13 cents per package, 2 packages 25 cents.
This is now the price of
Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit and Triscuit
With milk, fruit or vegetables — THE NATURAL FOODS — As bread, toast or crackers
BETTER THAN MEAT
See that your grocer supplies you at this price.
Send for our "Vital Question" Cook Book, it's free. THE NATURAL FOOD COMPANY, TORONTO

MOB FRENZIED BY BRUTAL MURDER

Story of the Hodges Tragedy Excited Statesboro Citizens to Deeds of Violence.

Statesboro, Ga., Aug. 22.—The events leading up to the lynching here Tuesday, when Paul Reed and "Will" Cato were burned alive at the stake, are without parallel in the south. While the negroes suffered the most horrible death imaginable, their crime was equally terrible.

Henry Hodges, his wife and three little children, were murdered at the Hodges homestead, eight miles from Statesboro, on the night of July 28. The house was burned by the murderers, and their charred bones were all that was left of the inmates.

When the crime was discovered the next morning the entire county was aflame. Bloodhounds were procured, and on the day following twelve arrests were made. Among those brought to Statesboro and placed in jail were Paul Reed and "Will" Cato. Two days later the coroner's investigation took place. Strong men wept as they heard the horrible details of the crime.

"Here's a nickel if you won't kill me," sobbed little Kitty Hodges, as she crawled from behind a trunk and faced the murderers of her father and mother over the dead bodies of her parents, then stretched on the floor. Over in the corner in a crib a baby sister and brother were crying.

One of the negroes struck the child a blow with a lamp. Her skull was crushed and she was saved the horrible death that was suffered by the two helpless ones in the crib.

In her statement to the coroner's jury, Julia Reed, wife of Paul Reed, told the foregoing story as the confession of her husband to her and stated that on the night the murder occurred "Will" Cato came over to her house and asked for Paul. They went away together, and when they returned Reed told her that they had been to get a pot full of money, which Hodges had buried back of his chicken house, but that he had caught them as they were digging it up and they had to leave.

The woman further testified that Reed and Cato went away again. They said they would either get the money or kill Hodges and his family.

In about an hour Reed returned to the house, got some matches and told his wife that he had "done the job and was going to burn the house." Later she saw the glow from the flames. Cato's wife and several other witnesses told similar stories.

Reed and Cato were members of an organization called the "Before Day Club." This was named after the hour of its meeting. Several weeks before the murder was committed Reed had remarked to one of the members of the club that he wanted to go to a camp meeting which was to be held the next week, but that he did not have any money. He remarked that he knew where he could get it, but that he would have to kill a man first. He and Cato had an idea that Mr. Hodges had buried money in a pot back of the chicken house.

They made arrangements to get it. They visited the Hodges home after dark. They were discovered by Mr. Hodges, who asked them what they wanted. They told him that a snake had bitten Cato on the foot and that they wanted to get some turpentine to put on it.

Mr. Hodges told the negroes to leave the place, and they defied him. He then called to his wife to bring his gun. Reed seized a piece of iron and struck the man on the head. He then cut Hodges' throat.

Mrs. Hodges was caught between the chicken house and the back door of the house and her throat cut from ear to ear. The bodies were carried into the house and piled in the middle of the floor. The negroes then went off to get some matches. When they returned they ransacked the house before they set fire to it. It was while searching that the little girl, who had hidden behind the trunk, came forth and offered a nickel for her life.

Baby's Face a Mass of Scabs

Eczema Which Defied Two Doctors and Was Completely Cured by Dr Chase's Ointment.

Mr. J. H. Stevens, harnessmaker, Seaforth, Ont., writes:

"At the age of three months my son Arnold was attacked by baby eczema, on his face, and in spite of all two doctors could do he kept getting worse, until his face was a mass of scabs and would ulcerate when he would scratch. It was terrible to see him suffer, but we tried everything until we were discouraged. Hearing of Dr. Chase's Ointment we got a box and applied it—at once the child was relieved and went to sleep. The first box helped him so much that we got two more, which completely cured him. At nine months his face was as well as could be. He is now fourteen months old, has a fine clear skin and not a trace of eczema."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. To protect you against imitations, the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

IT IS AN OFFICER OF THE LAW OF HEALTH.—When called in to attend a disturbance it searches out the hiding-place of pain, and, like a guardian of the peace, lays hands upon it and says, "I arrest you." Resistance is useless, as the law of health imposes a sentence of perpetual banishment on pain, and Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil was originated to enforce that sentence.

