Notes on Annapolis History.

Brigadier-General Timothy Ruggles.

BY W. A. CALNEK.

XV.

(Concluded.)

I regret that the Morris-Ruggles correspondence is so meagre, and that the letters of the latter are entirely wanting. I am induced to add one more short note of Mr. Morris to the General, because it contains references of interest. Under date September 14th, 1783, he says: "I have had the honor to receive your favor of the 2nd inst., enclosing a sketch of the lands you wish to obtain. The 1300 acres is pre-engaged—all the other tracts may be granted you, and in lieu of this engaged, I shall, in the description in the grant, extend the western line of the oblong square to the line of Arburthnot's, and the western boundary to the Bay of Fundy, which will then contain 10,000 acres with ample allowances."

"On the lot 45 and 46 a former charge amounting to four pounds thirteen shillings and fourpence, which in consequence of an order from home, some time since was, with other charges of survey, ordered to be paid on the lands being granted, which will together, with all the fees of several offices, amount to about fourteen guineas for the grant. The king's fine of ten shillings for every hundred acres I suppose will be remitted. I will make a return of your grant as soon as I hear that you approve of what I now propose."

In the following year the grant was issued, and the undismayed grantee commenced a labour at the age of more than seventy years, which few, if any, of the young men of to-day would voluntarily undertake. The work of chopping down the forest and clearing the lands for crops, and of preparation for building went on simultaneously and rapidly under his direction. Two young men—one a Scotch laddie named Stronach, the other a young New Englander, named Fales, engaged to work with him for a limited number of years, and to receive their pay in land. They did their work, and he paid them as agreed upon, and their descendants are now the owners and occupiers of many a fair home in the beautiful township of Wilmot. It was the hands of these men that excavated the noble cellar over which the old loyalist erected his new mansion; their hands it was which prepared the land on which an orchard of apple trees was soon planted, and it was their hands also which planted it. Their orders were *were to dig this piece of ground*—say about an acre, three feet deep, and to throw out every root and stone from it. The trees were brought from Massachusetts, and when planted, formed the first orchard in that section of the country. Some of the trees, I believe, are still in bearing. Nearly south from the position of the house is a deep gulch in the mountain side, formed, probably, by the gradual washing away of a wedge of *magnesian lime stone* which once filled it. In this vault, as it was generally called, and and which was sheltered on all sides except the south, Mr. Ruggles introduced many exotic plants, among others, peaches, grapes and quinces. He also planted there more than one black walnut tree, for about twenty years ago, a Mr. Jacques, then on the farm on which the vault is situated, cut and hauled for firewood, among other timber, two large trees of the variety named, which not being indigenous in the country, must have been introduced, and no doubt they were planted there by General Ruggles. Not much remains to be told concerning him, and that must remain untold until I have glanced for a moment or two towards members of his immediate family. His daughters, for I believe he had several, were married before the revolution broke out, and as their husbands probably preferred returning to their homes and property, to the preservation of their loyalty at the expense of the loss of both, they never came to this colony. Three of his sons followed him into exile, and settled in the country. These were Timothy, Richard and John, two of whom Timothy and John are known to have been married before their advent to the county. The former had six children—three sons and three daughters. The sons were Timothy, of Belleisle, many years M. P. P., for Granville; Simeon Dwight, who married Margaret, daughter of colonel William Robertson, of Annapolis, and of whom it is said in an obituary notice that "he was an ornament in the society of the town;" and Israel Williams, recently deceased, for many years a leading merchant in the old capital, and an nonogenarian in age at his death. Of the daughters, one became the wife of the late Sephen Dewolf, of Horton; one married Doctor Shepherd and another married —— Smith of Granville. The eldest son, Timothy, married Jane, only daughter of the late Edward Thorne, of Lower Granville, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. The sons are Timothy Dwight Ruggles, Barrister-at-law, Q. C., of Bridgetown; Edward Thorne Ruggles, deceased, and Stephen Thorne Ruggles also deceased. Jane, the eldest daughter married Abel Sands; Harriet, married twice—first Thomas Bartlett, second William S. Starr, of St. John, N. B. and Armanilla, who died young and unmarried.

Richard, the second son of General Ruggles, settled in the township of Clements, and his descendants are domiciled in Annapolis and Clements, and in various sections of Digby county.

John, whom I believe to have been the youngest son, married Hannah Sackett, of Long Island, N. Y., 1777, by whom he had four children, two of whom Bathsheba and Timothy Amherst, were born at Newton L. I., the former in 1777,—the latter in 1781; the other two, Eliza Bayard and Frances, were born in Wilmot, the former in 1797 the latter in 1802. The two former died unmarried, the two former married brothers, Austin and Jonathan Woodbury, and left issue. One of the grandsons of Eliza, now owns and occupies the homestead of his great grand father, John Ruggles.

