

THE COURIER

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Saturday, June 19, 1915

THE SITUATION.

The British have reported another slight gain near La Basse and the French continue to do well, especially in Alsace. They have advanced along both banks of the river Ficht and thus are heading towards the Rhine, but there is a thorny path yet to travel. One military authority has estimated that it will take a toll of two million men—that is, in killed, wounded, prisoners, etc.—to clear the road for an attack on Germany itself. This may be an excessive figure, but this struggle is so much outside of all ordinary proportions that it may perchance be within rather than over the ultimate total.

The Russians for the main part continue to fall back under tremendous pressure, but in one direction along the Dnieper river they seem to be doing well. Petrograd in this direction reports some nine thousand prisoners and the capture of a quantity of war material.

The Italian reports continue to be favorable, but some desperate fighting cannot for much longer be delayed. Tolmino, which is described as the key to the Isonzo valley, is likely to prove a second Przemyśl.

It has become more and more apparent that Lloyd George as Minister of Munitions has a tremendous task on hand. John Bull in the matter of war supplies was manifestly just about as much unprepared as in the case of men. The last named lack was speedily met, but not so the other. One plan has been to send a delegation of men to the trenches in order to come back and report just how great the extent of the need.

The impression of a long war becomes stronger. Germany, even if she so desired, which is doubtful, could not make peace terms on any basis such as the Allies would demand, and as a consequence she is more than likely to keep the field to the bitter end.

CANADIAN FISHERIES ON THE PACIFIC COAST ALONE.

We inland people all know in a general way that Canada possesses vast fisheries, but their enormous value is not, as a general thing, realized or thought about. Take the Pacific coast alone. For the year 1914, the finny tribe product of this portion of the Dominion had, according to figures just added, the tremendous value of \$60,000,000.

The total value of salmon marketed from the British Columbia catch was \$10,243,670, divided as follows: Used in the fresh state \$1,491,419, canned \$7,743,399, salted (dry) \$645,450, mild cured \$215,386, and smoked \$148,025.

Five species of salmon are found in this coast, of which the variety known as the "sockeye" is the best. The salmon pack of British Columbia, by districts, for the year 1914, as compared with the previous year, was as follows:

Cases	Value
Fraser River	328,390 732,059
Skenna River	237,634 104,055
Naas River	94,890 68,096
Rivers Inlet	109,652 53,423
Outlying	341,073 336,268

Total

The record salmon pack of British Columbia was in 1913, the run for that period being greater than in any previous year in the history of that province.

Next in value to salmon was the production of halibut, 65,000,000 pounds, with a value of \$2,600,000. Herring totalled in value about one million dollars, and so on. It will be a surprise to a great many to know that there are seven whaling stations on the Pacific Coast, four of which are in British Columbia. There were 1,426 whales caught in Pacific Coast waters in 1914, which produced 1,751,830 gallons of whale oil, 128,150 gallons of sperm oil, 181 tons of fish meal, 1,882 tons of fertilizer, and 15,800 pounds of whalebone.

The number and value of vessels employed in the various branches of the British Columbia fishing industry are as follows:

Number	Value
Steam fishing vessels (tonnage 3,761)	58 \$1,017,575
Sailing and gasoline vessels	156 573,180
Boats (sail)	3,076 217,695
Boats (gasoline)	2,434 1,018,150
Carrying smacks	196 76,650
Gill nets, seines, trap and small nets	6,865 1,031,124
Trawls	22 1,100
Hand lines	4,388 4,870
Skates of gear	1,888 36,760
Salteries	12 1,200

Salmon canneries ..	81	4,115,410
Clam canneries ..	1	3,000
Freezers and ice houses ..	15	1,502,000
Smoke and fish houses ..	29	388,300
Fishing piers and wharves ..	93	1,908,680
Whaling stations ..	4	500,000
Oil factory ..	1	40,000

Total

The total number of employees in the industry last year was 20,707, divided among the various branches of the business as follows:

Number of men employed on vessels	1,193
Number of men employed on boats	10,055
Number of men employed on carrying smacks ..	68
Number of persons employed in fish houses, freezers, canneries, etc.	9,391
Total	20,707

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Wouldn't be a bit surprised to very shortly get some important news from the Dardanelles.

