GUEST OF THE CANADIAN CLUB

HAMAR GREENWOOD, M. P., ENTERTAINED TO-DAY

Visitor Discusses the Question of Imperial Unity.

(From Friday's Daily.)

Hamar Greenwood, M. P. for York, and parliamentary secretary to Winston Churchill, president of the board of trade, was the guest to-day at lunch of the Canadian Club at the Balmoral hotel, and was introduced by Judge Lampman to the assemblage as a successful Canadian educated at Toronto who had achieved a distinctive success in England in law and politics. He announced that the present visit of the member was the fourth he has paid to British Columbia.

Mr. Greenwood in a brilliant address full of humor spoke of the splendid educational facilities that were open to the children of Canada. He announced that he at all times endeavored to familiarize himself with Canada and Canadians, but could never overlook the Mother Country, the backbone of the Empire, to which he referred in the following happy phrases: "Fair in sport, honest in business, brave in war and in victory generous," and then pointed to her population of 44,000,000 with her one resource of coal. The guest sat at the right of the president of the club, Judge Lampman,

HAMAR GREENWOOD, M. P.

and on his right was seated Dr. T. J. Jones, who was a friend of the guest's father in Whitby. On the president's left were Hon. Wm. Templeman and Ralph Smith, M. P.

In his speech the guest referred to the two controversies which arose in Canada on the Japanese and the Hindu questions, and said that while the British government sympathised with an ideal of a white Canada, it must be remembered that were Canada to exclude Hindus and Japanese, then in the event of England going to war with Japan, Canada would rely considerably on the fighting forces of India for her protection. Therefore he said Canadians should have some consideration for the men who were working at home in the interests of the Empire, and think not only of the present but of the great future when the children of the present population would feel the benefits of the work now being done, which if the results were perhaps not very apparent at the present they would be made plain then. Continuing, he said:

"Nothing is more appreciated by myself than the cordial welcome I have received from Canadian clubs in different parts of the Dominion. I accepted your invitation gentlemen with unusual pleasure because it is the first time I have had the opportunity of speaking in the Capital city of the Pacific province. I understand the object of these clubs is to listen to speeches as far removed as possible from the atmosphere of controversy, which necessarily means party politics. Nothing could be more commendable and I should be the last to abuse your generous hospitality by belauding my own political friends in England and damning those who differ from me.

"But about two weeks ago a very genial English general, Sir Reginald Pole Carew, used his opportunity as your honored guest to expound a rather startling theory for the unity of the Empire, namely, the defeat of the present administration in the home country and the return of the general and his political friends.

"The idea that the only way to save a country is to defeat your political opponents is a very ancient one and about as futile as it is ancient. For my part, I believe this old Empire will continue to flourish, and as years roll by will be drawn closer and closer together quite independent of local political feeling in England or elsewhere. May I just trespass on your good courtesy by pointing out that the suggestion of basking any system of union on the shifting sands of local political feeling in the mother country is about the most unstable basis possible to conceive. Were this the only foundation for unity, then, indeed, the future for the British Empire would be desperate.

"What would such a state of things mean? It would mean this: That what one party when in power made its policy would be liable to alteration by the other great party when its certain return to office came about. Now I submit this proposition as a fundamental in any really serious scheme for the unity of the Empire, namely, that the unity must be rooted in unanimity. By that I mean that every part of the Empire and all parties and races of those component parts must be unanimous in any scheme that will have as it must have to be fruitful permanence. I most frankly state here that there is a tendency among Canadians discussing Imperial problems to restrict their thoughts too much to Canada and England and to unconsciously ignore the other numerous possessions of the crown, with their hundreds of millions of people. Each possession with its own peculiar problems that generally differ from and sometimes conflict with interests of other parts of the Empire. May I take you all to the colonial office on Downing street, London, and from the point of view of that great department, try to see our Empire in proper perspective. Here we would first consider the great self-governing colonies, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, New Foundland, and South Africa. Then there is a class of colony like the West Indies that have partial self-government. Thirdly a still larger class of crown colonies like the huge African areas that rival Canada in their immensities and a score or more of others scattered around the globe. To these must be added protectorates like Egypt that come under the control of the foreign office and also the greay empire of India, which is of itself the most numerous as it is probably the wealthiest portion of all the King's domains.

