod and Nero; of Solomon, too, and the greatness of his possibilities and these unattained. A vivid contrast was made between Jezebel and Paul, first persecutor of the faithful, then defender of the faith."

Something Good.—Adams' Tutti Frutti.

ALL QUEBEC IN MOURNING

TWENTY-ONE OF THE VICTIMS BURIED YESTERDAY.

An Impressive Funeral—Four More Bodies Recovered—A Husband and His Young Bride Found Locked in Each Other's Arms—Two Hundred Men at Work.

QUEBEC, Sept. 22.—Great activity prevailed yesterday at the scene of desolation. Mayor Langelier and most of the City Councillors were on the grounds all day encouraging the laborers at work and attending to other details. A great deal more work was done yesterday than on the previous day, the men having acquired through practice the way of using their strength and energies to the one end. The men of "B" Battery and the Cavalry School were early on the scene and resumed the work they had left at 3 o'clock Saturday morning. The volunteer workers belong generally to Champlain Ward and are more or less interested in the work, but many are also working there through a motive of charity. There are about 200 in all engaged among the ruins.

At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon a squad of "B" Battery men discovered the body of a woman under a solid mass of stones, beams and rafters—the head only was clear. The men worked hard to get her disentangled but the mass of stone above her was so great that it became evident the woman's head would be buried again. Some of the men attempted to remove a very large stone weighing some five hundred pounds. It deviated from the course they intended to give it and came down crashing on the woman's head. Her jaw-bones were dislocated, the nose and forehead forced in the cavity of the cranium and the brains splattered about her. The body is that of Mrs. Kempt, wife of Joe Kempt, sr., who is still under the debris and supposed to be alive yet, as he was heard shouting and singing, evidently in a state of insanity or of delirium. As for Mrs. Kempt she was dead before the falling of the stone upon her head. Later on the laborers, thinking that she was sufficiently disengaged to be taken out, tried to pull the body out but in doing so her left leg was dislocated and severed from her body.

An hour later the corpse of Margarette Welsh was reached under a pile of masonry. Her head was hanging loose, almost severed from the neck, and the brain oozed out from the back of the skull, while the top was cut in two halves. She was otherwise shockingly mangled.

These are the only two bodies found after 24 hours' work.

The quantity of rocks, lumber and masonry is so great that three or four hours of hard working does not show any difference in the debris. It is thought that about sixteen are still missing and were in the basement of the building at the time of the landslide. Consequently the debris must be cleared level to the ground in order to get at them. Bodies will remain under the ruins several days before they can be extricated. Three sailors are supposed to be buried at a place where the huge pile of fallen rocks is about thirty feet from the level road.

The task of cleaning and dressing the 20 bodies found out was allotted to Undertaker Lepine and four aids. Women were first engaged to attend to the female bodies, but they had been only a few minutes at the task when they left and went away heartbroken and almost fainting. The guardroom of the river police station was transformed into a mortuary chapel and the 20 bodies laid in a row in front of the altar, on which a number of tapers and lamps are burning. Aromatic essences are also burned. The chapel is open to the public, which flocks there en masse. Rats are also invading the building.

FUNERAL OF THE VICTIMS.

Twenty of the Dead Borne to Their Last Resting Place Yesterday.

QUEBEC, Sept. 22.—Early this morning thousands of people flocked around the shipping office to witness the departure of the funeral cortege. The procession was organized and conducted by Undertaker Lepine and James Paula, a prominent member of the Ship Laborers' Society. The Ship Laborers' Society, about 700 strong, headed by President Mahoney, Secretary Pringle and Treasurer Maloney led the procession. Following came the city police force under command of Col. Vohl. A magnificent wreath of costly flowers presented by the City Councillors was carried by two bearers. Then came 15 hearses containing the bodies of the victims in this order:

THOMAS FARRELL.
Thomas Farrell's THREE CHILDREN.
RICHARD LEAHEY.
Mrs. RICHARD LEAHEY.
MICHAEL DEEHY.
CHARLES ALLEN.
Mrs. CHARLES ALLEN.
Miss ALLEN.
Mrs. STEPHEN BURKE and her two children.
Mrs. MICHAEL BRADLEY and daughter.
ELIZA BRADLEY.
MARGARET WELCH.
Mrs. READY.
Mrs. KEMP.
Mrs. LENE MARSHALL.

