The state of the s

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the erdinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cane. BOYAL phosphate powders. Sold only in cane.

BARING POWDER CO., 108 Wall street, N.Y.

GLOOMY PICTURE OF LONDON.

Cardinal Manning recently delivered a remarkable discourse, in which he gave a very gloomy picture of London and the tion of human society in these latter days.

Among other things, he said:

"London is a desolation beyond that of any gity in the Christian world. Four millions of human beings, of whom 2,000,000 have never set their foot in any place of Christian worship; and among these 2,000,000 God only knows how few have been happized, but he was been horn strain of water and the Holy. have been born again of water and the Holy Ghost. London is a wilderness. It is like Rome of old—a pool into which all the nations of the world streamed together and all the sins of all the nations of the world were continually flowing. Such is London at this

FRUIT AS MEDICINE.

Grapes come first, especially black grapes which are most nutritious and at the same time purifying the blood. Grape cures are quite the fashion in some parts of the continent, and are said to work miracles at times. Peaches also are most hygienic to the human system, as well as being one of the most exquisite fruits in na-ture. Nothing, indeed, is more pelatable, wholesome and medicinal than a good ripe peach. Peaches should not be eaten overripe, however. They may be eaten at meals or between meals. They are particularly hygienic when eaten at breakfast. All fruit, indeed, is good eaten for breakfast, or before breakfast. An orange eaten before breakfast will, it is said, are dependent account that a particular also cure dyspepsia sooner than anything else. Apples are also very hygienic, especially when baked or stewed. They are excellent in many cases of illness and are far better than salts, oils and pills to cure constipation and liver com-

When oranges are taken only the juice should be swallowed; the juice of oranges, as of lemons, is most valuable to make drinks in case of fever. Tomatoes are also excellent remedies in liver and bowel complaints, and certainly more pleasant than medicines; only the juice, however, should be taken. Figs, respherence, strawbernies, currants and cheries are all cooling and purifying to the system, while being nutritious at the same time. If we but only knew what health same time. If we but only knew what health there is stored up by nature in our gardens and crchards, we should rarely have need to seek the chemist. How little, for instance, is the watermelon known, yet there is not a better medicine for fever and kidney complaints than the juice of the watermelon. It may be taken in sickness and in health, and almost in unlimited quantities, except when cholera is raging, when it must be avoided, like most other fruit. This alone will tell how beneficial fruit in general is in all ordinary times. fruit in general is in all ordinary times. It is claimed that the juice of a lemon squeezed

into a cup of strong coffee will afford immediate relief in neuralgic headache.

A tea made of ripe or dried whortleberries and drank in place of water is a speedy curs for many forms of scrofulous difficulties.-Home Guardian.

TALKING AND WRITING. (From Blackwood.)

A man never knows what he has read until he has either talked about it or written about it. Taking and writing are digestive processes which are absolutely essential to the mental constitution of the man who devours many books. But it is not every man that can talk. Talking implies, first of all, a readiness on the part of the speaker, and next, a sympathetic listener. It is, therefore, a digestive process, the most difficult, if it is the most rapid, in its operation. Writing is a different affair; a man may take his time to it, and not require a reader, he can be his own reader.

It is an easier, although more formal process

of digestion than talking. It is in everybody's power; and everybody who reads much, makes more or less use of it, because, as Bacon says, if he does not write, then he ought to have extraordinary faculties to compensate for such ne-glect. It is in this view that we are to under stand the complaint of a well known author, that he was ignorant on a certain subject, and the means by which he was to dispel his ignorance—namely, by writing it.

It is in this view that the monitorial system

of instruction has its great value—to the moni-tor it is the best sort of teaching. It is from the same point of view that Sir William Hamil-ton used to lament the decay of teaching as a part of the education of students at the univer-sities. In the olden time it was necessary to the obtaining of a degree that the graduate should give evidence of his capacity as a teacher; and in the very titles of his degree as magister

and doctor he was a teacher.