"When we talk about the unity of Empire let us not forget that all these possessions are parts of that Empire and parts that must be considered in any scheme.

"At different times in the world's history there have been different systems of union. The old empire of Spain insisted on a religious unity throughout her lands and that was a failure. Germany to-day is compelling her unwilling subject states like Poland to adopt the German language and have a lingual unity. Fiscal unity was tried by the British Empire over a hundred years ago and was abandoned as much in the interests of the home country as in those of the great colonies. Whatever the future may bring forward I am clearly of the view that at the present moment the practical basis of greater union of the Empire is unity for defense. Here we have an identity of interest for every part that requires defense whether it be a remote island in the Pacific, the coast of British Columbia or the home country herself. The really great result of late Colonial conference was the practical centralization in case of war of all the fighting forces of the British Empire under the control of the war office in London. This had long been an ideal of serious men in England and Mr. Haldane and the Colonial prime ministers did a notable service to the crown when they brought about this desirable result. Let me say here frankly whilst there is a union for defense now, the whole burden of the first line of defense, the fleet rests entirely on the shoulders of the people of England. I hear many fellow-Canadians expressing fluent, earnest views as to what Old England ought or ought not to do, but they do not seem to realize the very integrity and safety of this Dominion and indeed of this beautiful province to-day is guaranteed and maintained not by Canadian men or Canadian money but by the British fleet, manned by English sailors and paid for by English taxpayers. Within the wall of Dreadnoughts the British Empire flourishes, but the men and the money, and don't ever forget it, comes from the much abused, but I think the greatest country in the world to-day, the little island in the North Sea called England. (Loud applause.)

Referring to the navy, the speaker said: "The possessions of Great Britain should contribute to the support of the navy, without which you would have more Japs here than there are holes in the road—I mean those roads that are in course of repair. Mr. Todd took me over the city and I have a better appetite than ever since.

"You are much blessed in this glorious province. It is a wonderful province. No wonder you feel a bit cocky at times when you come over to crowded England. You can best serve England and yourselves by developing the great province. Every girl born and every gladiator boy born to the province will add to the future success of the whole. I want to see it a populous as well as a prosperous province in the future. Gentlemen, I have thoroughly enjoyed my speech to you this afternoon (laughter). I appreciate the cordiality of my reception, and if you come to London I hope you will all make yourselves known to me. I am sorry to part with you all and will be happy to meet you again."

The Hon. William Templeman, in proposing a vote of thanks to the guest for his able and capable address, said: "We should not disperse without expressing our appreciation of the address of Mr. Greenwood. The gentleman has said he has thoroughly enjoyed addressing the Canadian Club. I am sure he has not enjoyed it more than the members of the club. On the questions of Imperialism and the momentous matters on which he addressed us, we Canadians are skating on thin ice for we seldom discuss them at our public meetings; but Imperialism, federation of Empire and financial support of the navy are matters which are gradually forcing themselves on the people of Canada. I would like to remind the speaker that we are rapidly going along the line of assuming some of our responsibilities that the Mother Country has shouldered in regard to the defence of Canada. We may in course of time have a navy of our own, which we hope to build up allied, of course, with the Imperial navy."

G. H. Barnard, in seconding the vote of thanks, remarked that all Canadians were very proud of the guest who was an able and successful Canadian. They were also proud of his career. It was seldom, he said, that Canadians went to the Mother Country to take up avocations, but after the able address that those present had heard they would no longer wonder at his success. In wishing the guest success in the future the seconder of the motion said that he was sorry the member's conferes could not have made the trip to the province and the great Dominion.