The relatives of the deceased walked on each side of the hearses and behind came His Honor Mayor Langelier and Mr. Jules Tessier, the city councillors, Coroner Belleau and his secretary Mr. Geo. St. Pierre. Then came a vast concourse of the most distinguished citizens among whom were several members of the Provincial Parliament and about 5000 persons belonging to all classes of society. Flags in mourning fluttered at half-mast on the streets along the line of the procession. The streets were literally crammed with sightseers. All Quebec was out and thousands from the neighboring towns and parishes.

At St. Patrick's Church Father Hayden, rector of the Redemptorist Order, assisted by Father Welsh as deacon and Father Maguire as sub-deacon, celebrated divine service. The church was draped with mourning and illuminated magnificently. The ceremonies were of a most impressive character. Rev. Father Walsh preached the sermon.

After the service the procession proceeded to Woodfield Cemetery, which is situated some three miles out of the city. The bodies were deposited in vaults prior to final burial, as many of them will be interred in family lots when the remainder of the bodies are extricated from under the ruins.

Another imposing funeral took place this afternoon, that of Mrs. Henry Lawson, also a victim of the dreadful avalanche. The service took place at St. Matthew's Church and was attended by a very large concourse of relatives, friends and citizens of all denominations. Rev. Mr. Hatch officiated and the ceremonies were conducted by Rev. Mr. Williams.

Four More Bodies Recovered.

While these rites were being paid the bodies of other victims were found under the debris that blocks up Champlain-street. The bodies of John Nolan and his wife were unearthed locked in each other's arms. It will be remembered that at the time of the land slide Nolan ran to save his wife, embracing her tightly in his arms. They died as they were wedded. They had been married only fifteen days. Mrs. Nolan's body bore no trace of violence, while that of her husband was horribly mutilated. The head was severed from the trunk, the chest smashed in, both arms crushed and the rest of his remains was but a ghastly bleeding mass of flesh and broken bones. Two boys were also found close by. They are the son and adopted son of Maybury, whose body is still under the ruins. Both bodies were crushed and horribly mutilated.

Sir Hector Langevin, Minister of Public Works, accompanied by General Cameron and Major Mayne of the Royal School of Engineers, visited the scene of the disaster this afternoon. The engineers will in company with the city engineer hold a survey of the heights and report to the Minister of Public Works the condition and danger of the same, also they will suggest the best means to prevent further disaster.

ENGINEERS AT WORK.

Surveying the G. T. R.'s Hamilton Entrance—The T., B. & B. Waltzes.

HAMILTON, Sept. 21.—Engineer Jennings of the Canadian Pacific Railway was interviewed by a Herald reporter yesterday. Mr. Jennings stated that a party was at work at the present time surveying preliminary lines into Hamilton, both by way of Carroll's Point and the Beach. Mr. Jennings said it was not definitely decided to run the Toronto branch through Cooksville. The place is 16 miles from Toronto and 27 from Hamilton, making a total distance between Hamilton and Toronto by this route about 43 miles, or 4 miles longer than the Grand Trunk route. Information obtained from other quarters goes to support the opinion that the C. P. R.'s route to Hamilton will take the shortest possible course, and instead of leaving the C.P.R.'s line at Cooksville, will leave it at Toronto. One thing is certain, the C.P.R. have been surveying lines along the lake front westward from Toronto, and it is well known that the Hamilton-Toronto b h will pass within the limits of Oakville and Burlington, thereby proving of much greater benefit to those places than the Grand Trunk.

Messrs. Helm and Miller, the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo pushers, were in town yesterday. They refused to be interviewed, but the latter admitted that they were just now waiting to see what the Canadian Pacific Railway will do. They claim not to be afraid of the Canadian Pacific Railway's competition, as their road will run from Buffalo to Toronto in as straight a line as possible, bringing them through the centre of the peninsula.

A special meeting of the Finance Committee was held to-night. The meeting was called to arrange for a deputation to go to Ottawa and oppose the request of the Grand Trunk Railway Company for permission to construct a spur line between the old Northern & Northwestern Railway and the Grand Trunk main line running east; in other words, to give the company a short route between Toronto and the Falls and side track Hamilton.

