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#### ENGLISH INTRIGUES.

CONSTANT EFFORTS MADE TO FETTER IRISH

The Right Rev. M. J. O'Farrell, D. D., Bishop of Trenton, N. J., delivered recently in New York a most able and interesting lecture on "Ireland and Rome," in which he forcibly sets forth the close relations that have ever existed between the Irish Church and the Holy Sec. We would gladly transfer all of this discourse to our pages had we space at our disposal. As it is, we give place to about a third of it, the concluding portion, which lucidly exposes, on one side, some of the basest intriguing on record, and on the other the unshaken constancy of a people whose fidelity to faith and country is without a parallel in history: history: THE FIRST RELAXATION OF THE PENAL

reaches the second of the period of the most beautiful cities in the world. And all this was a bright period of reland against all foreign vessels. Dublin became one of the most beautiful cities in the world. And all this was done in the few years of prosperity such as a bright period of reland, and the remove the most beautiful cities in the world. And against all foreign foes. It was an oasis, a green casis in the desert of her history. It was a bright period for eighteen years of prosperity such as Ireland had not enjoyed for centuries. The commerce of Ireland grew. Her quays filled with foreign vessels. Dublin became one of the most beautiful cities in the world. And all this was done in the few years of prosperity such as Ireland, and there was the weakness of Grattan's Parliament. No Catholic could enter it or be elected up to that time, or even take up arms and fight for Ireland, But a new spirit dawned when liberty began to breathe in Ireland, and the Irish Parliament would have made concessions to Catholics. They would have gradually united all Ireland, Catholic and Protestant, in one great effort to secure the full independence of Ireland. But a new spirit dawned when liberty began to breathe in Ireland, and the Irish Parliament would have made concessions to Catholics. They would have gradually united all Ireland, Catholic and Protestant, in one great effort to secure the full independence of Ireland. But the English Government, determined to ruin the liberties of Ireland, began by coquetting with the Catholics. They would only vote for the destruction of the legislative independence of Ireland. But the English Government, determined to ruin the liberties of Ireland, began by coquetting with the Catholics. They held out offers to them that they would give them freedom, emancipation, if they would only vote for the destruction of '98 proved unsuccessful. Never had a nation more cause to rise than the Irish people in '98, for the atrocities committed by the yeomanry were so horrible that the savages in

that the savages in this fand never per-petrated worse on the early colonists of America. Lord Cornwallis himself, who had been the leader of the English troops in this country against Washington, on his return, having been made Viceroy of Ireland, declared that he was sick of the Ireland, declared that he was sick of the soil, of the evil corruption of Dublin Castle, and the horrible intrigues that existed there in order to destroy the people. They succeeded. They succeeded too well. They goaded the people to madness, and they drove the priests to desperation. And in the county of Wicklow several of the priests, pat knowing how to save the people of Wicklow several of the priests, not knowing how to save the people from the worst, put themselves at the head of their little troops. Several of them died on the field of battle. It was not what we might in cool blood praise or justified for what they did, it was the men of '98. But Ireland was crushed.

"Ninety-eight' was ruin for Ireland, and in 1800 the Parliament was dissolved.

DANIEL O'CONNELL AND EMANCIPATION.
Then it was that at last the Government, having no longer any fear of the Irish Parliament, would grant to the

ment, having no longer any fear of the Irish Parliament, would grant to the Catholics the privileges that they had so often promised. Yet in that very year it was an Irish Catholic, Daniel O'Connell, a young man then of only twenty-five, who stood in a hall in Dublin and declared that the Catholics would sooner have all the penal laws re-enacted over again rather than submit to the destruc-

come have all the penal laws re-enacted over spin rather the Catholic would account the catholic would be superior than a monster meeting be appealed to get a superior when in a monster meeting be a superior when in a monster meeting be a superior when in a monster meeting be appealed to get a superior when in a monster meeting be appealed to get a superior when in a monster meeting be appealed to get a superior when in a monster meeting be appealed to get a superior when in a monster meeting be appealed to get a superior when in a monster meeting be appealed to get a superior when in a monster meeting be appealed to get a superior when in a monster meeting be appealed to get a superior when in a mons

bers of Parliament and peers in the House of Lords; and the Catholic nobles, almost to a man, were 'r the veto. All the English Catholics, I may say, to a man, were for the veto. They were willing to give to the Government any claim that it made, provided that the bans were taken from them. Only one Englishman—but he was a host in himself—the great Bishop Milner, he, by his writings and his speeches, showed that no veto could be given to the English government; that it would be the ruin of the independence of the Catholic Church. But he would have had no power. He was a solitary voice crying out in the desert, and so little influence had he amongst English Catholics that they actually expelled him from the Catholic committee in England. Charles Butler, nephew of the great Alban Butler, expelled Bishop Milner because he was too independent in his notions.