A man never knows anything, Sir William used to say, until he has taught it in some way or other—it may be orally, it may be by writing a book. It is a general truth, and points a fine Knowledge is knowledge, says the philosophers; it is precious for its own take; it is an end to itself. But nature says the opposite. Knowledge is not knowledge until we use it; it is not ours until we have brought it under the command of the great social faculty, speech; we exist for society, and knowledge it null until we give it expression, and in so doing make it ever to the social instinct.

HOW TO PROVE THE EARTH'S MO-

It has puzzled the heads of a good many youngsters to know how the earth turns round.

A German educational journal published in Frankfort, Germany, gives the following directions for proving that the earth "does move."

"Take a good-sized bowl, fill it nearly full of water, and place it upon the floor of a room which is not exposed to shaking or jarring from the street.

the street, "Sprinkle over the surface of the water a

coating of lycopodium powder—a white sub-stance which is sometimes used for purposes of the toilet, and which can be obtained at almost any apothecary's. Then upon the surface of this coating of powder make, with powdered charcoal, a straight black line, say an inch or

two in length.
"Having made this little black mark with the charcoal powder on the surface of the contents of the bowl, lay down upon the floor close to the bowl, a stick or some other straight object, so that it shall be exactly parallel with the mark.

If the line happens to be parallel with a crack

in the floor, or with any stationary object in the room, this will serve as well. and she bearre he restion of the black mark

"It will be found to have moved about, and to have moved from east to west—that is to say, in the direction opposite to that of the movement of the earth on its axis.

"The earth in simply revolving, has carried the water and everything else in the bowl sround with it, but the rowder on the surface has been left behind a little. The line will always be found to have moved from east to west, which is perfectly good proof that everything else has moved the other way.

"It will be on last week's quotations. A few lots of finest Algust have sold at 1910, and are being shipped by this week's steamers.

A lot of 1,000 finest white July cheese were placed \$150 here. The shipments this week will be heavy probably near 70,000 boxes.

UTICA, N.Y., September 4.—It was predicted a week ago by many dealers that the others way.

CUSTOMS DECISIONS.

OTTAWA, Sept. 3 .- The following are the customs rulings for the month of August :-Scissors, not plated, 25 per cent. Rape seed, 20 per cent. Brass wel hts for scales, 30 per cent. Fish pumice, 20 per cent. Spring wire collars, 30 per cent. . Insect powder, 20 per cent. Meerchaum pipes, real or genuine, 20 per

Meerchaum pipes, artificial, 35 per cent. Huckleberries, 20 per cent. Pears, 20 per cent.

Repairs on machinery, either on vessels or otherwise, 30 per cent.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castorla, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Office of THE POST and TRUE WITNESS, Sept. 4., 1888.

LOCAL STOCK MARKET.

All bank stocks are inactive with somewhat lower quotations. Montreal Telegraph is steady at about 94. North West Land stock is dearer, there being a better demand on account of the vastly improved prospects of the Company, through the harvesting of another splendid crop. Richelieu is again essier, being offered at 53. Street Railway is again in demand, 206 being offered for a small lot. Gas stock is steady at former prices. Pacific stock unchanged. Only one male has taken place in the Cotton list, viz: 50 Canada at 35.

Money 3 per cent. on call.

I				
STOCKS.	Aug. 2	3, 1688.	Aug. 30	, 1888.
	Sellers.	Buyers	Sellers.	Buyers
Montreal	225	22422	22434	22234
Ontario	12412	1233,	•••••	1214
Peoples	107*	104	107•	103
*olsons	160 2102	155 210	160 211	209
Jac. Cartler	14.	139	13814	138
" Rx. div		******	100-4	700
East. Town	117	11514		
Union	1172	1174	931 ₂	1164
" Ex. div	1112			1104
Dominion				•••••
Federal	'ioo''		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••
ьont. Tel. Co	94	9394	94	932
N. W. Land Co Dom. Tel. Co	61	ผูกรุง	6414	6313
West. Union Co	5412		53	
Do. Bonds			215	205
City Gas Co	2154	215	21514	2144
Can. Pac. Ry	571 110	5612	57	5634
St. Paul & M. Ry Can, Cent. Bonds		112		112
Can. Cotton Co	372	30	3812	30
Dundas do Montreal do	40 79	30 78	. 40 80	75
Stormont do	90		00	
Hochslaga do	*120	1124	120+	11212
Merchants Mfg Loan & Mort. Co	120	112	120	112
Beil Telephone Co		90	105	90
*Ex Dividend.				
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RETAIL FARMERS' MARKET.