MONSTER ANGLING CONTEST

Two Thousand Izaak Waltons Ply Rod and Hook.

Paris, Aug. 22.—Except for a few light showers the weather prevailing in Paris has been splendid.

The skies for the most part have been cloudless, but the moderate west or southwesterly winds experienced, have prevented Parisians suffering from the heat.

The weather experts hint at the possibility of another hot spell.

The greatest fishing contest ever held in France came off last week on the banks of the Seine, near Paris, when two thousand Izaak Waltons assembled to try their luck and skill at the invitation of a local newspaper.

The spectators numbered more than ten thousand.

About 80 pounds of fish were taken, mostly small fry, as the locality is so near to Paris. The largest fish taken was a 13-ounce carp.

An anglers' banquet and ball followed the contest.

The great fire in the forest of Fontainebleau started on Sunday afternoon, last week. It was raging until Tuesday, when the united efforts of the garrison and forest guards succeeded in stamping it out, but not until 250 hectares of the best known and most picturesque part of the forest had been destroyed.

The fire not only consumed the undergrowth, which was inflammable owing to the drought, but the large trees.

As the outbreak was simultaneous in four places it is supposed to have been the work of incendiaries.

ALPINE ACCIDENTS

A Fatal Fall From Near the Summit of the Pfeife.

Geneva, Aug. 22.—Several Alpine accidents are reported from here. Professor M. Robert Bieri, of Berne, fell over a precipice near the summit of the Pfiefe Peak (1,657 metres), the highest of the Seelibuhl chain), and was killed. M. Bieri, who was stopping at Ottenloubad on his holidays, ascended with two lady friends, and was attacked with giddiness. He recently passed his examination for a doctorship.

Death was instantaneous, his skull having been fractured. The body will be brought to Berne for burial.

Four Swiss Alpinists, while climbing the Santis, were surprised by a violent tempest near the summit and took refuge in a hut, which was swept away by an avalanche of stones. All were hurt, Herr Waller, of Shaffouse, most seriously, his leg being broken.

A German tourist left Zinal alone on a climb, and lost his way in the mountains above Evolene. While descending he fell into a ravine near the Col Torrent, where he passed the night, being unable to move on account of the injuries he had sustained. Found next morning by guides, he was carried to the Hotel Belle-vue, at Evolent, where the doctor is doubtful whether his life can be saved.

PENELOPE'S PALACE

Interesting Ancient Remains Unearthed at Ithaca Isle.

Athens, Aug. 22.—A German archaeologist, Dr. Dorpfeld, some time ago aroused a storm of indignation by asserting that the island called Ithaca in modern times was not the Ithaca of Homer.

He pretended, by a careful study of the Homeric texts, to have discovered that the real Ithaca of Homer, the home of Ulysses and Penelope, was the Island of Leucadia.

The inhabitants of Ithaca were so exasperated that when Dr. Dorpfeld paid a visit to the island his life was in danger. A Dutch amateur, M. Goodkoop, to whom the arguments of Dr. Dorpfeld appeared convincing, supplied him with funds to conduct excavations on the Island of Leucadia, but they gave no practical results.

M. Goodkoop and Dr. Dorpfeld then disagreed. The latter maintained his view, whereas the former decided to have excavations made in the Island of Ithaca, which were conducted by a Frenchman, and have just given excellent results.

A number of valuable ancient objects have been found, which prove that the island now called Ithaca is the Ithaca of Homer, as also vestiges of a very old palace, believed to be the very palace of the faithful Penelope. It contains vestiges of Cyclopean ramparts.

Among other interesting remains found are:

The head of a marble statue posterior to the Homeric period.

A small marble statue of good artistic workmanship, 30 centimetres high, and representing a mythological personage.

A quadrangular bronze table, with lions sculptured on the legs, and a large hole in the center for a bronze cup. The cup has been found, and exactly fits the hole.

A gold plate, with a black and blue stone, representing a cock, incrusted in the gold.

An iron candlestick, 30 centimetres high, two round lamps, of very archaic form, and a candlestick in the Mycaenian style, with a head sculptured in the center, some Corinthian coins, a bronze spoon, a clay doll, and a number of very ancient vases.