O'CONNELL "SQUELCHED" THE "VETO."
But all Ireland was aroused by O'Connell in spite of this thing. Catholics wanted to be lords and to have power open to them, who wished to see professions free to them. But O'Connell, by his power, stirred up the people so well that the veto question was settled in Ireland forever. They would have no emancipation, they would have no concessions unless the Church were left free. They would not have the Holy See trammeled, and they would not accept Bishops if the only condition on which these Bishops could be made was that they should be loyal to the Crown of England.

ENGLAND INTRIGUING AT ROME.
But now, here is what I wish you would

of England.

ENGLAND INTRIGUING AT ROME.

But now, here is what I wish you would remember in connection with this, that whilst they tried to make the Catholics in Ireland accept a veto, they also worked in Rome upon the Holy See. Now you must remember that this was a time when the Pope was in prison, when Napoleon had dragged him from his own See in Rome to France and kept him there a prisoner, and under the pretence of sympathizing with the Pope the English sent their agents to persuade the Holy Father that it was no matter of importance to grant the right of veto. They did not urge the Holy Father directly. Pope Plus VII, was in prison. But one of his secretaries in Rome, not a Cardinal, whose name was Quarantotti, undertook to write a letter favoring the veto and declaring that there was no great harm in it. ENGLAND INTRIGUING AT ROME. great harm in it.
IRELAND REJECTING THE QUARANTOTTI LET-

RELAND REJECTING THE QUARANTOTTI LETTER.

Now I will say to you this before we go further—that it was very natural for the Pope, if he were convinced that the concession would not hurt the Church of Ireland—and so it was represented to him—that he in compassion and pure love for the Irish people would like to free them from all their bonds, and that he would try to put no obstacle to their emancipation, if, as was said to him, that emancipation only required a simple permission that he could grant. He did not give that permission, but his secrepermission that he could grant. He did not give that permission, but his secretary wrote this letter, and all Ireland was in a blaze. All the Catholic people under the guidance of O'Connell rose up, and all the Bishops of Ireland united in Dublin to declare that they would not accept any such letter from Rome, because they knew better than any one in Rome that if the Bishops could be nominated by the power of England, the independence of the Church in Ireland was gone. And, like the Irish people,

in his early days. The famine came on, too, in 1845 and 1846, and decimated the land, and Ireland became like a lazaretto, like a large cemetery where the corpses were thrown. And the very roads were strewn with the dying, and the people were rushing from Ireland as if struck with the plague. Emigrant ships were packed with poor people trying to escape to some land of freedom. Two millions of people were lost to Ireland in a few years. Ireland, that had eight millions of people in 1841, dwindled down in 1851 to six millions, dwindled down more again as time went by, and in ten years a million a decade was said to be lost to Ireland. It is down to five millions and a few hundred thousands to be lost to Ireland. It is down to five millions and a few hundred thousands now, while it was eight millions forty years ago. Forty-two years ago England had sixteen millions of population, Scotland had one million, and Ireland had eight millions. And now, after forty years, England has about four millions, and Ireland only five millions. Ireland is down to nearly one-half of what she had in 1841, while England has doubled and Scotland has trebled what she was then; and all from the terrible laws, the land laws.

land laws. THE RISE OF THE PRESENT NATIONALIST

MOVEMENT.
You know the history of these latter days and I shall not dwell upon them—how out of starvation the people got new spirit again; how various efforts were tried. The Tenant League was established. new spirit again; how various efforts were tried. The Tenant League was established. Gavan Duffy and Lucas and other heroic men tried, but tried in vain, to make the people determined on securing their rights. It was only, as you know, when the last famine visited Ireland in '78 that it came at last to be understood that the chief interests of the people consisted in rooting them in their native soil. Then the great League, the Land League, arose and a man was sent by Providence, though not a Catholic, but seemingly endowed with gifts that were rare in Irish leaders, with gifts that apparently almost disqualified him by his coolness and his want of enthusiasm as well as his religion, from being a leader of the Irish people. For a time, as you know, divisions existed. Many doubted him. The greater number trusted him. At last, last year, all the Bishops of Ireland by unanimous voice, in their meeting in Clonliffe College, near Dublin, decided that they would entrust the cause of the land to Mr. Parnell and entrust the cause of education as well as the cause of the land to Mr. Parnell and the Irish band of members that were

with him.
IRELAND IS STILL AS CATHOLIC AS EVER And so for the first time there is indeed a determined spirit in the land. And I can say to you from my own observations that I never have seen at the same time a more thorough Catholic spirit. It was said that the young men in Ireland were becoming infidels. It was said that they were throwing their religion saide and were throwing their religion aside and that Ireland was no longer a Roman land. It was false, brethren, in every way. The young men felt indignant sometimes because of a want of sympathy, or an apparent want, at least, of sympathy, or the cause of Ireland on the part of some priests and some Bishops. But they have kept true to their faith, and I never saw the churches better crowded with young men, and I received from the testimony of the worthiest priests wherever I went that it was false that the Catholics of Ireland—the Catholic young men—were prov—

bleeshee they knew better than any one in flome that if the Bishops could be mominated by the power of England, the independence of the Church in Ireland, was gone. And, like the Irish people, between fun on one side and indignation on the other, the letter of Mr. Quarantotic was destroyed. Some of them translated his name, which it was false that the Catholics our preserved in the translated his name, which it was false that the Catholic sound men and I released the manual that his manue, which it was false that the Catholic sound men were provided in the property of the men and the second of the men translated his name, which it was false that the Catholic sound men and Orangeman? Was the week and origing through the streets of Dublin, Dr. Lingard says, wailing and orying, "final she Pope himself become an Orangeman?" But the veto was killed, and the letter from Rome united the people once more for the assertion of their independence.