MONTREAL, Sept. 4, 1888.

There was a very good attendance both of armers and buyers at the Bonsecours market to-day and business was reported as very fair, A large quantity of fruit and vegetables were offering, but sales were not quite as brisk as might be expected, owing to farmers keeping up prices. The consequence of this is that nearly half the supply remains uncold. A good trade is doing in blueberries. Three thousand boxes arrived this morning in splendid condition. Prices range from 65c, to \$1.00 per box, according to size ing to size.

VEGETABLES.—New potatoes, 40c to 45c per bag; new carrots, 25c to 30c per doz bunches; parsnips, 25c do; beets 25c do; turnips, 20c per bush; celery, 30 per bunch; new cabbage, 30c to 50c per doz, or 5c a head; cucumbers, 22c doz; cauliflowers, \$1.00 to \$1.50 per doz; beans, 50c per basket; tomatoes, 10c per doz.; melons, from 25c to 40c each; corn, 15c per doz.

FEUIT.—Apples from \$1.50 to \$2.50 per brl; pears, \$6.50 to \$7 de; lemons, \$4 to \$5 per box; Flemish heauties, from \$5 to \$5.50; grapes, 7c per be; plums, \$2 per box; blueberries, 65c to

MEAT. - Beef-roast, steak, 15c per lb; sirloin 15c do; spring lamb, 12½c do; muston, 8c to 10c do; veal, 12½c do; pork, 12c; ham, 15o;

eggs, 17c to 18c per doz; packed, 15to to 16c per

doz.
POULTRY—Turkey, 70c to \$1 each; hen turkey of last year, \$1 to \$1.25 each; geese, \$1 each; pigeons, \$1.80 per doz; chickens, 40c to 75c per pair; ordinary butter, 13c to 14c; honey, 3c to 9c per lb; fowls, 75c to 90c per pair; spring ducks, 75c to \$1; black ducks, 80c to 90c per pair; teal ducks, 45c to 50c per pair; blue-bills, 45c to 50c per pair; partridges, 90c to \$1 per pair; plovers, \$2 to \$2.50 per doz; wood-cock, \$1.15 per pair. Fish—Salmon, 25c per lb; salmon trout, 10c

do; maskinonge, 15c do; doré, 12½c do; pike, 8c do; black bass, 15c; French carl, 10c; eels, 15c a piece; halibut 12½c lb; swordfish, 15c do; catfish, 10c bunch; suckers, 10c do. The market was particularly good for fresh fruit, but the supply was poor.

DAIRY PRODUCE. BUTTER-A few small sales have been made of fine late made creamery on export account at 19: to 191c, which is about the extent of business outside the local trade. It now turns out that instead of selling their June make Eastern Township farmers have been holding on to it, which means that it is now off flavored and inferior. Our export trade may well fall off when farmers persist in resorting to such mistaken tactics. In Western a lot of about 150 tubs was sold at 16p, supposed to be for the lower ports. We quote 15: to 17c as to quality. Creamery 19: to 20:; Eastern Townships 17c to 19:; Morrisburgh 170 to 190; Brockville 17c to 190; Western 150 to 17c. For single tubs lo to 2c OHERSE.—There has been a little more do confined principally to small jobbing lots. more are obtained for selections.

