

Gate Missip

**Revival of the South African Scandal—
Alleged Object of the Rand Raid—Satis-
factory News from the Nile Expedition.**

**Sale of the Earl of Durham's 14 Collieries and 19
Steamers—The Kaiser Tackled by a Lunatic—
Improved Feeling Between Germany and Eng-
land—The Fenian Scare.**

London, June 1.—The most interest-
ing feature of the past week has been
an article in the Nineteenth Century
purporting to give the "true motive"
or reason for Dr. Jameson's raid into
the Transvaal and seeming to be Cecil
Rhodes' plea in justification. It has,
in any case, revived the South
African scandal and has attracted a
great deal of attention. The author
of the article is Seymour Fort, who
was private secretary to Sir Henry
Brougham Loch when the latter was
British Commissioner in South Africa.
Mr. Fort declared that Cecil Rhodes
was determined to push the revolution
in the Rand and authorized the
raid on learning that President Kruger
had entered into a secret political
entente with Germany which pre-
sented such immediate and imminent
danger to the Imperial and Afrikaner
interests in South Africa that Mr.
Rhodes resolved, "at all hazards," to
"upset the Holland-German cabal." But
it is claimed that he had no in-
tention of overthrowing the South Afri-
can Republic.

OBJECT OF THE RAND RAID.
Fort further asserts that the im-
mediate object of the raid was to secure
documentary proofs of the alliance
between the Transvaal and Germany,
the necessary documents, it is be-
lieved, being in the possession of Presi-
dent Kruger at Pretoria. Rhodes, it
is also asserted, had abandoned de-
spairingly all attempts to persuade
President Kruger to co-operate with
the Imperial-Afrikaner interests after
an interview between them which
took place in 1894, and which, it is al-
leged, convinced him of the Transvaal
President's determined hostility to
Great Britain. The original plan of
the raid, Fort says, was to capture
Pretoria. Had that been carried out
the forts, ammunition and even the
town itself would have been in the
hands of the reformers, in a single
night. Every detail was determined
upon in advance, but, at the last
moment, it seems, the nerve of the
Johannesburgers failed. Fort con-
tends that it was never intended to
interfere with the Ministry of Presi-
dent Kruger, and the officials of the
South African Republic, and concludes
with pointing out the attitude of Ger-
many subsequent to the raid and to
the utterances of the German press
as evidence of the close relations
which exist between Pretoria and Ber-
lin.

RHODES' RASHNESS.
The address of Col. Cecil Rhodes
(he was elected a colonel of volun-
teers) to the British South Africa
troops at Pongolani on Wednesday, has
also served to revive the bitter mem-
ories of the Transvaal raid. He
sketched his arrangements for ending
the rebellion, building forts and rais-
ing the police force, etc. But it is
pointed out here that these duties do
not belong to Cecil Rhodes, but to
Gen. Sir Frederick Carrington, former-
ly British commander of Gibraltar,
who was recently appointed to the
command of the British forces operat-
ing against the insurgent Matabele,
and to Sir Richard Martin, the
newly-appointed administrator of the
territory of the British Chartered
South Africa Company. The English
newspapers remind Rhodes that he
returned to Matabeleland as a private
person and that he has no power as
the Secretary of State for the Colonies.
Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, has
announced to "move a single police
Consequently the speech that Rhodes
made at Pongolani is likely to increase
the distrust of the Boers by convey-
ing to them the impression that he
has military administrative powers.

A BAD IMPRESSION CREATED.
The dispatch to the Times from
Cairo regarding the decision of the
mixed tribunal upon the appeals of
the French syndicate against the use
of the Egyptian reserve fund for the
expense of the campaign up the Nile
has caused a bad impression here.
The Times' correspondent wired
that it was an open secret that the
Egyptian Government cannot make
war against the Khalifa or even re-
sist a Soudanese invasion without the
consent of each member of the debt
commission. This decision, which
is said, will be announced Monday,
in every way supports the French
contention and evidently means that
Great Britain will have to advance
Egypt the funds necessary to push
the expedition forward. It is true
that the matter will be referred to
the Court of Appeals; but there is
very little hope that the latter will
reverse the decision of the mixed tri-
bunal, as it is more governed by polit-
ical than by judicial considerations
and France has more representatives
in the Court of Appeals than the other
powers.

