ALUABLE PREMIUM GIFT
O EVERY PATRON OF THIS PAPER!

this Coupon and send to the Stuart Importing Co. for redemption.
COUPON.—On receipt of this Coupon, together with Fifty Cents to pay for Express or Mailing charge, we will send FREE, an elegant
SSIA LEATHER POCKET-BOOK, PATENT LOCK.
INITIAL LETTER DESIRED, neatly stamped in Gold. (Retail price, $1.50.)
this Coupon is good only twenty days from the date of this paper.
STUART IMPORTING CO., 569 Broadway, New York.

EMIUM SILVERWARE.
A $4.50 SET OF
LVER SPOONS
GIVEN AWAY!
TO EVERY SUBSCRIBER FREE.

able EAGLE GOLD AND SILVER PLATING CO., of Cincinnati, O., will furnish
ber of this paper a PREMIUM $4.50 SET OF EXTRA PLATED SILVER
ndition named in Coupon.

out this Coupon, and send to the Eagle Gold and Silver
Plating Co. for redemption.
IUM COUPON.—On receipt of this Coupon, together with Seventy-
Five Cents to pay for express or mailing charges,
ill send FREE, an elegant
$4.50 SET OF EXTRA PLATED SILVER SPOONS,
your initials neatly engraved on same. (Retail price, $4.50.) This
is good only ninety days from the date of this paper.
Express warranted. Address all orders to
Eagle Gold and Silver Plating Co., 117 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.

The Weekly Mail.

VOL. VI. NO. 267. TORONTO, FRIDAY, MAY 11, 1877. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

BY ALLAN STEAMER.

From Liverpool. April 26th.

HOME RULE

In the Commons Mr Shaw moved for a select committee to inquire into the demands of the Irish people for Home Rule. The motion was seconded by Mr. King-Harman. Mr. Forster considered that every vote given for the motion would be an injury to Ireland. It would mislead the Irish people and encourage a mischievous agitation. Sir C. O'Loghlen considered that the motion contemplated only a restoration to Ireland of the right to make her own laws. Mr. W. Johnston denounced the scheme as including repeal of the Union and Fenianism. After several other Irish members had spoken, Mr. Fawcett declared that Home Rule, if defined with precision, would be treated with contempt by the Irish people. Sir W. Lawson thought inquiry would be at least harmless. Mr. Butt made an elaborate defence of the Home Rule policy, and was followed by Sir M. H. Beach, who on behalf of the Government, met the proposition with a decided negative. If its promoters would formulate their views in a bill it would receive careful consideration. The Marquis of Hartington thought the only result of passing the motion would be to deceive the Irish people and pave the way for imputations of bad faith. In the result the House negatived the motion by 467 to 67, a result which was loudly cheered.

THE ALBERT MEDAL.

The Queen has expressed her desire that the Albert Medal, hitherto only bestowed for gallantry in saving life at sea, shall be extended to similar actions on land, and that the first medals struck for this purpose shall be conferred on the heroic rescuers of the Welsh miners.

A NEW COLONIAL CONFEDERATION.

In the House of Commons, Lord Carnarvon moved the second reading of his South Africa Confederation bill, that it presented the general framework of the Constitution of "a Confederation of the Colonies of Cape Colonies and Stats, but left details to be filled in after communication between the Colonies and the Imperial and Colonial Legislatives. He gave a description of the colonies, of which he was well acquainted, and observing that the Transvaal was in a condition of anarchy, and expressed his opinion that the proposed union of colonies would be acceptable generally in South Africa. The bill provided facilities for the admission of new colonies, which was to be an entirely voluntary act on their part, all details or contingencies being left for the negotiations with the Imperial Government, and it proposed that there should be a Governor General, a Federal Council, a nominee Council, and a Legislative Council, and House of Assembly. The Council would be provided over by a chief executive officer, with such title as the Queen might sanction, and the Council in committee would be reserved for the sanction of her Majesty, so that there would be no Federal control over the conduct of Native affairs. After mentioning some other provisions of the bill, he concluded by stating that the confederation would contribute to the strength and prosperity of the colonies, and would contribute materially to support the second reading of the bill. He agreed in the principle of the bill, and would continue to attempt to press any unwilling population into the confederation, and, therefore, in his opinion, Lord Carnarvon had acted wisely in proceeding by way of a Permissive Bill. Lord Grey believed that the scheme of confederation was broken down through the introduction of what was called responsible government, and he was decidedly strongly unsuited for it. After some remarks from Lord Cardwell, who expressed his dissent from the bill, and expressed a hope that the probable effect of the introduction of responsible government, the bill was read second time.

