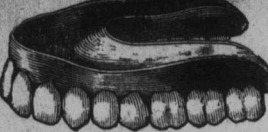


**TROTTER & GRAHAM,**



**DENTISTS!**

GUELPH and BRAMPTON,

Members of the Dental Association of the Province of Ontario.

(Successors in Guelph to T. Trotter.)

**OFFICE:**

Over Mr. Higginbotham's Drug Store

REFERENCES.—Rev. Archdeacon Palmer, Drs. Clarke, Parker and Herold, Guelph; A. P. Scott, Esq., County Judge; George Green, County Attorney; Dr. Pattallo, M. M. C.; Rev. Mr. Arnold—Brampton. Dr. Barnhart, Warden of Peel; Dr. Hampton, Resident Surgeon Toronto Hospital.

The new anæsthetic agents used for extracting teeth without pain.

R. TROTTER, W. K. GRAHAM.

Guelph, 2nd August, 1867. (dw-ly)

**FLOUR, GRAIN, PROVISIONS,**

**ASHES, LEATHER, &c.**

**CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.** Highest prices realized, and returns promptly made. Every consignment afforded consignee in reference to the Markets, Packing of Pork, Manufacture, &c., as required.

**Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,**

MONTREAL.

Kirkwood, Livingston & More,

HALIFAX.

**ADVANCES.**

DRAFTS authorized against Consignments to Montreal and Halifax may be made at the option of Consignors, on either City. Cash advances made on shipments to our Correspondents in Foreign Markets.

**Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,**

MONTREAL.

Kirkwood, Livingston & More,

HALIFAX.

**FISH, OILS, &c.**

ORDERS for Fish, Oils, or West India Produce carefully and promptly executed.

**Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,**

HALIFAX, N. S.

October 12, 1867. (dawly)

**\$20. STAR \$100.**

**SHU TTL SEWING MACHINE.**

Patented May, 1867.

THE Star Shuttle Sewing-Machine makes a stitch alike on both sides of material sewed, which will not rip or ravel. Does all kinds of work equally well as Singer's high-priced machine. Combines simplicity with durability, and is warranted for five years. It is suited alike for the dressmaker, tailor, manufacturer or family.—Mr. J. SPAFFORD having been appointed General Agent for Ontario, wishes to engage a few good local and travelling agents, to whom good inducements will be offered. For machines, sample of work, or terms, address—

**J. E. SPAFFORD,** P.O. Box 450, Toronto.

Reference—Rev. E. A. Healy, Stratford P. O., Stratford, 3rd September, 1867. (4)

**H. HOGG'S**

**FLOUR AND FEED STORE**

Opposite the Market Shed.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND, all kinds of Mill Feed, Chopped Peas, Middlings, Shorts, Bran, Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Flour!

Bacon, Sugar-cured Hams, and Potatoes.

Guelph, 28th August, 1867. (dw-4f)

**CARD.**

**MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.**

W. VALE, Band-Master of the Wellington Battalion, and late Band Sergeant of the 17th Regiment, begs to inform the inhabitants of Guelph, that he is prepared to receive pupils for instruction in Music in the following branches:—Violin, Flute, Cornet, and all Brass Instruments thorough Bass and Harmony.

Terms—\$10 per quarter, payable in advances. For particulars apply at residence, Nottingham Street.

Guelph, Oct. 11, 1867. (4-1m)

**NEW FANCY GOODS**

**MRS. HUNTER,**

No. 7, - - - Day's Block,

HAS pleasure in informing the ladies of Guelph that she has received a large and choice assortment of

**BERLIN WOOL**

**FINGERING WOOL,**

**FLEECY (Single and Double) WOOL,**

**ZEPHYR WOOL.**

New Slipper Patterns and Worked Ottomans.—Also, a large variety of other Fancy Goods and Toys. All orders for fancy work promptly executed.—Stamming and Binding done to order.

Guelph, 25th Sept., 1867. (dw-4in)

**Dominion Grocery, Fruit and FANCY STORE,**

(Late Post Office Store.)

**MRS. ROBINSON**

HAS just received a very large and varied stock of Fancy Goods, comprising Wools of all kinds, Braids, Crochet Cottons, Machine Spools, Common Spools, Hair Pins, Pins, Butt Laces, Satelets, Portulonnies, Necklaces, Belt Buckles, Ear-drops, Scarf Pins, Rings, &c.