with reference so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine with reference so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine with reference so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine with reference so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine with reference so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine with reference so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine with reference so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine with reference so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine with reference so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine with reference so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine with reference so that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine with reference so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine so the so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine so the so the so the object that it was parallel ing since our last report at 84c to 9c, for fine so the s with will be found to have moved about, and fully to on last week's quotations. A few Newfoundland cod oil is firmer at 310 to 323, to have moved from east to west—that is to say, lots or finest August have sold at 1910, and and Hallar at 291 to 303, cod liver oil 65c.

vance then recorded. There was some ground for this belief, but although some buyers experlenced a tight squeeze, most of them managed to come out whole, and the week opened much better than anticipated. The ruling price was established an eighth lower, but most of the factorymen did as well as a week ago. Transactions were as follows:—4 lots, 400 boxes, 83; 61 lots, 5,818 boxes, 8½; 3; six lots, 414 boxes, 882; 23 lots, 2,118 boxes, 8½; 24 lots, 1.849 boxes, 8½; 45 lots, 2,888 boxes, 8½; 5 lots, 413 boxes, 8½; 11 lots, 947 boxes on commission. Total, 15,430 boxes; 33 in bags. Rolled.cots, \$6 25 in bris and \$3 to 3.10 in bags. Commeal, \$3.35 to \$3.45 in bris and \$1.50 to \$2.80 in bags. ruling price, 84c. Transactions ons year ago, 14,553 boxes; ruling price, 114c. Thirty tube of butter sold for 234:2

LITTLE FALLS, N.Y., Sept. 4 -Cheese sales to-day were:-1,309 boxes at 810; 4,359 boxes at 810; 849 boxes at 810; 601 boxes at private terms; 526 boxes on commission; 721 boxes dairy sold at \$\frac{1}{2}c\$ to \$\frac{3}{2}c\$. Forty tubs creamery butter sold at 22: to 27c; dairy butter sold at 19c to 21c.

There appears to be no particular desire on the part of either dealers or factorymen to contract. The August, September and October makers of several factories, however, have been bought by one operator who appears to have the whole field to himself, at 9c August and 10c September and October. In some instances July has been taken with the August at 9c, and a fraction over 10c paid for September and October. Factorymen as a rule appear to be quite averse to contracting their balance of season's goods, which is a healthy feature in the situation, as it will be far better for both buyers and sellers to have the cheese soid on its merits the part of either dealers or factorymen to consituation, as it will be far better for both huyers and sellers to have the cheese sold on its merits under the tryer. We trust our dealers and shippers will discourage this contracting as much as possible, as it invariably leads to unpleasantness and often to litigation after the contracted goods are tendered for delivery. Besides, nine years out of ten, shippers lose on their contracted goods.

PROVISIONS.

PORK, LARD, &c -Themarket for pork has been steady on a fair run of city and country orders, sales of Western clear out being reported at \$19 and \$19.50. Regular Western mess is quiet at \$17 to 17 50. Chicago lard is firm with sales of about 1,500 pails reported at 111 to 111. In smoked meats there is no change. Chicago short cut clear, per bbl., \$19.00 to 19.50; Mess pork, Western, per bil. \$17.00 to 17.50; hams, city cured, per ib, 12½: to 14½c; lard, Western, in pails, per lb, 11½; bacon, per lb, 11½c to 12½c; tallow, common, refined, per lb, 5½c to 6c.

FRUITS, &c.

APPLES .- Since our last report about 13 to 14 care have been received, with sales of Western harvest at \$1.40, \$1.50 and \$1.60 per brl. A lot of of Southern Baldwins have been anapped from this port. Good to choice Montre I varieties have sold at \$2 to \$2.50 per brl. It is expected that the winter fruit

will be cheap, owing to the large crop.
PEARS—Canadian Bartlette, \$5 to \$8 per brl. American Bartletts, \$3 to \$5.50 as to quality. Pears in baskets, \$1 per basket. California Pears, \$3 to \$3.25, and California Bartlette, \$4 50 to \$5 per box. LEMONS-The demand is very poor, and

the few sales reported have been on the basis \$3 50 to \$4, poor stock selling at \$2.50 per Bananas-Reds, 75c to \$1.50, and yellows at \$1 to \$1.50.