UNCLE TOM'S RETURN TO CANADA.

The *Daily News* has the following:—Sir,—Friday next is the day fixed for my leaving Liverpool in the steamship China for Canada. You will be pleased to learn that, after paying the mortgages and interest on his farm and other debts in connection with his late insolvency, Mr. Henson will have a surplus of about two thousand pounds On behalf of Mr. Henson and his friends and I feel bound to congratulate Mr. Henson in his work in Canada have been removed, and some provision made for the comfort of himself and wife in their declining days.—Jane Loss, Editor of "Uncle Tom's Story of his Life."—*Christian Age* Office, 80 Farringdon-street, London, E C., April 21

ROBERT BURNS.

The Earl of Eglinton has declined to subscribe towards the cost of the erection of a statue of Burns at Kilmarnock, on the ground that he has "the bad taste to appreciate neither Burns' character nor poems."

IRREPRESIBLE.

The inevitable Jenkins is out with a new slippery pamphlet, entitled "Critics and Criticism, by Edward Jenkins, M. P. The Glasgow *Herald*, a Liberal journal, by way of a specimen, says, "Mr. Jenkins' performance, "Mr. Jenkins," says the *Herald*, "is a mixture of the Ancient Mariner, who hear me the great necessity for the honest observance of the provisions of the law as to the assessment of property as well as the other laws made for our guidance and our good."

Canadian Cattle.

The following extract from the Liverpool *Courier* proves that "T. C. P.," in his letters to the *Times* on the Canadian cattle trade, had the best of the gentlemen who undertook to answer him. Mr. Lyman would be found a profitable export from this country.—"Eighty-one very fine Canadian cattle were landed yesterday by Messrs Lyman from steamer Mississippi. Extensive arrangements are being rapidly pushed forward by this company to fit up the steamer Sardinian for the purpose of conveying weekly shipments of not less than 300 beasts (alive), with the addition of large quantities of dead meat, direct to the Liverpool market."

The Most Valuable Gift—Restoration of Health.

During the past ten years the Great Indian Remedy has faithfully redeemed every promise made for it. Alarming and apparently hopeless cases of Lung Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Afflictions of the Kidney, and Chronic Complaints of every description, have yielded before its influence. In cases of life-long duration, have been permanently removed and eradicated. Professional men record their testimony to the efficacy of the Remedy are not bogus people in unlearned localities of Europe, but respectable citizens of this Dominion, easy of access and open to question, upon whom the most searching investigation is willing to rest the reputation of the great Shoshonees Remedy. If you are afflicted, do not delay until medicine may be powerless to aid you. No injurious effects can possibly follow the use of this Great Indian Remedy. It contains no minerals, by which the fate of the invalid is so often made a sacrifice. Do not fail to try "Shoshonees" sedative or stimulant. These Indian Remedies are widely known and will improve your condition from the first dose. Ask your druggist for Shoshonees Remedies. Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold by all druggists.

HOME AND FOREIGN MUSEUM.

Lord Beaconsfield has written to the Lord Mayor to say that it would be premature for him to receive a deputation respecting the proposed transfer of the Royal Academy, embankment of an Imperial Museum, as the Government could not undertake any portion of the work during the current financial year.

FOREIGN COMPETITION.

Mr. Leigh, on the part of the cotton operatives, ridicules in the Manchester *Guardian* the assertion lately made by Mr. Hugh Mason that the British capitalist would have to take his machinery abroad or bring foreign labor here. Mr. Leigh of the English operative, as we could not compete with foreign labor, and that the Government, Mr. Simon is resolved to oppose it energetically.

A Rome despatch states that the Duke of Aosta of Spain sent the Pope a chalice with a large sum, accompanied by an autograph letter asking the Pope to offer prayer for the repose of the soul of Prince Amedeo.

