### HELP WANTED.

WANTED AN EXPERIENCED TRAVELER for spices, etc., who has established trade east or west. State particulars. Box 58, World.

WANTED A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT—Address 45 Rose-avenue.

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NATIVE WINE ONE DOLLAR PER GALlon. Direct importer of fine wines, etc. C. E. Vardon, 543 Queen west. Tel. 2134.

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FOR SALE—A FINE MASTIFF DOG PUP, also a fine watch dog. Apply Frand Boston, East Toronto.

LADIES' TAILOR-MADE GARMENTS IN ALL the latest styles at Cornwell's, 162 Queen west. 146

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300 PAIRS MEN'S TAN BALS $1.75, worth $2.50; 100 pairs men's tan shoes $1, worth $1.50; babies' boots 25c. Maple Hall, 137 and 139, King-street East.

MENS FURNISHINGS AND HATS AT lowest possible prices for cash only in the style of doing business, at Dixon's, 65 and 67 King west.

SPECIAL VALUE—CHILDREN'S BUTTONED boots, 6 to 10, 75c; children's Dongola and French kid Shoes and Slippers, some spring heel, 60c. Cost more wholesale. Maple Hall, 137 and 139 King-street east.

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AGENTS WANTED — INSURANCE AND building and loan men preferred. Splendid inducements for the men. Apply room 129, Confederation Life Building.

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EYESIGHT PROPERLY TESTED BY MY OPTICIAN. 159 Yonge-street, Toronto.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL—MICHAELS, THE old reliable opticians of King-street, have removed to 218 Yonge-street, corner of Albert; the trade supplied.

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BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES — LOW price and easy terms, billiard goods of every description; ivory and celluloid billiard and pool balls manufactured, repaired and recolored; bowling alley balls, pins, foot chalks, marking boards, swing cushions, etc., etc.; estimates for alleys given on application. Send for new '93 catalogue to Samuel May & Co., Billiard Table Manufacturers, 68 King-street west, Toronto.

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### ART.

J. W. L. FORSTER, PUPIL OF MONS. Bouguereau. Portraits in Oil, Pastel, etc. Studio 81 King-street east.

### CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

THOMAS MULROONEY (LATE OF THE Palmer House) has opened a cigar and tobacco business at No. 70 Queen-street west, opposite the Jumbo grocery. Choicest brands of tobaccos and cigars. A call solicited. ed-7

### DENTISTRY.

RIGGS, DENTIST—BEST TEETH ON PLATES only $8; crowning and bridging a specialty.

### BUSINESS CARDS.

OAKVILLE DAIRY—473 YONGE-STREET—guaranteed pure farmers' milk supplied, retail only. Fred Sole, proprietor.

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DIAMOND RINGS, THREE AND FIVE stones, twelve and fifteen dollars, worth forty; solid gold stemwinder watches, ten dollars; solid gold gem rings, $1; spectacles, 25c; pebbles, $1.50; gold, $2.50; large safe, Taylor's combination, third cost. Woolson Co., 186 Queen west, near Simcoe.

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H. S. MARA, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, 5 Toronto-street. Evenings, 439 Jarvis-street.

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### MEDICAL.

DR. H. A. PARKYN HAS OPENED AN office Corner of Simcoe and Adelaide-streets. ed-7

"DOWN TOWN OFFICES" OF DRS Cassiff, Nattress, Henwood, Hood and Dixon (nose, throat, ear). Janes' Building, King and Yonge.

### LEGAL CARDS.

LAIDLAW, KAPPELE & BICKNELL, BARristers and solicitors, Imperial Bank Buildings, Toronto. William Laidlaw, Q.C., George Kappele, James Bicknell, C. W. Kerr.

ALLAN & BAIRD, BARRISTERS, ETC., Canada Life Buildings (1st floor), 40 to 46 King-street west, Toronto; money to loan. W. T. Allan, J. Baird.

A. F. McINTYRE, BARRISTER PROVINCE of Ontario. Advocate Province of Quebec. New York Life Building, Montreal.

HANSFORD & LENNOX, BARRISTERS, Solicitors. Money to loan at 5½ per cent., 10 Manning Arcade, 24 King-street West, Toronto.

MCDOWALL THOMSON, BARRISTER, SOLicitor, Notary, &c., room 73, Canada Life Building, 46 King-street West, Toronto. Telephone 2348.

MACINTYRE & SINCLAIR, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Room 24, 24 Victoria-street (Land Security Co.'s Building). Branch office at Creemore, Ont. Arch. J. Sinclair, Alex. D. Macintyre.