General Ruggles was afflicted with *hernia*, and tradition affirms that about the beginning of August, 1795, he accompanied some visiting friends to his "*vault*" *garden* before alluded to, and that in clambering up its steep sides, he so aggravated the disease that it terminated his life four days afterwards, at the advanced age of eighty years. I conclude this hastily sketched memoir of the famous old loyalist by copying the obituary notice of him, which appeared in the Royal Gazette, in August 1795, and which was presumably written by the late Rev. John Wiswall, the first rector of Wilmot, and who officiated at his obsequies.

"Died, at Wilmot, Aug. 4th, 84 years old, the Hon. Brigadier-general Timothy Ruggles. He was a native of, and for nearly seventy years lived in Massachusetts Bay, in which province he sustained, under His Majesty, the first offices of Government with distinguished ability and reputation. An uncommon share of probity and discrimination first recommended him to the choice of the people as member of the Assembly, of which he was for some time Speaker. Soon after the commencement of the war, in 1755, he was appointed to the command of the troops raised in that province, for the purpose of co-operating with His Majesty's regular army, against the French, with the rank of Brigadier-General, in which situation his singular talents enabled him to acquit himself with so much ability, that, without the advantages of a military education he was held in the highest estimation by the profession, particularly by my lord Amherst, under whom he served during the war. As a reward for his services, his Majesty was pleased to appoint him Surveyor of Woods for the district in which he lived. He was also appointed one of his Majesty's council for the province. At the conclusion of the war he came to this province, and with a degree of philosophy rarely to be met with at the age of 74, sat himself down in the wilderness, and began the cultivation of a new farm, which he carried on with wonderful perseverence and success. The idea that his advanced age would not permit him to reap the fruits of his labors, never damped the spirit of improvement by which he was, in a most eminent degree, animated; and the district of country in which he lived will long feel the benefits resulting from the liberal exertions he made to advance the agricultural interests of the province. It may not be without use to remark, that, for much the greater part of his life, he ate no animal food, and drank any spiritous or fermented liquors, small beer excepted, and that he enjoyed health to his advanced age. His sons Timothy and John were his executors."

He was buried to the eastward of the chancel of the (then new) church, now known as the *Pine Grove Church*, in central Wilmot, a church, towards the erection of which, he is said to have been a considerable contributor. No monument records his name or services, though, perhaps, few men have better deserved one. May some of his descendants yet cause one to be erected over his grave as a testimony of this appreciation of a most worthy and honorable ancestor.

* In the notice cited his age is mis-stated to be 74 years.

Emigration.

Cor. Halifax Herald]

MR EDITOR,—Now is the time for our Provincial Government to make an effort to induce farmers, artizans, and the better class of emigrants, to settle in our Western Counties, and particularly in the Valley of the Annapolis and Cornwallis.

It is certain that a large number of farmers in the now worn out apple growing districts of England would gladly settle in our valley, as it is a settled fact that apples can be more profitably raised on this side of the Atlantic.

The chief reason for the failure of efforts in this direction in the past has been a *want of concentration*, not particularizing and giving necessary information about special branches of our industries; publishing these in districts in the mother country where such are chiefly followed; *making definite arrangements with steamship companies for passage and transportation giving full and reliable information as to cost of lands, farms, soils, climate, cost of passage, lines of travel, etc.*

A head office should at once be located in London, with an enterprising manager, fully posted on all the resources and advantages our province possesses. From this office sub-offices should be located in special districts in Great Britian, such as the apple growing, cattle and sheep raising localities, also the mining and pottery districts, giving full particulars of what facilities we can offer settlers and emigrant.

Arrangements should at once be made with steamship companies for passage and transportation, giving preference to such lines as are not already interested and engaged in inducing emigrants to the United States or the other provinces; and making a liberal bonus to all able bodied farmers or artizans between the ages of 21 and 40 years, payable say six months after arrival, on proof of their having leased or purchased lands to the extent of one acre or over, or having been employed at some legitimate, productive trade or occupation, in this Province for said term.

Until some practical effort of this kind is made by our Government and people we must expect to see the steady stream of emigration passing our shores for the more distant West, stimulated as it is by the enterprising organizations and well matured combinations of land and steamboat companies, local governments, etc.

Is it not high time we bestirred ourselves in the matter so vital to the immediate prosperity of our Province, the richest for agricultural and mineral resources in America, open to ocean navigation all the year round and nearest the markets of our mother country, as well as those of the Atlantic ports of the United States.