Don't forget the stand, next door to the Wellington Hotel, Upper Wyndham Street.

Wanted to purchase for cash 300 lbs. BEES-WAX, early next month, for a firm in Montreal.

MRS. ROBINSON.

Guelph, Sept. 25th, 1867. (daw)

**HAY IN TRUSSES**

Constantly on hand. Also fine Straw for beds.

**TERMS, CASH.**

**JOHN WEST.**

**Division Court Sittings.**

**COUNTY OF WELLINGTON.**

The Division Court of the County of Wellington, will be held as follows:

No. 7 Glenallen...	July 23	Sept. 24	Nov. 19	1867
12 Drayton .....	24	25	20	
10 Harrison .....	25	26	21	
8 Elgin .....	26	27	22	
6 Arthur .....	30	Oct. 1	26	
11 Mount Forest .....	31	2	27	
4 Fergus .....	Aug. 1	3	28	
9 Perth .....	4	15	Dec. 2	
5 Erin .....	7	16	4	
1 Guelph .....	9	18	6	
3 Rockwood .....	10	22	17	
2 Puslinch .....	14	23	18	

By order,  
**ALFRED A. BAKER,** Clerk No. 1  
Guelph, 7th Feb. 1867.

**FARM FOR SALE.**

FOR sale, a first-class farm, being the North East half of Lot No. 10, 2nd Con. of the Township of Pilkington, containing one hundred acres, with about 80 acres under cultivation, well watered, and good buildings thereon. Terms moderate. For further particulars apply to

**WM. RENNIE, Fergus, Ontario**  
Fergus, 6th Aug. 1867. 4m

**Farm for Sale or Rent.**

FOR sale or to rent that farm, being Lot No. 14, in the 5th Concession, Township of Puslinch, consisting of 100 acres, 80 acres of which are cleared and under cultivation. There are on the premises a good Stone House, Frame Barn, with stable under, a good bearing Orchard, excellent Spring Well, and plenty of water for cattle. For particulars apply on the premises, or if by letter (post-paid) to

**THOMAS BAILEY,**  
Puslinch, Oct. 3, 1867. w8m Aberley P. O.

**FARM FOR SALE.**

FOR SALE the North-East half of Lot No. 6, 3rd Con., Division B., Township of Guelph. It comprises 50 acres of land, all cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The land is well watered and there is a good pump well on the place. It is about 2 1/2 miles from Guelph—close to a good travelled road.

For terms and particulars apply (if by letter post-paid) to the undersigned, executors of the estate of the late Richard Henderson.

**JOHN AMOS,**  
**ROBT. MCINTOSH,** Executors  
October 3, 1867. 4-in

**FARM FOR SALE.**

FOR sale, in the Township of Culross, County of Bruce, 120 acres of splendid land, about 35 acres cleared, with log house and stables, being Lot No. 24, 4th Concession of the Township of Culross, 2 1/2 miles from Tawatawa, and near the gravel road. There is a fine spring creek running through the lot, and the timber is unsurpassed. It is in one of the finest wheat growing sections of Canada. The soil is limestone and clay loam.—This eligible farm is now offered for the low price of \$1,700, for which a clear deed from the Crown will be given. Address (post-paid),

**SAMUEL SOTLEY,**  
Guelph, 29th July, 1867. (dw) Guelph P. O.

**FARM FOR SALE.**

FOR sale, a bush farm in the Township of Garrafrax, being East 5/8 of Lot 18, Con. 5, consisting of 100 acres. It is well watered, and there is access to it by good roads. The land cannot be surpassed. The farm is about 2 1/2 miles from Guelph, 9 miles from Elora, 6 miles from Fergus, 3 miles from Douglas, and about 14 miles Orangeville. When the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railroad, and the Toronto Central Railroad are finished, it will lie between the two lines of railroad. Cash price \$2,000. For particulars apply post-paid to

**ROBERT CAMPBELL,**  
87 Sumach-st., Toronto.  
Guelph, 24th Aug., 1867. 3m

**FARM TO RENT.**

TO rent, the farm belonging to the estate of the late Robert Trouton, comprising Lot 19, in the 6th Concession, Garrafrax, containing 100 acres, 180 acres of which are cleared and in an excellent state of cultivation. The land is well fenced, and well laid off. There is a good comfortable log dwelling house on the place, with large and commodious barn and stable. There is a good pump well on the premises, and the river Irvine runs through the back part of the lot. If desirable, a lease for ten years will be given. The tenant can have immediate possession.