Exhibition is over, but Jarbeau is at the Grand this week.

AT PT. ARTHUR AND PT. WILLIAM.

Lord Stanley on His Western Tour—A Trip to the Silver Mines.

PORT ARTHUR, Sept. 21.—The Governor-General, accompanied by Lady Stanley and party, arrived Friday night. His Excellency was presented with an address, to which he replied. After dinner at the Northern Hotel there was a reception in the drawing room, which was attended by the citizens generally, the firemen and militia. The Governor's party including the ladies, attended by Mr. Whyte, Canadian Pacific Railway Superintendent, went by train to Murillo, thence by teams up the Whitefish Valley on the Government-road to the Beaver and Badger mines. The whole party went down the Beaver mine to the bottom, 530 feet. The Governor knocked off a chunk of silver ore weighing ten pounds, half silver, which was presented by Captain Hooper to Lady Stanley. At the Badger mine Captain Lear had silver ore corded up and gave the whole party large specimens. The party were entertained at the Beaver to a champagne luncheon. The Governor expressed himself very much at the fabulous richness of the mine. He thought if the facts were known English capital would pour in.

The party accompanied by Captain Hooper visited the Kakabeka Falls, which Villiers, The London Graphic war correspondent, says have more beauty than Niagara. The Governor did not have time to visit the big iron deposits at Iron Mountain near Sand Lake. He arrived back here at 8 o'clock.

The Governor has great faith in the mineral resources of the district.

This morning at 8 o'clock the party went around the harbor in a steamer, up the Kaministiquia River, visited the Canadian Pacific Railway coal docks and elevators. His Excellency was presented with an address at Fort William and replied eulogizing the district.

At 10 o'clock the party left by train for Rat Portage, where they will inspect the mines and mills, and leave Monday noon for Winnipeg.

The new Starlight Gavotte by Six Beautiful Ladies. Jarbeau—Grand Opera House to-night.

TWO SEALERS SAIL INTO VICTORIA.

One Had Lost Six Indians in Behring Sea, the Other Was Chased by the Rush.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21.—A Victoria, B.C., despatch says: "The sealing schooner Beatrice, Captain McKeil, arrived from Behring Sea Thursday night with 1200 sealskins. The Beatrice left Behring Sea Aug. 28. The captain reports that he never once sighted the United States ship Rush. On Aug. 16 he lost three canoes each containing two Indians, who were unable to find their way back to the ship from the fishing grounds on account of the fog. The captain remained in the neighborhood for five days burning lights, but nothing was seen of them. The captain thinks, however, that they were picked up by a schooner which passed about that time.

"The schooner Maggie Mac arrived last night from Behring Sea with 1390 sealskins. She was overhauled by the Rush after a three hours' chase on Aug. 27, but Lieutenant Tuckle allowed her to proceed after examining her papers, and as the skins seemed to be several days old. Captain Dodd said he had resolved to fight rather than surrender his vessel or the skins.

"Preparations are being made to give Governor-General Lord Stanley a fitting reception on his arrival about Oct. 31. The Sealers' Association will lay the Behring Sea case before him."

Go to the Grand Opera House to-night and see Jarbeau in Starlight.

Advances made on merchandise warehoused with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

KENSINGTON IN RUINS.

A $100,000 Fire in a Prince Edward Island Town—Other Losses.

HALIFAX, Sept. 21.—News was received here this evening that the business portion of Kensington, P.E.I., was wholly destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $100,000; insured for $40,000.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—A disastrous fire has occurred in the village of Werbach, Baden, destroying many dwellings and rendering homeless a large number of families.

Hear Jarbeau warble "That's Enough, Don't You Think?" Grand Opera House to-night.

Caused by an Electric Shock.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Two electric light linemen, Henry Freeman and John Bell, were knocked from the pole where they were at work Saturday and the latter had his skull fractured and may die. Freeman was also badly hurt. An electric shock caused the men to fall.

Hear Jarbeau warble "That's Enough Don't You Think?" Grand Opera House to-night.

Cigarmakers' Strike Statistics.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—At yesterday's session of the International Cigar Manufacturers' convention the report of the Committee on Strikes was read. During the past two years 160 strikes occurred and $53,687 was expended. Eighty strikes were successful and seventeen were compromised.