GRAPES.—Blue grapes have sold at 7c to 82 per lb. Muscat, \$4.50 to \$5 per 40 lb. cases, and Toxay at \$5 25 to \$5.50 per case. PEACHES. - A oar of Delaware sold at \$1.75 to \$2 per basket.

MELONS. -Sales of watermelons have been made at 253 each, and musk melons at \$1.50 to \$5 per dozen as to size.

bax, Bartletts \$4.50 to \$5 per box, peaches \$1.75 per box, and plums \$1.75 do., Muscat grapes \$5 per 40 lb. cases, Tokay grapes \$5.50

COCOANUTS .- New nuts have sold at \$4.75 to \$5.

TOMATORS.—Sales at 250 to 300 per bushel ONIONS.— Spanish \$3.50 to \$4 per case.
POTATOES.—The market is well supplied,
with sales of round lots at 500 per bag.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Hogs.-Sales during the week have been made in lots of 15 to 30 cases at 15c, but by the single case sales have transpired at 16: We therefore quote the range of business at 150 to 16c. Receipts are fair and the quality good, except from one section, where buyers have been shut off owing to the poor quality

of eggs they were shipping.

Brans.—The market is unchanged at \$2.

15 to \$2.25 per bushel for fair choice lots. BONEY .- Sales of New Eastern Townships honey have been made at 15c per section containing not quite a pound of comb, quite a number of cases being sold at that figure. New atrained honey is quoted at 120 to 12½.

Hors.—The market is firmer for new hope in sympathy with outside news. It is reportbacon, 12c; fresh sausages, 10c, bologna do, 10c; dressed hogs, \$6.25 to \$6.50 per 100 lbs.

FARM PRODUCE—Butter, prints, 25c to 30c per lb; creamery, 19c to 20c do; fine cheese, 8c to 8c do; maple sugar, 9c to 10c do; fresh in the New York State market was quite uned that a lot of new Canadian hops have been

expected.

HAY.—There is a good domand for hay for shipment to Ontario, with sales of new press-ed hay at \$14 50 to \$15 per ton in the West. Here prices are quoted at \$11 to \$13 as to quality and quantity.

Ashes - Under light receipts, prices are

steady at \$4 per 100 lbs for pots.

GENERAL MARKETS.

FLOUR, GRAIN, &c -The market is strong and excited on a large volume of busines at an advance on the week of 20c to 50c per bbl ac cording to grade. Spring and winter wheat patents have gone up, with sales of car lots of spring at \$5 25 to 5 25, and of winter at \$5 25 to \$550. Manitoba strong bakers is firm at \$4.85 to 5.021, with sales at both figures. Straight rollers have advanced fully 25c to 30c on the week, with sales of cars at \$5 to 5 05 and smaller lots at \$5 10 to 5 15. Extra have sold at \$475. In American flour, sales have been made at \$6 for Minnesota patents and at \$5 for strong. We quote as follows:
Patent winter, \$5.25 to \$5.50; patent spring, \$5.22 to \$5.50; straight roller, \$5.00 to \$5.05; extra. \$4.65 to \$4.75; euperfine, \$3.80 to \$4.25; strong bakers' (Manitoba) \$4.75 to \$5.021; oiry strong bakers', (140 lb. saoka.) \$5.00 to 0.00; Ontario bags-Extra

\$2.85 to \$2 60 PICKLED FISH. - Cape Breton herring are quoted firm at \$6. Dry cod is in good demand with sales of round quantities at \$4.75, and we quote \$4 75 to \$5 per quintal. Green. cod

is nominal. Ons.—The market is higher, sales being

THE TRUE WILDNESS AND CAVEHOLIC CHRONICLE. Steam reined seal oil has sold at 42 to to 433, a round lot having sold at the inside figure. FREIGHTS-Lower ports and Newfoundland freights are quoted at 25c to 30s per bbl on flour and provisions.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES - Sugar continues unchanged for both raw and refined. The market is firm at 38c to 39c for Barbadoes, 1,000 bbls. sold at 37c. We quote Barbadoes 38 to 39c, Porto Elco 35 to 360, St. Kitte, St. Vincent and St. Croix 34 to 350, Antigua 33 to 340, and Trinidad 30c to 31c.