For terms and other particulars apply, if by letter post-paid, to the following executors of the estate:

**ALEX. DYCE,** Garrafrax P. O.  
**JOHN FOX,**  
**WM. EVELEIGH,**  
Guelph, Oct. 16, 1867. w-4t

**Estray Heifer.**

CAME on the Subscriber's premises, about two months ago, a Red Heifer, rising two years old, with some white spots on the body. The owner can have her by proving property and paying expenses. If not claimed within a month from this date, she will be sold to pay expenses.

**ROBT. COCHRANE,**  
York Road, Guelph, near Victoria Bridge.  
Guelph, Oct. 14th, 1867. w-4t

**New Livery Stable.**

**HORSES FOR HIRE.**

PARTIES wishing to hire Saddle-horses, or Horses and Buggies, can do so at moderate rates, by applying to the undersigned, at the Wellington Hotel.

**HUGH STRAHAN,**  
Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867. do-5m

**BEES. BEES.**

THE Subscriber begs to inform the public that he has on hand and FOR SALE until Winter, an assortment of **Common Bees.** Common Hive, 25 each; movable Comb do. \$8 each. I shall also have, late in the Fall, a limited number of **Italian Bees,** for sale at \$15 in movable Comb Hives. The Italians were bred from stock imported from Quinby, one of the best and most extensive Apiarists in America.

**JOHN INGLE, Eden Mills.**  
Eden Mills, September 5, 1867. 7-23-wtf

**STOLEN OR STRAYED.**

STOLEN or Strayed from the premises of the subscriber, Lot 7, 2nd Con., Ermaosa, on the last, a red Heifer, with white spot on forehead flank and thigh; small horns, slightly turned inwards. About two years old. Any person giving such information as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded.

**EDMUND MCALLISTRUM,**  
Guelph, October 8, 1867. daw-3

**New Barber Shop.**

THE Subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of Guelph and vicinity that he has opened a new Barber's Shop.

NEXT TO COUGLON'S HOTEL.

He will be on hand at all hours to accommodate customers. Shaving, Hair Cutting and Dressing on the most improved principles.

Particular attention paid to Ladies' Hair Cutting.

**GEORGE ALLAN,**  
Guelph, Sept 20, 1867. d-1m

**On Macdonnell Street,**

**YOUNGER'S**

**EDINBURGH ALE,**

At E. CARROLL & Co's,  
Guelph Oct. 7, 1867. N. & S. Day's Block

**Evening Mercury.**

WEDNESDAY EVEN'G, OCTOBER 23.

**The Weekly Mercury,**

THURSDAY, OCT. 24.

40 FORTY COLUMNS.

'Equalled by few and excelled by none.'—*31st* Forest Examiner.

THE WEEKLY MERCURY for Thursday October 24 contains editorials, Local and Foreign news, poetry, literary selections, a general epitome of the news for the week, and a continuation of the thrilling tale "Nora Cushaleen." Undoubtedly the best country journal in the Dominion, and an excellent paper to send to distant relatives. To be had at the office of publication, Macdonnell street to-morrow (Thursday) morning at seven o'clock and at the bookstores of Messrs Day, Cutburt and Shewan. Be sure and get a copy for the English mail.

CUTBERT'S BOOKSTORE.—In future copies of the EVENING and WEEKLY editions of the GUELPH MERCURY can be had at the bookstore of Mr. R. B. Cutbert, Wyndham Street opposite the English Church.

STRAWBERRIES IN OCTOBER.—It is something rare to see strawberries growing in October, but we have actually seen them in the possession of Mr. A. A. Baker of Guelph large and rosy as if it were in June. He pulled a few to-day and tells us that there are more growing. We are at a loss to account for the growth and ripening of such fine fruit in the open air at this season of the year.

TRUMP GIVEN.—The Judges in this matter have given in their awards, for the handsome prize offered by Messrs. C & A. Sharpe, and supplemented by the South Riding and Guelph Township Societies. There were nine competitors, and the prizes were awarded as follows:—1st Evan McDonald, 2nd Joseph Parkinson, 3rd Charles Head, we will give the Judges report and tabular statement next week.