The Courier tobacco box for the boys at the front is still on the job, no matter what the criticisms may be.

An exchange features an article on "How to escape from the jaws of a crocodile." As to that, the first best move is not to get in them.

It has been authenticated that Germans in two armored automobiles deliberately fired on a British hospital. About the only thing these arch fiends halt at is telling the truth.

A statistical report says that in 1914 the German colonies possessed more than 4,000,000 coconut plants. It's his own coconut which the Emperor will be chiefly concerned about before the present war is over.

Emperor William telegraphed the Burgomaster of Karlsruhe that he had learned with "deep indignation of the wicked attack. The poor innocent victims among civilians had greatly afflicted him." What about his long list of murdered babes in connection with English coast towns and the Lusitania? Probably they don't count with him, as they hadn't been born within the area of his diabolical Kultur.

It is not generally known that, besides being the patron saint of England, St. George is also patron saint of Moscow, on whose arms there figures the picture of the saint slaying the dragon. A famous Russian military decoration—the Order of St. George—which was founded by Catherine the Second—also commemorates the saint in our Ally's country. It may incidentally be pointed out that while St. George was adopted as the "Military Protector" of England early in the thirteenth century, the patron of England had for five centuries previously been St. Peter, which helps to explain why more churches have in England been dedicated to that saint than to any other.

BIG BEAR HALTS ON GRODEK LINE

Russian Must Do or Die Now on the Lemberg Sector.

By Special Wire to the Courier.

London, June 19.—The forces of Russia are at bay along the Grodek line in Galicia, to the west of Lemberg, where, with her vulnerable flank well protected by the marshes of the Dniester she will defend Lemberg, the capital of Galicia. Neither side however, reports much activity during the past 24 hours, the outstanding claim being that from Petrograd to the effect that the Austro-Germans have been hurled back into Austrian territory between the Dniester River and the River Pruth.

The French, according to the latest news are holding the Germans to the north of Arras. They now occupy positions on three sides of Souchez and they soon may make the German positions on this front untenable, is the view of British observers.

Italy is attacking the Austrian frontier defenses with energy, but only evidence is the report of the shelling on the railroad station at Gorizia, a fact which would indicate that the Italian batteries have been considerably advanced.

Rumors, as plentiful as contradictory, emanate from the Balkans that the entente allies have offered Bulgaria generous territorial terms, which special despatches from Sofia declare to be absolutely satisfactory. Nevertheless, it is evident that no actual alliance yet has been signed, not will be until Bulgaria's neighbors make the concessions she has been consistently demanding.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

MUNSTER

(Continued from Page 1)

Further admission is made by Berlin that the Germans surrendered a section of trenches to the north of the Lorette heights. This sacrifice, according to the German report, was in accordance with their plans.

The Berlin statement adds that the French losses on this front have been equal to those suffered by the allies in the Champagne district, where, according to Berlin, the French percentage of casualties ran exceedingly high.

An entire attacking force of British troops was destroyed by the Germans north of La Basse Canal, according to the Berlin official statement. It is not clear whether this claim relates to the battle of three days ago or to a new engagement.

FRENCH HOLD THEIR GAINS.

Paris, June 18.—The following official communication was issued last evening:

"In the sector to the north of Arras a violent artillery duel has taken place to-day. The front here remains unchanged. We hold all the ground we have captured."

In Alsace we have fortified the positions we took yesterday and continue to make progress here. Our advanced parties at the end of the day had reached the outskirts of Metzeral. We have advanced along both banks of the Ficht. We hold our fire the enemy's communications between Metzeral and Munster. Further prisoners, machine guns and a very large quantity of war materials, notably rifles and cartridges, have been taken by us.

"There is nothing to report concerning the situation on the remainder of the front."

"WE SURRENDERED," SAYS GERMANY.

Berlin, June 19.—The German official statement follows:

"In the western theatre: Our enemies continue their attempts to break through our lines to the north of La Basse Canal and have suffered a new defeat. Their attacking troops were destroyed. Only a few men succeeded in retreating."

