

ASSISTANCE DESIRED

Yukon Council Expected to Contribute

Purchase of Site Selected by the City for the Carnegie Library.

It was stated exclusively in the city yesterday evening the city council has decided upon a site for the Carnegie library and the deal for the purchase of the same has been made. Though it will be necessary for the matter to come before the council next in order to receive the legal sanction of the city, by the spending of the few dollars in sending a telegram to the office of the Laidlaw Company at New York the city has been saved a great deal of money. The price quoted on the site was \$3,000 which the committee of the council considered was excessive. A wire was sent to the head office asking for a reduction and making an offer of \$2,000 which was accepted. The deal will be fully consummated on Monday morning when the action of the committee will be ratified and the deal will be consummated on the following day.

A matter that has been given considerable attention recently is that of whether or not the territory can be sold to pay a part if not all of the purchase price of the lots. It will be remembered that shortly after the conditions imposed by Mr. Laidlaw became public and the government was approached with the proposition to furnish the site, a number of different locations were made, but it was decided that neither was sufficiently central and both were not ideal. At that time it was intimated that if sufficiently urged the government might be persuaded to purchase the site to be decided upon and donate the same to the city for the use of the library. As far as is known nothing has been done in the matter of recent months, due, probably to the absence of the former commissioner, but now that the new commissioner will arrive in a few days it is quite likely that the subject will again be broached shortly after his arrival. Acting Commissioner Wood was asked this morning if he had been approached with reference to a contribution by the territorial government or if he had in contemplation any such action, and he replied that all such matters he was leaving for Mr. Conger to act upon. The government has been generous enough in its contribution toward the maintenance of the library, as it should be, as it will be used by the miners on the claims as much as by the residents of the city, and it is believed that it will be equally as generous when it comes to paying for the site decided upon, especially after having made a number of different locations of government land, neither of which being suitable.

FROM STEELE CREEK.

Bad Times Are Predicted for the Fortymile.

One Oberlander, one of the old A. C. claimants who with Lenante Bros. bought out the Steele creek branch of the A. C. Co., and has since conducted the business as the Steele Creek Trading Company, was in the city yesterday having arrived from the claims just across the boundary line. Mr. Oberlander was outside all day and only returned to his home late in the evening. He did not arrive at Steele creek until he brought him at once to the city.

During a short conversation had with Mr. Oberlander he expresses himself as being confident that his business will see better times this year than they ever have before. He says there are more men engaged in prospecting but more work of a character is being done on the claims where pay has been local in the previous years. A number of the prospectors have been made this year, but they were of a nature to exist in a section where pay was scarce and the filing of the claims caused no more than a passing notice.

Persons' Kink on the Fortymile is expected to show up wonderfully as they have the top gravel of the lower strata through the claims. Along the bars there will be a great many who have gone to the year before seeking another place. Such can be found in numerous places where \$5 a day is being paid. Mr. Oberlander returned to Steele creek in a day.

WANTED - A girl to do general housework. Apply at 323 Fourth street, between Duke and Albert streets. Call mornings.

Wanted, Attorney Blanks for the Klondike Office.

SPLENDID LUMBER.

Boyle's Mill at Bear Creek Ready to Meet the Demand.

The saw mill plant recently erected at the mouth of Bear creek by Joseph Boyle has been in operation for several days and is turning out as fine quality of lumber as will be found anywhere in the Klondike. Steam is furnished by the mammoth Scotch marine boiler that was brought over from Quartz creek a short time ago and the mill has a capacity of 10,000 feet a day. Special attention is paid to sluice lumber and no finer bottoms for the rifle boxes can be found anywhere. Mr. Boyle has now about a million feet cut on his timber berth, though the bulk of it is some distance up the Klondike and will not reach the mill until after the river opens so it can be floated down. That now being cut was taken from the islands adjacent to the mill and is being hauled to the saw by teams. Some of the logs are of astounding size, there being at present in the yard two-inch plank that is twenty inches wide, something that in either size or quality can not be excelled here.

The location of the mill and yard is immediately alongside the government wagon road a short distance above the trail leading up Bear creek and less than 100 yards below Dutch Lena's roadhouse. None of the machinery, which includes a planer as well as a circular saw, boiler, carriage, etc., is enclosed from the weather, but will be as soon as the mill has time to saw out the timber they need themselves. An office with telephone connection with Dawson and all the creeks has just been finished.

HARD ON HORSES

Animals in the Fire Department Have Not a Sinecure.