THE SOUDAN CAMPAIGN.
Recent news from Egypt indicates
that the Government has modified its
intentions with regard to the cam-
paign in the Soudan. It is now prob-
able that no advance will be made be-
yond Akasheh. This action is gen-
erally attributed to the uneasiness as
to the attitude of the Boers, and the
possibility of such demands being
made upon Britain's military strength
as would make it difficult to support
the movement along the Nile with a
substantial British force. The decision
to send Indian troops to the Red Sea
supports the belief that the plans have
been changed. By reason of this new
departure, Sir Herbert Kitchener, the
present commander, will likely con-
trol operations throughout, and nei-
ther Sir Redvers Buller nor Sir Evelyn
Wood will be sent out. The so-called
advance seems likely to reduce itself
to a gradual elongation of the front-
ier line.

A reliable estimate of the total ex-
penditures thus far, including the In-
dian reinforcements for Suakin, is
\$10,000,000. With the future cost these
expenses will be a troublesome figure
in the next British budget.
Another dispatch says the news
from the front is very satisfactory
to the British military authorities.
Troops and stores are advancing up
the Nile without a hitch anywhere,
and despatches from the Derwishes re-
port that the arrival of the British
Indian troops at Suakin has created
a strong impression in the Soudan.

The Derwishes, it is stated, now anti-
cipate a combined advance from Su-
akin and Akasheh, the Khalifa is said
to greatly fear an attack upon Ber-
ber, and Osman Digna is reported
to be greatly discouraged by his re-
cent defeat, and to have advised the
Khalifa that, unless reinforced, he in-
tends to retire still further from the
Red Sea.

THE CRETAN SITUATION.
The news of the troubles in the
Island of Crete creates much interest
here. The Cretans, it is said, are ap-
parently determined not to yield until
their wrongs are redressed. Advice
from Greece show that the Cretans
have numbers of sympathizers among
the Greeks, and that the latter are
preparing to aid the insurgents in
Crete. Since the arrival of the foreign
warships at Cania there has been a
cessation of the disturbances in that
town. The Turkish Government has
issued a denial that the Cretan dis-
turbances have occurred, which, in view
of the well-known facts in the case,
is classed as absurd. The Porte de-
clares that the whole affair is a simple
incident, provoked by the Cavass of
the Russian consulate at Cania, who
shot an unoffending Turk. A small
affray, the Turkish Government adds,
followed, and about eighteen persons
were killed or wounded on both sides.
Order, the Porte continues, is now
restored. The Turkish note, however,
does not refer to the garrison of Vam-
os, which is surrounded by Cretan
insurgents, and which must soon yield,
while the preposterousness of the re-
futation of the note is shown in the
fact that eighteen battalions of Tur-
kish troops have been ordered to Crete
in order to reduce the insurgents to
submission by force of arms.

It is now reported that the Greek
Government has objected to the dis-
patch of further Turkish troops to the
Island of Crete, and that the ambas-
sadors of the powers at Constantinople
are trying to mediate in order to
avoid further bloodshed.
According to another correspondent,
the Christians of Crete are on the eve
of an insurrection as great as that of
1878, when the Porte was forced to
concede, through Muezzin Pasha,
the then governor, a quasi-autonomy,
which was afterwards found to be un-
workable. Since 1880, when the island
was restored to the Turks, there has
been insurrection after insurrection,
all of which proved futile. Now the
Christians mean to gain, if possible,
complete autonomy, a union with
Greece, or have some European power
establish a protectorate over them. At
any rate, they propose to overthrow
the rule of Turkey. The disturbances
reopen the whole eastern question in
an acute form, and the prospects of a
peaceful settlement is very poor. The
French press declares that British in-
trigue has incited the Christians to
insurrection and that British agents
are supplying the insurgents with
money and arms, with a view to Brit-
ish occupation of the island. Unwill-
ing as Prime Minister Salisbury
may be to accede to the holding
of a congress that would be likely to
include Egypt in its decisions, events
lead to make a conference inevitable.
Great Britain would object to the
cession of Crete to Greece, as the lat-
ter country is under Franco-Russian
influence, and would prefer the grant-
ing of autonomy and the neutraliza-
tion of the island under a European
guarantee.