### FINANCIAL.

A LARGE AMOUNT OF PRIVATE FUNDS to loan at low rates. Read, Read & Knight, solicitors, etc., 75 King-street east, Toronto. ed

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PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN IN LARGE OR small sums at lowest current rates. Apply Maclaren, Macdonald, Merritt & Shepley, Barristers, 23-30 Toronto-street, Toronto.

### HOTELS.

ROYAL HOTEL, HARRISTON, ONE OF THE finest commercial hotels in the west; special attention paid to the traveling public; rates $1 to $1.50 per day. J. B. Bingham, proprietor. ed

RUSSELL HOUSE, ORILLIA—RATES $1 TO $1.50 per day; first-class accommodation for travelers and tourists. P. W. Finn, Prop.

THE HUB—LEADER LANE. W. H. ROBINson, proprietor. Wines and liquors of the finest brands. First-class refreshment and lunch counter in connection.

THE ELLIOTT, CORNER CHURCH AND Shuter-streets—delightful location, opposite Metropolitan square; modern conveniences; rates $2 per day; reasonable rates to families; Church-street cars from Union Depot. J. W. Hurst, Proprietor.

LAKE VIEW HOTEL, Cor. Winchester & Parliament-sts. Every accommodation for families visiting the city, being healthy and commanding a magnificent view of the city. Terms moderate. ed JOHN AYKE, Proprietor.

### VALUATORS.

FIRE LOSSES APPRAISED.

JOHN FLETCHER, 552 Yonge-street.

Telephone 3072.

### MUSICAL.

P. W. NEWTON, TEACHER OF BANJO, Guitar and Mandolin. Private lessons. Music arranged for banjo, guitar and mandolin. Terms reasonable. Studio: Nordheimers', room 5, 15 King east. Evening lessons at residence, 112 Sherbourne-street.



## The Toronto World.

NO 83 YONGE-STREET, TORONTO

A One Cent Morning Paper.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

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### Toronto's Lack of Public Spirit.

Over half a million people visited the Canadian Park at Niagara Falls during last season. This was more than double the number of visitors for the preceding year. During the season of 1894 the number of visitors will probably be well on to a million. Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the Niagara River district generally, perhaps, receive a larger number of visitors annually than any other locality in America. Toronto ought to take advantage of this fact. We have not followed up the advantages that Nature has placed in our hands. We ought to devise some means for bringing to Toronto a larger number of the visitors who make the Falls an objective point from all parts of the continent. The new electric railway, with its increased facility for handling passengers, will have a considerable influence in inducing sight-seers to come over the lake to the Queen City. Besides building its new double track the electric railway will establish a boat connection between Buffalo and the southern terminus of the railway. Furthermore, we understand that the Richelieu Company intend paying more attention to the Niagara district as a recruiting ground for securing lake passengers. The Niagara Navigation Company has three large steamers on the route, and we may look to that company to do its best to bring Niagara Falls visitors over to Toronto. On the whole the prospects for the coming season, as far as the Niagara district is concerned, promise well for Toronto. Still our capitalists and business men are not showing the enterprise that they should. They are slow in gathering the rich harvest that might be reaped under proper cultivation. There are several enterprises that ought to be undertaken with a view to increase the number of our summer visitors. First of all Toronto stands in need of an hotel commensurate with the size and importance of the city. The merchants of Toronto are sadly lacking in that public spirit which is especially characteristic of Chicago in the United States, and in a lesser degree of Montreal in Canada. The business men of Montreal have built large hotels and donated millions of dollars to colleges and hospitals. They subscribe a thousand dollars for these purposes in that city for every hundred that is raised here. Toronto's citizens are too slow. They are allowing business to slip through their fingers. It would pay them handsomely to subscribe capital to duplicate the Windsor Hotel here. It would pay them too to take more personal interest in the development of our natural possibilities, the Island for instance. Instead of allowing things to run themselves Toronto's leading citizens ought to meet and discuss such projects as that for beautifying the Island by a system of canals and bridges. The proposal for extending College-avenue from Queen-street down to the Union Station is one that ought to have claimed their attention. At a comparatively small cost an avenue of unique attractiveness could be made from the new Union Station to our Park, containing, as it does, one of the finest collections of colleges and public buildings on the continent. The utility of these projects is admitted on all hands. Still we have no men of public spirit to put them into execution. Toronto's citizens excel in dreaming. They conjure up fanciful and beautiful pictures of what might be. They are satisfied with the pictures. No effort is made to produce the reality.

