

SERGEANTS, BUGLERS, ATTENTION!

The Sergeants and Buglers who formed the Firing and Bugler Parties respectively on the Memorial Day Ceremonies last year, are respectfully requested to meet in the C. L. B. Armoury on Wednesday night, June 28th, after the Football Match, for the purpose of a brief practice.

All are asked to make a special point of attending, as this will be the only practice held.

J. ANDREWS, Ex-C.S.M. I.C Firing Party.

W. TAYLOR, Ex-Sergt. I.C Buglers.

June 23, 31

Crime and Criminals.

Their Punishment and Reformation.

(By Observer.)

SOME OF THE INFLUENCES FOR GOOD.

In one of my previous articles on this subject I referred to some of the beneficent influences at work to prevent crime, to bring about reformation in the lives of those who have fallen, and to redeem the moral tone of the community. I omitted, however, to adequately emphasize the greatest influence of all—that of women. To my mind her influence in this direction cannot be too highly estimated. No scientist, perhaps, will affirm that motherhood is the absolute duty of every woman born into the world, but that this function has all ways and will always fall to the lot of most women none will deny. In view of this certain and established fact, we should not hesitate to regard the realization of universal female suffrage as almost an unmitigated evil. Nor does this view militate against any possible broadening of woman's sphere of usefulness. The exercise of the ballot is by no means essential to the exercise of woman's power for good.

THE IMPELLING FORCE NOW AS HERETOFORE.

Readers of English History know that the real ruler of Great Britain during the reign of George II. was Queen Caroline, and that she was one of the most sagacious counsellors that ever gained the ear of a British Sovereign. We know what the companionship of Josephine was worth to Napoleon. Gibbon says that the laws of Justinian were attributed to the sage counsels of his remarkable wife, the Empress Theodora. When we remember that Surrey had his Geraldine, Dante his Beatrice, Swift, Stella, Tasso his Lenora, and Petrarch his Laura, we must know that literature has owed many of its finer inspirations to the influence of women. Could the ballot have yielded a larger sphere of influence? All history is filled with the names of wondrous women.

THEY SHINE ABOVE THE MIST OF FABLE.

An American writer on the subject of Social Acclimation, reminds us that in the twilight of the human story, where the horizon of recorded fact is above the mist of fable, we find the legendary Semiramis, Queen of the Eastern plains, who gave law to the fathers of Abraham. Sweeping down the ages, on the same sunny plains of Mesopotamia, we find a Median princess sighing for her native mountains, and her wishes bring forth the hanging gardens of Babylon; and in the West, where the curtain of fable was more slowly raised, we behold Helen and the ruins of Troy; and Dido,

Regular feeding with "Betty Brand" Milk is responsible for Health & Happiness in Babyland



Sold by All Grocers

criminals are reformed, it is all, the reformation is a mental and moral, and not a physical process, excepting where deterioration was the result of physical causes yielding to the therapeutic treatment.

TREATMENT DURING IMPRISONMENT.

In my opinion the treatment of the convict can never be wholly reduced to scientific formulas. Like teaching, it will always remain a great art. Skill in drawing people out, in appealing to the best in the personalities, in bringing tact, judgement and sheer divination to bear upon the intimate problems of changing the lives of others, will always be large elements in its success. The successful prison Superintendent will ever be a man with insight into strength and weakness of character and with an instinctive touch for the springs that control emotion and conduct. Treatment in the institution, however, is likely to become more deft and more precise. There the environment can be artificially moulded and controlled. Hence, as diagnosis becomes more accurate and we come to understand better the means of criminal therapy, institutional treatment will become more scientific, and certainly more successful.

A METHOD THAT DEFEATS ITS OWN PURPOSE.