REMOVAL.—By advertisement in to-day's issue it will be seen that Mr. Cutbert has purchased the *Advertiser's* bookstore, and that he intends to sell out the goods at a very great reduction. We have no doubt he will perform what he promises. The dimensions of his present establishment are very contradicted, and it will be advantageous to Mr. Cutbert and much more agreeable to his customers when he carries on his watchmaking and jewellery business in a large shop. Those in need of cheap books and stationery will be benefited by calling.

CONCERT TO-NIGHT.—We would remind our readers of the Concert, in aid of St. Joseph's Hospital, which will be held in the Drill Shed, this evening. We understand that a large number of tickets have been already sold, and a numerous attendance may be expected. Every preparation has been made that could be made consistent with prudence to afford the audience a rich musical treat. Miss Hillary, of Toronto, whose abilities are much extolled, will be present, besides Mr. Filgiano, of Hamilton, and other singers of note. Then we are to have Miss Green who has already made a very favorable impression, and the very popular, Jennie Fraser. We predict for her a successful evening. We have no doubt that the concert will give her a decided advantage. To all who can possibly afford it, we say, "Go; remember the poor and afflicted."

Wesleyan Methodist Soiree.—The Soiree in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Church of this town took place on Tuesday evening, and was well attended. We may presume that it fully realized anticipations. Tea was served in the basement, and it was after nine o'clock before all the assembly had finished their repast. But while some were waiting for those who, more fortunate than themselves, had been able to obtain early seats at the tables, and as Time was neither waiting nor disposed to linger, the Rev. Messrs Hogg, Torrance and Wood addressed them; and as those who had eaten and were satisfied came up, the supper ones went down, leaving the intellectual feast to partake of that which would contribute to their physical sustenance. Thus the assembly was amused alternately, by satisfying the sterner wants of nature, and by listening to addresses calculated to strengthen and improve their minds. The well-trained choir too should not be forgotten, as it did its part most effectively. The Rev. Lachlan Taylor, who is now Doctor of Divinity, was to make the speech of the evening, and shortly after nine o'clock he began. He proposed, as he said, to take a short tour through Italy, than which at the present day no land attracts more attention. He referred to the advances of the Garibaldians against Rome, and prayed that the time would speed on when neither Victor Emmanuel, Napoleon, nor any one else shall attempt to stem the tide of victory sweeping over the vine clad hills of Italy, when the Papacy shall be abolished. He gave a description of Civita Vecchia, which is 47 miles from Rome, and told of the extreme destitution of the people, one-fifth of the population of Rome being beggars. He was at Rome on the anniversary of St. Peter, and saw the splendid illumination of the magnificent edifice which bears his name, which occupied one hundred and twenty-three years in building, and cost ten millions sterling. The Doctor dwelt a long time in describing this truly amazing structure, and did not conclude until 11 o'clock. The choir then sang a piece, and the assembly dispersed.

LAMPS! LAMPS! LAMPS!

A new lot of Lamps, Lamp Glasses, Lamp Globes, Lamp Shades and Wicks; also Pure Coal Oil, for Family use, at

**JOHN HORSMAN'S,**  
Guelph, Oct. 24, 1867. d1w1m.

It is said that the Chinese have recently adopted the practice of adulterating the spring-grown tea with the old and withered leaves of the previous season's yield. The effect is to destroy the flavor of the tea. The Chinese are evidently becoming civilized, according to the European idea.

**BUILDING OPERATIONS**

IN GUELPH IN 1867.

(CONTINUED.)

ARMSTRONG, McCRAE & Co.'S WOOLLEN FACTORY.

Some months ago when the building of this Hosiery and Yarn Factory was first spoken of, we hailed the project as a most hopeful one, and as an indication that ere long the woollen manufacturers of Guelph would become not only profitable but much more widely extended. Messrs. Armstrong, McCrae & Co. have set a good example, in the enterprise which they displayed in starting such an extensive factory, and the energy and spirit which they manifested in pushing on the work connected with the building and fitting up the machinery. Operations began in the month of April, and by the middle of August the factory was in running order. The unfortunate fire which occurred shortly after caused considerable loss and delay, but as the machinery was not materially injured, and as the repairs were promptly commenced as soon after the fire as possible, no time was lost in getting everything to rights again, and we are happy to say the factory is now in full running order.