### The Dream of a Scientist.

The most daring idea that has been sprung upon the world in many a long day is that announced by a French scientist, M. Berthelot. He proposes to procure an illimitable supply of heat by tapping the volcanic fires that exist beneath the crust of the earth. He estimates that two miles of digging towards the centre of the earth is all that is necessary to obtain an intense and never-failing supply of heat. Furthermore, he says that modern engineers are equal to the task of boring to the necessary depth. According to M. Berthelot, chemical transformation will be easy with such a source of heat at command. When energy can be cheaply obtained, food can be made from carbon taken from carbonic acid, hydrogen taken from water and nitrogen taken from air. The work vegetables have so far done science will soon be able to do better with far greater profusion and independently of the seasons or microbes or insects. There will then be no passion to own land, beasts need not be bred for slaughter, man will be milder and more moral. The reign of chemistry will beautify the planet, and there will be no need to disfigure it with the works of the agriculturist or with the grime of factories and chimneys. It will recover its verdure, and the flora of the earth will be a vast pleasure garden and the human race will live in peace and plenty.

This happy state of affairs is expected to eventuate about the year 2000. It is a beautiful picture this, but for us it is turned against the wall.

### Looks Like a Job.

The $237.50 commission paid Mr. John Scully for the sale of Central Prison brick looks very much like a job. The bricks were sold to Major Stewart, who says that Scully had nothing whatever to do with effecting the sale. He went himself in the first instance to the prison, and opened up the negotiations. Subsequently Mr. Scully requested permission to accompany him to the prison, stating that this would be the means of his securing a commission. Mr. Scully didn't negotiate the sale. The prison authorities must have been aware of this fact, because Major Stewart came himself to negotiate the deal. After the fish had been landed, Mr. Scully apparently threw him back into the water, the hook still in his mouth, and calling on Warden Massie and the rest to look on he yanked him out to land again with much ado. In this sportsmanlike way Mr. Scully claims to have caught the fish.

That was a good trick on Mr. Scully's part, but the Government officials should not have been hoodwinked by it. The Government must have known it was a trick. The accusation is a serious one, and at present it looks as if it was a true bill against the Government. As the Patrons may get hold of it Sir Oliver will probably appoint a commission to report upon it.

It is said there are fifty real estate loan companies doing business in Toronto. Whether the number amounts to fifty or not, it is certain the business of the whole of them could be transacted by half a dozen, much to the advantage of the shareholders and the public. It is no doubt this profusion of companies, each with its independent management, that is largely responsible for the big difference between the rate at which the companies borrow money in England and the rate at which it is loaned to borrowers in Canada. The farmers in Canada and the residents of our cities would greatly appreciate a closer connection than that which now exists between them and cheap English money. Expensive management has no doubt a great deal to do with the comparatively high rates that prevail in Canada. If the shareholders of the various companies succeed in carrying out a scheme of amalgamation it ought to benefit both them and the public. The public can well stand a reduction from five and six per cent. to four and five.

## CRUSHED UNDER A COAL WAGON.

**Hugh Cameron Meets With Fatal Injuries While at Work on the Esplanade.**

Hugh Cameron, a blacksmith, was fatally crushed yesterday afternoon under the weight of a heavy coal wagon.

Cameron was at work at his shop, 62 Esplanade east, repairing a cart belonging to the Conger Coal Company. The wheels were removed and the vehicle was propped up with a heavy timber.

Cameron was under the wagon tightening some bolts, when in some manner the support gave way and the heavy cart fell upon him. The axle struck the unfortunate man in the back, doubling him up like a jackknife.

Dr. E. E. King was summoned and he at once saw that Cameron was severely injured. He was removed to his home, 81 Queen-street east, in the ambulance and from thence to St. Michael's Hospital. His spine was found to be dislocated and it is thought that there would be no recovery.

Cameron was a hard-working and industrious man. He was 48 years old and has a wife and large family.

### A WAFT FROM THE HEATHER.

**Successful Scotch Recital by Mr. and Mrs. Durward Lely.**

Durward Lely gave a recital of Scottish song and story at the Pavilion last evening that must rank as one of the best entertainments of its kind to which a Toronto audience has ever listened.

Mr. Lely has a pure, rich tenor, and understands the sentiment contained in Scottish song. He interprets it both by music and acting, and at once conveys the meaning even to a stranger. The program was wide in its range and embraced some of the most characteristic of the Scottish melodies. The most familiar were given a new interest from the manner in which they were rendered; while the less known and peculiarly Doric were not lost on those who do not understand the tongue from the dramatic presentation.

