diphtheria from human subjects and that in turn, these ainmals may communicate the disease to man."

CARE OF THE FEEBLE-MINDED

Responsibility for the social evil and the tide of crime, which is so prevalent at present, was placed upon the failure of the State to care for its feeble-minded by a deputation from the Canadian National Committee for Mental Hygiene, which saw Premier Drury.

They offered to assist in carrying out the recommendations of Mr. Justice Hodgins, and will pay two-thirds of the \$15,000 worth of development they have planned if the Government will pay the other \$5,000.

Hon. H. C. Nixon, Provincial Secretary, who was also present, stated that the Government is in a position to care for 1,000 more mental defectives than it now has on its hands. He expects that the new Reception Hospital will be opened in Toronto this year, which will further help to look after feeble-minded persons.

Premier Drury reminded the deputation that the Government has been not only considering the problems which they mentioned, but has been active in remedying them as far as the available time would permit.

Mr. Drury in reply to Dr. Stowe-Gullen stated that the National Council of Women should persist in its attempts to have mental examinations of immigrant children before they leave the country from which they come to Canada.

Mr. Harry Carpenter, of Hamilton, introduced the deputation.

MEDICAL PREPARATIONS

WHY CIGARETTES ARE POPULAR

Individual experiences and impressions of the war continue to be most interesting to the average citizen, for it will be some time yet before the historian acquires the proper perspective from which general effects can be judged. That the cigarette is so popular to-day is one result of the individual experiences of many thousands of soldiers now returned to civil life. These men still have vivid recollections of the comfort they derived from smoking cigarettes in those trying days. The cigarette deserves its popularity.