SALE OF FOURTEEN COLLIERIES.
The sale of the Earl of Durham's
collieries to a company headed by Sir
James Joicey, M.P., is the largest
transaction of the kind in England of
recent years. The collieries number
fourteen, and they produce over 2,000,-
000 tons of coal a year, and in the bar-
gain they included the famous Lamb-
ton fleet of nineteen steamers, carry-
ing coal to almost all ports on the
German Ocean, besides a number of
locomotives and 1,500 horses. The ex-
act terms of the sale are not known,
but the company paid \$5,000,000 to
Lord Durham when they took over
the property. The company, reckoning
on the collieries they already possess,
and the mining property of the Joicey
family, will probably have a control-
ling influence in the coal trade of the
world.

**CHAMBERLAIN OF COMMERCE CON-
GRESS.**
The approaching Congress of Cham-
bers of Commerce, in which
Canada will take a leading
part, will discuss several schemes for
establishing between the various por-
tions of the empire a Zollverein based
upon mutual interests and necessities.
The number of delegates will be large,
and Mr. Chamberlain will deliver an
important address. The Canadian
delegates will endeavor to prove that
the British Empire can supply the
home market with the products of
every clime at the lowest possible cost
and that with free trade inside there
might be a customs barrier outside.

THE EDUCATION BILL.
There are now over 1,700 amend-
ments to the Education Bill which is
in committee. The Government does
not intend to apply summary closure
in the debate on the measure, as was
done in the case of the Agriculture
Rating Bill. It will permit the op-
position to have full swing for several
weeks, and then apply closure to the
various sections of the bill.

THE FENIAN SCARE.
In regard to the alleged revival of
Fenianism in England, a leading Gov-
ernment detective, when asked if it
is true that all the present
Ministers have now special per-
sonal protection, replied: "No.
The story published here is wide of
the mark in many respects, but there
is some truth in it. Certain old or-
ganizers of the Fenian Brotherhood
in London have certainly been very
active, and are trying to get the sup-
port of all the young Irishmen they
can for an extremist policy. They
have succeeded to some extent, and
a considerable amount of money is
coming from the United States to
provide the means of war. As long
as money is forthcoming the always
is a possibility of mischief, because
my experience, which is pretty exten-
sive, shows that the men they get to

do the active work are actuated, not
at all by patriotism, but wholly by
the expectation of a handsome re-
ward. Meetings are being held fre-
quently in London, and the Gov-
ernment is not likely to take any notice
of them, unless some overt act is
plotted or attempted." "Has not this
recrudescence of Fenianism manifest-
ed itself," was asked, "only since dis-
ensions have enfolded the Parlia-
mentary party and constitutional agi-
tation?" "Yes," was the answer. "For
five years before the Parnell split
Fenianism had almost died out. It
began to revive shortly afterward, but
in the last six months it has become
more active than at any time since
the dynamite outrages. American
supplies are doing it."

THE MINERS' CONGRESS.
The International Miners' Congress,
at Aachen, was chiefly notable for the
domination of Socialist ideas over
more trade unionist views. The
English delegates headed by Ben
Pickard, the labor leader and member
of the British House of Commons for
Yorkshire, riding Thos. Burt,
M. P. for Morpeth, and other exponents
of trades unionism, were borne down
by the French and Belgian Socialist
voters in favor of approving the
nationalization of mines, state guar-
antees, miners' sick and superannua-
tion funds, a fixed minimum of wages,
etc. The German delegates refrained
from voting on the question of
nationalization of mines on the ground
that a bureaucratic empire could not
be entrusted with control of the mine.
The Congress voted to hold their next
session in London in 1897, and de-
cided to invite Russian and American dele-
gates to attend.