The sergeants of the 48th Highlanders are to be complimented upon the success of their entertainment. The audience was a large and fashionable one, and thoroughly enjoyed Mr. Lely's songs and stories. The hearty laughter dispelled the base illusion that Scotchmen are unable to understand a joke. Mr. Lely was assisted by his wife, who gave several Scotch selections on the piano in excellent style.

### Some Interesting Relics.

Under the auspices of the Historical section of the Canadian Institute an interesting exhibition of old books, newspapers and other documents connected with every American as well as Canadian history took place yesterday evening at the Reference Library, Adelaide-street.

Among the most interesting of the exhibits was a treaty concluded in 1797 between the Mohawk Indians and the United States Government, bearing the signature of Joseph Brant. The accounts relating to Governor Simcoe's first proclamation on assuming the reins of office at Kingston in 1792 were also exhibited. A medal, bearing the Fort Detroit clasp for the war of 1812, was also shown. This was awarded to the late Colonel E. W. Thomson, who served throughout the campaign and was lent by his only surviving daughter. Among a numerous company were Dr. Canniff, president of the section; Drs. Hamilton and Kennedy, Mrs. Curzon, Miss Weaver, etc.

### The Gens to Go To Galt.

Over 500 Grenadiers paraded last night and proceeded to the new Armory, where company drill was practised.

After the regiment returned to the shed Col. Mason announced that as the men had expressed themselves in favor of going away on the Queen's Birthday it had been decided to accept the invitation to Galt, and called on the men to turn out in full strength on that day.

### Prof. Clark At St. Luke's.

Yesterday evening in St. Luke's school room, the Rev. J. Langtry, D.C.L., presiding, a lecture was delivered by the Rev. Prof. Clark of Trinity University on Gustavus Adolphus. There was an overflowing audience, and the eloquent lecturer was listened to with the greatest attention as he dilated on the life and achievements of his hero.

### Breach of Promise Case Postponed.

Mrs. Ann Bailey's suit for $5000 damages for breach of promise against Thomas Ware was called in the Assize Court yesterday afternoon. Medical testimony was put in proving that the defendant was ill and unable to appear and the case was postponed until Monday. The correspondence is voluminous and promises to be interesting.


DEAR SIRS,—I have been using Burdock Blood Bitters for boils and skin diseases and I find it very good as a cure. As a dyspepsia cure I have also found it unequalled. MRS. SARAH HAMILTON, Montreal, Que.

Street Car Accident.—Mr. Thomas Sabin says: "My eleven-year-old boy had his foot badly injured by being run over by a car on the street railway. We at once commenced bathing the foot with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, when the discoloration and swelling was removed, and in nine days he could use his foot. We always keep a bottle in the house ready for any emergency."


### Prepare For the Warm Weather

and purchase one of the Toronto Gas Stove Company's new gas stoves, the best in the market. See their new Peerless cooking stove in operation at their show rooms, 237 Yonge-street. They guarantee their stoves free from smell or smoke. Once used always used. Call and examine them and ask for catalog.


### Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the Great South American Kidney Cure. You cannot afford to pass this magic relief and cure. Druggists.


### Personal.

Mr. Thomas E. Robertson of the Massey-Harris Co. was married at Brampton Wednesday night to Miss Carrie Williamson.

A. L. E. Davies, soloist in Jarvis-street Baptist Church, was married to Miss Clara Hurst, daughter of Thomas Hurst of 128 Seaton-street, by Rev. Mr. Baldwin in All Saints' Church.


Dyspepsia causes Dizziness, Headache, Constipation, Variable Appetite, Rising and Souring of Food, Palpitation of the Heart, Distress after Eating. Burdock Blood Bitters are guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia if faithfully used according to directions.


## CAN STILL BE IMPRISONED

*FOR CONTEMPT OF COURT IN NON-PAYMENT OF DUES.*

**The Government Declines to Abolish the Law—No Royalties to Be Collected on Mining Lands Until 1900—To Prevent "Colonization" of Voters—The Libel Law and Trade Journals.**

At the opening of the House yesterday the Premier introduced a bill respecting High Court Sittings in York County.

The following bills were read a third time: To make further provisions respecting the solemnization of marriages, the Attorney-General; for the consolidation of the debenture debt of Toronto Junction, Dr. Gilmour; to consolidate the debt of Port Hope, Mr. Campbell; respecting the law of libel, Mr. Harcourt.

There was a short debate on the latter measure, Mr. Meredith contending that magazines and trade journals ought to be put on the same basis as the daily press, to which Mr. Harcourt replied that their case was very different, as they had more opportunity for deliberation before printing libelous matter, and, being published at longer intervals, could not repair any injury next day by an explanation or apology.