The building stands on the corner of Huskisson and Surry streets, with the main front looking towards the Market. It is, including the scouring and engine house, 85 feet long by 34 deep, and sixteen stonies and a half high. It is built entirely of stone, and is a fine specimen of tape-pointed rubble work. Mr. Stephen Boulton was architect and superintendent, Mr. Thos. Dobbie contractor for the masonry work, Mr. James Barclay for the carpenter work, Mr. Wm Day for the plastering, and Mr. W. H. Jacob for the painting and glazing. The upper or half storey is used as a store room, and for sorting the wool. Here the wool is carefully gone over by hand, and all dirt or foreign substances removed from it. The wool used for fine hosiery is the South-down or Merino, and the common Canadian long wool is made into stocking yarn, or worked up in the coarser kinds of hosiery. At present the firm are testing the quality and suitability of the Ohio and Michigan Merino wool for the finer kinds of work they turn out.

After being carefully hand-picked, the wool is taken down stairs to the floor below, where it is put through the picker, a little circular machine which revolves rapidly, thoroughly separates the fibres of the wool, and throws it out ready for the breakers. There are two broad sets of these breakers—48 inch cylinders—and a condenser. These machines are very elaborate and beautifully finished, and along with the jacks were made by Webster, Dustin & Co., of Lawrence, Mass. The wool after being put through these machines is ready for the spinning "jack," which stands in front of them, occupying more than two-thirds the length of the building. There are 240 spindles on this jack, which can form an idea of the quantity of yarn spun in a day. The spools on which the yarn is run are then taken to the spooling machine on the ground floor. This is a simple yet ingeniously contrived little machine, by which the yarn is unwound from the spindles on to a roller. These are fitted on to the doubling jack—of 108 spindles—on which machine the yarn is doubled and twisted to whatever degree may be required. After undergoing this process the yarn is put on the reeling machine and made into hanks.

The scouring and engine house is separated from the main building by a stone wall, an iron door communicating with the two apartments. In the scouring house are all the necessary appliances for cleaning the yarn or hosiery—the scouring machine and wringer, fulling machine, hot and cold water tanks. The water is heated by the exhaust steam from the engine passing through a large iron vessel, securely rivetted and made water tight. Above is the drying room, where the wool or manufactured goods are dried by the heat from the boiler. The machinery is run by an excellent 12 horse power engine, from the foundry of Messrs. Ewart, Inglis & Co., the boiler having a capacity for running a 16 horse power engine. Though under the same roof, both engine and boiler may be said to be isolated from the rest of the building, being separated by strong walls and doors well protected from fire. Cast iron pipes are being laid from the boiler round each apartment, and part of the exhaust steam will be run through these, by which means they will be sufficiently warmed in winter, thus obviating the necessity of heating stoves.

The stocking frames are located in an adjoining house. This department may be said to be an extension of the business formerly carried on by Messrs. Armstrong & Anderson. Since the new firm was formed, however, considerable additions have been made to the machinery, and now there are altogether ten frames in operation. Some of these are adapted for plain others for ribbed work. Two of them are what are called the broad frames, and are very fine machines. They were all made in Hawick, Scotland, and one of the broad frames recently imported cost \$250. The different articles manufactured, after being scoured and dried, are taken to the finishing room, where they are pressed, then folded, counted off, parcelled up and are then ready for the market. The factory when in full operation will turn out one hundred pairs of children's and drawers a month, besides a considerable quantity of sale yarn. The proprietors have lately been giving their attention more to the manufacture of the finer kinds of goods, in men's and women's underclothing, and the quality and finish of some of the samples that we saw on our visit cannot be matched in Canada. Indeed, it would be superfluous to praise from us to commend these goods, after they were awarded all the first prizes at the late Provincial Exhibition. We may, however, state that the products of this factory are held in the first estimation among wholesale men, and more orders could have been secured in the season than the firm would have been able to fill. In addition to the common white and Shetland kinds, hosiery of all colours are also manufactured. Upwards of 30 hands, including those engaged in moulting and trimming the goods, will be required to work the factory to its full power. In wishing our hope is that the enterprise may be so successful that by and by they will be induced to enlarge the factory, for in thus adding to their own resources, they will also be adding to the prosperity of Guelph.

**Cable News!**

LATEST EUROPEAN NEWS.

THE SITUATION IN ITALY.