**THE KAISER TACKLED BY A LU-
NATIC.**

Berlin, June 1.—The Emperor had a
startling experience recently during a
pleasure excursion with the Empress
at Prauenau, near Potsdam. He was
accosted by an escaped lunatic named
Becker, a cabman of Berlin, who had
made his way out of the asylum at
Dalldorf. He accused his Majesty of
being a usurper of the throne, which
rightfully belonged to Becket. The
Emperor ordered the Emperor into
banishment. Becker was seized by
members of his Majesty's suite and
escorted to this city, where his iden-
tity was established. Emperor Wil-
liam is said to have been greatly per-
turbed by the incident.

WILLIAM'S FRIENDSHIPS.
His Majesty was the center of public
attention during the past week. His
protestations of friendship for Russia
upon the occasion of the Czar's cor-
onation and his banquet in honor of
his grandmother, Queen Victoria, have
been much remarked, especially his
behavior towards the latter. He con-
ferred most cordially with the Brit-
ish ambassador, Sir Frederick C. Las-
celles, and this is interpreted as a
sign that the relations between Ger-
many and Great Britain have im-
proved.

**BETTER FEELING BETWEEN
GERMANS AND ENGLISH.**
The Association of British Naval
Engineers will visit Hamburg and Ber-
lin in June, and great preparations are
being made for the reception of the
visitors, due to the Emperor's per-
sonal influence. The Emperor and the
Interior will banquet them at Kroll
on June 10, and the association has
been invited to the palace at Pots-
dam on June 12. In addition, his Ma-
jesty will personally attend their lun-
cheon on June 13, and possibly he may
also address them on naval matters,
in the hall of chemistry building, his
desire being unmistakably to testify
that he does not share the popular
dislike for the English.

As a further evidence of the better
feeling prevailing in Germany towards
England, it is stated by the Saxon
newspapers that the royal family of
Saxony will visit England this sum-
mer, and a number of German princes,
including Prince Albrecht of Prussia,
will do the same.

GERMAN EMIGRATION.
The emigration from German ports
has been heavier this year than for
five years past, especially from Russia
and Hungary. About 500 emigrants
pass the depot at Spandau daily, and
the North German Lloyd steamers
were unable to handle all the emi-
grants this week. Consequently, the
steamer rates will be raised to 140 and
145 marks by slow steamers.

BISMARCK'S HEALTH.
Prince Bismarck's health, just now,
is delicate. He has fits of somnolence,
which have disquieted his family, and
Dr. Chrysdar has forbidden the re-
ception of deputations. The prince in-
tends, if he regains sufficient strength,
to visit the grave of his wife, Countess
Zinzin in the autumn; but he will not go
to any spa.

STILL IN HIS PRIME.

North Hastings' Oldest Inhabitant Hale
and Hearty.
Josias Moore, of Bancroft, Ont., one
of the oldest and best-known residents
of Hastings county, can boast of won-
derful health and vigor for his age.
"At 81," he says, "I feel as young as ever
I did."

Mr. Moore, however, had a narrow
escape from death about a year ago. "I
was so bad with indigestion," he writes,
"that the doctors gave me up. I tried
various alleged remedies, but found
them no good. One day our popular
druggist, F. C. Humphries, sent me a
sample of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver
Pills to try. The result was marvel-
ous. After taking two I was able to
get up. Then I sent for a box. I could
soon eat anything. In a short time I
was able to walk two miles to Ban-
croft and back, with ease."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will,
without fail, cure all kidney, liver,
stomach and blood troubles. For sale
by all dealers. Price 25 cents. One
pill a dose; one cent a dose. Edmanson,
Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto.

THE EDUCATION BILL.
There are now over 1,700 amend-
ments to the Education Bill which is
in committee. The Government does
not intend to apply summary closure
in the debate on the measure, as was
done in the case of the Agriculture
Rating Bill. It will permit the op-
position to have full swing for several
weeks, and then apply closure to the
various sections of the bill.