### To Prevent "Colonization."

The House went into committee on Mr. Harcourt's bill to make further provisions respecting voters' lists. Mr. Meredith made a strong protest against disfranchising voters on change of residence, urging that this was a hardship which fell especially on the poor, who were often forced to move to where they could get work. Messrs. Hardy and Gibson took the view that to relax the provisions of the bill in this regard would encourage fraud and the "colonization" of voters. The bill was reported with amendments.

### Royalties Suspended Until 1900.

The next bill taken up in committee was Mr. Hardy's mining bill, suspending the operation of royalties.

Mr. Hardy introduced an amendment further extending the time during which royalties are suspended, originally fixed at five years, to Jan. 1, 1900.

Mr. Waters made a vigorous protest against giving away the choicest mineral lands of the province to a band of speculators at a paltry $2 or $3 per acre. These lands belonged to the people, and they should get the benefit instead of enriching private individuals to the extent of hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Mr. Conmee said that mining was a risky business in which many lost money and few grew rich. He was glad that Mr. Hardy had come to a point where he could go with him, only he would like to go a great deal further and abolish all royalties forever.

Mr. Hardy's amendment carried, and Mr. Conmee moved an amendment making the suspension apply to all lands previously granted.

Mr. Waters again protested, urging that the Government was parting with a valuable asset. The royalty was not a "tax," as it had been called by Mr. Conmee. It was simply the method by which the people retained a part of what rightly belonged to them.

Mr. Conmee replied asking why the same principle should not be applied to farming lands, and arguing that the example of the United States, where no royalties existed, was a good one to follow.

Mr. Meredith thought that the imposition of royalties had not worked advantageously, and thought that while the people should insist on ultimately receiving a share of the profits they should treat mining enterprises liberally at the outset.

Mr. Wood (Hastings) urged that the suspension of royalties would wind up the mining industry.

The amendment was adopted and the bill reported.

### Imprisonment for Debt.

The House went into committee on the bill to amend the Division Court Act by Mr. Gibson, numerous amendments being made.

Mr. White moved an amendment providing for the payment of witness' fees to defendants in suits when called on to testify. After a prolonged discussion it was defeated by a large majority.

Mr. White moved that a measure introduced by him abolishing imprisonments for contempt of court in non-payment of debts should be incorporated with the bill. He characterized imprisonment for debt as a relic of barbarism and worse than slavery. Such legislation was no credit to the intelligence of the province. It was brutal and inhuman.

Hon. Mr. Gibson said the matter had been considered in committee and met with general opposition. He asked Mr. White to withdraw his amendment. On his refusal to do so it was voted down by 29 to 12, the Government voting against it.

### High Court Sittings at London and Ottawa.

After recess the House went into committee on the Attorney-General's bill to facilitate the local administration of justice. This measure provides for weekly sittings of the High Court at Ottawa and London.

A long discussion relating to legal procedure ensued, Messrs. Meredith, Whitney and White contending that though the bill was in the right direction, it was too limited in its scope, and unless the principle embodied were extended, would be of little practical benefit.

An amendment was moved by Mr. Meredith extending the operation of the act to all cases where proceedings are commenced and are being carried on in the county where the sittings are held. This was defeated by a large majority and the bill reported.

### Crown Lands Expenditures.

When the House was moved into committee of supply Mr. Miscampbell rose and moved in amendment that this House disapproves of the large expenditures which are made annually by the Crown Lands Department for moneys amounting to upwards of $35,000 per annum and of the sums paid by that department to unnecessary Crown Lands' agents, and it regrets that the Executive and the Department persist in the practise of disposing of the Crown timber reserves of the province without consulting or obtaining the approval of the representatives of the people in this House and wholly fail to take any adequate steps for preserving the standing timber, and especially the smaller trees, from unnecessary waste and destruction, and this House deplores the improvidence which characterizes the management and disposal of the timber upon these reserves, which has destroyed in many parts of the country the sawmilling industries which flourished there and has transferred the business which they formerly carried on to the State of Michigan and other states of the neighboring Republic, and is fast depriving the province of its most valuable asset and one which, if adequately and intelligently cared for, safeguarded and managed, would continue to furnish a large revenue to the province for years to come, but which as now mismanaged is rapidly disappearing.

Mr. Conmee said that the timber resources should be developed. Not one-tenth of the timber had been cut.

Mr. Whitney attacked the practice of allowing men owning timber limits to sit as members of the Government.

Mr. Bronson replied, defending the policy of the Government and denying that his firm had ever bought any timber limits from the Ontario authorities.