In reply the guest referred to the addresses of Messrs. Templeman and Barnard and remarked that he had heard they were engaged in a contest which all men loved from the bottom of their hearts. (Laughter.) He was glad to see his old friend, Ralph Smith, present (applause) and told those present that he often discussed the member for Nanaimo with others at the House of Commons in England, "for he is a Durham man," he said. In conclusion he said he remained a Canadian and would always do so and urged the continuance of the highest plane of honor, life, education and habits for Canadians whom he referred to as a strong people of a strong country.

Judge Lampman read a letter from Premier McBride expressing his regret at his unavoidable absence.

Before the gathering dispersed Canon Beanlands paid a tribute to the hostess and complimented her upon the luncheon she had provided for the occasion offering the opinion which was approved by those present that the Canadian club had never before in the history of its lunches been so well and abundantly served.

Among those present were: Judge Lampman, Hon. W. Templeman, Ralph Smith, M. P., G. H. Barnard, Chas. H. Lugrin, Arthur Beanlands, Dr. T. J. Jones, Rev. T. E. Holling, Dr. Ernest Hall, Arthur W. McCurdy, Wm. Humphrey, J. D. Todd, James H. Lawson, jr., C. F. Todd, R. W. Perry, John Nelson, Jas. Forman, R. E. Gosnell, Joseph Pierson, T. J. Ryan, F. W. Jones, John A. Wood, B. C. Mess, F. Napier Denison, Peter Turner, B. H. John, John A. Turner, T. M. Sturgess, C. H. Ellacott, Wapton Runnalls, Fayal Gunnison (Juneau, Alaska), G. S. Seaton, W. M. Brewer, Angus B. McNeill, B. C. Nicholas, Lawrence Macrae, W. K. Houston, J. P. Hibben, Lindley Crease, G. F. Jeanneret, C. W. Peppett, H. S. Ashton, Frank I. Clark, A. J. Brace, A. V. Robins (Vancouver), Grotty Little, Edwin Coventry, Robert W. Clark, Harry H. Malony, George Carter, H. J. Munn, Noah Shakespeare, Arthur Robertson, G. M. Carter, John Walsh, George D. Walsh, W. S. Terry, Alex. Peden, H. Dallas Helmcke, J. S. Gibb, D. M. Eberts, H. A. Ross, John Cochrane, J. L. White, Jas. Porter, John W. Morris, Wm. Hunter.

Black Watch
Chewing Tobacco
The big black plug.
2269

DEATH OF PIONEER OF PACIFIC COAST

Capt. Thain Died Yesterday at Residence of His Sister.

(From Friday's Daily.)

The death occurred yesterday at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Langley, 225 Quebec street, of Capt. Murray Wilson Thain, a pioneer of this coast. Deceased was a native of St. John, N. B., and was 74 years of age. He was the son of John Mount Thain, who was the first child born in St. John after the arrival of United Empire Loyalists, in 1849, like many others, he and his three brothers came to California after gold and after a long voyage around the horn reached San Francisco. He was later attracted to the Cariboo. He leaves to mourn his loss besides his bereaved wife, two sisters, Mrs. Morrison and Mrs. Langley. The funeral will take place on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home address and at 2:30 o'clock at Christ church cathedral.

SAW MAN COMING FROM VICTIM'S HOME

Brother of Millionaire is Implicated in Omaha Murder Case.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 11.—"That looks like the man I saw coming from the Rustin home the night of the murder," said Dr. J. P. Lord, to the chief of police, when Charles E. Davis, under arrest and charged with the murder of Dr. Frederick Rustin, was brought before the court this morning for arraignment.

This was the first time Lord had been confronted with Davis and his identification of him as the man he saw staggering down Farnam street near Dr. Rustin's home within a quarter of an hour after the shooting on September 2nd is one of the strongest links tending to connect Davis with the death of Dr. Rustin.

Davis came to the police station today accompanied by his millionaire brother, to plead to the charge of being a suspicious character, which was filed against him some days ago. As he entered the building he was re-arrested on a charge of murder in the first degree and was brought before the court for arraignment. Standing before the bar, Davis listened to the reading of the complaint.

