

SPECIALS

Ladies' Black Velvet and Velveteen Hats.

We have just received a few dozen of these from "this side of the water" and offer same for your inspection.

Also some Buckram Hat Shapes for ladies and children.

We expect our shipment of Hats from England early in November and can then give you Stylish Hats at Low Prices.

Ladies' Wool and Fleeced Underwear.

Ladies' Stanfield Wool Underwear.

Ladies' New Knit Wool Underwear.

Ladies' Fleeced Vests and Pants from 70c

Ladies' Heavy Grey Bloomers at 90c.

Y BLAIR



Turkey Accepts Allies Terms.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARIAN ARMIES SMASHED

50,000 Prisoners Taken --- Dardanelles Open to Allied Fleets---Germany's Finish Approaching.

WAR REVIEW.

Turkey is out of the war and Germany's remaining ally, Austria-Hungary, has been defeated on the field of battle. Her battle line rent in twain, and with chaos reigning inside her borders, she is pleading for an armistice. Her far her importunities have received no better answer than the rebuffing of the efforts of the Allies to reach a settlement. The Austro-Hungarian Empire is believed to have been an unconditional one. The Allies of the Allies threaten to send the remains of the enemy armies back to their border line shattered and completely vanquished. More than 50,000 prisoners have been taken by the Italians, British, French, American and Czech-Slovak forces, and everywhere from the mountain peaks to the plains of Venetia the enemy is being sorely tried. In the mountains where still the Austro-Hungarian forces are in full fight with the Allies, the back door of Austria, the enemy's front is cracking under the pressure of the attacks and important strategic positions are being lost. To the east of the Piave the Allies have been in a sharp wedge for the month of Belluno, some twenty miles from their original point of departure, and severed connections between the armies in the north and those on the Venetian plains. Over the plains toward the Austrian frontier the Italian River, the invaders everywhere are in full fight with the enemy pressing them hard, and the debacle seems to be complete. The enemy in his flight is leaving behind him large quantities of war material as he endeavours to reach the Tagliamento. It seems improbable that the Austro-Hungarian forces in the region, east and west of Belluno, large numbers of the enemy are destined to be captured. On the western battle front there is still little fighting of a violent character, but the intensive operations of the armistice seem to presage a speedy return of battles of major importance. In Belgium both the British and Belgians have made great gains while the French on the western part of the line in France have advanced their line and taken many prisoners. Aside from reciprocal aerial and continued aerial attacks by the Americans and Germans on the American sectors east and west of the Meuse have been comparatively

TURKEY THROWS UP THE SPONGE

LONDON, Oct. 31. (By the A.P.)—Turkey has agreed to an armistice, which took effect at noon to-day.

ARMISTICE WITH TURKEY.

LONDON, Oct. 31. Among the terms of the armistice with Turkey is one providing for the occupation of the forts of the Dardanelles and Bosphorus, necessary to secure the passage of the Allied warships through the Bosphorus into the Black Sea. General Townsend, the British commander captured at Kut-el-Amara, was liberated several days ago by the Turks. Sir George Cavendish, the Home Secretary, announced in the House of Commons to-day that word has been received from the British Admiral in command in the Aegean Sea, that the Turkish Government asked that negotiations be opened immediately for an armistice. A reply was sent that if the Turkish Government sent fully accredited plenipotentiaries, Vice Admiral Calhoun, the British commander, was empowered to inform them of the conditions upon which the Allies would agree to stop hostilities, and could sign an armistice on these conditions in their behalf. Turkey's definite proposals of peace followed the defeats sustained by her armies in Palestine and Mesopotamia and the collapse of Bulgaria, which led her open to attack on another front and thus were not unexpected. The Turkish plenipotentiaries arrived at Mudros, Island of Lemnos, early this week and an armistice was signed by Admiral Calhoun, on behalf of the Allied Governments last night. It will come into operation at noon to-day. Great Britain, whose troops have taken a major part in the overthrow of the Ottoman forces, naturally is most interested, but it is expected the proposals will be submitted to the Allied nations who are at war with Turkey before a reply is sent. It is expected, however, that the terms will be much on the lines of those given Bulgaria, which amounted to unconditional surrender, leaving territorial questions to the peace conference. Some uneasiness is expressed by the newspapers over a report that the Allies are prepared to make a bargain with Turkey by which the world be left in possession of Armenia in return for a free passage of the Dardanelles to enable the Allies to deal with the German controlled Black Sea fleet. However, it is more probable that a free passage of the Straits will be demanded unconditionally.