One of the first things to remember with respect to the institutional treatment of offenders is that a uniform regimen for all prisoners is worse than bad; it is futile and defeats its own purpose. Reference has already been made to the ridicule that would be heaped upon any physician who would prescribe the same remedies for every person who came to him; similar distrust would be felt towards any hospital that should treat all its patients alike. Yet our prisons are for the most part built upon the principle of uniform treatment, and not only receive men for fixed sentences (imagine a hospital that should decide when a man came to it exactly how long he should stay!), but do the same things to them and expect the same things from them while they are there. The folly of this practice should be made still clearer by an analogy to a school principal who should refuse to make school distinctions among children and should subject all of them to the same rate of progress, the same discipline, the same course of study. Just fancy how heartily our Superintendent of Education would laugh at such an idea! Why you'd hear the notorious exclamation of Dr. Blackall from the other side of Quidi Vidi Lake.

SOCIAL AMELIORATION.

Coming down to modern times, we find the stage of history ornate with the glory of womanhood, ennobled by her toils and sanctified by her sacrifices. Here we find Joan of Arc, the shepherdess of Domremy, sweeping like an archangel over the battlefield to save the crown of her beloved France; and there is the illustrious Isabella of Castile, defying the doubts of men, and pledging her jewels to give ships to Columbus; and here is Madame Roland, high-priestess of Freedom, tearing the mask from the cruel face of Anarchy, and going to her death with the cry, "Oh Liberty! What crimes are committed in thy name." While yonder we behold Marie Theres, holding aloft before the Diet of Hungary her infant son, and kindling within the hearts of her people a spirit that saved the throne of Austria, firing the souls of all, until "The fierce Croatian, and the wild Hussar, With all the sons of ravage, crowd the war."

And later, through a rift in the clouds of battle, like a rainbow gleaming above the storm, we catch a glimpse from the Aureole of Florence Nightingale, "The Angel of the Crimea."

PUNISHMENT AS A WEAPON OF SOCIAL DEFENCE.

To return to the subject of punishment: It is not to be considered merely as a weapon of social defence; it also should be among the instrumentalities of social improvement. By punishment, however, we do not necessarily mean the infliction of physical pain. The considerations of common humanity demand that the infliction of physical pain can be avoided whenever and wherever possible, and when apparently unavoidable, pain should be minimized to the mildest degree possible. It is a dangerous concession to admit that the infliction of physical suffering is ever permissible as a phase of legal punishment, for it was just such logic that gave to the Inquisition and the torture chambers of modern Europe. Where

THE CRIMINAL ACT AND NOT THE CRIMINAL.

Need I say that to the student of behavior, a knowledge of the individual back of the given act is absolutely essential if a clear understanding of the nature of behavior is to be had. Nevertheless, he cannot escape the conviction that as far as the administration of the problem of crime is concerned, the man back of the act is largely lost sight of, and what is actually administered is the criminal act and not the criminal. Intimate contact with the problem of crime inevitably leads to the opinion that every agency concerned in the administration of this problem sees in its own work an end in itself, and seems to lose sight of the common goal or end, toward which all should be steering; namely, the readjustment of that badly adjusted individual, the criminal.

THE COMMUNITY AND ITS PROBLEM OF CRIME.

It must be obvious to anyone who takes the trouble to look into the situation more closely, that this cannot be expected to be otherwise under the prevailing attitude of the average community toward its problem of crime. Just as long as a community will judge the efficiency of its police officers, its prosecuting lawyers, and its judiciary by the volume of crime they are able to detect and punish, rather than by the extent to which they succeed in preventing crime, an unnecessarily large number of what might be termed provoked crimes must be the result. The manner in which the problem of an individual criminal is handled before he is admitted to prison must, of necessity, effect the degree to which the institution will succeed in accomplishing what is perhaps the most important of its functions—the return to the community of a better man than it originally received. To expect any institution, penal or reformatory, to accomplish this in all cases, in view of



—just say
Blue-jay

to your druggist
Stops Pain Instantly

The simplest way to end a corn is Blue-jay. A touch stops the pain instantly. Then the corn loosens and comes out. Made in two forms—a "colorless, clear liquid" (one drop does the work of ten extra plasters). Use whichever form you prefer, plasters or the liquid—the action is the same. Safe, gentle. Made in a world-famed laboratory. Sold by all druggists. Free: Write Bauer & Black, Toronto, Dept. 97 for valuable book, "Correct Care of the Feet."

the constitutional makeup of so large a part of the constituency of the average prison, would be well nigh expecting the impossible. This will, I think, be admitted by even the most exacting reformer.