By the last census the County of Annapolis, unequalled by any in the Dominion or United States for apple and potatoe producing, capable of profitably supporting 300,000 inhabitants—has only a population of 20,500; and our Province of Nova Scotia capable of supporting at least 5,000,000 of inhabitants, only figures at present 441,000. *The fault is ours*, and ignorance and want of information on the part of those seeking homes in America *the prime cause.*"

Yours, etc.,
THOS. S. WHITMAN.

Annapolis, Feb. 24, 1882.

Revenue and Expenditure.

The following is a statement of the revenue and expenditure on account of the Consolidation Fund of the Dominion, as by returns furnished to Parliament 28th February:

Customs	$ 1,831,759
Excise	49,738
Post Office	132,044
Public Work, including Railways	101,874
Bill Stamps	14,972
Miscellaneous	147,239
Total	$2 637,628
Revenue to 31st January, 1882	18,987,191
Total	$21,624,819
Expenditure	$ 1,236,886
Expenditure, 31st Jan., 1882	15,719,830
Total	$16,956,817

☞ Steel pens are the gauge of civilation the world over. Easterbrook's are found in the costliest mansion and lowliest log cabin.

General News.

— In 1871 the revenue of the Suez Canal amounted to about $1,700,000; in 1881 it had grown to more than $10,000,000.

— Well-seasoned posts, when thoroughly dried and then charred and dipped in hot tar, will remain rot and insect proof for many years in almost any kind of soil.

— In the Imperial House of Commons, 13th Inst., Mr. Childers, Secretary of State for War, in moving the army estimates, said the cost of the army in 1882 would be £15,500,000 for 132,905 men.

— The annual exhibition of the N. S. Poultry Association, was held in Halifax last week. About two hundred coops and cages of poultry of all kinds, as well as pigeons, canaries, turkeys, geese, ducks in great variety.

— The Roman Catholics of Halifax, are proposing to rebuild St. Patrick's Church in Brunswick Street. At a meeting in St. Mary's Cathedral on Sunday last a subscription list was opened, and $8,000 was subscribed.

— The two small-pox patients at Salmon River have passed through the last stage of the disease and are rapidly recovering under the care of the two Frenchmen.—*Digby Courier.*

— The celebrated trotting stallion Piedmont, record 2.17¼, owned by S. J. Morgan, of Chicago, has been sold to ex-Governor Stanford, of California, for $30,000. Mr. Stanford is the owner of Wildflower (2 year old), record 2.21; Hinda Rosa, the yearling, with a record of 2.36¼, and other fast colts, and it is thought has purchased Piedmont as a stock horse.

EXTRAORDINARY INCREASE.—A black sheep owned by Mr. John L. Amberman, of Granville Ferry, produced six lambs at one birth last week, four of the number being white and two black. They were all of the usual size. Unfortunately the four white ones have since died—the blacks were doing well at latest accounts.—*Journal.*

— The chequered and abandoned career of Edwin James, the great London lawyer, who has died of wretchedness and poverty, is a warning to those who have not realized the way of the transgressors is hard. In early life he had achieved fame as a scholar, orator and statesman, all the advantages of which he threw away, preferring the life of a gambler, swindler and libertine.

— Nelson Gardner, treasurer of the Baptist Church, the largest and wealthiest congregation in Plainfield, N. J., committed suicide on Monday night with strychnine. He left letters explaining he had used the church money, was unable to replace it and was driven to suicide to escape from shame. The amount misappropriated is believed to be $3,000. It is thought it was lost in stock speculation.

SCOTT ACT APPEAL CASES.—From a letter received by Mr. Weldon, of St. John, at Ottawa, it is learned that the Scott Act appeal case will be argued before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council about the middle of March, Messrs. Benjamin and Rigby, Queen's Counsel, appearing for the appealants against the judgment of the Supreme Court, which affirmed the validity of the Act. Mr. McLaren, of Montreal, has been retained by the Dominion Alliance to defend the Act.—*St. John News.*

— A deputation of American capitalists have had an interview with the Government for the purpose of asking them to increase the duty on steel. They are at present mining ore in the vicinity of Belleville and sending it to the United States to be smelted. They represent that if the duty on steel is sufficiently increased to suit them they will establish smelting works in Canada to employ eight hundred hands.

— It is stated that about the beginning of February the first train on the Continent of Europe lighted with electricity ran between Frankfort-on-the-Main and Hanau. The result was most satisfactory. A dynamo-electric machine was placed on the locomotive. The rotary motion of the axles of the cars was also used to create a current. The entire apparatus was under the control of the engineer.

