

107. *Anas platyrhynchos*; Black Duck. A tolerably common summer resident, breeding about the fresh water lakes.

108. *Dafila acuta*; Pintail. The only one Mr. Comeau ever saw here he shot June 7, 1882.

109. *Querquedula carolinensis*; Green-winged Teal. Rare here, but they breed at Mannecongan.

110. *Querquedula discors*; Blue-winged Teal. Rare, but often seen than the preceding. Has been shot early in May.

111. *Fuligula affinis*; Scaup Duck. Tolerably common in October.

112. *Fuligula collaris*; Ring-neck Duck. Mr. Comeau has killed two in spring.

113. *Clangula glaucion*; Golden-eye. A resident species, and tolerably common. Breeds on fresh water only. Remains throughout the winter.

114. *Clangula islandica*; Barrow's Golden-eye. A common resident, breeding like the foregoing on fresh water, and remaining on the Gulf all winter.

115. *Clangula albeola*; Butter-ball. Rare. Has been shot in October.

116. *Harelda glacialis*; Old Wife. Resident. Very abundant in winter, the largest flocks being seen in December, January, and February. Mr. Comeau took one in full summer plumage as early as April 25, 1882. Tolerably common in summer, and supposed to breed.

117. *Histrionicus minutus*; Harlequin Duck. Rare, and only seen during the latter part of April and early in May. This year Mr. Comeau saw two April 16, and shot one May 8, out of a flock of four.

118. *Somateria melanocephala*; Elder Duck. A permanent resident, but rather rare.

119. *Somateria spectabilis*; King Elder. Rare. Has been known to breed.

120. *Edemia americana*; Black Scoter. Common from early in April till some time in November. They do not remain through the winter.

121. *Edemia fusa*; Velvet Scoter. A common resident. The largest flocks are seen in April and November, and the species is common all the year round.

122. *Edemia perspicillata*; Surf Duck. Very common from April to November, but does not winter. The males greatly preponderate over the females in this species, and Mr. Comeau tells me that the proportion is always about seven males to one female.

123. *Mergus merganser*; Shell-drake. Tolerably common, breeding about the fresh water.

124. *Mergus serrator*; Red-breasted Merganser. Very common, frequenting both fresh and salt water.

125. *Sula bassana*; Gannet. Occasional. I have found it breeding in numbers at the west end of Anticosti, but do not think it nests farther up in the Gulf.

126. *Phalacrocorax carbo*; Common Cormorant. Rare, but Mr. Comeau has shot several here.

127. *Phalacrocorax dilatatus*; Double-crested Cormorant. Mr. Comeau shot a female May 19, 1882.

128. *Stercorarius pomatorhinus*; Pomatorhine Jaeger. Rare.

129. *Stercorarius parasiticus*; Parasitic Jaeger. Rather rare. Mr. Comeau shot six in one day about the middle of May, 1874.

130. *Larus glaucus*; Glaucous Gull; Ice Gull. Rather rare. Usually seen in February, March, and April. I have a handsome male which was shot by Mr. Comeau April 29, 1882.

131. *Larus leucopterus*; White-winged Gull. Not

common. Commonly appears and disappears with the last. Mr. Comeau has shot it as late as May 1.

132. *Larus marinus*; Great Black-backed Gull. Breeds, and is tolerably common. It is absent only in January and February. July 17, 1882, I found one of their nests on Great Baile, one of the Seven Islands. It consisted of a little coarse grass placed in a slight depression in the rock, and was lined with a sort of pad, about four inches in diameter, of beautiful soft down, on which reposed a single egg. The egg had been incubated, but failed to hatch.

133. *Larus argentatus smithsonianus*; Herring Gull. Very abundant, breeding plentifully on suitable rocks. Arrives about the middle or latter part of April, remaining into November.

134. *Rissa tridactyla*; Kittiwake. Breeds abundantly. Arrives late in April or early in May, remaining into December. This and the preceding are the commonest Gulls along this part of the coast, and are constantly seen, both singly and in immense flocks. They follow the receding tide and cover the sand flats that are exposed at low water, feeding upon the molluscs and other marine animals that abound in such situations. I have seen more than a thousand at one time.

135. *Papophila churrua*; Ivory Gull. Very rare. Mr. Comeau shot a male in April, 1877, at Point de Monte. The specimen was presented to the Museum at Berlin Mission, where it is now preserved.

136. *Chroicocephalus philadelphia*; Bonaparte's Gull. A tolerably common summer resident, arriving late in May.

137. *Sterna macrura*; Arctic Tern. Very abundant at certain places, where it breeds. Mr. Comeau once killed sixteen at one shot, flying. It arrives early in June.

138. *Cypnochora leucorhoa*; Leach's Petrel. Common in summer.

139. *Colymbus torquatus*; Loon. Common. Breeds about the fresh-water lakes of the interior. I saw many, and heard others, in the Gulf, near Point de Monte, in July. Earliest seen April 12, 1882.

140. *Colymbus septentrionalis*; Red-throated Diver. Common, breeding with the last, but not arriving so early, usually coming in May.

141. *Podiceps griseigena holballi*; Red-necked Grebe. Rare; one shot in September.

142. *Podilymbus podiceps*; Dab-chick; Hell Diver. Not rare; killed both spring and fall.

143. *Fregata aetia*; Puffin; Sea Parrot. Not common as far up as Point de Monte, but very abundant on the Mingan Islands, where they breed by thousands.

144. *Alle nigricans*; Dovekie. Very abundant in flocks during some winters, arriving early in December and remaining till some time in February. During other winters it is rare or does not occur at all.

145. *Uria grylle*; Black Guillemot; Sea Pigeon. A common resident, breeding not only here, but even on the islands off the mouth of the Saguenay, an hundred and fifty miles further up the St. Lawrence.

146. *Lomvia troile*; Foolish Guillemot; Murres. Like the Dovekie, the Murres are sometimes very abundant here in winter, while during other winters it does not occur at all. It is not wary, and does not even know enough to keep out of the way of dogs along the shore. It is well named the "Foolish" Guillemot, for both its habits and appearance deserve this appellation. In fact it looks like a perfect idiot, swimming over on one side as if one leg were broken, and staring vacantly at its enemies without attempting to escape. Its *tout ensemble* is stupid and gawky.