DIFFERENT TYPES OF CRIMINALS.

Efforts are continually being made to dissect the criminal, so to speak, in the search of evidence of abnormality of structure or of physiological action, and they extend this search to the internal organs when the desired opportunity offers itself for an autopsy. What have they found? All Anglo-Celtic criminals, with the exception of those technically convicted of fraud, are markedly differentiated from the general population in stature and body weight. In addition, offenders convicted of violence to the person are characterized by an average degree of strength and of constitutional soundness considerably above the average of other criminals, and of the law-abiding community. Finally, thieves and burglars (who constitute it must be borne in mind, 90 per cent. of all criminals), and also incendiaries as well as being inferior in stature and weight, and also, relatively to other criminals and the population at large, puny in their general bodily habits.

CONVICTS FROM THE DIFFERENT DISTRICTS.

In a previous paragraph I mentioned the total number of convicts sent to the Penitentiary during the past year (1921). Perhaps this article would be more interesting to my readers, if I furnish it with the following: giving each district's contribution to the general result:

District	No. Committed
St. John's	116
Bonaville	9
St. George's	23
Harbor Main	12
Trinity	10
Harbor Grace	10
Burgeo and LaPole	5
Fogo	3
Placentia and St. Mary's	3
Bay de Verde	3
Burin	2
Port de Grave	1
Carbonear	2
Ferryland	1
St. Barbe	3
Aliens and others without fixed abode	17
	233

A COMPARATIVELY GOOD RECORD.

The figures here given may seem large in the aggregate at first sight, but when we remember that the St. John's Penitentiary is practically the one and only prison for the whole island, it will be admitted that the percentage of commitments is a small one, after all, for a population of 360,000. In this respect I think we compare favorably with other parts of the Empire. Of course, we do not want to boast about our comparative immunity from crime, but, to say the least of it, we have no reason to be ashamed of our record outside the political arena. Anyway, all these facts—if they are facts, I may have got some of them wrong—are impressive, as I have intimated, especially when conveyed to the world in strongly emphasized words, such as I at present feel like using. They would be even more impressive if they were emphasized by anybody except Newfoundland herself. It is always wiser for a man, a city, or a colony, to get an outsider to act as trumpeter. He who sounds his own praise seldom gets the credit which is due. That goes to the man of community which sits still, smugly, modestly and blushtly, if possible, while some one else, not a near relative, sings "the glorious days renown." Perhaps there has been a difficulty in getting disinterested strangers to say what might be said about Newfoundland. So Newfoundland says it herself, all of it, several times over, very loud.

BELVIDERE GARDEN PARTY.—Entries for the Three Mile Road Race will now be received at Chas. J. Ellis' Store, Water Street.—June 26, 1922.

FOLLOW THE CROWD TO "MILLEY'S,"

And get the best for your money's worth--for here's where you get it.

A Sample Lot
LADIES' WHITE LAWN WAISTS, values up to \$3.50 for
1.89

Your opportunity to secure your Summer Blouses. Here are some of the most desired models at a saving price.

UNDERWEAR

Ladies' Summer Vests with strap, from 30c. to 70c. garment
Ladies' Summer Vests with wing sleeve, 35c. and 45c. garment
Ladies' Summer Pants, umbrella styles and knee length, garment . . . 60c.
Ladies' Pink Bloomers, excellent value, garment, 45c.