The debate was continued by Messrs. Clancy, Tait and White. On division the motion was defeated: Yeas 29, nays 53. McCallum was absent; McNaughton voted with the Government.

Mr. Hardy gave notice of a motion to grant $125,000 to be paid as bounty for iron ore mined in the province at the rate of $1 per ton of pig metal.

## A SCANDAL UNEARTHED.

**Broker John Scully's Commission Was Never Earned—The Government Badly Rattled Over the Exposure.**

The Opposition sleuthhounds on the Municipal Committee of the Ontario Legislature have at last struck what looks like a genuine scandal respecting the payment of a commission of $237.50 on the sale of 1,000,000 Central Prison-made brick to Major Stewart, contractor for the Drill Hall, at $4.75 per thousand.

Contractor Stewart stated to the committee yesterday that Scully had not conducted the negotiations which led to the sale. He was not influenced by Mr. Scully in any way. Scully told him that he would like to accompany him to the Central Prison, as he would be likely to get a commission. Scully told him that Warden Massie did not like to see him (Scully) round, as he did not think he was entitled to any commission. The witness was put through a rigid cross-examination and repeated that Scully had no influence in effecting the sale.

Inspector Chamberlain said that he might have put Scully on the track of the sale to Stewart. Scully was a broker. It was not the witness' business to hunt up purchasers for brick.

Then Major Stewart was recalled and went over the whole transaction again, stating that he had offered $4.75 per 1000 for the brick. Mr. Massie wanted $4.85. The matter was referred to the department and finally the purchase ratified at his figures.

Several lively scenes took place during the proceedings, particularly when Major Stewart, having been badgered beyond endurance by Mr. Marter, declared in excited tones that he did not come there to be bulldozed by anyone.

Inspector Noxon said he was under the impression that he got the information either from Dr. Chamberlain or Warden Massie that the deal could only be carried through by Scully.

Warden Massie testified that he had had nothing to do with Scully throughout the whole transaction.

The Government members of the committee appeared at times badly rattled and chagrined over the evidence adduced.

### PAYMENT OF ALDERMEN.

**The Clause to That Effect in the City of Toronto Bill Adopted.**

At the Municipal Committee of the Ontario Legislature yesterday morning the following bills were adopted:

Mr. Biggar's bill, providing that where land is divided into small lots by the owner and the taxes fall into arrear the court of revision shall have power to apportion the amount owing on each lot.

Mr. Guthrie's bill, providing that, on the application of the council of a city, town or village and the owner of farm lands situated within its boundaries, the Government may exclude such lands and annex them to an adjacent municipality on terms to be agreed on or determined by arbitration.

Mr. Biggar's, bill providing that any city may raise by loan 40 per cent. of the cost of permanent sidewalks as local improvements and that it shall not be necessary to submit such debenture bylaws to the vote of the ratepayers.

The city of Toronto bylaw was considered and some clauses adopted, among them that permitting the city to provide for the payment of aldermen. The clause allowing the city to pay aldermen $300 a year was amended by providing that the chairman of civic committees might receive $400. Deductions in all cases are to be made for absence.

The clause providing that the city may clean snow from the sidewalks in front of occupied as well as vacant lots, if not cleaned by the owner or tenant within 12 hours and assess the cost against the property, was carried.


So rapidly does lung irritation spread and deepen that often in a few weeks a simple cough culminates in tubercular consumption. Give heed to a cough, there is always danger in delay. Get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup and cure yourself. It is a medicine unsurpassed for all throat and lung troubles. It is compounded from several herbs, each one of which stands at the head of the list as exerting a wonderful influence in curing consumption and all lung diseases.


### The Theatres Next Week.

Mrs. Gen. Tom Thumb will open a week's engagement at the Academy, April 23, commencing with matinee at 3 o'clock on Monday. Mrs. Tom Thumb is now 50 years of age and 34 inches in height. She is a perfect woman in miniature—intelligent, pleasing, modest and agreeable.

DeWolf Hopper's latest production is entitled "Panjandrum," and was written especially for him by Messrs. Goodwin and Morse, the first a well-known writer of lyrics, the latter a young and rising composer of bright catchy music. The opera is in two acts, and its scenes are located in Luzon, one of the Philippine Islands, and in Borneo. The title of the opera, "Panjandrum," was the name of one of the ancient Bornese kings. The sale of reserved seats opens at the box office this morning.

The Wilbur Opera Company, which comes to Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House next Monday for a week's engagement, is one of the best organizations to-day on the road giving opera at popular prices. The bill for Monday night will be the "Grand Duchess," and a complete change of program will be given at each performance, including the Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday matinees.