Chief Lester, of the fire department, is authority for the statement that of all the places he has ever seen or heard of, Dawson is the worst on horses employed in the department. It is not at all bad in the summer, but in midwinter a long run when the thermometer is 50 or 60 below is about the next thing to suicide to the animals that pull the chemicals, especially the huge double cylinder affair that weighs a couple of tons or more. Inhaling the frightfully cold air directly into the lungs, which is done after a horse becomes winded, is one of the most fruitful sources of pneumonia in horses. Then, too, is the sleeping on damp sawdust, another evil that could be remedied by providing other material for such purposes.

A winter has rarely passed in the history of the fire department that at the beginning of spring one or more horses did not have to be disposed of on account of a weakness that has been discovered, as happened last week with the two animals which have been drawing the big chemical all winter. It was at one time a belief that horses could not stand the excessive cold here in the winter and that it was impossible to carry them through until the following spring. This, however, has proven a fallacy as stock can not only winter here well and thrive but can also work every day with but few exceptions. It is death, though, to fire horses which have to get out at all hours and tear down the street at the top of their speed.

The fresh beef at Bonanza Market is giving great satisfaction, having been grain fed all the way in. No advance in price.

Methodist Church.

Tomorrow morning an old-fashioned Love Feast service to be followed by the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will take the place of the usual 11 a.m. service.

In the evening a public reception service will be held, when a number of new members will be given the right hand of fellowship. The pastor's subject will be "Why Should I be a Member of the Church?" The choir, under the leadership of Mr. Geo. McLeod, will render the following selections: Anthem, "Come Unto Him," Wagner; reception hymn "Oh, Holy Savior, Friend Unseen," Fleming. After the benediction, "Now the Day is Over," Barnby.

Gen. Funston to Go East

Denver, Col., March 7.—Brigadier-General Funston, commanding the Department of the Colorado, has received unexpected orders calling him to Washington for a conference with the Assistant Secretary of War, Sanger. No reason was given for the sudden summons.

The orders caused a revolution in General Funston's arrangements. He was instructed to assume command of the Department of the Colorado, embracing Washington, Oregon, Idaho and the whole of Alaska, succeeding General Randall, who sails for the Philippines on April 1st. His orders were to reach Vancouver Barracks, Washington, the department headquarters, not later than March 10th, and he had arranged to leave Denver for the Pacific coast today.

General Funston declined to discuss the new order or to make any comments on the change in arrangements. It is believed, however, that the war department has in view extensive plans for the use of troops in Alaska, in connection with the impending difficulties over the Alaskan boundary question.

HAZING IN GERMANY

Student Corps Dissolved for a Year

Great Scandal Similar to the One in England May be the Result.

Berlin, March 14.—It is by no means certain that the disbanding of the students' corps, "Vandalia," of Hanover, will nip in the bud a military scandal similar to that which has convulsed army headquarters and army society in England. The student corps belongs to the Grenadier Guards. Its members are young gentlemen recruited from some of the best families of the empire. It has been dissolved and forbidden to reassemble until a year from now.

Two members of the "Vandalia" have been expelled because the corps ordered them, as its leaders, to inflict corporal punishment on two other members. Revelations since the order of expulsion was made indicate that there have been similar acts of disgraceful frequency, not only in this corps, but in other branches of the

army in which "gentlemen soldiers" figure.

Of course it is only in the crack regiments that such things occur. In Germany no scandal whatever results from the time-honored practice of maltreating common soldiers. They are, and may be, kicked and cuffed and flogged, even starved and humiliated in every way to the heart's content of the aristocratic young subalterns who are their immediate superiors. If, as occasionally happens one of these victims dies on account of injuries thus received, no bother is made about it. The carcass is buried and speedily forgotten.

FOR SMOKING A CIGARETTE.

A new political alliance between Russia and Austria has not yet reconciled inhabitants of the latter country to social customs which are regarded quite proper in St. Petersburg, including cigarette smoking by soldiers. This point has been decided upon now, according to news from Vienna, much to the embarrassment of a certain Russian princess.

A princess, while staying for the benefit of her health at Baden, near Vienna, visited the opera one evening. After the performance the stub of a cigarette and a half-burned match were found in the box which she had occupied. This might have happened in Vienna, perhaps, without causing scandal, but not at Baden.