"THE EVIL EYE"

Strange Murder Through Belief in Witchcraft in France.

Paris, Aug. 22.—An extraordinary trial at the Nievre assizes shows that a belief in witchcraft still flourishes in the Morvan district.

A young farmer named Daviot was sentenced to five years' penal servitude for the willful murder of his cousin, Francis Daviot, who he had been persuaded was the cause of the various misfortunes which had befallen him.

A sorcerer told Daviot that his cousin Francis had the gift of "the evil eye," and had overlooked him, and informed him how to rid himself of the curse by performing sundry strange practices, which the farmer duly carried out.

His misfortunes, however, continued to multiply, and he at length became convinced that so long as his cousin Francis was alive he would suffer from this evil spell.

He therefore lay in wait for him one night in the country lane, and shot him with a revolver as he passed. He denounced his cousin as his murderer before he died.

The farmer ultimately confessed to the crime, but at the trial the court, in sentencing him to five years' penal servitude, took into consideration the man's mental condition, it being evident that he had killed his cousin from pure superstition.

ANGLESEY SALE OF STRANGE CURIOS

Nobleman's Mansion Crammed With Parisian Furniture and Many Modern Oddities.

London, Aug. 22. — The sale of the Marquis of Anglesey's collection of treasures at Anglesey Castle has been creating more amusement than excitement and the lots have been going simply dirt cheap. Hunters of antique furniture who came expecting to pick up something unique were disappointed.

Instead of relics of the past the mansion was crammed with Parisian furniture and modern oddities, ranging from curling tongs to a huge piano orchestrion.

An elaborate bird cage which would make sparrows look like birds of paradise went for 28 shillings ($7).

Other articles sold were very typical of the marquis' fantastic tastes, and included two huge dolls, models of dogs and cats, knitting needles, silk skeins, milk-colored ribbons, clock-work pigs, a box of curling irons and wig appliances, a preserved tortoise and a snake in a glass frame, all of which went for trifling sums, the bidders looking upon the whole thing more as a joke than anything else. Paintings from the marquis' brush fetched only a few shillings.

"If I were the marquis I'd never paint again," said the disgusted auctioneer.

But whether he referred to the price or the work was not clear.

Next week the sale will become more interesting. A detailed inspection of 900 lots of wearing apparel belonging to the marquis, which are to be distributed, leaves the mind in a whirl of kaleidoscopic patterns and colors, and yet with a clearer view of the personality of the man who collected such gorgeous raiment.

Gorgeous and eccentric seem to be the only adjectives applicable to this young man, who has left in his wardrobe more than a hundred overcoats, two hundred pairs of slippers and boots and so many dozen sets of pajamas, bathing, lounging and smoking suits, bath and dressing gowns that the auctioneers are offering them in bundles and not in single lots.

Over two hundred lots of walking sticks and umbrellas will come under the hammer at Plas Newydd. The lowest estimate of their value is £2,000 ($10,000), and probably they cost twice as much.

In "the nice conduct of a clouded cane," the Marquis of Anglesey had no modern rival. Many of the walking sticks have round knob handles so thickly incrusted with diamonds, rubies, amethysts and emeralds that the setting is almost invisible and the hand grasps nothing but precious stones.

There are gun-metal knobs with matched rose diamonds trailing over a dull surface in fanciful design or set to exhibit the crest and initials of the owner. One beautifully-chased knob exhibits in the crown a watch of the best Parisian make. Though no larger than a farthing it is sown with jewels. Touch a spring and the watch reverses to disclose an exquisite miniature of a lady.

Of the eccentric and bizarre there is much. A beautiful modeled cockatoo's head becomes lifelike at the touch of a spring. One silver head of a malacca cane contains a perfect little snap-shot camera and another conceals a battery, which at a touch sets tiny bulbs aglow with electric light.

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S Dysentery Cordial is prepared from drugs known to the profession as thoroughly reliable for the cure of cholera, dysentery, diarrhea, griping pains and summer complaints. It has been used successfully by medical practitioners for a number of years with gratifying results. If suffering from any summer complaint it is just the medicine that will cure you. Try a bottle. It sells for 25 cents.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing
SICK
Headache yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured
HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head
ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WHAT BRITAIN THINKS OF US

Mr. Aylesworth Tells of Feeling in Old Country Towards the Dominion.

