

Hooks are made of spring steel, in sizes 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 1 1-2, 1-0, 2-0, 3-0, 4-0, 5-0, 6-0 7-0, 8-0, 9-0, 10-0, of which No. 12 is the smallest size.

4, 6, 8, 10 are usually tied for trout.

12, 14 are usually tied for midge.

1-0, 2, 4, 6 are usually tied for bass.

1-0, 2, 4 are usually tied for salmon.

The more foliage surrounding or overhanging a lake or stream, the better the fishing. The overhanging branches of trees and bushes hold quantities of larvae, caterpillars, grubs and various species of worms, which occasionally fall into the water. Feeding grounds are thus provided and the fish attracted.

When to Strike—Trout and black bass (small mouth) should be struck as soon as they take the bait, fly or spoon.

Pike, pickerel and Oswego bass (wide mouth) should be allowed to run with the bait until he stops. Then, when he again starts, he has gorged the lure, and can be drawn in. This is particularly true of the Oswego bass when fishing with minnows, frogs, dobson, crayfish, etc.

Table Showing Relative Length to Weight of Brook Trout in Good Condition.

Measuring	13 inch	weighs	1 lb.
"	14 "	"	1 1-4 lbs.
"	15 "	"	1 1-2 "
"	16 "	"	1 3-4 "
"	17 "	"	2 1-4 "
"	18 "	"	2 1-2 "
"	19 "	"	3 "
"	20 "	"	3 1-2 "
"	21 "	"	4 "
"	22 "	"	4 3-4 "
"	23 "	"	5 1-2 "



Mississauga.