The *North German Gazette*, Berlin, states that the Minister of War will return to Alsace and Lorraine, prices when measures corresponding to those adopted by France will be taken to secure, in a military sense, the safety of the new provinces.

A despatch from Metz says a serious conflagration broke out in the cathedral during service on Sunday. The structure was badly damaged. The Emperor William and Gen. Von Moltke were present. Much damage was done to the interior. The fire originated from fireworks on the occasion of the Emperor's visit.

The steamship China, arrived from Liverpool, reports that a signalled the steamer Sidonian, of Glasgow, from New York for Bristol, disabled, requiring a surgeon. One of the ship surgeons on board, who reported that on the 29th the boilers exploded, killing the captain, three engineers, two firemen, and one trimmer, and injuring the cook. The rest of the crew were all well. When the surgeon of the China went on board, the men were all dead but one fireman. When asked the cause of the explosion he answered, "I will tell you in the morning," but he died in a few minutes, and it was impossible to learn the cause. The Sidonian proceeded under sail, and will not arrive at her destination under two weeks.

American.

From present indications the peach crop of Delaware will be a very large one.

Thomas Walsh, a sixteen year old New Yorker, has been convicted of manslaughter.

The fruit crop of Central and Southern Illinois has been seriously damaged by heavy rains.

Wm. Wallingford, commission merchant, Port Huron, Mich., dropped dead in his chair on Tuesday.

A non-union moulder in Troy, N. Y., was attacked by unionists recently, and will probably die.

The crop reports from Nebraska are unexpectedly favourable, three districts, however, reporting the grasshoppers numerous.

One of the Catholic parochial schools in Jersey City, N. J., is being disbanded. The city School Board is arranging to receive its pupils.

A thousand refugees from Indiana who recently surrendered to the Red Cloud agency are very destitute, having eaten their dogs and many ponies.

Herbert Hodgepth, aged 15, of New York, shot himself fatally on Monday. He had been corrected for staying out at night and for reading trashy literature.

The Boston *Herald* says that a physician of that city who was once worth $100,000, and who devoted his time and means to deeds of charity, is now in gaol for a debt of $100.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* publishes a report on the condition of the fruit crop from fifty points in Ohio, showing that peaches are seriously injured; small fruits slightly.

A Spitz dog, locked in a room in New York, with a five months' old child, was killed by the police while devouring the baby's feet. The dog and infant were almost lifeless.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has reversed the sentence of death against Bleasie Pinkerton, the Russian Catholic priest convicted of murdering Isaac Jaquett, near Harrisburg.

The New York police found John Brown, his wife and child, starving in a tenement, with an infant aged eighteen months famished to death. The family had eaten nothing for four days.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, has affirmed the decision in the case of James Carroll, James Boyle, Hugh McGonagan, James Charity, and Alex Campbell, Mollie Maguires, under sentence of death

Alexander Morovicki, while insane, distributed his photographs to the passengers on a Jersey ferry boat late Saturday night. Mistaking one for a bomb, he shot himself dead. His wife recognized his pictures, thus disclosing his identity.

The Cocheco cotton mills at Schuylkill Falls, Pa, the largest in the country, are closed, having 1,400 hands unemployed. Last April seventy weavers struck, claiming a reduction of wages. The proprietors, learning that the balance of the hands were supporting the strikers, resolved to close the mill.

A Salt Lake special to the New York Herald says Brigham Young surrounded Joe's Lo-cofession leads the Mormons to appreciate Brigham Young's arrest. The mains were found in a remarkable state of excitement. Some Turkish monitors arrived on Friday before the Danube, between Nicopolis and Sistova. Night reports say the Turkish troops and drills are being held.

Moscow, May 8.—A leading dealer, *en route* from Oregon for his home in Austria, made the acquaintance on the train of three Italians, who were accompanying Prince Amedeo, who was on his way to Turkestan. Learning that Mahmet 67,000 in gold in his possession, the Italians, in a conclave conducted, by the usual confidence game, in obtaining it for safe keeping, disappeared with the money.

Mrs. Josephine C. Logan of Boston, the prominent contralto singer now studying in New York, has filed a complaint against her by a druggist recently, who used corrosive sublimate instead of calomel, as order by her, which came near throwing down her throat and threw off the contents of her stomach. She had swallowed sufficient poison to kill a dozen persons. She is now recovering.

