that I would support them, now that they had promised to give the Hon. GEORGE Brown, on behalf of himself and two other members of the Liberal party, the selection of three seats in the Cabinet, when they had done no act to merit my confidence, but simply state that they would grant constitutional changes, which they might or might never do. I was not prepared, however, to give them any factious opposition, but was willing to support any good measures that they might bring forward. That Government met delegates from the Maritime Provinces, at a Conference in this city, and agreed upon the resolutions that are now ubmitted to this House. In them I find principles which do not harmonize with my pledges to the people, and without an appeal. to the people I cannot support the measure now before the House. (Hear, hear.) I will not here say anything of the merits of the resolutions, but simply state that they embrace principles which I cannot support on account of the promises that I have made to my constituents. The people of my county have been led by the Globe to believe that the Intercolonial Railway would be a very langerous affair for the country, and that it would not be useful either as a military or commercial undertaking. Looking at it from a military point of view, it is well known that part of the proposed line would run within twenty-six miles of the American frantier, and tha communication could be cut off at any moment by an American army; and that as a commercial undertaking it could never compete with the water route during the season of navigation; and in the winter it would be comparatively useless on account of the depth of snow. They have been told that it would never pay for the grease that would go on the axles. (Hear, hear.) When I went before them and stated that I would support the MacponalD. Donton Jovernment, they said that Government should be looked upon with suspicion, as they had granted ten thousand dollars for the survey of the Intercolonial Railway; but I told them that the best guarantee that they bould have that that work would not be procheded with, was that the Hon. Mr. Donton was in the Cabinet, and that he had proviously resigned his seat as Provincial Secretary in the Macdonald-Sicotte Administration, rather than agree to the construction of that rallway. Another question that I found a little embarrassing was that of separate schools. The present Hon. Solicitor General

for Canada West came into my riding and very ingeniously told the people that I was responsible for the Separate School Bill having been forced upon them, inasmuch as I had supported the general policy of the Government that had carried the bill, although T had voted with the hon gentleman against the bill in all its stages from the beginning They were satisfied, however, to the end. when I told them that I was prepared to vote to rescind the amendments to the Separate School Bill as introduced by Mr. Scott. Now, as these resolutions propose to perpetuate separate schools in Upper Canada for all time to come, I feel that they would conflict with the pledges that I have made to the people, and that I cannot support them. (Hear, hear) I was a little surprised to find the Honorable President of the Council get up and say that he did not fear any of the evil results that might proceed from the present Separat : School Bill. Was that the language of the hon, gentleman in 1862? Was that the way the subject had been treated in the columns of the Globe when the bill was being discussed in 1862 and 1863? Every member of this House will remember how the thirteeen members, even spoken of in the Globe in 1862, for having had the courage to vote against the second reading of Mr. Scorr's Separate School Bill-when 95 members of the House were willing to vote for the second reading—and in 1863 when the bill was being passed into law by the Macdonald-Sicotte Governmenthow the members were warned to be true to their pledges, no matter what might become of the Government. Even Dr. Ryenson, the Superintendent of Education for Upper Canada, who had devoted twenty years of the best of his life in perfecting a system of education, was denounced in the columns of the Globe as a deserter of the best interests of education in Upper Canada, for having consented to the amendments as proposed in Mr. Scorr's Separate School Bill. I cannot help referring to another remark made by the Hon. President of the Council. He said-" Let any one vote against these resolutions and dare to go before the people." Is he not prepared to allow others the same freedom of thought which he enjoys himself? (Hear, hear.). I can only say that I for one will not be secreed into anything of that kind. (Hear, hear.) I am not responsible to the Hon. President of the Council for my votes. I am responsible to the people that sent me here, and to a higher power, and I