"Where are You Going, My Pretty Maid?" Jarbeau—Grand Opera House to-night.

Uncle Sam's New Cruisers.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 22.—The cruiser Chicago had her manœuvring and turning trials yesterday. The action of the ship was most satisfactory. The response to the rudder was excellent for a ship of her size. The gun boat Yorktown was given her speed trial and made 16 7-10 knots per hour. This exceeds the speed called for in the contract. Her work was very satisfactory.

Fun, Frolic, Mirth, Music — Beautiful Girls, Handsome Costumes. Jarbeau — Grand to-night.

GOOD WILLIAM GOODERHAM

THIS WAS THE THEME OF MANY DISCOURSES YESTERDAY.

Impressive Memorial Service in the Institute He Founded—Prominent Traits in His Character — Eulogiums at the Metropolitan and at Carlton-street.

Among the many Christian and philanthropic enterprises which elicited the sympathy of the late Mr. W. Gooderham none lay nearer to his heart than the Christian Institute. For it he planned and prayed, and upon its work and to ensure its success he liberally expended his money, and his latest thoughts were turned towards ensuring its permanency. It has pleased the Lord to remove him, and the loss of his sympathy and co-operation is sadly felt. But we feel that while God's workmen may be removed, His work will go on.

Such was the opening paragraph of a circular widely distributed announcing for Saturday evening a memorial service in the Christian Institute as an expression of respect to the memory of the founder of that institution. The circular was signed by W. H. Howland, president, and Alfred Sandham, general secretary.

The proceedings were a success; the large hall was crowded, the hymns appropriate, the speeches laudatory and affecting. Over the platform was a portrait of the late Mr. Gooderham, surrounded with the text: "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord, that they may rest from their labors, and their works do follow them." Among the large number of ministers and well-known citizens present were W. H. Howland, who presided: Hon. S. H. Blake, Rev. Dr. Johnston, Rev. Dr. Parsons, Rev. Elmore Harris, Rev. James Matheson, Rev. D. G. Sutherland, Rev. Ira Smith, Rev. Leroy Hooker, Ald. Boustead, Henry O'Brien, T. J. Wilkie, Dr. C. S. Eliot, Mr. Alfred Sandham, Salvation Army officers, and a whole host of Christian workers from the various evangelical churches. The hymn, "Am I a soldier of the cross?" heartily sung gave the keynote to the meeting. Then Rev. Leroy Hooker offered a touching prayer, leading the thoughts of all to the sentiments expressed in the next hymn, "Oh, think of the home over there."

The Chairman, who was deeply affected, paid a generous tribute to the memory of his old friend William Gooderham and dilated on some traits of his character. The first was his absolute faithfulness to duty, the second the absence of any bitterness in his character. Illustrations of these were given, the chairman summing up his remarks by saying that the testimony William Gooderham gave was that a man can go through this world of work and be an active business man and at the same time an out-and-out Christian.

"In the sweet by-and-bye" having been sweetly sung,

He Went Preaching Through the Train.

Rev. Dr. Johnston said: Earth is the poorer and heaven the richer through William Gooderham's death. He was emphatically a good man. True goodness is true greatness. He was a kind and affectionate man, proof of which was given in his devotion to his invalid wife and consideration for the inmates of the Orphans' Home. He was a faithful steward. He was not born to his Masterly business. Dr. Johnston told how traveling from Boston to Toronto his dear friend spoke to everyone on the train about Christ. His sudden death came with trumpet voice, "Be ye also ready."

Hon. S. H. Blake testified to Mr. Gooderham's humility and intense feeling of individual responsibility. There was nothing narrow about him. He had a peculiar thoughtfulness and consideration for others. He told the speaker recently, "I am not tired of the work, which flows through it in the work." The worldly twaddlers said William Gooderham was a man of terrible "cant." It would be a good thing for this country and the world if there were more such men of "cant." Concerning one of his bequests, Mr. Blake said Mr. Gooderham's will was a reflex of the man whose memory they were honoring.

"Asleep in Jesus, blessed sleep," having been affectingly sung, Rev. Dr. Parsons paid a generous tribute to Mr. Gooderham's loving deeds and aptly applied the text, "He, being dead, yet speaketh."

He Prayed in Every Nook and Corner.