The Lake Shoshoko parish of St. Charles Borromeo, Pennsylvania, is greatly excited by the unexpected dismissal of the Rev. Bernard Kelly from its charge by Archbishop Wood, before his departure for Europe. The congregation would have sailed up the church door, but Father O'Reilly's intercession. The cause of removal, it is stated, is a desire on the part of the Bishop to protect them from exorbitant exactions, sanctioned by the Archbishop.

A mysterious poisoning occurred at Level Green plantation, near Kempsville, Princess Anne Co., Va., on Saturday. The plantation belongs to Mr. Lewis Mc. Mr. Alpine; the other inmates were Missr Daisey and Beckey McAlpine, Lydia and Ann Wright, and Mr. Lewis Mc. Alpine. Mr. Lewis Mc. Alpine died in the afternoon, there is a general feeling that the task will be completed in the course of a few days. The Sclavonian fever that prevailed last year. The Globe cautions its readers against taking the statements of the Russian army be successful at first, or unsuccessfully. Depressed should the contrary occur.

The Government have determined to give effect to one of the recommendations of the Select Committee on the use of steam power on tramways by introducing this session a short bill authorizing the Board of Trade to permit the use of steam power for the ensuing year by way of experiment.

The death is announced of Rev. Dr. Molesworth, of Rochdale, aged eighty-seven, a well known dignitary of the Episcopal Church.

Captain Burnaby, of the Guards, who has just returned from Kars, thinks that if Russia makes a resolute effort in Asia Minor she will easily defeat the Turkish forces.

It is stated that Cyprus has been discovered gold and silver mines on the coasts of the Red Sea.

Malangy, the returned Fenian convict, has been invited to offer himself a candidate for the representation of the County of Tipperary. Alderman M'Swiney is also spoken of as a candidate.

At the military clubs it is stated that the appointments of Lord Napier of Magdala as governor of Gibraltar, and Sir Arthur Lyon Fremantle as Lieutenant-Governor of the garrison are decidedly with the Turkish officers, and that the news will cause them to hear what will be the result of the first encounter, although they know very well that the numerous officers of the Russian Guards there cannot be any decative fighting.

Large quantities of potatoes are being rent from Ireland to New York.

The Turks have, it is said, conferred the rank of Brigadier-General upon Valentine Baker, who is now Chief Commander-in-Chief, Abdul Kerim, at Shumla.

At the next meeting of Convocation at the University of Oxford, it will be possible to carry a resolution praying the Senate to rescind their decision in favour of the admission of women to degrees in medicine. It is also said that upwards of 200 medical men have signified their intention to be the same effect to be presented to the Senate.

The *Times* declares that Russia has forfeited any sympathy she ever received in Europe, and it calls attention to the fact that the Emperor in his manifesto does not allude to the proposed declaration that Russia has no territorial ambition.

The protracted trial of the men who were charged with the murder of the Marquis de Goncourt of £10,000 by fraudulent representations as to their transactions in stocks, has now been brought to a conclusion. All the accused were found guilty of the murder of the gang, was sentenced to fifteen years' penal servitude, three others to ten years' penal servitude and the rest to fifth max to imprisonment for eighteen months.

A bottle of whiskey has been sold in Edinburgh for £5. It was 132 years old.

The *Times* correspondent says that though no one in Russia entertains a doubt of the ultimate success of the Russian arms, there is a general feeling that the task will be more difficult than anticipated. The Slavonian fever that prevailed last year. The Globe cautions its readers against taking the statements of the Russian army be successful at first, or unsuccessfully. Depressed should the contrary occur.

The Pope has decided to abolish the offices of public-house inspectors, established about twelve months ago on the suggestion of Mr. Chamberlain, in order to prevent fresh infringements of the Licensing Act. Some of the duties of the inspectors devolve on the Superintendent of Police, Major Bond, to carry out the provisions of the Licensing Act.

A London correspondent understands that the Prince of Wales has been summoned back to Marlborough House, on account of the break of war. It is, he believes, important that the Prince should be at hand, and yet not be absent from the country while a war is raging as the Continent of Europe.