\*\*OCONNELL BELL POPE.\*\*

THE GRAM INERGUES CONTINUED.

But though the emancipation was granted, the cause of leeland. I dold him that the line of Lord Palmerston in Holy Father, when O'Connell was dying it was to did from the lord who have been the share to the cause of the share with the line of Lord Palmerston in Holy Father was the whole history, Our hearts are attached to Rome, but the share the line of Lord Palmerston in the line of Lord Palmerston in the line of Lord Palmerston in and which he urges on his agent in the line of Lord Palmerston in the life of Lord Palmerston in and Wellington, ear several letters in the live of the Palmerston in and which he urges on his agent in the life of Lord Palmerston i

against Bismarck. And Bismarck de-clares that he will make no more conclares that he will make no more concessions until Rome makes them. And if Rome wanted to get power in Germany the Holy Father need only say one word and Bismarck would make any sacrifice to grant it. Pope Leo XIII. has braved all the infidel power of France, and has warned the Government of France seemed to keep quiet. And you may be sure, brethren, that now when the Bishops of Ireland are face to face with the Holy Father, that the voice of Ireland will ring out clearly in his ears; that, even were he other than Leo XIII., he would not sacrifice the rights of Ireland.

FURTHER ILLUSTRATIONS OF THE POPE'S

FURTHER ILLUSTRATIONS OF THE POPE'S But we have in Leo XIII. a man with

a will so strong that no one in Rome can shake it. No Cardinal or influential shake it. No Cardinal or influential person can get him to sanction any measure unless his own conscience approve it. And I spoke to many Irish Bishops; when asked, "what will the Pope say to us in Rome?" I answered: "I can only say that the American Bishops were asked what would be the best for the interests of America, and that when we laid down any propositions unitedly, those propositions were accepted by Rome." And after their departure I heard on my arrival praises universally given to the American Bishops: "There is no place where the truth can be better heard than in Rome. There is not one monarch reigning in There is not one monarch reigning in this world who loves truth like the Pope, this world who loves truth like the Pope, and you have only to make known your cause to the Holy Father for you to gain it. But," I said to them, "you must enlighten the Pope; you must not leave the task of giving him information to English sources, but you must make known the full state of Ireland. And you may be certain," I said to them, "that you will gain the triumph over all the enemies of the Church and of Ireland." THE IRISH BISHOPS IN ROME.

THE IRISH BISHOPS IN ROME.

Now, they are there, brethren, in Rome, and we should pray that God may guide them, guide the head of the Church and guide the Bishops, that the full truth about Ireland shall be presented, and that the Holy Father shall grant to that land that loves Rome so well all the privileges that it is in his power to give, and that he will send us Bishops who are filled with the spirit of religion and the spirit of nationality, faithful to their country and faithful to the Church—for the two go together in Ireland; no man can be false to religion in Ireland without being false to his country, and no man can be false to his country without being false to his religionary without being false to his religionary. country, and no man can be false to his country without being false to his religion—and that God may guide the Pope amidst all the enemies that he has to contend with, against all the influence of the British Crown, that he may send men who will stand up as Lawrence O'Toole stood up, under God, to raily all Ireland, to unite them under his crozier and to lead them to a glorious victory for faith and fatherland!

WHAT THE FAITH MAY YET DO FOR IRE-LAND.

May God give this grace to us, and let us pray that the Holy Father may receive strength to enable him to do all ceive strength to enable him to do all this to help Ireland and Rome to be ever united. In our hearts we will pray for Ireland that the faith may grow and prosper, and the people may be rooted in the land and may no longer be scattered over the face of the earth, wandering everywhere away from the homes of their fathers and the graves of their mothers, but may remain in the land mothers, but may remain in the land and become a prosperous nation and great, to be one of the great Powers of Catholicity in other days. And so it may be that while other nations are falling and a multitude of troubles are and never will decide against freiand.

THE HOLY FATHER'S LOVE FOR THE IRISH.

I spoke to Pope Leo XIII. in this very week last year, and I spoke to him of the cause of Ireland. I told him that I had been thirty years away from my native country and that I had no other interests but the interests of truth and religion to induce me to speak to Narrow Escape.

Narrow Escape.

\* \* ROCHESTER, June 1, 1882. "Ten
Years ago I was attacked with the most
Intense and deathly pains in my back and
Kidneys,

"Extending to the end of my toes and

to my brain!
"Which made me delirious! "From agony!!!!
"It took three men to hold me on my

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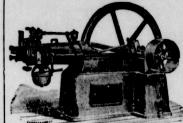


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