Resolution 867 (September 23) expanding the UNMIH to full-fledged status. Canada fully agrees with UN decisions and is prepared to participate in mission.

October 6, 1993: Canada announces that 110 Canadian Forces personnel will participate in the UNMIH to help rebuild and upgrade Haitian infrastructure and that about 100 RCMP will join the multinational UN civilian police force to train and monitor Haitian police.

October 7, 1993: The contingent of RCMP personnel is dispatched to Haiti.

October 11, 1993: The UN condemns the obstructionist tactics of Haitian authorities in delaying the arrival of the UNMIH and declares that it will reimpose sanctions if parties to the Governors Island Agreement fail to fulfil their obligations. Canada announces that it fully endorses UN actions.

October 13, 1993: The UN Security Council votes unanimously to reimpose an oil, arms and state assets embargo on Haiti. It warns that sanctions will be reimposed at midnight, October 18, 1993, unless Haitian authorities respect the terms of the Governors Island Agreement.

October 13, 1993: The OAS adopts a mirror resolution.

October 14, 1993: Canada temporarily withdraws RCMP officers from Haiti due to Haitian authorities' interference preventing them from proceeding with their mandate. The Government also condemns the assassinations of Haitian Justice Minister Guy Malary, his driver and two bodyguards.

October 16, 1993: Canada announces that it will provide three ships to the UN naval exercise enforcing sanctions against Haiti.

October 19, 1993: Canada reimposes UN and OAS sanctions on Haiti.

November 10, 1993: Foreign Affairs Minister Ouellet travels to New York to discuss Haiti with Boutros Boutros-Ghali and Dante Caputo.

December 1, 1993: Radio Canada International begins broadcasting into Haiti in Creole.

December 10, 1993: Canadian Centre for Human Rights and Democratic Development awards its "International Freedom Prize" to Jean-Claude Jean, Secretary-General of the *Plate-forme de défense des droits des Haïtiens*.

December 13-14, 1993: Meeting of the Four Friends in Paris to discuss putting the Governors Island Agreement back on track.

December 23, 1993: Canada participates in a Four Friends senior military delegation to Haiti to inform the Haitian military that they must comply with the Governors Island Agreement or face stiffer sanctions from the international community.

January 14-16, 1993: Canada attends the Miami Conference on Haiti. Conference resolutions reaffirm support for Aristide's return and for adherence to the Governors Island Agreement.