The *Glasgow Herald* publishes an almost sudden death of the wife of Dr. Lyon Playfair, M. P. for the Universities of Edinburgh and St. Andrew's. Mrs. Playfair had been apparently quite in her usual health ten days ago, suddenly showed symptoms of a stroke, and died within a few days. For years, and from the first the medical men in attendance pronounced her case an absolutely hopeless one.

A female shaker, named Emily Benham, aged 16, was recently buried at Lordin, Ky. For many days the Shakers believed her to be merely sleeping, and that if sufficient faith prayed in the community she would awaken back to life. Food was offered to her as she lay in her coffin, on Sunday, the 15th inst. Her faith, however, was weak, and she did not revive as expected. The funeral was arranged for Tuesday the 17th, and though delayed in the hope of a miraculous resurrection, it eventually took place on Sunday. The coffin was not carried into the church and was preceded by sixteen women dressed in white, and the pastors and many Shakers followed. Mrs. Girling was not present.

The following Canadian visitors have registered their names at the Canada Buildings, 31 Queen Victoria street, London, E.C., during the week ending the 26th of April, 1877:—Mr. Thos. N. Crean, M.D., E. R. Lindsay, A. Lindsay, Quebec; Wm. Ecaid, John R. Beveridge, J. Girard, J. Leslie Suarez, Montreal; F. Fleming, Ottawa; Georgina Haigh, Bracebridge; Oronyatekha, M. D., London; James Jeffery, A. Hincks.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

European.

The Leeds millers recently advanced flour four shillings per bag, and in advance of seven-and-a-half shillings per bag.

It is stated that Queen Isabella has requested the Pope to endeavour to dissuade King Alfonso from contracting marriage with a Princess not a Catholic.

The shipwrights in the Glasgow district of the Clyde, representing about 1,000 shipbuilders, have resolved to lock out the men, therefore 1,400 who did not strike have been thrown out of employment.

The Paris *Moniteur* says the Socialistic movement at Lyons is assuming greater dimensions. It is attributed to the inaction of the Government. M. Simon is resolved to oppose it energetically.

A Rome despatch states that the Duke of Aosta of Spain sent the Pope a chalice with a large sum, accompanied by an autograph letter asking the Pope to offer prayer for the repose of the soul of Prince Amedeo.

The *North German Gazette*, Berlin, states that the Minister of War will return to Alsace and Lorraine, prices when measures corresponding to those adopted by France will be taken to secure, in a military sense, the safety of the new provinces.

A despatch from Metz says a serious conflagration broke out in the cathedral during service on Sunday. The structure was badly damaged. The Emperor William and Gen. Von Moltke were present. Much damage was done to the interior. The fire originated from fireworks on the occasion of the Emperor's visit.

The steamship China, arrived from Liverpool, reports that a signalled the steamer Sidonian, of Glasgow, from New York for Bristol, disabled, requiring a surgeon. One of the ship surgeons on board, who reported that on the 29th the boilers exploded, killing the captain, three engineers, two firemen, and one trimmer, and injuring the cook. The rest of the crew were all well. When the surgeon of the China went on board, the men were all dead but one fireman. When asked the cause of the explosion he answered, "I will tell you in the morning," but he died in a few minutes, and it was impossible to learn the cause. The Sidonian proceeded under sail, and will not arrive at her destination under two weeks.

American.

From present indications the peach crop of Delaware will be a very large one.

Thomas Walsh, a sixteen year old New Yorker, has been convicted of manslaughter.

The fruit crop of Central and Southern Illinois has been seriously damaged by heavy rains.

Wm. Wallingford, commission merchant, Port Huron, Mich., dropped dead in his chair on Tuesday.

A non-union moulder in Troy, N. Y., was attacked by unionists recently, and will probably die.

The crop reports from Nebraska are unexpectedly favourable, three districts, however, reporting the grasshoppers numerous.

One of the Catholic parochial schools in Jersey City, N. J., is being disbanded. The city School Board is arranging to receive its pupils.

A thousand refugees from Indiana who recently surrendered to the Red Cloud agency are very destitute, having eaten their dogs and many ponies.

Herbert Hodgepth, aged 15, of New York, shot himself fatally on Monday. He had been corrected for staying out at night and for reading trashy literature.