"East of Angres, south of Souchez and north of Ecurie the French penetrated to the French positions at inter-vals. Due north of the Lorette heights we surrendered a section of a trench situated within range of the enemy's fire. Since June 15 we have captured Santo and the north of Arras seventeen officers and 647 men. In the Argonne we repulsed weak enemy advances at Vauquois. Local fights developed in the Vosges."

ITALIAN

(Continued from Page 1)

"On the night of the 17th, while a naval seaplane was engaged in destroying the station at Divaca (junction of the Istrian railway) our dirigibles made an incursion over the enemy's territory, bombarding with great effect, it appears, the positions at Monte Santo and entrenchments facing Gradisca. Extensive damage also was done the Ovoloadeaga station on the railroad from Gerizia to Dignano. All the machines returned unscathed."

RAILWAY DAMAGED

Rome, June 18.—Via Paris, June 19.—A combined raid by an Italian naval seaplane and dirigibles upon Austrian positions on the Isonzo front is described in an official statement issued to-night at the war office. Serious damage is said to have been done to railroad stations and to Austrian entrenchments. All the machines returned safely to their bases. The Italians are reported to have gained further successes in the important struggle which is developing around Plava.

The communication follows:

"During the day and night of the 17th the enemy tried by long range artillery fire and small attacks to reduce some of our most advanced positions in the Tyrol—Trentino region and Cadore. He was repulsed and vigorously shelled by our artillery."

"In Carnia we continued methodically to demolish the fortress of Malborghetto with our artillery. On the afternoon of the 16th the guns of the fortress tried to reply to our fire, but were reduced to silence."

TWICE AS MUCH

Rome, June 18.—Via Paris, June 19.—The assertion is made by newspapers of Rome that the Italian army now occupies 10,000 square kilometers (about two-thirds of a mile) of unredeemed territory, or more than twice as much as Austria offered Italy for remaining neutral.

ARIZONA LAUNCHED

By Special Wire to the Courier.

New York, June 19.—Gay with flags and bunting, the huge hull of the super-dreadnought Arizona, sister ship of the Pennsylvania and one of the two largest in the New York navy yard to-day, awaiting the signal for her launching at high tide this afternoon. The ship whose name she will receive, was represented here by a distinguished delegation. Governor A. P. Hunt, led the official party, which included United States Senator Ashurst and Mrs. Esther Ross, the sponsor. They had brought a carboy of water, the first spilled over the Roosevelt dam, to be used in an unusual double christening. This was said to be the first instance of a vessel of the United States navy being named with both wine and water. The decision to use champagne as well as water was made by Governor Hunt in the face of protests from both national and state women's Christian Temperance Union.

Sydenham St. Gets Change

Copy of Letter Sent by Rev. Mr. Lavell the Chairman of District.

The Courier has been permitted to publish the following ancient the situation at the Sydenham St. Methodist church here:

My Dear Mr. Snyder:

I have carefully considered your recent statement and request. These show that you have entirely changed your mind as to the advisability of your remaining pastor of the Sydenham Street church for another year. You will remember that some time ago I counselled you to consent to be moved, as I considered that to remain in the pastorate of that church would be a heavy strain upon you. None of your predecessors in the pastorate of that church had ever been able to endure the stress of a full term there. But you stated that you were confident that the majority of the board were really just and upright men, and loyal Methodists who would stand by you in your endeavor to do what you felt would be a permanent benefit to the church. In view, therefore, of your attitude, and your desire to perform this service, and also taking into account the fact that several former pastors of Sydenham street church strongly championed your position in the matter, I decided to recommend your return to Sydenham street church. My coadjutor on the stationing committee, Rev. R. D. Hamilton, was of the same opinion as I.

To my promise to stand by you I recommend you so long as you believed yourself able to cope with this situation, I have been, as you know, true and loyal, in spite of my personal opinion, as expressed to you, and in spite of criticism which has been, in ignorance, directed against my supposed position.

Mr. Hamilton and I felt the freer to support your return because of your successful three years' work in Sydenham street church, upon which you had as late as January been congratulated by a formal motion of your official board, and further because neither to us nor to the stationing committee has any valid reason what- ever been given against your return.