Toronto, Aug. 21.—A. B. Aylesworth, K. C., returned to the city today from Britain, where he had been on some important legal cases. He spoke freely of his trip and British affairs. He noticed particularly on this trip how feeling in Britain has come round to Canada. He could best describe it in the words of Sir Edward Carson, M.P., Solicitor-General, who, when speaking on the subject, remarked to Mr. Aylesworth that Canada was no longer a stranger or outside country, but seemed to be part of Britain with simply a British sea between the two countries. Sir Edward noted that the English, Scotch and Irish who came to Canada became thorough Canadians, whereas when they went to India, Africa, Australia, or other British colonies, or possessions, they almost invariably went with the firm resolve to return again, and they did go back in large numbers. He was also delighted with the broad and generous views of British public men who seemed never to allow differences on lines of policy or the like to divide them socially. Immediately on his arrival in Britain he had received and accepted a cordial and warm invitation to Lord Alverstone's home. Regarding the rumor that he might enter the Dominion Parliament, Mr. Aylesworth said he had no communication on the subject from the Premier. It was useless talking or surmising about what answer he would give if he were asked. It would be time enough to say what his answer would be to such a question when it was put before him. "You see," said Mr. Aylesworth, "a man who might be successful in his private business might not be a success at all in politics, apart altogether from a position in the cabinet."

Mr. Aylesworth was accompanied on the trip over from England by Solicitor-General Lemieux.

In discussing the feeling in Canada regarding the action of Secretary Hay in instructing consulates that they use the term America in preference to the term United States, he said to a reporter while in New York:

All Canadians feel that such action was very aggressive and hardly a kind one on the part of Secretary Hay. We have as much right to be called Americans as have the people of the United States. In spite of our feeling on this matter the feeling in Canada is friendly to this country. We are neighbors, we do business together and we are intermarried.

Mr. Aylesworth characterized some of the articles against this country which have appeared in the Canadian papers as "hot air." Speaking of trusts he said:

"The trust question is not a live one with us, though it may be. We have trusts like that of the Standard Oil doing business in Canada, and the time may come when we may have to modify or check the trusts."

DOLL IN COFFIN

Man Tells How He Was Officially Buried to Deceive the Father.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22. — Telling a remarkable story of how he was once officially buried and recorded dead in the health office of the district of Columbia, Lewis Alexander, an electrician, of New York City, declared that with documents inherited from his foster mother, Mary Almarolia, a wealthy negress, he would force his real father, a distinguished resident of Washington, to provide for him.

"Until five years ago," said Mr. Alexander, "my father supposed that all that was mortal of me rested beneath a little white stone marked with a cherub and the name 'Lewis Alexander Almarolia.' But all that the coffin beneath that mound contains is the remnants of what more than twenty years ago was a doll.

"My father was a native of Kentucky and prominent in American public life. Soon after I was born, I was placed in the hands of Mary Almarolia, a really remarkable negress. Then my father and mother were divorced, Mrs. Almarolia was told to rear me if I lived. She knew that my father did not care whether I lived and never intended to recognize me.

"My mother, evidently fearing that my father, should I grow up and ever have a suspicion of my true birth, would take steps to see that I never came into my own, arranged that Mrs. Almarolia should tell my father that I had died. This was done, a doll was placed in a coffin and a funeral was held. My mother died later, but not before she had placed in Mrs. Almarolia's hands certain evidence which gives me absolute proof as to my birth.

"I cannot say I have been approached by any emissaries of my relatives, but a lawyer with whom I was talking suggested in an apparently off-hand manner that I take a trip to Europe. He said: 'Do not stir this thing up. It will only cause a scandal in the history of public life and diplomacy. It will do no good. Now, if you desire, I know that you can go anywhere you like—to San Francisco, to Europe—and live a gentleman.'

"I don't intend to leave until I have had an understanding with my father's people. It is not likely that I shall tell who they are."

LONDON'S DEAD SEASON

Private Houses Shuttered and the Usual Crowds Absent.

London, Aug. 22.—Mid-August marks the lowest ebb of London life, and the British metropolis is at present as dull and eventless as it possibly could be. Whole streets of private residences are barred and shuttered. The park is deserted; Bond street, Piccadilly and Regent street are without their usual crowds, though by no means empty, for country cousins and American and continental visitors are to be found shopping there in numbers.

One hears French and German spoken on every side, while what Londoners now call the "Chicago accent" is quite common.