TURK COMMANDER SURRENDERS.

LONDON, Oct. 31. Ismail Hakkı, commanding the Turkish armies of the group operating in the Tigris region in Mesopotamia, has surrendered with one entire division and the best part of two other divisions, the Evening Standard says.

ITALIAN FRONT ABLAZE.

LONDON, Oct. 31. The entire front is ablaze, a Central News despatch from Rome says. All the Italian armies are now in action.

AUSTRIAN PRISONERS NUMBER 50,000.

ROME, Oct. 31. Prisoners taken by the Allied forces in their offensive on the Piave River, now number more than 50,000, the Italian war office announced to-day. More than 300 guns have been captured.

NAVAL FIGHT ANTICIPATED.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31. The announcement from London that an armistice with Turkey, which permits the passage of Allied warships through the Dardanelles, already is in operation, led naval officers here to believe that an Allied fleet, if it has not already started, soon will pass through to the Black Sea to attack the German naval forces there. These forces include ships of the Russian Black Sea fleet, taken over by the Teutons, after the collapse of the Provisional Government in Russia. Official British reports received by the Admiralty, during his recent visit here, show that the Germans obtained one super-dreadnought, several battleships of the pre-dreadnought, and a score of fast destroyers. The German battle cruiser Otaeben also is in the Black Sea. This vessel was in the Mediterranean when the war began and escaped to the Bosphorus, where it was reported to

have been sold to Turkey before that country entered the war. The cruiser was badly damaged several times, but recent reports said it has been repaired, again taken over by the Germans and withdrawn to the Black Sea.

AUSTRIANS CUT OFF IN CRITICAL POSITION.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31. Fifteen Austrian divisions operating between the Brenta and the Piave on the Italian front have had their retreat cut off through the capture of the mountain pass of Vadal by Italian and Allied troops. Official wireless despatches from Rome to-day say the advantage is being pressed to the utmost, and that a crisis is near. Enemy losses are described as appalling.

BRITISH ENTER ASIAGO.

LONDON, Oct. 31. (Official.)—British troops have entered Asiago, according to another report from the British War Office covering the operations early Wednesday. The statement also reports continued progress by the Third, Tenth and Twelfth Armies along the Piave.

ALLIED PROGRESS ON ITALIAN FRONT.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS ON THE PIAVE, Oct. 30. (By the A.P.)—Allied troops have taken Montebelluna, for by it the roads were opened to Feltre and Vittorio. Both these cities were Austrian bases. The capture of Montebelluna also divides the Austrian army, forcing the troops to the north to follow along a slow line of retreat, through the mountains of Trentino. The number of prisoners is growing hourly and may possibly total forty thousand. Opposite the Tenth Army, it is estimated that four and one-half Austrian divisions have been partially destroyed.

AUSTRIANS WITHDRAWING.

VIENNA, Oct. 30, via London, Oct. 31.—Austro-Hungarian forces on their eastern wing in Serbia are withdrawing from occupied territory and have completed the crossing of the Danube, according to an official statement to-night from Austro-Hungarian headquarters. Elsewhere in Serbia the Austrian withdrawal continues.

ASKS FOR ARMISTICE.

LONDON, Oct. 31. The Austrian commander on the Italian front has applied to General Diaz, the Italian Commander-in-Chief, for an armistice, the Exchange Telegraph Company states. The application has been forwarded to the Versailles Conference.

AUSTRIA'S NOTE SENT TO GOVT.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31. Austria's renewed plea to President Wilson for an armistice and peace terms has been transmitted to the Allied Governments, Secretary Lansing announced late to-day that there will be no formal reply to Austria's latest note, but that the Swedish Minister would be told verbally that the Austrian appeal had taken the usual course and had been communicated to the Allied Chancelleries.

COMPLETE INTERNAL ANARCHY.

LONDON, Oct. 31. Conditions in the interior of Austria-Hungary virtually preclude a continuance of fighting, according to news reaching London this evening. The railways necessary for the maintenance of the military forces of the dual monarchy have become utterly disorganized. All communications between Agram, Fiume, Budapest and Vienna have been interrupted and the railway communications between Berlin and Vienna have been cut. The monarchy is faced with complete internal anarchy.