As you are aware a deputation to the stationing committee presented a petition against your coming back. Had this deputation made a reasonable presentation of the case (pro- vided they had one), and given reasons for their objection to you I cannot think that the stationing committee would have retained you at Sydenham street, but neither the selection of the deputation nor its method of procedure was our affair, and the stationing committee was certainly not to blame if it presumed that the deputation was presenting the best case possible. The committee there, after careful discussion, decided to allow you to remain. Nevertheless, I can freely say that in the discussion I stated that I was trusting in your judgment, that you could rely upon the Christian spirit and loyalty of the majority of the people. I also said that were you yourself not desirous of remaining in Brantford, I would recommend a change of pastors. In this I am sure the stationing committee entirely concurred. Furthermore, I may now say that if you even yet felt disposed to continue where the conference has placed you, I have no doubt that you would win out, as you formerly believed you would, and by your year's work you would have done the service to Sydenham Street Church and to your successor there, which you had hoped to do.

But you now state that many of those, whose friendship, loyalty and Christian spirit you counted upon have failed you. You fear that the nervous strain is more than you can bear, and ask that I consent to remove you to another field.

As you know the action of the stationing committee is final, unless

PURE, RICH BLOOD MADE BY HOOD'S

Pure blood enables the stomach, liver and other digestive organs to do their work properly. Without it they are sluggish, there is loss of appetite, sometimes faintness, a deranged state of the intestines, and, in general, all the symptoms of dyspepsia.

Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood, and this is why it is so very successful in the treatment of so many ailments. Get it today.

"Circumstances unforeseen by it" arise. Your change of attitude entirely changes the whole situation, as no one can be expected to remain in the pastorate of that church for another year. You will remember that some time ago I counselled you to consent to be moved, as I considered that to remain in the pastorate of that church would be a heavy strain upon you. None of your predecessors in the pastorate of that church had ever been able to endure the stress of a full term there. But you stated that you were confident that the majority of the board were really just and upright men, and loyal Methodists who would stand by you in your endeavor to do what you felt would be a permanent benefit to the church. In view, therefore, of your attitude, and your desire to perform this service, and also taking into account the fact that several former pastors of Sydenham street church strongly championed your position in the matter, I decided to recommend your return to Sydenham street church. My coadjutor on the stationing committee, Rev. R. D. Hamilton, was of the same opinion as I.

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AUCTIONEERS TO OPEN CONVENTION

Delegates to State and National Gatherings Arrive on Late Trains.

PEORIA, Ill., June 18th—Delegates began arriving in the city last night to attend the joint convention of the International and Illinois Associations of Auctioneers that opens in the Jefferson hotel this morning and continues until to-morrow night.

This is the first time in the history of the two organizations that they have ever met in the same city at the same time. Sessions of the two organizations will be separate but will conclude with a joint session on Wednesday afternoon.

President S. G. Read of Brantford, Canada, will call the International association to order this morning at 10 o'clock. J. W. Read of Peoria, is to speak at this session on the subject "How the International is a Beneficiary to State Organizations."

At 1 o'clock in the afternoon President S. S. Taylor, Sparta, will call the Illinois association to order for a short business meeting. At 1.30 o'clock the International association will reconvene and will be welcomed by the Mayor E. N. Woodruff. Several speakers are on the programme for

this session, among them being J. E. Stout of Peoria, who will address the convention on the subject, "The Purpose of Conventions."

In the evening the Illinois association meets at 8 o'clock and after electing officers and deciding on the next convention city will adjourn till to-morrow afternoon when it meets in joint session with the international association.

The international session will meet to-morrow morning and elect officers and select the convention's next meeting place and then adjourn until the joint session in the afternoon.

Three members of the legislature are to address the joint session of the two conventions in the afternoon and this final business session will wind up with a general discussion of the problems in auctioneering.

The convention closes to-morrow night with a banquet at the Jefferson hotel when all the delegates of the international association and their wives will be the guests of the Illinois association. W. W. Gordon of Minneapolis will act as toastmaster.

Chicago, Bloomington and Decatur have sent strong delegations to make an effort to land the next convention of both associations. New York, Cedar Rapids and Minneapolis are in the field for the next convention of the international association.

NEPHEWS OF POPE.

Rome, June 18.—via Paris, June 19.—Three nephews of Pope Benedict sons of his sister, are now at the front with the Italian army. Another nephew, the son of Admiral Della Chiesa, who is preparing to rejoin the artillery regiment in which he is an officer, was received by the pope.