The Boston *Herald* says that a physician of that city who was once worth $100,000, and who devoted his time and means to deeds of charity, is now in gaol for a debt of $100.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* publishes a report on the condition of the fruit crop from fifty points in Ohio, showing that peaches are seriously injured; small fruits slightly.

A Spitz dog, locked in a room in New York, with a five months' old child, was killed by the police while devouring the baby's feet. The dog and infant were almost lifeless.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has reversed the sentence of death against Bleasie Pinkerton, the Russian Catholic priest convicted of murdering Isaac Jaquett, near Harrisburg.

The New York police found John Brown, his wife and child, starving in a tenement, with an infant aged eighteen months famished to death. The family had eaten nothing for four days.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, has affirmed the decision in the case of James Carroll, James Boyle, Hugh McGonagan, James Charity, and Alex Campbell, Mollie Maguires, under sentence of death

Alexander Morovicki, while insane, distributed his photographs to the passengers on a Jersey ferry boat late Saturday night. Mistaking one for a bomb, he shot himself dead. His wife recognized his pictures, thus disclosing his identity.

The Cocheco cotton mills at Schuylkill Falls, Pa, the largest in the country, are closed, having 1,400 hands unemployed. Last April seventy weavers struck, claiming a reduction of wages. The proprietors, learning that the balance of the hands were supporting the strikers, resolved to close the mill.

A Salt Lake special to the New York Herald says Brigham Young surrounded Joe's Lo-cofession leads the Mormons to appreciate Brigham Young's arrest. The mains were found in a remarkable state of excitement. Some Turkish monitors arrived on Friday before the Danube, between Nicopolis and Sistova. Night reports say the Turkish troops and drills are being held.

Moscow, May 8.—A leading dealer, *en route* from Oregon for his home in Austria, made the acquaintance on the train of three Italians, who were accompanying Prince Amedeo, who was on his way to Turkestan. Learning that Mahmet 67,000 in gold in his possession, the Italians, in a conclave conducted, by the usual confidence game, in obtaining it for safe keeping, disappeared with the money.

Mrs. Josephine C. Logan of Boston, the prominent contralto singer now studying in New York, has filed a complaint against her by a druggist recently, who used corrosive sublimate instead of calomel, as order by her, which came near throwing down her throat and threw off the contents of her stomach. She had swallowed sufficient poison to kill a dozen persons. She is now recovering.

The Lake Shoshoko parish of St. Charles Borromeo, Pennsylvania, is greatly excited by the unexpected dismissal of the Rev. Bernard Kelly from its charge by Archbishop Wood, before his departure for Europe. The congregation would have sailed up the church door, but Father O'Reilly's intercession. The cause of removal, it is stated, is a desire on the part of the Bishop to protect them from exorbitant exactions, sanctioned by the Archbishop.

A mysterious poisoning occurred at Level Green plantation, near Kempsville, Princess Anne Co., Va., on Saturday. The plantation belongs to Mr. Lewis Mc. Mr. Alpine; the other inmates were Missr Daisey and Beckey McAlpine, Lydia and Ann Wright, and Mr. Lewis Mc. Alpine died in the afternoon, there is a general feeling that the task will be completed in the course of a few days. The Slavonian fever that prevailed last year. The Globe cautions its readers against taking the statements of the Russian army be successful at first, or unsuccessfully. Depressed should the contrary occur.

The Pope has decided to abolish the offices of public-house inspectors, established about twelve months ago on the suggestion of Mr. Chamberlain, in order to prevent fresh infringements of the Licensing Act. Some of the duties of the inspectors devolve on the Superintendent of Police, Major Bond, to carry out the provisions of the Licensing Act.

A London correspondent understands that the Prince of Wales has been summoned back to Marlborough House, on account of the break of war. It is, he believes, important that the Prince should be at hand, and yet not be absent from the country while a war is raging as the Continent of Europe.

The *Glasgow Herald* publishes an almost sudden death of the wife of Dr. Lyon Playfair, M. P. for the Universities of Edinburgh and St. Andrew's. Mrs. Playfair had been apparently quite in her usual health ten days ago, suddenly showed symptoms of a stroke, and died within a few days. For years, and from the first the medical men in attendance pronounced her case an absolutely hopeless one.