Parmelee's Pills possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body. Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P.O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine and one that will sell well."


### Partners Not of One Mind.

Joss v. Fairgrieve, tried at the Assize Court yesterday, was a squabble over a partnership agreement. The case was commenced, but after some evidence had been taken J. W. Winnett, the plaintiff's counsel, announced that a settlement had been made. Judgment was entered by consent for $360. Each party will pay his own debts, and the defendant will assume the partnership debts and receive the assets of the firm.


Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery has worked wonders for dyspeptics, and we don't think there is a case of dyspepsia to be found that it will not cure if the directions are followed. Mr. G. E. Williams, Druggist, Wingham, says: "The Vegetable Discovery is selling well, and I know of one bad case of dyspepsia that it has completely cured."


### Charged With Pocket-Picking.

William Ross, Terauley-street, and William Carroll, William-street, were arrested yesterday, charged with picking pockets in Spadina-avenue last Sunday. The complainants are Lucy Eames and Emily Garrett.


Burdock Blood Bitters cure Dyspepsia.
Burdock Blood Bitters cure Constipation.
Burdock Blood Bitters cure Biliousness.
Burdock Blood Bitters cure Headache.
Burdock Blood Bitters unlock all the clogged secretions of the Bowels, thus curing headaches and similar complaints.


### Suburban Notes.

The Sons of England held a box social at Shaftesbury Hall, North Toronto, last night. A large and appreciative audience enjoyed the splendid program presented.

A new organ, the gift of the rector, Rev. Mr. Howard, was placed in St. Matthew's Anglican Church, First-avenue, this week and will be used for the first time next Sunday.


I had a severe cold, for which I took Norway Pine Syrup. I find it an excellent remedy, giving prompt relief and pleasant to take. J. FAUNTEZ, Huntsville, Ont.

# To-Day Friday

We are going to be busy.

We are always busy. No dull times with us. Why? Do you ask? Because we buy for cash, also manufacturing and purchasing in such large quantities that the cost is pared down to a needle point. We sell at the least possible profit. This is the thin end of the wedge which has opened our way into public confidence. Good value and good wear has done the rest. Besides, to benefit our customers, to procure them bargains, we never hesitate, no matter what the risk. Last Saturday we received the large wholesale stock of

O. MIGNER, QUEBEC.

And already it is much reduced. This stock must go inside of another week, and we are determined that the prices will not keep it on our hands. We bought at a very low figure and are selling the goods at 55 cents on the wholesale price. Go it must, and that the public may see that prices are not in its way, we give a few taken at random from the stock:

| | |
|---|---|
| Ladies' Kid Oxford Shoes, patent facing and tips, hand-sewed, turns | 55c |
| Ladies' Kid Opera Shoes, low cut fronts, hand-sewed turns | 50c |
| Ladies' Russia Calf Oxford Walking Shoes | 85c |
| Gents' Cordovan Oxford Walking Shoes | 85c |
| Gents' Dongola Kid Walking Shoes, hand-sewed turns | $1.25 |
| Gents' Lemoine Polish Calf Walking Shoes, hand-sewed turns | 1.25 |
| Gents' Patent Leather Walking Shoes, hand sewed turns | 1.25 |

50 cases of Lacrosse Shoes must be sold to-morrow. Lacrosse Shoes 35c and 40c a pair.

GUINANE BROS.

MONSTER SHOE HOUSE,

214 YONGE-STREET.


## SALARIES TO BE RESTORED.

*BUT ONLY IN SOME OF THE CIVIC DEPARTMENTS.*

**Too Much Money Spent In the Name of Charity—Ald. Hallam Thinks It Costs About 60 Per Cent. of the Grant To Pay Salaries—The Band Concerts This Summer.**

The principal business done by the Executive Committee yesterday afternoon was to muddle the civic salary question worse than it was before. Under the salary reduction bylaw all departments suffered alike. But if the recommendation made by the committee to-day passes the council, a great injustice will be done. In some departments, where anyone with a little clerical training could do the work, the salaries will be restored, while in the City Clerk's department, where the men have the city's business at their fingers' ends, and whose places it would be difficult to fill, will have to put up with a reduction.

The restoration of the salaries of the firemen met with little or no objection.

As requested by the committee, the chiefs of the various departments reported on the reductions.

Chief Ardagh recommended that the salaries of the foremen be restored.

Commissioner Maughan recommended that the salaries of his clerks be restored and that the reduction apply only to the assessors.