Another unmistakable sign of the dog days is the amount of street repairing now in progress. One-half the Strand is in a state of upheaval; also the roadway fronting the National Gallery, Oxford and Piccadilly circuses, Constitution Hill and dozens of other well-known thoroughfares. Wily cabmen take unsuspecting strangers a mile or two out of their straight course on the plea that the direct route is blocked and for the purpose of extorting an extra shilling.

Only half a dozen theaters are open, and with the exception of "Veronique" at the Apollo, which is crowded nightly, none of them is doing a prosperous business.

In a new musical comedy to be produced shortly at the Comedy Theater, with Mr. Seymour Hicks in the cast, the music of Mr. H. E. Haines and Mr. Evelyn Baker will be supplemented by three American songs. Being asked what he considered the reason for the popularity of American songs in London, Mr. Hicks said:

"I can only say that American composers have a faculty of striking the public with bright melody. The American songs which I have introduced into musical comedies have generally become popular, but, of course, it must be remembered that owing to the business arrangement I have with Mr. Charles Frohman I have the pick of practically all that are in the American market."

WAS A VERY SICK BOY

But Cured By Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"When my boy was two years old he had a very severe attack of bowel complaint, but by the use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy we brought him out all right," says Maggie Hickox, of Midland, Mich. This remedy can be depended upon in the most severe cases. Even cholera infantum is cured by it. Follow the plain printed directions and a cure is certain. For sale by all druggists.

A new fuel successfully tested at Muncie, Ind., has been invented by Jacob Smith, a glassblower. It is said to possess more heat units per pound than either coal or wood; it can be manufactured and sold at a profit for half the cost of coal, and it does not smoke except when a strong draft is used. The fuel is made largely from the refuse of pulp mills.

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & CO., Toronto.
Dr. Chase's Ointment

MAGIC BAKING POWDER
PURE AND WHOLESOME. ONE POUND CAN 25c
E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

ALLAN LINE
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From Montreal and Quebec every Friday, to Liverpool, via Moville.

First cabin, $55 and upwards. Second cabin, $37 50 and upwards. Third class to or from Liverpool, Derry, Belfast and Glasgow to London, $15; and from London, $17.

E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton, F. B. Clarke, agents.

THE WEATHER TODAY—Thunderstorms.

Ready for Your Custom in All Departments

The Satisfactory Store will be more to you this fall than ever before. The successes of the past are not enough. We must make noticeable advances, because the history of this store has been made up of advances from the day it opened its doors to the public. You will note many improvements in the conveniences of the store, but you will appreciate most our unusually fine gathering of beautiful goods from the leading markets of the world. It matters a great deal to us that you patronize our departments and show appreciation of our indefatigable efforts to make this store stand head and shoulders above any other in the west, but it matters more to us that you should be so pleased with the goods you buy here that you will not need to take advantage of our standing offer to refund money if you find you have bought something you don't like. Put us to any reasonable test and you'll find the Satisfactory Store equal to it. Lowest prices on goods you'll be proud of.

It's Considered a Sign of Good Taste and Judgment To Be Able To Say You Buy From S. & I.

Low-Priced New Fall Dress Goods.

At 50c—There is a great variety of tweeds and two-tone canvas weaves, suitable for shirtwaist suits 50c
At 65c—There is some very dainty tweed effects, suitable for shirtwaist suits, in all the seasonable colorings 65c
At 75c—There are some very pretty check goods, suitable for young ladies' wear, in seasonable colors 75c
At 85c—There are some of the handsomest tweeds we have ever shown, new colorings, per yard 85c

Some Special Values in Flannels.

27-inch Cashmerettes, in light grounds, with large and small spots of black, navy, pale blue, green and red. Per yard, only 20c
Heavy Wrapperettes, for sacks and dressing gowns, in very pretty Paisley patterns and plaids, resembling an eiderdown. Per yard (27 inches wide) only ... 30c
32-inch Heavy Wrapperettes, velvet finish, nice for wrappers or waists, pretty fancy stripes and small patterns. Per yard ..... 30c and 35c

Smallman & Ingram,
149, 151 AND 153 DUNDAS STREET.