A female shaker, named Emily Benham, aged 16, was recently buried at Lordin, Ky. For many days the Shakers believed her to be merely sleeping, and that if sufficient faith prayed in the community she would awaken back to life. Food was offered to her as she lay in her coffin, on Sunday, the 15th inst. Her faith, however, was weak, and she did not revive as expected. The funeral was arranged for Tuesday the 17th, and though delayed in the hope of a miraculous resurrection, it eventually took place on Sunday. The coffin was not carried into the church and was preceded by sixteen women dressed in white, and the pastors and many Shakers followed. Mrs. Girling was not present.

The following Canadian visitors have registered their names at the Canada Buildings, 31 Queen Victoria street, London, E.C., during the week ending the 26th of April, 1877:—Mr. Thos. N. Crean, M.D., E. R. Lindsay, A. Lindsay, Quebec; Wm. Ecaid, John R. Beveridge, J. Girard, J. Leslie Suarez, Montreal; F. Fleming, Ottawa; Georgina Haigh, Bracebridge; Oronyatekha, M. D., London; James Jeffery, A. Hincks.

THE WAR.

The Latest Despatches.

LONDON, May 8.—A despatch from Constantinople says, at the council of war held on Thursday, it was resolved to evacuate the Dobrudscha, retiring on the internal line of defence.

In the Austrian Reichrath and Hungarian Diet to-day, ministers made identical replies to interpellations about the Eastern question, to the following effect:—Austria maintains the attitude of benevolent interest in the Christian subjects of the Porte, and while observing strict neutrality, reserves the right to protect its own interests or intervene with efforts for the cessation or localizing of the conflict. Ministers recognize the Empire's intimate connection with, and interest in, the affairs of European Turkey, but deem it premature to adopt any measures for their protection unnecessary in view of the attitude of the other Powers.

It is understood that the following regulations have been placed on the list for service. Three regiments of Russian infantry, one brigade of horse artillery, one of garrison artillery, two of field artillery, thirteen separate battalions of infantry, and twenty-three complete regiments, two battalions of the Rifle Brigade, also the 2nd Grenadier Guards, the 2nd battalion of the Coldstream Guards, and the 1st battalion of the Scots Fusilier Guards.

[NOTE—The Guards never leave the kingdom except for active service. The last occasion was when they went to Canada at the time of the Trent affair.]

LONDON, May 9.—A vague report circulated through a portion of the city to-day that Mukhtar Pasha telegraphed on Thursday that in consequence of a recent engagement before Kars the Russians were obliged to move back their camp. Eight Russian redoubts were captured near Kars, but Ardahan had not yet been attacked. The commandant at Batoum telegraphing on Thursday, announced a recent engagement.

LONDON, May 7.—Lord Derby's answer to Gortschakoff's circular note is the form of a note from Lord Derby to Lord Loftus, the British ambassador to St. Petersburg. The following is the text:—

"LONDON, May 5, 1877.

"I forwarded your Excellency on the 24th ult. a copy of Prince Gortschakoff's circular announcing that the Emperor had given orders to cross the frontiers of Turkey. Her Majesty's Government have received this communication with deep regret. They cannot accept the statements and conclusion with which Prince Gortschakoff has accompanied it, justifying the resolution thus taken. The protocol to which her Majesty's Government subscribed has unanimously decided it futile. The cause of those who revolted against their Turkish oppressors was one of the noblest that ever animated the human breast. Whether England now defended or deserted the cause of the oppressed nationalities, the fault of Turkish tyranny had created a feeling which, in spite of whose hands it might, would be gladly accepted by Christendom and the world.

Mr. Cross (Conservative) moved that the House decline to entertain any resolution which may embarrass the Government in the management of peace and the protection of British interest without maintaining any alternative line of policy.

Mr. Cross, Home Secretary, said Mr. Gladstone durst not tell the House or country that he was prepared to go to war against Turkey, as an ally of Russia. Lord Derby was the pacific minister in which his policy would tend. The very basis of the Constantinople Conference was that the independence and integrity of the Ottoman Empire should be maintained, and it would have been a gross breach of faith if it had been contrary to the wishes of the Powers. Turkey would be enforced by war. Russia and the other Powers responsible for the united action of Europe was Russia. Turkey is now engaged in a death struggle. God grant that the right of the Turk may be, but the whole efforts of the British Government must be directed to localizing the war and maintaining strict neutrality. If the Opposition advocated war against Turkey, they should plainly say so, but if they only wished to be faithful to the old British policy is wholly unworthy and would never have the sanction of the public. The Debate was adjourned until to-morrow.

