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WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 13, 1889.

Trade With the West Indies.

This has been the subject of debate in the Senate, and there has been a general agreement to the effect that more of this trade would be desirable. At the same time we have this objection from the Free Trade side—from The Globe side, we may say—that if it were not for our Protectionist tariff everything would be lovely between Canada and the West Indies, and the goose would hang high.

It may fairly be said that on first view, and according to principles of common sense, this does not seem reasonable. For Canada and the West Indies are certainly not competitors in natural products. And let us say at once that in the term "West Indies" we go back to the old meaning and include the mainland as well as the islands. To us these lands of the south are alike in this respect—that they need to buy lumber, also what we call "provisions" in various shapes, while what they have to sell to us are products grown only under a warmer sun than ours. There is and can be no competition between Canada and the West Indies as regards lumber, provisions, coffee, sugar and tropical fruits. Each side may open its markets freely to the products of the other, and all the time without departing from the principles of protection.

But hold, it can be seen where an *apparent* exception comes in at last. There is competition in sugar. Our duties on sugar work against the importation of West India sugars, partly refined, and so keep back our trade with the West Indies.

Our answer to this shall be as straight and honest as we know how to make it. Canada positively cannot produce cane sugar; but cane sugar imported in the rough can be refined here as well as in Bristol, or Greenock or New York. To talk about any *natural* advantages for sugar refining in any of these places, which do not exist at Montreal or Halifax, is utter nonsense. Protection is, at bottom, *enlightened national selfishness*—the carrying out in your own country of all the work and all the production that can be done there, bringing from other countries only *what you must.*

With us it is certainly a case of "must" as regards raw cotton and raw cane sugar. We must bring them from the south, because they won't grow in Canada. But the manufacturing part of the business can be done as well in Canada as anywhere else in the world. Loading sugar, just as well and as cheaply as in Greenock or New York, or yet in Jamaica or Demerara on the cheap plantation system, so supposed to be.

We propose to meet our West India friends right here. What we should do is to admit your *raw sugar* entirely free of duty, while imposing on refined sugar such duties as shall keep all the refining business to ourselves. In this case it is we who make the custom and who create the business and who have the best right. We shall assume, until better informed, that partially refined sugar is the *only* article in which there can be any competition between Canada and the West Indies.

But it is admitted that we must import raw cane sugar as well as raw cotton. That should not hinder us from adopting such protectionist policy as shall cause the refining of the cane sugar, and the spinning and the weaving of the cotton, to be done in Canada. Observe that here Protection is very much in agreement with modern progress. We propose to do the best we can for ourselves, and the materialities of modern progress favor our doing it. And herein progress agrees with Protection as you may see.

Amateur Athletics.

It is highly desirable that athletic sports should be encouraged in Toronto in every possible way. At the great English universities bodily exercise and mental training are looked on as equally important. It was to the free indulgence in athletic games, as much as to anything, that the ancient Greeks owed their peerless muscular development and a fineness of intellect never surpassed in the world's history. Athletic sports build up vigor of body and mind that is a source of real strength to any country or any city, and the more opportunity is given for indulgence in athletics the more will such vigor be promoted.

It is earnestly to be hoped that the effort to be made to-night at the office of Mr. Pearson, 39 Adelaide-street east, to organize an amateur athletic association will be successful. An association incorporating all kinds of outdoor amateur sport, having for its object the giving of a healthful stimulation to all branches of sport taken under its direction, could not fail to create a wide interest in athletics in this city. During the past few years, though aquatic sports have flourished, the greatest difficulty has been experienced in keeping land sports alive. Indeed, several athletic clubs which should have thriven have languished and become defunct for want of support. This state of affairs, The World believes, is owing to want of co-operation among the various clubs.

Since its original creation no Governor-General has escaped personal abuse at the hands of The Globe newspaper. And now it is Lord Stanley whose recall is threatened because his young A. D. C.'s blundered in respect to the entrance of ex-Liberal ministers to His Excellency's ballroom. Lord Stanley, it is suggested, has brought over with him from England his Conservative dislike of the Liberal party. Well, if any of his predecessors told him before sailing the sort of organ that the Liberals of Canada have, no wonder he was not predisposed to admire them. It is probable that he will admire them less now. The vulgar remarks of The Globe must irritate even as amiable a gentleman as the Governor-General, whose sole desire since he came amongst us seems to have been to oblige all sorts and conditions of our people. Limited only by his inability to be in two places at the same time, Lord Stanley's exertions to please people have equalled if they have not excelled those of any preceding Governor. He need not, however, be surprised at The Globe's abuse and insinuations. Every Governor-General has upon occasion been treated in the same way, and at its age this particular leopard is not likely to change its spots.