THE "1916" KEETON MOTOR CAR Is Ready For Your Inspection!

AND this new 1916 KEETON Motor Car is another vindication of the supremacy of KEETON VALUE. No where on the American Continent can you buy an Automobile into which has been built such "KNOWN QUALITY" at such a moderate price, as has been put into this new 1916 KEETON.

Added Value Without Added Cost CAREFULLY READ OVER THESE 1916 KEETON FEATURES:

- 1—1916 Northway High Speed, three point suspension Power Plant (together with automatic ignition control).
- 2—1916 Improved Delco.
- 3—1916 Salisbury Axle with BROWN-LIPE GEARS in Differential, insuring absolute quietness.
- 4—The celebrated Hotchkiss Drive (double Universal Joint), insuring added resiliency, easier riding qualities.
- 5—1916 Marvel Carburetor, hot air jacketed with dash control.
- 6—Improved operating board, including four point combination switch, with ammeter, and Oil sight Feed.

Let us demonstrate the "Easy Riding Qualities" and the "Abundance of Power" in this 1916 Keeton

Keeton Motors, Limited

BRANTFORD

JOHN HODGE, Local Agent

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This year more families are seeing the country on Traction than ever before. The use of "The Master Tire" means that the car is a long way from the dust nuisance, annoying punctures, fears of skidding and heavy costs of tire upkeep. These things are never in the minds of Dunlop Traction Tread users.

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Makers of Tires for Automobiles, Motor Trucks, Motorcycles, Bicycles and Carriages, Rubber Belting, Packing, Hose, Heels, Mats, Tiling and General Rubber Specialties.

LOCAL

TEMPERATURE.

Record for the last 24 hours: 60, highest 74; same of lowest 60; highest 88.

WEEKLY CONTRACT

The total number of tracts issued last week Inspector Mcwat, was

BRANTFORD WOMEN

Brantford Club bow Berlin club on the town today.

BUILDING PERMIT

Mr. Wm. Hartwell of Avenue, has taken out a permit for the erection of a at a cost of \$50.

RE LETTER BOXES

W. F. Cockshutt, M.P., ed the Mayor, that with painting of the street he has already written to the for this improvement. heard further since. If definite is forthcoming, will write again, anon.

THANK YOU, MUCH

The sum of one dollar left with a member of staff, enclosed in an envelope labelled "From a Methodist" was taken pleasure in the thought of its tobacco fund.

HIS FEELINGS.

An incident not devoid of humor, occurred in connection with the vice to subscribers on the ball games. One gentleman, ing to the tale of the 8th, resulting in a 5-0— "is Toming for us?"

GOT A SHOWER.

The Wellington St. Ch League attended at the P. Hicks last Thursday conferred a fine shower necessities on that lad and Mrs. Hicks were to prize by the visit, but their guests royally befarted.

DIED AT MINOT.

Dr. Thos. Storey, an o boy passed away at his North Dakota, yesterday, mourn his loss, a sorrow four sons. Two sisters brothers. Mrs. A. McCat and Henry of this city, Edmonton, Alta, Joseph and Dr. Richard Storey, England.

PERHAPS A PRISONER

Word was received by Pte. F. W. Johnson, who Dumas street that her among the missing from Battalion. It cannot be present as Pte. T. John at Fort William. News of about is anxiously awaited brother is on service with ford company having en 25th Dragoon quota.

GETTING INTO CON

Two more volunteers ranks of the Fourth Act Contingent last night. The local men, but hailed from eral more of the recruits by the Medical Inspector. This makes the total thirty, and these soldier fine shape when the time leaving. The full list of teens who will leave will shortly. It is only being til all the recruits have been and passed by the medical

SCHOLARSHIPS OFFER

An offer made by the lege, formerly known as Business College of this be of special interest to candidates. This college scholarships—two to Brants and two students schools in this inspectors students obtaining the ber of marks, a free six mo is offered, and to the sec a three-months' course in three departments, comm graphy and civil serv scholarships must be used are non-transferable.

NEILL

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Men's dong

11. Satur

Youths' dong

Saturday

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