CANNED FISH-British Columbia salmon \$1.70. Lobeters are steady at \$4.75 to \$5. BBAN, &c .- Market firm with tendency up for bran at \$16 50 to \$17 per ton. Shorts, \$20 to \$21.

to \$3 45 in bris and \$1.50 to \$1.60 in bage.

WHEAT .- The wheat market has been excited, in sympathy with the upward tendency of the English and Western markets, and sales of No. 1 Northern have been made at \$1.10 in round quantities, and at \$1.12 in car lots for outside points. We quote No l Northern, \$1.10 to \$1.12; new red and white winter wheat, \$1.08 to \$1.09 nominally. The Chicago market has fluctuated between 92: and 94: Sept. for some days past.

Conn.—Steady at the advance of lo, 60c in bond being now the quoted price. PEAS.-Market steady and in better request under a recent advance of 2s per quarter on the other side. We quote 850 to 880

per 66 lbs.
OATS.—Sales of new oats have been made along the line at 40c per 34 lbs. Here we quote the market easy at 43c to 45c per 32 Six cars of Manitoba cats were reported sold at 43c.

BARLEY.-A few cars of new barley have changed hands at from 650 to 750 as to

SEEDS .- A letter received from St. Mary's, Ont. states that there will in all probability be an average crop of red clover seed, whilet reports from points further east are less hopeful. Prices are purely nominal at the momen and we drop quotations. Timothy seed will probably turn out a good crop in Quebec. Temothy is quoted nominal at \$3 per bushel,

CATTLE MARKET.

MONTREAL STOCK YARDS, POINT ST. CHARLES. The receipts of live stock for the week ending Sept. 1st, 1888, were as follows:—1,941 cows, Z₂043 sheep 315 hogs, and 122 calves. Left over from previous week, 200 cows and 200 sheep. Total for week, 2,141 cows, 2,248 sheep, 315 hogs, 122 calves. Exported and sold during week, 2,121 cows, 2,098 sheep, 315 hogs, 122 calves. On hand for sale and export, 20 cows, 150 sheep. Receipts previous week, 2,134 cows, 1,565 sheep, 131 hogs, 28 calves. Exported during week, 2,190 cows, 3,548 sheep; do. previous week, 1,212 cows, 3,781 sheep. Business in butcher castle was fair enough and everything was picked up at average prices. The supply was rather short The receipts of live stock for the week end-

FULL WEIGHT PURE CREAM MOST PERFECT MADE

Its superior excellence proven in millions of home for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Po der does not contain Ammonia, Lime, or Alum. Sold only in Care.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK. CHICAGO.



BUYING AND SELLING. What does the workman have to sell? His labor.

What does he get for his labor? The going rate. Does the Government insure him living

No: labor is unprotected. It must shift for itself.

Children Cryfor Pitcher's Castoria.

for the demand, but not much inconvenience was felt and prices did not improve much. Business in export cattle is very dull and lower prices are offered. There was not an over supply, and everyone seems to expect a break in the English market. There was a good demand for sheep on account of the improved markets re-ported from the other side for mutton. There was a good demand for hoge, the supply was light and good prices were obtained Export, good, average 1250 to 1400, 4½c to 5c do., medium, average 1100 to 1200. 4c to 4½c butchers, good, average, 1000 to 1200, 4c to 42c do., medium, 3 to 32c; do., culls, 2c to 3c hogs, 62c to 7c; sheep, 4c to 42c; lambs, each, \$3.50 to \$4.00; calves, each, \$3.00 to \$4.00.