THE FENIAN SCARE.
In regard to the alleged revival of
Fenianism in England, a leading Gov-
ernment detective, when asked if it
is true that all the present
Ministers have now special per-
sonal protection, replied: "No.
The story published here is wide of
the mark in many respects, but there
is some truth in it. Certain old or-
ganizers of the Fenian Brotherhood
in London have certainly been very
active, and are trying to get the sup-
port of all the young Irishmen they
can for an extremist policy. They
have succeeded to some extent, and
a considerable amount of money is
coming from the United States to
provide the means of war. As long
as money is forthcoming the always
is a possibility of mischief, because
my experience, which is pretty exten-
sive, shows that the men they get to

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES AND PREVENTS
Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza,
Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Rheuma-
tism, Neuralgia, Headache,
Toothache, Asthma, Dif-
ficult Breathing.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one
to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading
this notice you will be free from all other
fevers, aches, pains, and all other
troubles, and you will be able to sleep
with ease.

RICH OR

CONTENTED ?

— YOU MAY BE BOTH !

THERE is such a power in wealth that
it's no wonder that everybody wants it.
Just as long as money will do anything for
the people, the people will do anything for
money. Chances to make it in one fell swoop
come rarely, but opportunities to make it
little by little come every day. When you
make it you want a purse to keep it in, and
you should

Get Your Share Of These

Purses for Ladies

Purses for Gents.

Sick Headache,
Female Complaints,
Biliousness,
Constipation
Piles
AND
All Liver Disorders.

Real Seal, Sterling Silver tipped, calf
lined and excellent springs, prices
range from 75c up.
Solid Leather Purses at 25c and 50c.

Shopping Bags.

Bicycle
Chatelaine Bags.

Embossed Leather Bags, with saten
top, strong leather handles, at
25c.
Seal Bags, with heavy twilled saten
tops, leather handles with purse
attached, at 40c, 65c, 75c, \$1.20,
etc.

Seal, with oxidized trimmings, at 25c
each. This is a special line, calf
lining, at 45c, 65c, 75c, \$1
and \$1.25.

Seal Bags, with heavy twilled saten
tops, leather handles with purse
attached, at 40c, 65c, 75c, \$1.20,
etc.

Seal, with oxidized trimmings, at 25c
each. This is a special line, calf
lining, at 45c, 65c, 75c, \$1
and \$1.25.

White Cambric Underwear!

Night Robes.

White Skirts.

In fine cambric, tucked and frilled
don front, at 50c.
Tucked yoke, with fine embroidery
trimming, at 75c.
Yoke of clustered tucks, with insertion
and embroidery trimming, at \$1
and up.

Fine cambric, cluster of fine tucks at
bottom, at 60c.
Fine Cambric Umbrella Skirts, deep
embroidery ruffle headed with fine
tucks, at 85c each.
Fine Cambric Umbrella Skirts, Rounce
of Lonsdale Cambric, edged with
and headed with fine tucks, at \$1.

Corset Covers.

Drawers.

In fine lawn, finished with fine em-
broidery and feather-stitched
braid, at 50c, 60c, 75c.
Plain White Cambric Corset Covers
at 12 1/2c each.

In fine cambric, with embroidery or
lace trimmings and insertions,
headed with fine tucks, extra
wide widths, at 50c, 75c, \$1, etc.

HINTON & RUMBALL,
THE UNDERTAKERS,
360 Richmond Street.
Private residence, 296 King St.
Telephone—Store 44; House, 43.

GOVERNMENT SCHOOL OF ART
Sponsor Block, Dundas St.
Students May Join at Any Time.

Evening classes, Monday, Wednesday and
Friday, from 7 to 9 p.m. Fee for 26 lessons, \$3.
Afternoon classes, Monday, Friday and
Saturday, from 2.30 to 4.30.
Freehand and model drawing, modeling in
clay, oil, water color and china painting, pen
and ink writing, etc. Examinations in com-
petitions for medals and certificates, 20th or
April. Send for circulars to
John H. Griffiths, Principal.

Business chances, articles for sale,
houses to let, boarders wanted, male
help wanted, etc., are all charged the
same rate in the "Advertiser," namely,
1 cent per word for first insertion and
1-2 cent per word for each subsequent
insertion.

Magnificent Garments of Beautiful Fabrics
Exquisitely Made and Hand-
somerly Trimmed.