Engineer Keating recommended the old figures for some and a partial reduction for others.

Commissioner Coatsworth recommended half the reduction.

Inspector Awde thought 5 per cent. reduction was enough.

Commissioner Chambers recommended the old figures.

City Treasurer Coady accepted the reduction and will readjust the salaries in his department.

City Clerk Blevins thought half the reduction scale would be nearer the proper thing.

On motion of Ald. Lamb the reports were adopted.

Yeas: Ald. Shaw, Lamb, Crawford, Burns, Atkinson, McMurrich—6.

Nays: Ald. Jolliffe, Hallam, Graham, Frankland, Allen—5.

### Want An Increased Grant.

Messrs. A. Manning, William Cooke, M. Clarke, P. Ridout, H. McMath, Rev. Dr. Parsons and Rev. John Potts addressed the committee on behalf of the Home for Incurables.

Mr. Manning said the Home had a shortage of $2700 to deal with. He asked that the city increase its grant from five cents per day for each patient to 12 cents.

The committee will visit the Home this afternoon before making a recommendation.

Rev. Mr. McGillivray asked that $54 of arrears of taxes on the land occupied by the Bonar-street Presbyterian Church be remitted. This sum was due before the church purchased the property. Referred to the City Solicitor.

Messrs. Sam Jones, P. W. Ellis and Ald. Thompson asked a grant of $1000 for the Central School of Art and Science, located in Ald. Thompson's building in King-street west. The committee will visit the school this afternoon.

There was considerable discussion over the amount paid to charitable institutions by the city. The city now pays about $80,000 to various concerns, and there is a growing feeling among the aldermen that this money is not used to the best advantage. They think there are too many institutions of a similar kind, thus providing good situations for a number of people as managers, etc. Ald. Hallam said he had been informed on good authority that 65 per cent. of the moneys received by these institutions was expended for salaries.

A committee consisting of Ald. Hallam, Jolliffe, Burns, Frankland and Graham was appointed to make enquiries.

### Yonge-street Wharf.

Ald. Atkinson took exception to the report of the Property Committee. He thought the offer of the Hon. Frank Smith should have been accepted as a matter of security for the city.

Ald. McMurrich explained that the city would get but a small proportion of the increased rental, while it runs the risk of driving the trade of the leading steamboat lines from its own wharf. If the wharf was his own personal property he would have accepted Mr. Smith's tender. If the big companies go to another wharf it may not be so easy to get them back.

Ald. Crawford agreed with Ald. Atkinson and McMurrich, and said his committee could not have adopted any other course than to recommend the highest offer for acceptance. Mr. Dickson had been asked to name his sureties. He (Dickson) promised to produce them this (Friday) morning and that they would come from Montreal.

The recommendation passed.

The committee passed the recommendations for pavements in Adelaide-street, Wellesley-place, Cecil-street (Ald. Jolliffe objected), Amelia-street and Gildersleeve-avenue; Preston-avenue, sewer; sidewalk on the Esplanade; water supply in Close-street; new 36-inch pipe at the old pumping well; to close Exhibition Park during the winter months; to place a policeman on duty at Exhibition Park during the summer months; to spend $1100 on the Prince of Wales' walk; Morrison's proposition for band concerts; renting of the privileges at High Park to Eli Andrews.

## ERROR IN THE U. S. SEAL BILL.

**But the Effect Cannot Be Known—Senator Morgan Thinks the British Bill Weak.**

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The United States has been so busy watching the British Behring Sea bill during its progress that Congress has made a vital error in the bill passed by itself and which was drawn by Senator Morgan himself, a member of the arbitration tribunal.

The Paris tribunal prohibited the capture of seals at all times within a zone of 60 miles around Pribyloff Islands, inclusive of territorial waters.

The Act of Congress uses the word "exclusive" instead of "inclusive."

The error passed through all the stages until the naval officers, who are to enforce the law, discovered it. The future effects are problematical.

### Morgan's Views.

Senator Morgan, chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs, does not believe that the British bill is as strong as it should be.

### Says Canada Bulldozes Britain.

"If you stop to consider the situation you will readily see why England moves so slowly in this matter. The secret of the whole affair is that she is bulldozed by the Canadian Government.

"As a matter of fact the interest of the Mother Country is identical with ours, and the subjects of England outside of her Canadian colony are equally interested with us in preserving this invaluable seal life.

"It was shown before the court at Paris that there are employed in the business of manufacturing sealskins into commercial articles more than 10,000 people in London alone.

"The Canadians are interested only in selling the skins. The same criticism applies to the American poacher.

### Poach