A great meeting was held at St. James' Hall last night in support of Mr. Gladstone's resolutions. Resolutions were passed, declaring that for England to engage in a war which might have the effect of preventing the Turkish rule would be a crime against the civilized world.

A meeting was held at Trafalgar Square, at which counter resolutions were proposed, expressing confidence in the Government and in Mr. Gladstone. It was impossible to say which were carried.

LONDON, May 8.—In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Gathorne Hardy, the Home Secretary, stated that no special roster had been prepared of troops ready for immediate service.

Mr. Bourke, Under Foreign Secretary, said the Government was not prepared to consider the right of the Porte to make regulations for the blockade of the Black Sea. A despatch has been sent to Mr. Layard directing him to ask for an extension of the 10 days for British shipping, and the Porte had assented affirmatively.

Sir G. Scullard, notice that he should ask on Monday for an explanation of the conduct of the Home Secretary that England would defend Egypt from interference or attack. Mr. Sullivan said the points he wished to have explained were, first, whether it is necessarily the meaning or intention of the Government to enable Egypt to participate as a belligerent in the war by supplying Turkey with troops without incurring the risk of establishing hostilities; second, whether the House is to understand from the language used that the Government were resolved, if occasion should arise, to defend Egypt by attacking Alexandria, upon the employment of British soldiers against Russia; third, whether the intimation to Turkey and Egypt, that their chief ports would be more or less protected against hostilities, is not substantially a departure from strict neutrality.

In the House of Lords the Duke of Richmond called the strong language of Lord Derby's reply to Gortschakoff. He said two reply was liable to be misinterpreted as a departure from strict neutrality, and asked whether it was submitted to be approved by the other Powers before being sent.

Lord Derby replied, that the suggestion that the reply should have been submitted to the other Powers was unprecedented. He denied that the reply was inconsistent with the strict neutrality. The Government had "to abstain from expressing the opinion which we were invited to give on the merits of the quarrel."

In the House of Commons to-night the debate on Mr. Gladstone's resolutions was resumed.

Mr. Childers (Liberal) complained of the conduct of Turkey displayed by the Bulgarian atrocities, and censured Earl Derby's reply to Gortschakoff as ill advised, and tending to embroil Russia and revive the hopes of Turkey.

Mr. Bourke, Under Foreign Secretary, said the Government was not prepared to consider the right of the Porte to make regulations for the blockade of the Black Sea. A despatch has been sent to Mr. Layard directing him to ask for an extension of the 10 days for British shipping, and the Porte had assented affirmatively.

Sir G. Scullard, notice that he should ask on Monday for an explanation of the conduct of the Home Secretary that England would defend Egypt from interference or attack. Mr. Sullivan said the points he wished to have explained were, first, whether it is necessarily the meaning or intention of the Government to enable Egypt to participate as a belligerent in the war by supplying Turkey with troops without incurring the risk of establishing hostilities; second, whether the House is to understand from the language used that the Government were resolved, if occasion should arise, to defend Egypt by attacking Alexandria, upon the employment of British soldiers against Russia; third, whether the intimation to Turkey and Egypt, that their chief ports would be more or less protected against hostilities, is not substantially a departure from strict neutrality.

In the House of Lords the Duke of Richmond called the strong language of Lord Derby's reply to Gortschakoff. He said two reply was liable to be misinterpreted as a departure from strict neutrality, and asked whether it was submitted to be approved by the other Powers before being sent.

Lord Derby replied, that the suggestion that the reply should have been submitted to the other Powers was unprecedented. He denied that the reply was inconsistent with the strict neutrality. The Government had "to abstain from expressing the opinion which we were invited to give on the merits of the quarrel."

In the House of Commons to-night the debate on Mr. Gladstone's resolutions was resumed.

Mr. Childers (Liberal) complained of the conduct