KAISER ABDICATED!

LONDON, Oct. 31. High placed German officials at Copenhagen this afternoon received information that the German Emperor had abdicated, according to the Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company, who adds "nothing is said about the Crown Prince."

FIRST MEETING SATISFACTORY.

PARIS, Oct. 31. The representatives of the Entente powers left Versailles after their first formal meeting to-day visibly content with the results that had been achieved. They have not finished their work, but they reached a substantial accord. Their task is moving and they have had the satisfaction of seeing that they soon will be able to make announcements. The Turkish armistice terms were chiefly the work of the British and French. In them the United States had no part. The decision in this instance is regarded as one of great importance. An informal conference took place at the home of Col. E. M. House, President Wilson's personal representative, in the forenoon, prior to the assembling at Versailles. Among others present were M. Clemenceau and M. Pichon, respectively, the French Premier and Foreign Minister, Signor Orlando and Baron Scimino the Italian Premier and Foreign Minister, and David Lloyd-George, the British Prime Minister. This gathering was preparatory to the formal meeting. In addition to the French, Italian and British representatives, Dr. M. R. Vesnitch, the Serbian Minister to France, and Eliphtherios Venizelos, the Greek Premier, attended. The last to arrive at the conference was Marshal Foch. He was alone, without Aide or Chief of Staff. The business was over in a couple of hours and a long line of automobiles with the representatives of the Powers returned to Paris. The reason for the trip to Versailles to-day was that it is the headquarters of the Supreme War Council, which theoretically takes no decision except at Versailles. There will be another informal meeting at the residence of Col. House to-morrow morning and the business of the Council will be pushed forward rapidly either at formal or informal meetings, until it is concluded. The spirit of all the representatives appears to be favorable to the ironing out of all obstacles rather than to raising them.

BELGIANS ON CANAL.

HAVRE, Oct. 31. The Belgian War Office communication issued this evening follows: "We are established on the west bank of the canal De Derivation De La Lys. We have taken Daalmen."

FRENCH BEGIN BIG ATTACK.

LONDON, Oct. 31. (Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency)—The French have begun another big attack in Belgium to-day.

64 HUN MACHINES DESTROYED.

LONDON, Oct. 31. Sixty-four enemy machines were destroyed and fifteen others driven down out of control on the Western front, Wednesday, says an official communication issued to-night dealing with aerial operations.

BRITISH TAKE 1,000 PRISONERS IN SUCCESSFUL ATTACK.

LONDON, Oct. 31. In the region east of Courtrai the British delivered an attack to-day against the Germans, gained all their objectives and took a thousand German prisoners, according to Field Marshal Haig's communication issued to-night.

NOW AT VERSAILLES.

PARIS, Oct. 31. The chiefs and other representatives of the Allied governments having held preliminary meetings in Paris, are deliberating this afternoon, according to the Temps, at Versailles, the seat of the Inter-Allied Council.

GETTING DOWN TO SERIOUS BUSINESS.

LONDON, Oct. 31. The preliminary negotiations which lately have occupied the Allied representatives in Paris have been concluded and more important discussions now are beginning, according to reports reaching official quarters here.

Gentlemen!

Have You Seen Our Window Display of Autumn Wearables?

If You have not, do so at your earliest. It will surely prove interesting. Let us tell You why:

Men's Wear, such as we are going to describe, is almost impossible for us to secure just now, and it is only keen foresight and early purchasing that enables us to put up such a complete display.

The down town window contains NECKWEAR of every variety, and you will certainly say that you have never witnessed a smarter line. Every known shade is stocked by us, and the refined tone for which our Neckwear is noted, and that better-than-the-average look that it bears, brings us a class of customers that will not go elsewhere when seeking Neckwear.

Then our Prices---Mark them: 50c., 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50.

Arrow Collars, all newest Shapes, 25c. each.

We are also showing a few Swiss Silk Mufflers, the kind you see only at SMYTH'S, \$6.00 to \$12.50.

Now is the season for a light-weight Muffler. Secure yours early, we have only a limited number.

Our Western Window Contains the JAEGER ALL - WOOL DISPLAY.

Almost everybody knows that JAEGER WOOLENS are like the British Navy---None Better!