MONTREAL HORSE EXCHANGE, POINT ST. CHARLES.

city, 19; on hand for sale and chipment, 18. Arrivals of thoroughbred and other imported stock at these stables for week and shipped per Grand Trunk Railway:-Ex steamship Siberian—3 horses consigned to A. K. Taygart, of Tottenham, Ont.; 4 to B. Allen, of Goderich, Ont.; 4 to J. D. Eadie, of Bearbrook, Ont. Ex steamship Cynthia—4 horses consigned to Jas. Meekle, of Indianapolis, Indiana ; 12 to F Curtie, of Nevada, Iowa; 24 to A. H. Powell of Decateur, Iowa. Ex steamship Lake Winne pag—11 horses consigned to J. Lyall, of Verona, Wis.; 15 to J. T. McFee of Kent, Iowa; 2 to C. H. Norton, of Kent, Iowa; 12 to J. Torrence, of Markham, Ont. Trade in horses is very dull, there being very little demand.

MANITOBA'S CROPS.

AN IMMENSE YIELD FOR SILE-CONFLICTING REPORTS OF DAMAG - BY FROST.

TORONTO, Sept. 3 -M. or Clarke's brief trip to Winnipeg extended enough to impress Manitoba and the Northwest will have to unload on the markets of the world, "They will have from sixteen to eighteen million bushels of the best wheat in the world to export, and the market price, which opened at 46 cents last season, will start at 75 to 80 cts

this vear." Merchants were talking to-day about the made for future delivery on p.t., but the probability of damage to Manitoba wheat in price is said to be high. Old hops are quite shock during last week. Agents of business at 80 to 12c as to quality, The steep advance houses sent down samples of the finest wheat probability of damage to Manitobs wheat in houses sent down samples of the finest wheat ever grown in the Northwest without any trace of frost on it. There are some extracts from advices of the grain men up there at the present time: "The damage by rust and frost will not be more than ten per cent. The weather for the last ten days has been the finest ripening period that has ever been experienced. You can figure on from 15.000,000 to 16,000,000 bushels good wheat, 3,000 to 3,500 barley, and 6,000 to 7,000 cats." That

was sent on the 29th August. A special despatch received this morning says: "The crop is yielding less than anticipated. The damage is about 20 per cent. Hot days and cold nights. Considerable frost August 31st and September 2." Merchants think these frosts local from the fast that the lowest readings show but 2 per cent. of frost in Manitoba. Wheat in shock can stand 6 per cent. frost, and as the crop is reported to have been cut in fine order, the grain being ripe and hard, there could only be the vaguest possibility of damage to wheat in shock. The barley crop, judged by specimens taken from the field, is the finest for years that has been seen. WINNIPEG, Sept. 3 .- Conflicting reports

are received concerning the damage done by frost, and it is impossible to arrive at any definite conclusion as to what the actual loss will be. A large acreage of the wheat crop has been safely out and harvested, but what damage was done to that still standing is unknown, nor will it be known till after thresh ing. The barley crop is safe, being good samples, and cats will be a pretty full crop. Wheat is being delivered in large quantities at Brandon and Gretna, where it is quoted at

VALUE OF SLEEP. HOW MANY CARELESS PERSONS' ARE DESTROYING THEIR LIVES.

There are thousands of busy people who die every year for want of sleep. It may be that too much sleep injures some people, and in our intense business habits, there is far more mischief from want of sleep than from too much of it. Sleepleseness becomes a disease. It is the precursor of insanty. When it does not reach to that sad result, it is still full of peril, as well as of suffering. Thousands of men have been indebted for bad bargains, for lack of courage or ineffectiveness, to loss of sleep.

Sleep repairs the waste which waking hours

have made. It rebuilds the system. The maht is the repair shop of the body. Every part of the system is silently overhauled, and all the organs, tissues and substances are replanished. The man who sleeps little, repairs little; if he The receipts of horses for week ending September 1st, 1838, were as follows:—136 horses; left over from previous week, 18; total for in the day less than he accumulates at night, he week, 154; shipped during week, 117; left for will gain in health and vigor. If he uses up all will gain in health and vigor. If he uses up all that he gains at night, he will just hold his own. If he uses more by day than he gathers by night, he will lose. And if this last process be long

continued he must succumb.

