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TALES OF THE TOWN.

HRISTIANS, of all denomina. tions, may have some curiosity as to the belief of the new sect, the Christadelphians, which recently started a place of worship in this city. attended one of their meetings last Sunday, and from one of the congregation I learned that the name Christadelphian, adopted by the adherents of this persuasion, is derived from two Greek words, Christon Adelphoi, and means, "Brethren in Christ." The principal exposition of their distinctive tenets of religious belief, or rather their interpretation of Bible teaching, is to be found in a work by Robert Roberts, of Birmingham, Eng., entitled, "Twelve Lectures on the Teachings of the Bible in Relation to the Faiths of Christendom." In this work the principal teachings of orthodoxy-the immertality of the soul, the equality of the Father, Son and Holy Ghost in the Trinity, the immediate translation of the soul at death to a state of blessedness or of punishment, the commonly accepted belief in the "end of the world" or the final destruction of material things, the existence of a personal devil, and the idea that the promised kingdom of God which His people are to inherit is in Heaven or apart from the earth-are boldly assailed, and the attack supported by a volume of Scriptural quotations that give evidence of an intimate knowledge and exhaustive research.

In opposition to the popular belief that man has a two-fold being, a physical and a spiritual, and that the spiritual can exist apart from the physical, is denied. It is asserted that man is

essentially mortal in body and soul or life, which are interpreted and held to mean the same thing; that Jesus the only begotten Son of God, although standing on a higher plane than His fellowmen in being God's Son, endowed and commissioned for the work of purchasing resurrection and redemption for mankind, is not equal, nor ever will be, to the Father ; that He had no existence except in the purpose of the Father before his birth on earth; and that having accomplished the work entrusted Him and brought all things under subjection, He will deliver up all to the Father, become subject, that "God may be all in all," when Christ is to reign for ever and ever over the kingdom of God established on earth among men.

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It is further asserted that the Holy Spirit is God's agency for the accomplishing of His purposes, and the maintainining of faith and hope among men, and this being accepted, the subordination of the Spirit necessarily follows, the idea of agency precludes that of equality. The idea of the existence of the personal devi' of popular belief having of his own an eternal, indestructible existence, and so far as earth and hell are concerned, the power of being everywhere present and powerful, is discarded as contrary to the teaching of Scripture and the omnipotent power and the sovereignty of God. In the Christadelphian belief the devil, or evil, is regarded as an influence, a principle, and not an individual existence. It is taught that man at death does not go to Heaven, but remains in Hades, or the state of the dead, until the resurrection, when he will be called forth by omnipotent power to judgment, and consigned to eternal oblivion in the second death, or eternal blessedness in the kingdom of God on earth.

Without expressing any opinion as to whether these conclusions are sound deductions from Scriptural teaching, it may in all fairness be conceded that in Mr. Roberts' work they are forcibly and ably presented and defended, and are likely to meet with favorable consideration from many intelligent investigators. The time for their presentment is peculiarly favorable for them. It is plainly evident to the observing mind that the existing systems of religious teaching are losing their hold on the great mass