CHILDREN'S & MISSES' SAMPLE UNDERMUSLINS.

This lot comprises Knickerbockers, Bloomers, Combination Skirt and Waists; all in the best grades of material.
Girls' Summer Vests, beautiful value, long and short sleeve . . . only 49c.
Children's White Bloomers for summer wear . . . 25c.
Lace Summer Pants, lace trimmed . . . 49c.

White Suedetex Washable Gloves.
Regular 60c. pair for
49c. pair.

Gauntlet Gloves,
only
10c. pair.

Wear "Milo" for comfort and durability; guaranteed not to rust.

MILCO CORSETS,
Pink and White.
Regular \$2.20 value.
Our Price, \$1.60.

Boys' Summer Wear
Wash Suits
Plain Blue with fancy collars, also Brown and White and Blue and White stripes. Sizes for boys from 2 to 8 years. Up to \$3.00 for . . . \$2.00

Boys' Shirtwaist Special
Double stitched, closed wristband, pockets, adjustable button waistband; sizes 6 to 14 years, for . . . 88c.

Boys' Blouses
Boys' White Blouses . . . 80c. and 90c.
Boys' Striped Blouses . . . 90c. to \$1.30
Children's Cotton Overalls . . . \$1.20

Boys' Soft Dress Shirts
Attached collars; sizes 6 to 15 years, for . . . \$1.30

Boys' Linen Hats.
Plain White, Khaki, Dark Blue, Light Blue, Blue and White stripes.
35c.

CHILDREN'S & MISSES' SUMMER DRESSES
GIRLS' GINGHAM DRESSES.
Made from Check Gingham in styles to suit girls from 6 to 14 years. Exceptional value for . . . \$1.75
GIRLS' PIQUE DRESSES.
Beautiful heavy cord Pique, made in a becoming style for girls 10 to 14 years. Price . . . \$3.70
GIRLS' WHITE LAWN DRESSES.
To fit ages from 2 to 6 years; eyelet-embroidered, for . . . 98c.



MILLEY'S

SEE Our Line of Children's Hats with Streamers



Stylish WASH SKIRTS

Ladies' Summer Skirts, beautiful light weight material, in becoming stripes; will launder and go up well. Price \$1.98
White Gabardine, well made, gathers control fullness at back, and all-round belt closes with pearl buttons to match those on turn back tabs that top the shaped finish on pockets. Reg. \$3.00 value for . . . \$1.98

OVERALL APRONS, with elastic band . . . \$1.80
OVERALL APRONS, with band; ties at back . . . \$1.40



Ladies Ready to wear Hats

Be sure to come to attend our present showing of the season's charming styles, for we are exhibiting the prettiest and most becoming of the leading modes in the most original models.

LADIES' PANAMA HATS,
\$2.00.
With fancy coloured band, beautifully designed.

KIDDIES' PANAMA HATS,
98c.
Beautiful designs, sure to suit your little girl.

Buster Brown Belts.
Black Glaze Belts for children.
6c. each.

Boys' Summer Caps,
70c.

MEN'S Springtex Summer UNDERWEAR.
High grade Cashmere Underwear. Reg. value \$2.50 garment. We have the shirts only, thus the exceptionally low price.
\$1.18 garment.
All sizes.

Boys' Knicker Hose
with fancy top,
75c. pair.

Boys' Linen Hats.
Plain White, Khaki, Dark Blue, Light Blue, Blue and White stripes.
35c.

CHILDREN'S & MISSES' SUMMER DRESSES

Melton Cloth
Dress Goods of quality, combining the width and popular shades, and the price
only 90c. yard
has placed this Melton Cloth in constant demand for coats, skirts, costumes, and is also suitable for small boys' suits. Comes in 18 of the most desired shades.

Girls' Middies
In all styles and sizes. Reg. \$4.30. Reduced to clear at
1.89

MILLEY'S