

mination is ordered, and provisional duty, in the form of a cash deposit or bond, is required, for the entry of the merchandise concerned, equal to the estimated amount by which the foreign market value exceeds the United States price.

(4) Within 75 days of the preliminary determination, a final determination by the Secretary of Commerce of sales at less than fair value will be due.

(5) Following an affirmative preliminary decision of sales at less than fair value, the ITC must make an injury determination within 120 days of the preliminary determination. If the ITC injury determination is negative, the case is terminated; any cash deposited is refunded, and any bond posted is released. If the injury determination is affirmative, the Secretary of Commerce will publish an antidumping duty on the merchandise equal to the amount by which the home market value of the merchandise exceeds the price to the United States customer.

(6) An antidumping duty order is subject to an automatic annual review, and requests for a review at any time will be entertained, provided changed circumstances warrant the review.

Countervail

Under the revised U.S. Countervailing Duty Statute, an additional duty may be imposed upon articles, whether or not dutiable, imported in the U.S., if any bounty or grant upon their manufacture, production or export has been made. However, all cases are subject to an injury determination by the ITC. The time frame for an investigation is similar to an antidumping investigation. The decision on the subsidy by the Secretary of Commerce and the injury determination by the ITC may be appealed before the U.S. Court of International Trade.

If any difficulties arise with reference to this statute, it is suggested that exporters contact the Office of United States Relations of the Department of External Affairs as soon as possible.

Marking of Goods

Country of Origin Marking

Generally, all goods imported into the United States must be legibly and conspicuously marked in English