TUNNEL.—The idea of a tunnel under Northumberland Straits to connect the Mainland with Prince Edward Island is taking hold of the Islanders. The last Charlottetown *New Era* has a budget of "Tunnel Talk," one item of which reads: "The talk is that the tunnel, and nothing but the tunnel, can make the people of Prince Edward Island bear the evils of Confederation." Ten Millions of dollars, it is said, would construct the tunnel.—*Chronicle.*

ANNAPOLIS APPLES IN LONDON.—We are informed that a lot of Russets, shipped by Mr. A. Vidito, of Bridgetown, per steamer "Copia," in charge of Mr. Frank C. Whitman, were sold in London at an average of 28s. per bbl., giving the shipper over $5.50 clear of all charges. The highest sale was a lot of Roxbury Russets at 38s. The "Copia" will leave Annapolis for London direct about the 5th April, and has over $8,000 barrels apples already engaged.—*Journal.*

Nothing on Earth so Good.

Certainly a strong opinin, said one of our reporters, to whom the following was detailed by Mr. Henry Kaschop, with Mr. Geo. E. Miller, 418 Main street, Worcester Mass. "I suffered so badly with rheumatism in my leg last winter that I was unable to attend to my work, being completely helpless. I heard of St. Jacobs Oil and bought a bottle, after using which I felt greatly relieved. With the use of the second bottle I was completely cured. In my estimation there is nothing on earth so good for rheumatism.

— The following amounts have been granted for roads and bridges this year:—

Annapolis,	$ 7,720.00
Antigonish,	7,234.00
Cumberland,	8,658.00
Colchester,	8,658.00
Cape Breton,	8,427.00
Digby,	7,235.00
Guysboro,	8,980.00
Halifax,	10,905.00
Hants,	8,883.00
Inverness,	9,785.00
Kings,	8,786.00
Lunenburg,	8,895.00
Pictou,	10,674.00
Queens,	7,009.00
Richmond,	7,235.00
Shelbourne,	7,235.00
Victoria,	7,235.00
Yarmouth,	7,235.00

Worth Knowing.

One bottle of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* will effectually cure bronchitis, inflammatory sore throat, sore lungs, chronic hoarseness, hacking cough, whooping cough, and lame stomach.

How to Make Money.

Twenty-five cents worth of *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders* fed out sparingly to a coop of twenty-five hens will increase the product of eggs 25 per cent. in value in thirty days.

Washington Letter.

(From our Regular Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14th, 1882.

There are half-a-dozen states inferior in population and wealth to the District of Columbia, but represented in the national legislature by two Senators and at least one Member. Washington and Alaska alone, of all the States and Territories, have no legislative voice. The District of Columbia, it is said, is under the special supervision of Congress. But what is everybody's business is nobody's business; and the individual members of the national legislature are too busy looking after the interests of their respective districts to care for the District of Columbia. It is true that Congress grants with a liberal hand, the money necessary for national buildings, as the department edifices and the capitol show. But Congress is not disposed to philanthropy without display. Last summer when Mrs. Garfield sickened and almost died from the poison exhaled from the Potomac Swamps, and later when the stricken President had to be removed from the malarious locality, the press of the United States declared with one voice that Congress must do something with this monster nuisance. The capital of the United States is like a besieged city; for years an insidious enemy in the form of a belt of malarious swamps has been closing in upon Washington and sending its poisoned shafts into the vitals of its inhabitants. The citizens of the Capitol have been for years going to Congress, pointing to this mass of decaying vegetable matter and deposit of filth visible from the windows of the Capitol. Yet this fetid mass has been increasing until it now consists of hundreds of acres of disease-creating swamp that is a disgrace to the United States—a crime against health and humanity.

The American traveler who is compelled to leave Rome during the summer on account of the malaria exhaled from the marshes, speaks with contempt of the Italian government, and says: if we but had Rome in the United States we would drain these pestilent swamps. Can he be ignorant of the fact that the Capital of his own country is environed by swamps as destructive of health as those on the Tiber? Does he not know that the President, Cabinet, Congress, Government, Clerks, and everybody who can, get away from Washington in the summer, and that those who stay have their blood blackened and sinews stiffened with ague? The Capital, through the neglect of Congress, is getting a bad name. Medical authority declares that, if the swamps were drained, nothing would be wanting to make the National Capital a model sanitarium. The draining of these swamps, which will cost no large sum, will enable healthful atmosphere to circulate in the parks and wide streets of this city, which, in a peculiar way, is the city of every citizen in the United States—the city of fifty millions of people.

Local Legislature.

FRIDAY, Mch. 3.—The bill to revise the Acts relating to the Nictaux Railway was then taken up.

Hon. ATTY.-GENERAL moved an amendment to remove doubts as to the applicability to the company's charter of sections number 87 and 88 in the Act printed in appendix "A" to the Revised Statutes, fourth series, and chapter 70 of the Revised Statutes, third series. Motion passed.

Hon. ATTY.-GEN. moved a futher amendment to the effect that the Governor-in-Council should not be bound to pay any portion of the subsidy to the company, until the security mentioned in clauses 13 of the agreement between E. W. Plunkett and the Government of Nova Scotia bearing date the 6th of September, 1881, and referred to in the Act of the present session entitled an Act to consolidate the Nova Scotia Railways, should be furnished them, not until funds should become available to appropriate to said subsidy, and that when, and so soon as such security should be furnished or such funds should become available, the Government should at once notify the company in writing of its readiness to pay such subsidy in the manner provided in the Act.

The amendment passed *nem. con.* and several minor amendments were made to render the terms of the Act consistent with the amendments just passed. A provision was added that no legislation affecting the legality of proceedings taken in securing the right of way should be allowed to affect the costs of the litigation already pending with respect to such proceedings, and a further permission to empower the Government to carry out in good faith the arrangement made in 1878, whereby the money saved to the Province by the shortening of the road was appropriated to local improvements in Queens and Shelburne Counties.

The bill as amended was then passed.

Cause and Effect.

The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry of all the poisonous and waste matter of the system.—*Advance.*

TELEGRAPH NOTES OF THE WEEK.

HELENA, ARK., March 19.—Advices from Upper St. Francis River are that the sufferers by floods are almost reduced to cannibalism. They have been eating carcasses for some days and appear to have about become insane from starvation.

DURBAN, March 19.—Serious disturbances have broken out in the South-Western borders of the Transvaal. It is reported that the trouble is spreading.

Copenhagen, March 16.—It is stated that the Czar has received convincing proofs that the Nihilists have determined to abandon their policy of assassination. Imperial clemency will consequently be extended to the political prisoners and executions will be reduced to the utmost possible limit.

Winnipeg, Man., Mar. 13.—A fire to-day destroyed much valuable property. The *Sun* newspaper office, the Bank of Montreal, the Canadian Pacific Railroad offices and other buildings were completely gutted. The loss is estimated at $75,000.

Panama, Mar. 3.—Intelligence has just reached here of an appalling earthquake in Costa Rica. Four towns have been destroyed—Alajuela, Sarraamon, Grecia and Heridia. In Alajuela alone several thousand lives were lost. Those left alive are homeless.

A Toronto despatch says: "Three cases of small pox are here, all traceable to the outbreak of the disease on the steamship Peruvian."

London, Mar. 19.—The *Observer* says Parliament will adjourn April fourth and re-assemble April thirteenth.

County Court.

There were only three cases actually tried during this term. The Court adjourned on Wednesday at 1.30 p. m. We give below a copy of the Docket and the result of each case.

SUMMARY AND APPEALS.

1. Daniel Nichols vs. Wallace Rumsey. Judgment reserved. Chesley for Respondent. E. Ruggles for Apellant.

2. John W. Harris vs F. B. Millner. Judgment reserved. Owen, for Resp. Veits for Applnt.

3. S. Corbitt vs Wallace Young. Continued. Chesley for Resp. Parker for Applnt.

4. J. Dodge vs Wallace Young. Continued to Bridgetown. E. Ruggles for Resp. Parker for Applnt.

5. Alonzo Katherns vs David Waugh. Continued. Owen for Pltff. Mils for Defdt.

6. Edmund Gilliatt vs John Robblee. Discontinued. DeBlois for Pltff. Owen for Defdt.

7. Harris H. Chute vs Zeb. E. Blakeslee. Assessment. Owen for Pltff.

8. Corbitt et al. vs Virgie, ab. deb. Assessment. Mills for Pltff.

In suits brought against M. Ritchie by A. C. VanBuskirk, Union Bank of Halifax and C. W. Shaffner, respectively an order for assessment was given. Mills for plaintiffs.

11. Corbitt et al. vs W. H. Thomas ab. deb. Assessment. Mills for Pltff.

13. Wm E Tupper vs John Messenger. Settled. Owen for Resp. Mills for Applnt.

14. W. H. Spurr vs W. H. Hardwick. Settled. Harris for Res. Mills for Applnt.

DECLARATION CAUSES.

1. Corby vs McLeod. Continued. Parker for Pltff. Owen for Defdt.

2. S. Hayward vs John W. Margeson. Judgment for Pltff. Mills for Pltff. Borden for Defdt.

3. Mills vs Gavaza et al. Continued. Mills for Pltff. Chesley for Defdt.

4. R W Hardwick vs A G Messenger. Continued. Mills for Pltff.

5. Overseers of Poor Clements, vs Overseers Poor, Yarmouth. Settled. Owen for Pltff. Corning for Defds.

6. D C Connor vs Ritchie ab dr. Assessment. Parker for Pltff.

7. Enos P Raymond vs J A Durkee, ab dr. Assessment. A Morse, for Pltff.

9. J Avard Morse vs H VanBuskirk, ab dr. Assessment. A Morse for Defdt.

A Cross Baby.

Nothing is so conducive to a man's remaining a bachelor as stopping for one night at the house of a married friend and being kept awake for five or six hours by the crying of a cross baby. All cross and crying babies need only Hop Bitters to make them well and smiling. Young man, remember this.—Ed.

Apple Report.

110 CANNON ST.,
LONDON, 14th Feb. 1882.

Dear Sirs,—We advised you on the 14th ult., of the arrival of the steamer "Antilles," and that it was our intention to hold the apples consigned to us for a short time, in sight of the quantity just sold ex "Copia." We considered that in doing so it would help to strengthen the market, which might otherwise have been weakened.

Upon a careful examination of the fruit, after it was landed, we found it fairly sound—although much of it was of poor quality—some parcels so poor that we think the shippers can hardly have been aware of the contents of the barrels.

On the 2nd of March, we offered all our consignments at public sale, and cleared them all out at very fair prices, considering the quantity. By the catalogue we send you this mail, you will see details of the prices obtained.

We are quite satisfied the delay has been an advantage to the shippers, notwithstanding that it involved rent for a week or two. All fruit of fair quantity brought full prices, and the common did better than we at first expected.

We have felt anxious for some time past, to try some plan, by which the "loss in selling samples," should be prevented; we therefore arranged with our own brokers to try the experiment of making the buyers of the smaller parcels take the samples at the same prices.

Not having any other apple sales to compete with us it succeeded so satisfactorily that we intend when we have further consignments to try the same experiment with large, as well as small lots, and we think that customers be pleased, that having the chance of doing so, we have been able to establish this improvement. The outlook for Nonpareils is good but we have had such a mild winter that everything on this side promises to be early, therefore apples should not be kept too long on your side. Mr. Mitchell is with us but returns this mail. Owing to the small encouragement received this season in loading his steamers it is uncertain if we can have another at Annapolis this spring.

Yours truly,
JOHN S. TOWNSEND.

A Bigger Fish Story.

MR. EDITOR,—

In your last issue you give the success of one of your local sports in fishing. Mr. Reuben Baker, of Tremont, Aylesford, in company with his son-in-law, went out to Cloud Lake a few days ago fishing, when they had taken one animal that would weigh 8 or 9 cwts from a hole in the ice, they concluded to leave their team and walk home.

Yours,
X. Y. Z.

—Mr. D. A. Macdonald brought to town yesterday from Macdonald & Co's mine at Carriboo, a bar of gold weighing 100 ounces, valued at $2,000. The bar represents five weeks work at a cost of $380. The lead at this mine has averaged 3½ feet yielding two ounces per ton. The property has been sold to Messrs. Adams and DeCamp, of New York, for $80,000. The adjoining leads are to be worked by Messrs. Adams and DeCamp, and will prove, by all appearances, as good as the big lead worked by Macdonald & Co.—*Recorder.*

☞ *S. Chadwick*, of Arcadia, Wayne Co., writes:—"I have had severe attacks of Asthma for several years. I commenced taking *Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.* The first dose relieved me in one hour. I continued taking it in teaspoonful doses for a few days, and have not had an attack of it since, now nearly one year."

☞ A neglected cough brings on consumption—the most fatal and prevalent of all physical ills that flesh is heir to. To check the malady in its early stage, before the deadly tubercles develop themselves in the lung, use *Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil*, which also annihilates bronchitis, asthma, catarrh, piles, kidney troubles, and soreness of the muscles and joints.

SERVICES ON SUNDAY NEXT.

Episcopal Church	7 p. m.
Methodist "	7, p. m.
Baptist "	11, a. m., 7 p. m.
Presbyterian "	Uncertain.
Roman Catholic Church	4th Sunday of every month.

Marriages.

BLACKIE—GOLDSPRING.—At the Church of the Holy Trinity, Granville Ferry, on the 16th inst., by Rev. E. P. Greatorex, Mr. Alex. Blackie, to Miss Mary Goldspring, both of Annapolis.

Deaths.

HASKILL.—At Brooklyn West, eleventh inst., George Haskill late of H. M. Eighty-first Regiment, Aged 91 years.

Perkins' Cramp and Pain Panacea.

Cures and prevents Dysentery, Diarrhea, Cholera Morbus, Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Diphtheria, Influenza, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Bowel Complaints, Looseness, Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, or painful discharges from the bowels are stopped in 15 or 20 minutes by taking "Perkins' Cramp and Pain Panacea." Thirty or sixty drops taken in half a tumbler of hot sweetened water will in a few moments cure cramps, spasms, sour stomach, heart-burn, sick headache, colic, wind in the bowels and all internal pains.

Travellers should always carry a bottle of "PERKINS' CRAMP AND PAIN PANACEA" with them; a few drops in water will prevent sickness or pain from change of water.

Observe a fac simile of the manufacturer's signature on the wrapper of every bottle without which none can be genuine. Price 25 cents. Address B. F. PERKINS, 197 King street, St. John N. B.

Farmers' Market, Halifax.

	c.	c.	c.	c.
Choice Butter,	19 @ 20	Heavy Pork,	8 @ 9	
Ordinary "	14 @ 17	Small Pork,	8 @ 9½	
Early Rose Potatoes,	60 @ 75	Black Oats,	50 @ 55	
Prolific do.,	60 @ 75	White Oats,	50 @	
Turnips,	45	Beef, ℔ Qtr.,	5 @ 8	
Choice Turkey,	15	Beef, on foot,	5 @ 9	
Fair to good,	12 @ 14	Lambs,	6 @ 7½	
Ducks,	40 @ 70	Mutton,	6 @ 7	
Geese,	40 @ 60	Rabbits,	12 @ 15	
Chickens,	30 @ 60	Yarn,	50 @ 60	
Fowls,	30 @ 50	Jowls, smoked,	7	
Ham,	00 @ 12	Jowls, green,	5 @ 6	
Dried Apples,	6¼ @ 7½	Herring, smkd., per hundred,	30 @ 40	
Fresh Eggs,	20	Cheese, fact.,	10 @ 11	
Limed Eggs,	12 @ 14	Cheese, dairy,	6 @ 10	

Heavy Mess Pork, per bbl.,		$20.00 @ $00.00	
Light " "		20.00 @ 00.00	
Prime " "		14.00 @ 16.00	
Parsnips, per bbl.,		1.50	
Apples, per barrel,		1.50 @ 3.00	
Beans,		2.00 @ 2.50	
Mitts, .75 @ $2.00.	Socks,	1.50 @ 2.75	
Straw, 8.00.	Hay,	10.00 @ 12.00	

☞ The above may be relied on, as it is corrected every week by WATSON EATON, COLONIAL MARKET, HALIFAX.

THE ALEMBIC OF THE BODY.—The stomach is the alembic of the human system. In it those wondrous chemical changes take place which result in the transmutation of food into blood. When it is vigorous the necessary processes of digestion and assimilation go on uninterrupted, and the system is suitably nourished. When it is feeble or disordered, they are obstructed, and being in consequence ill supplied with blood of a vitalizing quality, the physical organism becomes weak and feeble, the nerves suffer, the liver and bowels are semi-paralyzed, and appetite and sleep fail. These disastrous consequences may, however, be prevented or remedied with the supreme stomachic and aperient, NORTHROP & LYMAN'S VEGETABLE DISCOVERY AND DYSPEPSIC CURE, a medicine of rare purity and efficacy, which reforms a disordered and repairs a weakened state of the digestive organs, overcomes billiousness, relieves the bowels when obstructed without straining or weakening them, and promotes the exit from the system of impurities which infect the blood, which cause serious organic maladies. No objectionable mineral contaminates it, and its value is not marred by a subsequent re-action prejudicial to the general health. Far preferable is it to the ordinary nauseous drugs used to produce a similar effect, but which are frequently ineffective as well as unpleasant; nor is it a cheap and valueless medicine, puffed into existence. It is used for dyspepsia, billiousness, affections of the blood, kidney complaints, female weakness, lumbago, &c., and in all blood diseases it is unequalled. Price $1.00. Sample bottle, 10 cents. Ask for NORTHROP & LYMAN'S Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. The wrapper bears a *fac-simile* of their signature. Sold by all medicine dealers.

New Advertisements.

WANTED.

A SMART, ACTIVE MAN, to canvass and work for the

"SUN"

LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY,

of Montreal, in the Western Counties.

The Sun is the only Company in America issuing unconditional Life Policies.

Assets. . . . . $1,000,000.

☞ Life and Accident Assurance ☜

T. K. JENKINS,
Halifax, N. S.
General Manager for Maritime Provinces.

JAMES & ABBOT
Commission Lumber Merchants,
13 KILBY ST., BOSTON, U. S. A.

Consignments and correspondence solicited. Cash advances made on consignments. n24ly

FALL

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AT THE

LONDON HOUSE!

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER!

Please Call and Inspect.

Produce taken in exchange for Goods at the Highest Market Prices.

W. M. TUPPER.

Bridgetown, Nov. 30th, 1881

MAIL CONTRACT!

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Post Master General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on

FRIDAY, 14TH APRIL,

for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, six times per week each way, between

KINGSTON STATION & MELVERN SQUARE,

under a proposed contract for four years, from the 1st July, next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Kingston Station or Melvern Square, or at the office of the subscriber.

CHARLES J. MACDONALD,
Post Office Inspector.