Seven thousand dollars was fixed as the bail and immediately arranged by the Davis brothers. The hearing was set for September 24th, after which Davis was released.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE
DIABETES
Discontinued the use of our medicine, the public may rest assured of its excellence. The public may rest assured of its excellence. Sold only in boxes.
Beware of imitations.

TO COMPLETE MIDWAY AND VERNON LINE

(Special to the Times).

Vancouver, Sept. 11.—Ralph Smailes has returned from New York, where he says he closed a deal with representatives of English capitalists for the completion of the construction of the Midway and Vernon railway. It will open a large agricultural district.

FISHERMEN THREATEN PROVINCIAL OFFICERS

Attempt of Inspector to Seize Nets Leads to Trouble.

Vancouver, Sept. 11.—Five fishermen on the Fraser river above Westminster have been haled to court to-morrow to answer a charge of threatening the provincial government officers with firearms. Serious trouble grew out of the attempt of Provincial Inspector Sam North and his officers to seize nets and outfit. The officers were threatened with revolvers and forced to abandon all action towards seizing nets.

RAISES AMOUNT THAT IMMIGRANTS MUST HAVE

Incomers From Jan. 1 to Feb. 15 to Possess $50 Each.

Ottawa, Sept. 11.—The government has passed an order in council raising to $50 the money qualification required by all immigrants entering Canada from January 1st to February 15th. At present each immigrant must have at least $25 in his possession on landing.

The immigration department is doubling the amount for the winter months to check the arrivals when work is not plentiful.

ANOTHER "RICHMOND" IN MOROCCAN FIELD

Chief Tougi Defeats Forces of New Sultan—Will Never Submit.

Paris, Sept. 11.—A special dispatch from Tangier says that Chief M. Tougi won a great victory over the Hafid forces near Morocco city on September 3rd.

Abdul Aziz Gives Up.

Casablanca, Sept. 11.—Abdul Aziz, the former Sultan of Morocco who has been vanquished by his brother, Mulai Hafid, has written a letter to M. Tougi, one of his leaders, thanking him for his support, but saying that he had decided to abandon the struggle. M. Tougi replied that he would never submit to Mulai Hafid, and it is believed that he intends to enter the field against the new ruler of the empire.

Ready to Fight.

Algiers, Sept. 11.—The inhabitants of the Rovigo district, to the number of 30,000, demonstrated in front of the public building at Rovigo yesterday in the belief that they were to be drafted for a war with Morocco. The disturbances continue despite the efforts of the authorities to reassure the natives.

ALBERNI TO HOLD ANNUAL FALL FAIR

Money for Prizes Has Been Subscribed—Judges for Different Classes.

Alberni, Sept. 12.—The Alberni Agricultural Society will hold its annual fall fair on Thursday, the 17th inst. Including the annual grant from the government, donations from W. Sloan, M. P., and H. C. Brewster, M. P. P., and a balance from last year, a sum of about $300 has been raised for prizes which will allow of all engagements being met.

The society has arranged for the following judges, the mention of whose names is a guarantee that all classes will be judged with the fullest satisfaction to all competitors: All classes of live stock except poultry—J. C. Calhoun and J. S. Rollins. Poultry—S. H. Toy and J. M. Thomson. Fruit and vegetables—George Fraser, of Ucluelet, and Capt. Fox, of New Alberni. Ladies' work, fancy articles and artistic—Mrs. Guillod and Miss Raymond. Canned fruit, preserves, pickles and bread—Mrs. McIntyre, Mrs. Trusler and Miss E. Johnson. Butter and honey—J. H. Stephenson.

Learning by the experience of former years the executive will this year insist strictly on the observance of the rules that no entries shall be accepted after three days before the day of the fair, and that all articles, except live stock, must be delivered on the grounds before 5 p.m. on the 16th, or it will not be admitted.

WALKEM TRIAL DATE.

Vancouver, Sept. 14.—By mutual arrangement between the Attorney-General for the Crown and Joseph Martin, K. C., for the accused, the new trial of George A. Walkem, granted by the full court, will be heard by Judge Cane on Monday, September 21st.