War Feeling Subsiding.

Ministerial Crisis in Italy!

ANOTHER PROCLAMATION

FROM GARIBALDI.

Conflicting Accounts of the

Movements of Menotti

Garibaldi.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

London, Oct. 21, evening.—The accounts of the state of affairs in the States of the Church are very conflicting. Telegrams from Florence represent that Menotti Garibaldi not only maintains his position in the Roman territory, but his command has been reinforced, and is hourly growing larger. On the other hand, despatches originating in Rome flatly contradict these statements, and assert that Menotti, with all his followers, have fled from the Papal Dominions, and abandoned the attempt on Rome.

Paris, Oct. 21, night.—Official assurances have been given that the Government will not find it necessary to send the military expedition across the Alps, and that the force which had been massed for that purpose will be immediately dissolved. The Bourse in consequence is greatly relieved, and rates are buoyant. A despatch from Toulon states that the orders have been received countermanding the sailing of the fleet for the relief of Rome, and the troops were disembarking from the transports and returning to their barracks.

Florence, Oct. 21.—The King has summoned Gen. Cialdini to Florence, and entrusted to him the formation of a Ministry. The people suspect that the national honor may yet be redeemed. Rome, Oct. 21.—The Count de Sarges, French Minister to Rome, had an audience of Pius IX. at Vatican. The Minister officially assures his holiness, in the name of the Emperor Napoleon, whatever circumstances would arise from the Garibaldian invasion of the Pontifical territory, or the attitude of the King of Italy, France would not fail in her aid to the Holy See and defence of its authority.

The garrison of the city of Rome has been reinforced by volunteers enlisted for the most part in France and Spain. The town of Orte, on the Tiber, which was lately taken by the revolutionary invaders, has been re-captured by a detachment of the Papal army. There was no fight, as the Garibaldians retired from the place. It is stated that the Italian Government has declared itself powerless to arrest the bands of Garibaldian invaders crossing the frontier, or to protect the Holy See from their assaults.

London, Oct. 12.—Despatches from the Continent at a late hour report the Italian situation as improved very much. Italy satisfies the demand of France relative to an exact observance of the terms and fulfilment of the duties imposed by the September convention, and it is hoped that war between the two countries has been averted thereby. There are no more French troops gone to Toulon, and the force which was held to sail at that port has been re-embarked. All war preparations ordered in France have been countermanded.

Gen. Cialdini, of the Italian army, succeeds Ratazzi as Prime Minister of the King, and will proceed to form a new Cabinet, having an anti-revolutionary policy. The *Monitor* announces definitely that the expedition to Italy has been countermanded. Italy pledges an observance of the treaty.

Liverpool, Oct. 21.—The Royal Bank of Liverpool has suspended payment and closed its doors. Liabilities estimated at £4,500,000 stg. It is thought the Bank will be able to resume business.

London, Oct. 21st.—The prize fight between Mace and Baldwin, for the championship, has been given up.

Dublin, Oct. 21.—The trials of General Nagle, Col. Warren, and other prominent state prisoners implicated in the Fenian conspiracy will commence on Nov. 25th, before a special commission. It is said the United States Government will provide for the defence of Nagle and Warren. The informer Rully has been shot and badly wounded near the city, and several policemen have recently been fired upon in the night, but none have been hurt. The authorities are engaged in a vigorous search for the perpetrators of the outrages.

(MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.)

The Agitation still Continues in Italy—Bitter Feeling against France—The trouble not yet ended.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—The *Monitor* this morning, in its official article announcing the cessation of warlike preparations against Italy, says:—France beheld the spectacle of an invasion of the Papal States by armed bands from the neighboring provinces of Italy. She could not consistently with her duty, her dignity, and her national honor, suffer the September convention to be thus violated, so she prepared to send an army across the Alps and a fleet to Rome; but Italy has since given ample pledges to fulfil on her part the obligations of the treaty in the largest issue, and consequently all hostile preparations have been suspended by France.

only eluded the vigilance of the Government in making his escape from Capri, but has succeeded in reaching Italy, and is now with his son Menotti in Brindisi. Oct. 22.—It is reported that the Grand Duchy of Baden will soon join the Confederation of the North German States.