RAILWAYS AND NAVIGATION

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Canadian National Exhibition, Toronto, August 29th to Sept. 10th
$3 40, round trip from London, good going Aug. 29 to Sept. 9. $2 55, good going Aug. 30, Sept. 1, 3, 6 and 8. All tickets valid returning until Sept. 13.
$16.05 to World's Fair, St. Louis and return. Stop-over at Canadian points, Detroit and Chicago. Through Sleeper to St. Louis leaves London 11:35 p.m. daily.

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Winnipeg	$30.00	Regina	$33.75
Mowbray, Deloraine, Souris, Brandon	31.50	Moose Jaw, Ramsack, Swan River	34.00
		Saskatoon	35.25
Lyleton, Lenore, Miniota, Elgin, Wawanesa	32.00	Pr. Albert	36.00
		Macleod	38.00
Binscarth, Moosomin	32.25	Calgary	38.50
Areola	32.50	Red Deer	39.50
Estevan, Yorkton	33.00	Strathcona	40.50

Going Sept. 13 and 27, returning until Nov. 14 and 28. Pamphlets and full particulars from any Canadian Pacific agent or A. H. NOTMAN, Toronto.
W. FULTON, C.P.A., 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond.

RICHELIEU & ONTARIO NAV. CO.
For Tickets Apply to E. De la Hooke, G.T. Railway, or W. Fulton, C. P. Railway.
TORONTO AND MONTREAL LINE.
Steamers "Toronto" and "Kingston."
Steamers leave Toronto 3 p.m. daily for Thousand Islands, Rapids of St. Lawrence, Montreal, Quebec and Saguenay River.
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Steamers leave Hamilton, 1 p.m.; Toronto, 7:30 p.m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, to Bay of Quinte ports and Montreal, intermediate ports. Low rates on this line. H. FOSTER CHAFFEE, Western Passenger Agent, Toronto.

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CELTIC	SEPT. 2, 10 A.M.

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Accommodations for all classes of passengers unexcelled.
E. DE LA HOOKE, CLOCK CORNER, Sole Agent for London

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Canadian National Exhibition, Toronto, Aug. 29 to Sept. 10.
$3 40, round trip from London, good going Aug. 29 to Sept. 9; $2 55, good going Aug. 30, Sept. 1, 3, 6 and 8. All tickets valid returning until Sept. 13.
WORLD'S FAIR, ST. LOUIS, $16.05 Round Trip.
With stop-over privileges at Chicago, Detroit and intermediate Canadian stations. Through Pullman sleepers and vestibule coaches leave London at 11:05 a.m. and 7:52 p.m.
$59.25 to Los Angeles or San Francisco, Cal.
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For tickets, illustrated literature and full information, call at city ticket office, E. DE LA HOOKE, agent, corner Richmond and Dundas streets; or at depot ticket office.

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COMMENCING JULY 3,
CANADA'S NEW TRAIN, THE
"OCEAN LIMITED"
will leave MONTREAL 7:30 p.m. daily, except Saturday, arriving HALIFAX 8:15 p.m. the following day, making close connection with Prince Edward Island, via Point du Chene.
Through the Famed Matapedia Valley by Daylight.
Grand Trunk Day Express from Toronto makes direct connection at Montreal.
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PERE MARQUETTE
Lake Erie and Detroit River Railway.
Port Stanley
Round trip tickets, good for day only, will be sold on Wednesdays and Saturdays at
30 CENTS.
World's Fair, St. Louis,
Tickets issued, via St. Thomas and Wabash short line.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL
"The Niagara Falls Route."
$59.45
Los Angeles or San Francisco
AND RETURN.
Good going Aug. 15 to Sept. 9, valid returning until Oct. 23. For tickets, timetables and all information apply at city ticket office, 235 Richmond street. 'Phone 205.
O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. and T. A., Chicago. JOHN PAUL, C. P. and T. A., London.

To The World's Fair,
ST. LOUIS, MO.,
Over the Wabash Line.
In their new advanced twentieth century imperial blue trains, nothing finer on wheels. Round trip tickets on sale daily at single first-class fare. Passengers returning from this great exposition say the grandeur and magnitude is beyond their comprehension, that the Wabash is the best route, because it saves many hours of travel, and lands you right at the World's Fair gates. Passengers leaving London and west on evening trains, arrive in St. Louis next day at noon, new palace sleepers all the way.
For rates, timetables and descriptive folders, address J. A. Richardson, district passenger agent, northeast corner King and Yonge streets, Toronto.