G. T. P. HAS TO ACQUIRE NUMBER OF BUILDINGS

Structures Belonging to Canneries Lie Along Right of Way.

Prince Rupert, Sept. 11.—Although the whole of the first hundred miles of the Grand Trunk Pacific from Prince Rupert eastward, under contract to Foley, Welch & Stewart, has either been allotted to sub-contractors, who are actively engaged in construction work, or the firm have their own camps established on sections which will be built by themselves, there is seven miles of the road that still remains untouched. This includes that portion of the line from Porpoise Channel to Cassiar Cannery, which follows the shore line of the big slough between Smith Island and the mainland, and along which are located Inverness, North Pacific, Dominion, and Cassiar canneries.

According to an agreement with the sub-contractors to whom this portion of the work was allotted, no work was to be done until after the canning season was over, but now that the pack is complete, and the canneries are closing down for the year, construction work will be commenced at once.

G. H. Pope, right-of-way agent for the Grand Trunk Pacific, has been over the ground and arrangements made with the different canneries as to valuations of what buildings and property the railway company will have to be arranged with the owners themselves, most of whom live in Vancouver and Victoria.

At Inverness cannery where the hills extend almost to the water's edge and the houses are built along the shore, 42 buildings will have to be pulled down; and as the road runs through the engine-room of the cannery it practically means the abandoning of the building for cannery purposes. However, the building will not be removed at present.

At North Pacific cannery, one mile distant and where the situation is much the same, it will be necessary for the G. T. P. to purchase 47 buildings from the cannery people, and as part of their main building is on the right-of-way there may be some difficulty in effecting a settlement.

Cassiar cannery is clear of the right-of-way, so that with the exception of a few small buildings, the construction of the road will not interfere with their property.

CLOSING OF SAWMILL COMES AS SURPRISE

B. C. Tie Company Plant Shuts Down in Spite of Big Demand.

Prince Rupert, Sept. 11.—The closing down of the British Columbia Tie & Timber Company's saw-mill at Seal Harbor, two miles east of town, came as a great surprise to the people of Prince Rupert. This action of the company cannot be accounted for here, and the motive is hard to understand as there is a big demand for lumber at the present time, and saw-mills in this vicinity have orders for more lumber than can be turned out.

The burning of Cunningham & Sons' saw-mill at Port Essington some weeks ago, practically left the supply to the B. C. Tie & Timber Company, and the Georgetown saw-mill near Port Simpson, which has been run to its fullest capacity for months.

That the closing down of the saw-mill will be for an indefinite period is evidenced by the fact that the services of all employees from the manager and superintendent down, are being dispensed with; all logging camps are being closed, and the loggers employed on the company's limits have been re-called. The tug Noname, recently built for the company at great expense, brought down 18 men on Wednesday from the limits on Alice Arm, where donkey engines had been at work; and the camp abandoned, leaving thousands of feet of logs on the ground ready for shipment to the mill.

In connection with their saw-mill at Seal Harbor, the B. C. Tie & Timber Company own and operate an electric lighting plant which supplies Prince Rupert with light. The company will continue to operate the plant which will be in charge of Thos. Sutton, formerly yard superintendent, who with an engineer will be retained for the service.

Just what action will be taken with regard to the company's two tug boats, Noname and Rustler, is not yet known; but it is rumored here that they will be tied up and the crews discharged.

DEATH OF PIONEER.

New Westminster, Sept. 12.—In the early hours of this morning another of the pioneers of New Westminster passed away, after a lingering illness, Mrs. Henry Eickhoff, of Second street. The late Mrs. Eickhoff, who was 66 years of age, was born in Hanover, Germany, and came to America in the fifties. In New York she met her husband, who had gone east after some time spent in the Cariboo.

In the year 1860 Mr. and Mrs. Eickhoff came to Victoria by way to Panama and a year later moved to New Westminster, where they have lived ever since. The late Mrs. Eickhoff had twelve children, of whom only five survive her, three sons and two daughters, the former Fred, Alfred and Victor, all resident in the city, the daughters, Mrs. J. C. Tunstall, of Summerland, and Mrs. W. H. Keary, wife of Mayor Keary.