An official inquiry was made and the poor princess was hauled into court, where her offense was set forth in language of great severity. The princess made a full confession and pleaded only that smoking was per-

mitted in the Russian theatres. But she had to pay a fine of \$20—only a fifth of the usual penalty, on account of being a stranger in the country—and to listen to a lecture from the judge.

OPPOSED BY THE GOVERNMENT.

The government has combatted every increase of the agricultural duties and the tariff bill passed during the recent session of the Reichstag. The government secured the "minimum" scale of duties on grain that it had insisted upon, but it accepted all the other high maximum duties on which the majority insisted.

The Socialists have already opened the present campaign with the cry of "Bread-usury," and the political indications are that this cry will have a bad effect upon the country and will result in a large Socialist representation in the next Reichstag. So strong is this tendency that the parties calling themselves "State Pre-servers" are filled with apprehension as to the result.

The Kaiser himself made two speeches designed to break the lines of the Socialists by diverting part of the labor vote to other parties, but no one believes that his voice will outweigh the recent action of the Reichstag.

It is being dinned into the ears of the laboring people in every corner of the empire that the price of their food is to be raised in the interests of the aristocratic landlords, and the Socialists themselves estimate that they will gain not less than thirty seats in the new Reichstag.

A BITTER CAMPAIGN.

The campaign which precedes the

election in June in Germany has already opened and bids fair to be one of the bitterest and most fiercely contested in years. There is much discontent as a result of the high price of breadstuffs, and the scarcity of meat, and the whole campaign is to be fought out on the tariff question. Last year was hardly one to increase the sum of happiness in the Fatherland.

It has been many years since the earnings of the people, whether laborers or employers, were so small. The dividends of the joint stock companies touched the lowest point for a decade and the people enjoyed fewer comforts than usual. On a higher plane, too, the year has left a feeling of disappointment; race asperities have grown more intense; political strife has waxed hotter, and social peace seems to have withdrawn into the future. The public mind is occupied with the subject of industrial combinations and an immense amount of discussion has been given to trusts, which are charged with selling too high to the consumers and selling to the foreign trade at a greatly reduced rate.

An American giving the name of John Walts and saying that his home is in Boston, has been placed under restraint in Genoa, Italy, owing to his mad generosity. He began by giving everybody \$50. He would implore shopkeepers to take that sum for articles worth only \$1.

The manager of the Hotel Lombardia, where the prodigal American was staying, called in a brain specialist, who certified that Walts was insane. Walts had \$9,700 in his pos-

session and his friends have been cabled for by the authorities.

The next newspaper published in Germany is the organ of the Anti-Tip League. The league's headquarters are in Hamburg. A committee has got the landlords of a hundred hotels to promise to carry out the no-gratuity system. The president of the league is convinced that in five years there will not be one hotel in Germany or Switzerland where the tip system will prevail.

Miners Indicted.

Charleston, W. Va., March 14.—Nine miners indicted for resisting federal authorities at Atkinville on February 25 were arraigned today before Judge Keller of the federal court. The prisoners entered a plea of not guilty. Their trial was set for next Thursday.

The federal grand jury is still in session and it was reported today that 70 more indictments have been returned against the miners, making over 100 already indicted.

Mysteriously Left Town.

Hoquiam, March 14.—Morrison J. Miller, a drug clerk employed by Bruce Brothers of this city, mysteriously left town Tuesday and left a large number of creditors.

While his whereabouts are unknown it is thought he has gone to St. Louis, Mo., where his parents reside.

Miller was 20 years old and had a high standing as a pharmacist and no reason is known why the young man should act in this manner.

Dress shirts 40c. Cascade Laundry.

STEAM PACKING

Square Flax, Garlock, Rainbow Sheet Packing and Tucks,
in Square and Round. Detroit Lubricators,
and Injectors, Ejectors, Steam Gauges

And Everything the Miner Requires to Outfit His Boilers and Pumps at Prices That Will Astonish You.

The Yukon Hardware Company, Ltd.

'Phone 7.

Successors to McLennan, McFeely & Co.

Front St.

FOUR CARLOADS OF JOB PRINTING MATERIAL

The finest and Largest Assortment
Ever Brought to Dawson.

DO YOU NEED PRINTING?

IF SO THESE PRICES WILL GET YOUR WORK:

Letterheads	\$7.	PER THOUSAND
Business Cards	5.	"
Meal Ticket	4.	"
Dodgers	4.	"

Jobs Promised Tomorrow
Delivered Today.

THE KLONDIKE NUGGET

JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT.