It appears that a fair amount of new business was proceeded with between January and March, the roll for the latter month showing 21 new appeals. It is a curious fact that during this period the country cases outnumbered the city appeals, there being only ten appeals from the Montreal district and 11 from the outside districts. The country appeals have been becoming more numerous if not more important from year to year, and now out of a total of 77 cases on the March list the country cases number 27.

In Rocheleau & Bessette the Court of Appeal (Montreal, Feb. 27), unanimously affirmed the decision of the Court of Review reported in R. J. Q., 3 C. S. 320. The question was whether a judgment operates novation of the debt upon which it is based. Both courts held in the negative. A debt created in the United States does not cease to be a debt originating in a foreign country, when the debtor removes to this province and the creditor obtains judgment thereon here. Hence, under Art. 806 of the Code of Procedure, a writ of capias cannot issue for such debt. Nor can it issue for the interest and costs due under the judgment, these being accessories only, and following the nature of the original debt.

In DeCow v. Lyons, Taschereau, J., in the Superior Court, Montreal, Dec. 23rd, 1893, held that a statement made confidentially by a druggist to a customer concerning a physician—the statement being in answer to a question asked by the customer in the course of a private conversation—is privileged. The fact that the person to whom the statement was made repeats it to others does not affect the position of the person originally making it.