Yesterday it was known that the end was near and telegrams were sent to her daughter, Mrs. Tunstall, and to Mayor Keary, who was at Lillooet, informing them of the serious condition of Mrs. Eickhoff. Mrs. Tunstall arrived in time to see her mother before she died. The funeral will take place on Monday morning from the residence on Second street. High mass will be celebrated at St. Peter's cathedral.

DOCTOR'S ALL AGREE THIS TIME.

The most eminent writers on *Materia Medica*, whose works are consulted as authorities and guides in prescribing by physicians of all the different schools of practice, extol, in the most positive terms, the curative virtues of each and every ingredient entering into Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. In fact it is the only medicine, put up for sale through druggists for the cure of all diseases of the mucous surfaces, as nasal catarrh, throat, laryngeal, and bronchial affections attended by lingering, or hang-on-coughs that has any such *professional* endorsement—worth more than any amount of lay or *non*-professional testimonials.

Do not expect too much from the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It will not work miracles. It will not cure consumption in its advanced stages. No medicine will. Nor is the "Discovery" so good for a sudden attack of acute cough, but for the lingering, obstinate, hang-on-coughs, accompanying catarrhal, throat, laryngeal and bronchial affections, it is a most efficacious remedy. In cases accompained with wasting of flesh, night-sweats, weak stomach and poor digestion with faulty assimilation, and which, if neglected or badly treated are apt to lead to consumption, the "Discovery" has proven wonderfully successful in effecting cures.

Besides curing all the above distressing ailments, the "Golden Medical Discovery" is a specific for all diseases of the mucous membranes, as catarrh, whether of the nasal passages or of the stomach, bowels or pelvic organs. Even in its ulcerative stages it will yield to this sovereign remedy if its use be persevered in. In Chronic Catarrh of the Nasal passages, it is well, while taking the "Golden Medical Discovery" for the necessary constitutional treatment, to cleanse the passages freely two or three times a day with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. This thorough course of treatment generally cures the worst cases.

If you have bitter or bad taste in the morning, poor or variable appetite, coated tongue, foul breath, constipated or irregular bowels, feel weak, easily tired, despondent, frequent headaches, pain or distress in "small of back," gnawing or distressed feeling in stomach, perhaps nausea, bitter or sour "risings" in throat after eating, and kindred symptoms of weak stomach and torpid liver, no medicine will relieve you more promptly or cure you more permanently than Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Perhaps only a part of the above symptoms will be present at one time and yet point to torpid liver or biliousness and weak stomach. Avoid all hot bread and biscuits, griddle cakes and other indigestible food and take the "Golden Medical Discovery" regularly and stick to its use until you are vigorous and strong.

Foul, impure blood can be made pure by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It enriches and purifies the blood thereby curing, pimples, blotches, eruptions and other cutaneous affections, as eczema, tetter, or salt-rheum, hives and other manifestations of impure blood.

In the cure of scrofulous swellings, enlarged glands, open eating ulcers, or old sores, the "Golden Medical Discovery" has performed the most marvelous cures. In cases of old sores, or open eating ulcers, it is well to apply to the open sores Dr. Pierce's All-Healing Salve, which possesses wonderful healing potency when used as an application to the sores in conjunction with the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" as a blood cleansing constitutional treatment. If your druggist don't happen to have the "All-Healing Salve" in stock, you can easily procure it by enclosing fifty-four cents in postage stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, 663 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y., and it will come to you by return post. Most druggists keep it as well as the "Golden Medical Discovery."