Mr. Alfred Sandham gave a resume of the history of this Institute. He told how anxious Mr. Gooderham was to establish it, how he had prayed in his carriage on the streets for divine guidance as to the site and the payment by him of $10,000 for it. How he went on his knees in the old shanty and said "Let us ask the Lord if this is the right place"; how he prayed behind the workmen's tool shed that there might be no accidents, how his prayer was answered; when the floor was laid he prayed again, when the next room was ready he did the same, up the ladder he went and prayed concerning the next story, and then on to the roof he went and prayed when that was being put on. His was a life of prayer and constant work. Said Mr. Sandham: "I recently suggested rest to him." He replied: "I'd like to know how long my Saviour rested. I shall have all eternity to rest in shortly."

Mr. Sandham held up Mr. Gooderham's hymn-book and said he had looked it through, and there was only one verse marked of the 750 songs and solos in Sankey's collection. This was the following:

Give me a faithful heart—likeness to Thee—
That each departing day henceforth may see
Some work of love begun,
Some deed of kindness done,
Some wand'rer sought and won,
Something for Thee.

The hymn of which this forms a part, commencing:

Saviour, Thy dying love Thou gavest me,
Nor should I aught withhold, my Lord, from Thee,

was then sung, after which Rev. James Matheson, who was at Mr. Gooderham's side when he died, prayed and pronounced the benediction.

At Carlton-street Methodist Church.

Rev. Dr. Hunter's discourse at Carlton-street Methodist Church last night was listened to with profound attention, evincing the more than passing interest taken in the life of the late William Gooderham. The preacher sketched the early life of the deceased, alluded to his conversion at the age of 18, his rejection of Christ afterwards, and followed up his life through its various vicissitudes, in which sorrow was predominant, until in 1873 he finally accepted Christ for all eternity. But then his troubles were not ended. The great affliction that befell his late wife in that year was but the beginning of a trial by fire in which he came out purified. He always considered his early life a failure in that he had backslidden for the engrossments of a business life. The speaker pronounced it a devil's delusion to say that we cannot follow Christ and be diligent in business.

Many of deceased's virtues were reviewed, his nobleness of character alluded to in glowing terms, and tributes of praise paid to his memory. His magnificent bequest of nearly a quarter of a million dollars to Victoria University was lauded. The good influence exerted by such men 'does not die with them, but lives to testify of their work.

A consecration prayer meeting was held on conclusion of the service.

At the Metropolitan.

The exercises at the Metropolitan Methodist Church last night took the character of a memorial service in honor of the late William Gooderham. The anthem was of a special nature and the "Dead March in Saul" was played as the congregation passed out. Rev. Leroy Hooker spoke from the words, "He being dead yet speaketh." He commended Mr. Gooderham's child-like faith and simple trust in God. The entire community honored him not for his wealth, but because he was a man of unceasing activity and generosity. He recommended especially to the young the example of William Gooderham. Above all, he urged his hearers to learn a lesson from the suddenness of his death. In this connection the preacher also expatiated on the Quebec disaster, and warned all his hearers to flee from "the wrath to come."

Try Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum.

THE UNIVERSITY SENATE.

Mr Embree's Address to the Masters of High Schools.

Mr. L. E. Embree, head master of the Parkdale high school, is seeking re-election as a representative of the high school masters in the Senate of the University of Toronto. In his address he favors a revision of the curriculum in the direction of the resolutions adopted at several meetings of the teachers' association.

Next he favors "a higher standard for matriculation, particularly in the matter of secondary age, and for this reason, as well as for the sake of having a uniform standard for all the universities of the province, I would support any feasible and equitable scheme of a high school leaving examination to take the place of the present junior matriculation. For the same reason I am opposed to the present liberal scheme of supplemental examinations, whereby a student may be allowed a supplemental in nearly one-half of his subjects; for these examinations, particularly with the present low percentage, serve as an encouragement for ill-prepared candidates to present themselves for matriculation.

"I hold that the pass or general course should not be regarded as a means for graduating students who lack the application or the ability necessary to obtain a degree in one of the honor or special courses. The names 'Pass' and 'Honor' are misleading; some of our best graduates are so-called Pass men.

"Some arrangements should be made for giving greater publicity to the proceedings of the ordinary meetings of the senate. The present reports are too meagre to be of much service to graduates and others interested in university education."