Have you noticed the scarcity of All Wool Goods in town? We anticipated the shortage and sought the markets early. As a result we are nearly as well supplied with All Wool Goods as in pre-war times. Here we have

JAEGER ALL WOOL UNDERWEAR . . \$10.50, \$12.00, \$15.00 per suit "UNIVERSAL" ALL WOOL UNDERWEAR, \$3.50 gar., \$7.00 per suit

- Jaeger Bed Socks . . . \$2.00 pr.
- Jaeger Slippers . . . \$3.50 pr.
- Jaeger Ladies' Slippers, \$3.50 to \$7.00
- Jaeger Heavy All Wool Flannel Pyjamas . . . \$12.50
- Jaeger Light Wool Taffeta Pyjamas . . . \$12.50
- Jaeger All Wool Cholera Belts, \$3.00
- Jaeger All Wool Gloves . . \$2.50
- Jaeger All Wool Mufflers, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50
- Jaeger All Wool Tweed Caps, \$3.00

- Jaeger All Wool Chest Protectors . . . \$2.50
- Jaeger Heavy All Wool Flannel Night Shirts . . . \$7.50
- Jaeger All Wool Socks, \$1.20, 1.50
- Dressing Gowns . . . \$30.00
- Jaeger All Wool Smoking Jackets . . . \$15.00
- Jaeger All Wool Raincoats, \$45.00
- Jaeger All Wool Top Shirts, \$6.00, \$7.50
- Jaeger All Wool Vests . \$10.00
- Jaeger All Wool Sweater Coats, \$10.00

Owing to British Government regulations, concerning woollens, these goods are practically unobtainable, even in England, until the War is over. Don't wait until our stock is depleted before making your selection.

Our Beck's Cove Window is showing

The All-Famous CHRISTY HAT,

in newest and most up-to-date styles,

which are to be had only from us, who are the regularly authorised "Christy" dealers. Price, \$5.00 each.

TRESS CAPS,

Which are unexcelled for a style and quality all their own.

Price: \$2.50, \$3.00

Walking Sticks, Dents' & Perrins' Gloves. OUR SERVICE IS UNBEATABLE AND VALUE UNEQUALLED AT



T. J. EDENS.

To-day, Oct. 31st. From New York:

- 25 cases ORANGES.
- 5 cases LEMONS.
- 5 cases GRAPE FRUIT.
- 10 BKS. CHERRY BERRIES.
- 5 kegs GRAPE.
- 10 bunches BANANAS.
- 50 sacks ONIONS.

100 barrels APPLES—Gravensteins and Kings of Tompkins.

900 bags WHITE OATS. 100 bbls. 5 ROSES FLOUR. CORNED LAMBS TONGUES by HORNED NEW YORK CORNED BEEF.

FLASH—Hand Cleanser. FLASH—Disinfectant. FARNSWORTH'S HOUSEHOLD AMMONIA.

CRISCO—For Cooking and Shortening. SNOWDRIFT—For Cooking and Shortening. AM. CHEDDAR CHEESE, 1/2 lb. tin. ESSENCE OF COFFEE. BONNIE BELLE BAKING POWDER. ROYAL BAKING POWDER. PRINCE ALBERT TOBACCO.

10 cases M&R'S CHOCOLATES

T. J. EDENS,

Duckworth St. and Rawlin's Cross.

Maunder,

and Clothier, St. John's, Nfld.

NO MATTER HOW THE FIRE IS CAUSED. If you're not insured, you're a loser. Take time to get about your policies. We give you the best companies at reasonable rates.

PERCIE JOHNSON, Insurance Agent.

in the public evening Telegram

THAT BOY OF YOURS

He is not seriously wounded. No! But he never tells you of the pain he sometimes suffers because of a blistered foot after marching. He said a word of how the ground near where he is billeted rocks with old gas which causes cuts and sores and makes them ten-fold more painful and serious. He complains these "little things". For just such serious "little things" Zam-Buk is provided. It soothes the pain, draws the inflammation from cut, sore and heals eruptions and sores. In the homes of soldiers your next comrade is necessary. How much more necessary is it out yonder where your boy is!

So to it that he has a supply! Perhaps he gave that you sent to a comrade. He'll want next parcel don't forget to replace it. Put Zam-Buk in every parcel you send for the boys all year round on more

Zam-Buk