Not only does the wrapper of every bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the famous medicine for weak stomach, torpid liver or biliousness and all catarrhal diseases wherever located, have printed upon it, *in plain English*, a full and complete list of all the ingredients composing it, but a small book has been compiled from numerous standard medical works, of all the different schools of practice, containing very numerous extracts from the writings of leading practitioners of medicine, endorsing *in the strongest possible terms*, each and every ingredient contained in Dr. Pierce's medicines. One of these little books will be mailed free to any one sending address on postal card or by letter, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and requesting the same. From this little book it will be learned that Dr. Pierce's medicines contain no alcohol, narcotics, mineral agents or other poisonous or injurious agents and that they are made from native, medicinal roots of great value.

Some of the most valuable ingredients contained in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak, nervous, over-worked, "run-down," nervous and debilitated women, were employed, long years ago, by the Indians for similar ailments affecting their squaws. In fact, one of the most valuable medicinal plants entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was known to the Indians as "Squaw-Weed." Our knowledge of the uses of not a few of our most valuable native, medicinal plants was gained from the Indians.

As made up by improved and exact processes, the "Favorite Prescription" is a most efficient remedy for healing ulcerations, regulating all the womanly functions, correcting displacements, as prolapsus, anteversion and retroversion, overcoming painful periods, toning up the nerves and bringing about a perfect state of health. Sold by all dealers in medicines.

It's an insult to your intelligence for a dealer to endeavor to palm off upon you some nostrum of *unknown composition* in place of Dr. Pierce's world-famed medicines which are OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. Most dealers recommend Dr. Pierce's medicines because they know what they are made of and that the ingredients employed are among the most valuable that a medicine for like purposes can be made of. The same is true of leading physicians who do not hesitate to recommend these medicines, since they know exactly what they contain and that their ingredients are the very best known to medical science for the cure of the several diseases for which they are recommended.

With tricky dealers it is different.

Something else that pays them a little greater profit will be urged upon you as "just as good," or even better. You can hardly afford to accept a substitute *of unknown composition* and without any particular record of cures in place of Dr. Pierce's medicines which are OF KNOWN COMPOSITION and have a record of *forty years of cures* behind them. *You know* what you want and it is the dealer's business to supply that want. *Insist upon it.*

UMBRELLAS
Ladies' and Men's—A Full Range
All Prices
PAULINE & CO.
WHOLESALE DRYGOODS
VICTORIA, B. C.

MISSING GIRLS FOUND.

Vancouver, Sept. 12.—Constable Allen last evening found Mabel Collier and Annie Justice, two young girls who have been missing from their Barnard street home since Tuesday, in a house at 732 Alexander street, where the family of one of the girls had formerly resided. The girls left home because of a dispute concerning attendance on school.

LADY DESIRES POSITION as cook for small crew of miners. Address E. M. G., 2609 Third street, Victoria, B. C.

OMINECA LAND DISTRICT.
DISTRICT OF CASSIAR.

Take notice that Duncan Rankin, of Andimaul, occupation, Salvation Army officer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the right bank of the Skeena River, about half a mile north of the village of Andimaul, marked "D. Rankin's southeast corner," thence 20 chains west, thence 20 chains north, thence 20 chains east, thence following the meanderings of the river back to point of commencement, 40 acres more or less.

DUNCAN RANKIN.

Date, August 19th, 1908.

Take notice that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land, situate on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Group: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark at the southwest corner of the small bay three-eighths of a mile to the west of Old Tlahn village and marked "W. E. Laird, S. W. corner," thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to the place of commencement.

19th August, 1908.

WILLIAM EDWARD LAIRD.

By J. A. Coates and W. A. Robertson, Agents.

Take notice that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land, situate on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Group: Commencing at a post planted one hundred yards due west from the water's edge at the head of Otard Bay, marked "H. E. Levy, S. W. corner," thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to the place of commencement.

19th August, 1908.

HENRY EMANUEL LEVY.

By J. A. Coates and W. A. Robertson, Agents.

Take notice that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land, situate on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Group: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark at the head of a small bay about one mile to the west from the mouth of Otard Bay and marked "H. H. Jones, S. W. corner," thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to the place of commencement.

19th August, 1908.

HENRY HUMPHREY JONES.

By J. A. Coates and W. A. Robertson, Agents.