POST OFFICE INSPECTOR'S OFFICE, Halifax, 3rd March, 1882. } 5t51

New Advertisements.

BEARD & VENNING,

NO. 16 KING STREET (SOUTH SIDE).
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Fall Importations,

We have received during the past few weeks a full stock of

Autumn & Winter DRY GOODS,

Embracing the latest productions in English, American and Canadian manufactures.

☞ Each Department is now well supplied and from being added to daily, will, for extent and variety, commend itself to our numerous customers.

TO WHOLESALE BUYERS

we offer special advantages, and invite their inspection.

☞ Homespun Cloth, Socks and Mits taken in payment.

BEARD & VENNING.

Acadia Organ Co'y.

BRIDGETOWN, : : : N. S.

The attention of the public is respectfully directed to the above establishment.

FIRST-CLASS CHURCH AND PARLOR ORGANS

are now being turned out, which are UNRIVALLED in WORKMANSHIP! ELEGANT IN STYLE, AND ARE UNEQUALLED IN TONE.

All Lovers of Music wishing to purchase a First Class Instrument will do well to call and examine those of our manufacture at our Warerooms. MR. J. P. RICE is now canvassing the County, and will take orders for instruments at the Lowest Possible Prices.

Tuning and Repairing

Promptly and Thoroughly Attended to.

N. B.—Strict attention paid to correspondence. Address, Acadia Organ Co., Bridgetown N. S. B. O. Box 18.

FACTORY:—At Bridgetown, in connection with Reed's Steam Furniture Manufactory. All instruments manufactured solely by the proprietors.

J. P. RICE. A. E. SULIS

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber is ready to receive orders for STONE CUTTING and PLASTERING, and also for GRAFTING. He has received a number of choice scions of the following standard sorts—Lady apple, Newton Pippin, Seek and Canada Red. All orders promptly attended to.

WM. M. MILLER.

Cleveland, March 1st, 1882.—tf

FOR SALE.

FIVE SECOND HAND LIGHT AMERICAN Harnesses.

Will be sold cheap.

B. STARRATT.

Paradise, January 21st, 1882

TREES! TREES!

CORRESPONDENCE solicited, and orders taken from persons desirous in obtaining reliable and hardy varieties of Fruit Trees, profitable for market or garden, viz.: Standard Apple, Pear, Cherry, Plum and Quince. Also—Dwarf Apple, Pear and Cherry trees, Grape vines, Currant and Gooseberry bushes, as well as the rare and beautiful varieties of hardy keeping and upright ornamental trees, hedge plants, shrubs, &c. I am now prepared to give information as to varieties hardy and best suited for market or garden, as well as best method in obtaining such, at moderate prices from the reliable and well known

Rochester Commercial Nurseries,

William S. Little, Esq., proprietor, Rochester, N. Y.

Ladies ordering hardy "Hybrid perpetual Roses," roses for house culture, bedding plants, creeping vines, or green house plants, &c., will receive them at a DISCOUNT on retail catalogue prices.

ELLIOTTS' HAND BOOK FOR FRUIT GROWERS supplied to those ordering trees, &c., at 60cts each, retail price, $1.00. Also—ELLIOTTS' LANDSCAPE GARDENING, at $1.00 each, retail price, $1.50.

These works will be found invaluable, giving practical information on Fruit and Floral Culture, and well as for beautifying the homestead.

Address all communications, enclosing stamp for reply, to

S. C. PRIMROSE, M. D.,
Lawrencetown, Annapolis Co.

Orders will also be taken at this Office.

TO LOAN!

In Annapolis County, at 6 per cent, on real estate security, a large sum of

MONEY,

in large or small amounts. Address,

ALFRED WHITMAN,
Barrister, &c.
n43] 42 Bedford Row, Halifax, N. S

New Store,

New Goods.

MIDDLETON STATION.

THE subscriber having just completed the enlargement of his premises respectfully invites the inspection of his new and varied stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes.

Especial attention is invited to one of the LARGEST STOCKS of Boots and Shoes to be found outside of the Cities, and at prices that defy competition. Ladies' and Misses' Fine KID BOOTS and SLIPPERS a specialty.

Ladies' and Mens' Overshoes and Rubbers.

Also, Crockery, Tinware, and everything found in a well stocked country store.

Always on hand, Flour, Meal, Lime, Salt, etc., at prices as Low as the Lowest.

It is not my intention to advertise impossible prices, but a comparison of prices is cordially invited. Close cash buyers will find it to their advantage to give me a call.

WANTED—100 doz. Good Home-knit Socks, at 25c. per pair; good double and twisted Yarn, at 60c. per lb; Cloth, butter, eggs, at the highest market rate—also, Lumber, Shingles, cordwood, etc,

J. H. CHUTE.

Jany.