THE END IS APPROACHING.

Dissatisfaction With the Board of Works Getting Very Apparent.

There is likely to be a strong movement in council and shortly on the Board of Works, its management and its interior arrangements. The attack will not be confined to officials alone, although they will have to bear the brunt of the battle, but the chairman and members of the board will be arraigned and asked to explain the reasons for the present bad muddles. It is not only the Don matter which will be brought up as reason for the action but a score of other mistakes. Delays in the granting of contracts, and too eager haste in the pushing on of others, errors of judgment and the allowing personal influence to outweigh the public good, all these will be counted in the coming struggle.

And it is whispered that the aldermen who will lead the van will not be far in advance of the Mayor. It is known that he has about concluded that the organization of the offices and fixing up of the furniture has failed to put new life into the stagnant department. The great trouble in the whole matter is that when winnowed down it is hard to find who is responsible for the present unhappy state of affairs. It is not so much individuals as the system that is to blame.

THE GRAND JURY'S LABORS.

They Liberate the Bon Marche Clerks—A True Bill for Housebreaking.

The Grand Jury sat again on Saturday. A true bill was brought in against Frank Murray, alias James Lee, charged with housebreaking. In the cases of the Bon Marche v. Messrs. Jas. Dalrymple and Wm. E. H. Balden, also in the case of Bon Marche v. J. Dalrymple and Eli Hamilton, the defendants were all cleared.

What Was Done at the Sessions.

The General Sessions held a short sitting on Saturday. Daniel Barnes, an old man, who was charged with maliciously breaking a plate glass window, was acquitted, as it was proved that the damage was done accidentally.

Thomas Fahey, 58 Chestnut-street, was acquitted on a charge of assaulting P. C. Beatty on the night of Aug. 23. Beatty entered defendant's house after a man whom he had been told was within. Fahey opposed him and hit his ear. The jury took the view that the constable had no right to enter the house without a warrant.

Hugh Spence, who was fined $3 by the Police Magistrate for cruelty to a horse some time ago, appealed the case. The jury, however, affirmed the Magistrate's decision adding to the fine all the costs.

"Where are You Going, My Pretty Maid?" Jarbeau—Grand Opera House to-night.

Dismantling at the Fair Grounds.

All the exhibits at the Industrial Fair just closed are rapidly being cleared off the grounds. On Saturday a host of men did good work in this direction. Wagons loaded to their utmost capacity were passing through the gates all day long. The main building, so lately the scene of activity and life, was deserted by all save the workmen, and the floor was strewn with debris and thousands of handbills. To-day the work of removing the exhibits will be continued and this afternoon the manager's office will be moved down town again.

Clam Chowder to-day at Geo. S. McConkey's, 29 King-street west. 135

A Negro Missionary From Africa.

Rev. Cornelius McKane, for six years a missionary in Liberia, Africa, advocated the claims of missions in the Dark Continent twice yesterday. In the morning he preached in the People's Church, corner King and Bridgestreets, and in the evening in the Clinton-street Methodist church, in the West End. He made a strong plea for more aid for the mission field. He lectures each evening this week in Methodist churches in native costume, commencing with Agnes-street to-night.

New York Count Oysters, just received at Geo. S. McConkey's, 29 King-St. West. 135

Fur Advances.

Despatches from the great fur centres of Europe show a great advance in the prices of almost all kinds of furs. This may not be good news just now, when the weather is getting cold, but it is what the furriers have been expecting for some time, and some of them have not been slow in taking advantage of the rise. The firm of W. & D. Dineen is known to have laid in largely of sealskins some time ago and this rise accounts for the heavy purchase so early.

Fun, Frolic, Mirth, Music — Beautiful Girls, Handsome Costumes. Jarbeau — Grand to-night.

Accidents.

This is a year of accidents, the unfortunate effects of which are largely ameliorated by a policy in the Manufacturers' Accident Insurance Co., 33 King-street west, Toronto.

Chicken Salad to-day at Geo. S. McConkey's, 29 King-St. West. 135

Accused of Smuggling.

A meddlesome individual who had business at the Custom House started to tell an official there Saturday a story about quinn, the shirtmaker, having smuggled over a hundred dozen of English collars. The