Take notice that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land, situate on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Group: Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of the small bay to the west of Old Tlahn Village on the west coast, about three-eighths of a mile, and marked "J. A. Coates, S. W. corner," thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to the place of commencement.

19th August, 1908.

JOHN ABLESON COATES.

By W. A. Robertson, Agent.

Take notice that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land, situate on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Group: Commencing at a post planted one mile east from the mouth of Otard Bay and at high water mark, and marked "A. Manson, S. E. corner," thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to the place of commencement.

19th August, 1908.

ARTHUR MANSON.

By J. A. Coates and W. A. Robertson, Agents.

Take notice that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land, situate on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Group: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the west shore of Otard Bay, about one-eighth of a mile from the head of the bay, and marked "R. B. McMicking, S. E. corner," thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to the place of commencement.

19th August, 1908.

ROBERT BURNS McMICKING.

By J. A. Coates and W. A. Robertson, Agents.

WANTED—Teacher for Rock Creek school, salary $60 per month. Apply, stating qualifications, to the Secy. School Board, Mrs. John MacKenzie, Rock Creek, B. C.

$1.00

U. S. AND PU
WOOD S

MUST SOON SECUR
MATERIAL FROM

Manager of Maine
Wants Treaty to D
With Tariff.

Appleton, Wis., Sept. 1
raw material is much chea
ada and labor is considera
we would have to go out o
the tariff on wood pulp we
off unless we could obtain
for our sulphite than we a
at the present time," said
of Bangor, Maine, mana
Katahdin Pulp & Paper
Lincoln, Me., before the
investigation committee
day.

Continuing, Mr. Jones s
we can get our material a
the Canadian mills do we w
quit business, for we could
with them."

The chairman of the
committee asked Mr. Jone
his opinion the pulp woo
amply sufficient for an in
tod. Mr. Jones replied by
in Maine the supply is pe
cally inexhaustible, but i
West, especially in Wisco
gan and Minnesota, where
paper mills are located, m
will soon be compelled to
pulp wood from Canada.

"The only thing I see to
Jones, "is to make a trea
ada, not as a tariff, not a
can party to-day and a
party to-morrow, but a tre
the tariff on wood pulp
off and our mills will be al
cheap pulp wood in Canada
figures that Canadian mil
would also increase the d
pean pulp 100 per cent. E
greatest competitor, not
market of the United Sta
ada is large enough to use
wood, sulphite and paper
in this country and Canad
were made and the duty
goods increased."

SMOKE OF FOREST
FIRES HAMPERS

Navigation on Soo Ca
—Pall Over Lak
perior.

Winnipeg, Sept. 17.—Re
here show that traffic
Soo canal is completely
to the dense smoke and
Arthur advices say navi
lake is almost entirely t
to the smoke of bush fi
it impossible for boat o
more than a hundred yar
The forest fires are d
owing to the atmospheri
smoke is thicker than
delay in navigation is se
of the efforts being mad
ously market the moving

BROTHER SHOOTS

Mistaken For Moose, N
Hunter Lies in Seriou

Fredericton, N. B., Se
out hunting, Benjamin S
ver Dam, about forty m
was shot by his brother
a moose, and is now in
dition. The accident ha
woods about six miles f
and the wounded man
remain alone on the gr
while his brother went f
It was 6 o'clock in the
the surgeon who wa
reached the side of the
ing had to make their w
roads by lantern light.
Smith was taken to the
a stretcher. He is wou
calibre Winchester. B
hunters of experience, b
who did the shooting w
the dim light of the eve
pair were working the
a large pond.

U. S. SHIPBUILDING

Cleveland, Sept. 17.—
of the American Ship
pany yesterday declar
dividend of 1¾ per ce
ferred stock, payable

TORONTO'S NEW

Toronto, Sept. 17.—A
tuhoun, deputy ministe
will be appointed pub
succeed the late Dr. B

MARRIED AT W

Winnipeg, Sept. 17.—
inspector of the Hud
pany offices in Canad
yesterday to Miss Allo