Florence, Oct. 23, noon.—The Ministerial crisis is now ended. Gen. Cialdini has been unable to form a new Cabinet, and has given up the task. It is probable that Ratazzi may remain in office, with perhaps a few changes in his ministry. The popular agitation is very great from one end of Italy to the other. An extremely bitter feeling is shown against France, while the government of the King is loaded with reproaches by the people for yielding to the dictation of Napoleon. There have been several demonstrations of indignation in Florence. The populace gathering in great crowds beneath the windows of the Government offices, and shout for Rome as the capital of Italy.

Newmarket, Oct. 23.—The great event in the races was the contest for the Cambridgehire stakes, the race resulted in a dead heat between Lozenge and Volsey for the first position, and the owners of the horses divided the stakes.

**TELEGRAMS.**

Special and Exclusive Despatches to the Evening Mercury.

American Despatches.

From Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 22.—A collision occurred last night on the Chicago and New York Railroad, near Dixon. Both locomotives were demolished and six persons injured, none fatally.

From Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Oct. 23.—Since the nomination of Gen. Grant for President by the National Union Club of this city, meetings have been held in every ward endorsing that nomination and for the formation of Grant Clubs.

From New York.

New York, Oct. 23.—By way of Havana Cable, the *Herald* has telegrams from Jamaica, Barbados, Trinidad, Demerara, St. Vincent and St. Thomas. The crops in Jamaica were all gathered and prove an abundant yield. The health of Barbados was good. The subsidy grant for the mail system to enlarge, had been voted by the Trinidad Legislature. The black vomit was raging in Demerara. 500 Coolies having served their time were permitted to return to their homes. A wind storm, amounting almost to a hurricane, had passed through St. Vincent, and during the rain washed away many fields of sugar cane.

New York, Oct. 23.—The *Herald's* City of Mexico correspondence, Sept. 30, says election returns indicate the success of Juarez. The body of Maximilian was being re-embalmed.

New York, Oct. 23rd.—The *Tribune's* special says complaints are made to the administration that Minister Adams has neglected to urge the British government for the release of Nagle and Warren, held as Fenians, without charge or trial, in prison in Ireland. From official sources it is learned Sir Frederick Bruce, just prior to his death, upon a suggestion from the President, recommended the release of these two men, and it is learned from the same source that our government has applied to the British authorities for the immediate consideration of all cases of Fenians who claim to be citizens of this country, and for the discharge at once of all against whom a valid charge of violation of the law can be established.

From Havana.

Havana, Oct. 22.—Advices from Puerto Cabello to 13th inst., have been received. A revolution against the authority of President Acosta of Columbia had broken out in the State of Bolivar. Gen. Mendosa was at its head. The government of Venezuela ordered the continuance of war against the rebels in the interior of that country, and arrested the revolutionists. The government had issued a proclamation that all foreigners and natives arriving in that country will be considered liable to bear arms within 24 hours after. President Falcon has secured support of the Brazilian minister in his operations against the rebels.

BREAKING OF LAMP CHIMNEYS.—Every person who has had any experience with lamp chimneys is aware of the seemingly singular want of uniformity in the length of time they will stand use. Some will last for months, while others, apparently as sound and good, will break after a short use, without any apparent cause. An exchange says the great cause of this being brittle and breaking so easily, lies in the material they are made from. There is a "shoddy" in glass as well as in cloth. Cheapness being the order of the day, a great many manufacturers make chimneys from silicate of lime instead of the silicate of lead. The uninitiated may sell the difference of the chimneys made of these different qualities of glass by ringing them, or the vibration from the lead glass chimney has a sweet, bell-like sound, while the lime glass has a harsh, hard sound. The difference of the cost of manufacture is only, in material, about fifteen cents per dozen. Another point is in annealing; chimneys as a general rule are not annealed; under a powerful microscope the difference can be seen in the silicate of lead. The annealed glass lies close and compact, while the unannealed seem ready to diverge.—*American Artisan.*

A young Englishman of wealth and culture recently fell in love with a squaw in Omaha, Kansas, and married her. The day following she got drunk and turned somersaults in the streets. Johannes Taurinus is at a loss what to do under the circumstances.

A young man in South-western Missouri has committed suicide in a manner to excite the envy of a Parisian. He put himself at an angle of a "Virginia rail fence," and using an axe heave as a lever, he raised the fence, put his head under it, and caused his neck to be broken by the falling weight of fence timber.

Italy continues to supply large quantities of cattle to France.