A man who would be a good worker must see to it that he is a good eleeper. Human life is like a mill; sometimes the stream is so copious that one needs care but little about his supply, but often the stream that turns the mill needs to be economized. A dam is built to hold a larger supply. The mill runs the pond pretty low throuh the day, but by shutting down the gate, the night refills the pond, and the wheels go merely round again the next day. Once in a while when spring rains are copious and fresher overflow, the mill may run night and day and the pond fill up by night. Every man must sleep according to his tem-

perament. But eight hours is the average. If one requires a little more or a little less, he will find it out for himself. Whoever by work, pleasure, sorrow, or by any other cause, is regularly diminishing his aleep, is deatroying his life. A man may hold out for a time. But nature keeps close accounts, and no man car dodge her settlements.—N.Y. Ledger.

HOUSEHOLD NOTES.

A pan of sliced onions placed in a room where there is diphtheria will absorb the poison and prevent the disease from spreading. The onions should be baried every morning and fresh ones cut up.

Lamp chimneys may be cleaned with a cloth moistened in alcohol, and are much less liable to break than those cleaned with water. A very little alcohol will go a long ways if judiciously used.

Bronze may be renovated and recolored by mixing one part of muriatic acid and two parts of water; free the article from all grease and dirt, and apply the diluted acid with a cloth; when dry polish with sweet oil.

Grease on a carpet, if not of long standing, can be disposed of by washing the spot with hot scapsuds and borax, half an cunce of borax to a gallon of water. Use a clean cloth to wash in warm water and wipe dry.

To take rust out of steel, rub with sweet oil in a day or so rub with finely powdered unlacked lime until the rust all disappears; then oil again; roll in woollen and put in a dry place, especially if it be table outlery.

Paint brushes may be cleaned by putting them into scap scap for a day or two, when the paint can be washed out. Care should be taken that the soap does not extend up to where the knistles are fastened as it will cause them to drop,

MARRIED.

DUNN-MEAGHER.—In this city, on the 21st August, at St. Patrick's Church, by the Rev. Father Toupio, William Dunn to Ellen Meagher. [Boston and Chicago papers please copy L

JACKMAN—FORAN.—At St. Ann's Church, on the 3rd inst., by the Rev. Father Capel, Tobias Jackman to Miss Norsh Foran, daughter of the late Richard Foran, of St. Johns, Newfoundland, and cousin of Rev. St. Johns, Newfoundland, and County Bishop Foran, of Waterford, Ireland. Newfoundland, Waterford and Liverpool pa-1 54

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Good Four-Button Kid Gloves, 45c. Good Four-Button Kid Gloves, 55c. Good Four-Clasp Kid Gloves, embroiders

Superior Four-Button Kid Gloves, \$1.10. Superior Four-Stud Kid Gloves, embroidered backs, \$1.25

Best Four-Clasp Kid Gloves, \$1.40.
Enclose money with order, state size and color, and the Glove will be sent by return mail.
The Cheapest Kid Gloves in Canada.

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These goods are worth \$1.50, reduced to 75c. Positively the Cheapest Kid Glove House in Свиада. anada.

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Special attention given to Children's Glove, and a full assortment always to be found in S. CARSLEY.

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Latest Parisian Novelties in complete Sets, to be opened to-morrow. S. CARSLEY.

> NEW BEADED CORDS NEW BEADED CORDS NEW BEADED CORDS

to match Ornaments of all colors, just receive At 8. CARSLEY'S.

A newspaper editor said : "We have received a notice of marriage for insertion, to which was appended the original announcement, 'Sweethearts at a distance will please accept this in-timation."—Tit Bits,

BUTTONS BUTTONS BUTTONS

New Buttons to match all latest shades of Dress Goods. S. CARSLEY.

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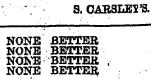
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MONTREAL, September 5th, 1888.

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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.