## days. I propose to act as abough he wishe to reser my care THE CANADIAN BEE JOURNAL to see Rebruary 1913

in trusted positions, will realize how powerless we were to prevent what has happened. Fortunately, such an experience is rare. We are glad to are through with this unpleasant affair.

Yours JAS. J. HURLEY.

## NOTE THE NO. ON YOUR ADDRESS MINNTEREL I have much

Mr. Bradley, of Marathon, writes us in reference to our address label. He thinks we ought to show thereon the month in which the subscription expires. This we do, not by the name of the month, but by a number, which we think is better. The January issue of this year is No. 575. All subscriptions paid to the end of this year would be paid to No. 586. At is an easy matter. to count twelve forward or backward to see where you stand. When you send a renewal note the No. on your next address label. If the No. has been at moved forward by twelve, it is a clear is evidence that your remittance has been received and properly attended to. Some of our readers send us \$1.50 for a two-st year renewal; in this case the No. moves forward twenty-four. A little ch attention to the No. of the issue and ht the lo. on your address label will all o ways show you where you stand. We trust that all ou readers will do this just now and write us at once, so that we may get our books and mailing list thoroughly revised. En cartain names to

## BEE-KEEPING AND PUBLIC ATTENTION the Journal's

tion and (Farmer's Advocate.) any than

Thave just been reading your editoral in the Farmer's Advocate on "what the Dairy Census Discloses." You suggest increasing the cash income by growing apples, small truits, turnips, beans, sugar beets, superior seed grain, and the like. What about zoney? I am not complaining; there would be no advantage in doing that; I am just asking the question that comes to me so often: "How is it that beekeeping is looked upon either as a joke, or comathing not to be considered?" I know

spect than every other agricultural jourmails who is not a bee-keeper, but why?
Bees pay larger profits than any other
branch of farming; they are not a new
thing, like sugar beet growing, or growing
of small fruits in some parts of Ontario.
Why are they not recognized?

At the joint meeting of agricultural socicties in the Convocation Hall during the
Fruit, Flower and Honey Show, one of the
leading speakers mentioned a list of the
societies represented, and omitted the beekeepers, although the latter were present
in large dumbers. Can any one tell why
the bee-keepers are persistently forgotten
or smiled at?

MORLEY PETTIT.
O.A.C., Ghelph.
Provincial Aplarist.
Note.—In reply to this very natural in-

or smiled at? MORLEY PETTIT.

O.A.C., Greiph, Provincial Apiarist.

Note.—In reply to this very natural inquiry, permit us to quote the concluding paragraph of an article by an experienced beckeeper. It. F., Holtermann, published in a recent issue of the Farmer's Advocate: "Reckeeping is not a business for a farmer to have to look after with one hundred or more acres of land. Those who are invited to engage in the business should have its advantages and disadvantages put before them fairly. There are good sensous, very profitable seasons, but some off us who have been in the business over thirty years—yes, and a much shorter time—testify that there are unprofitable seasons—seasons when not enough is got out of beekeeping to make even a bare living."

In stating that bee-keeping is not a business for a farmer to have to kook after with one hundred acres of land. Mr. Holterniann took more sweeplag ground than we have ever done. It seems to be possible for a man who likes the business, and is willing to study carefully, to bursue it profitable as a side-line on a hundred-acrefarm but we are compelled to admit that the tendency of the aplairy industry of late years in canada has been to concentrate into the bunds of specialism, who are prepared to zacet its demands. And, considering the Zoul brood situation, we are of the opinior that this is a fortunate development. We cannot, therefore, advise the general run of farmers to go finto it, although for the right, person it is a very profitable and interesting branch of agriculture.

As to the inquiry why bee keepers as a discussive description.

As to the laquiry why bec-keepers as a class are disregarded by a certain section of the community, we can speak only for ourselves. We respect them theroughly. The editor of this paper, though not a bec-keeper, has been associated with the business in times past, and not only regards it us a worthy industry, but long ago, learned to esteem bec-keepers as an unusually intelligent, studious class of men. We presume the comparatively small number of bee-keepers in Canada accounts largely for the fact that they are not more prominently in the public eye. Editor Farmer's Advocate.

The above discussion is interesting. We fear, however, that the Advocate takes Mr. Holtermann too scriously. It is good to tell men the dangers to be encountered when entering any business. Mr. J. W. Clark did this in his address on poultry keeping at the last