Every year thousands of human lives are sacrificed to that modern minotaur, the car coupler. At the conference of railroad and interstate commissioners just closed in Washington it was computed that 6000 men were killed annually while coupling cars. The adoption of safety appliances in car coupling by all railways should be made imperative.

The example of our Ontario Minister of Education in leaving Toronto every Saturday to teach his Strathroy Sunday School has been followed by the new United States Postmaster-General Wanamaker. The latter announces that he does not propose to desert his Bible class even though he has been called to Washington.

The Manitoba Free Press has come out on the independence platform. It winds up an article in a recent issue as follows: "Nor shall we 'abandon our nationality,' such as it is. We shall merely cease to reflect a borrowed nationality, and set up one of our own as an independent Canadian nation."

Hamilton Spectator: "It is said that some Toronto real estate men are going to try to work up a boom in Hamilton real estate this year." In Hamilton! We haven't crossed the Credit yet. But when we do Hamilton soil will experience a rise.

Women are being granted permission to practice medicine in Russia with the restriction that they shall attend only women and children. Evidently the law makers are afraid that some guileless man will fall into the hands of a fell female practitioner.

Poor Anthony Comstock is having a hard time in what he thinks is the vulgar in art. The more he crusades the more he sees to crusade against. It is even said that he wants the hoops of barrels worn on the inside.

Speaking of Wanamaker, it is logical to infer that if a man wants to be made a Postmaster-General he must advertise!

The Mungo (5c) Cigar is superior to the many so-called 10c cigars that are being foisted upon the public. tf

A CO-OPERATIVE BUILDING CRAZE.

Prospects of Many Branch Societies Being Established in Canada.

On Saturday The World published an article describing the operations of co-operative building societies and since then the secretary of the Workingmen's Homestead and Savings Association, whose address was there given, has been receiving letters from various parts of the country asking for fuller particulars. Applications for further information have come from Moutreal, Guelph and several other towns and cities.

The following letter was received yesterday:

ST. THOMAS, March 11, 1889.

DEAR SIR,—I have just read the article in The World of Saturday re "A man's house his castle," and am greatly taken up with the plan and see no reason why such an association cannot be formed here, as we have a large number of mechanics in our railways.

You will confer a great favor if you will kindly forward to me circulars explanatory of the whole plan, so that I may lay the whole matter in an intelligible form before my interested friends.

The World is doing good work in this as in many other instances, and I trust that it will reap a rich reward.

Trusting that you will be able to forward circulars, I am, yours truly, S. T. WRIGHT.

It is quite probable that within the next few months the establishment of these societies will become general throughout the country.

A DILAPIDATED PHYSIQUE may be built up and fortified against disease by that incomparable promotor of digestion and fertilizer of the blood, Dr. Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. It counteracts Biliousness and Kidney complaints, overcomes bodily ailments special with the feebler sex, causes the bowels to act like clockwork, and is a safeguard against malaria and rheumatism.

Look at this Picture.

The warmth of day and something bright to engage the attention are the best things in the world for biliousness, and having solicitude for bilious Canadians we direct their gaze to this daylight scene of Canada, sketched with much art and truth by The Louisville Commercial:

If we are to annex Canada we had better start the ball rolling right now or it will be too late. At her present rate of progress Canada will soon be a country proud of herself, and disposed to think of independence rather than annexation. Since the confederation and the adoption of a protective policy, Canada has been advancing with great strides. There are "booms" there, and great chances for land and railroad speculation that are attracting English capital. The Maritime Provinces increased in population rather more than our New England States in the decade covered by the last census; Ontario increased as much as our states adjacent to that province, and Manitoba and British Columbia rival in rapidity of development our Northwestern Territories. Montreal has grown as rapidly as any of our great cities, and Toronto faster than Chicago or St. Paul, while in Manitoba and British Columbia there are towns which have sprung into cities as rapidly as any of our "boom" places.

The Canadian Pacific furnishes a shorter transcontinental line than any of our Pacific roads; a splendid subsidized line of steamers is about to connect its western end with Japan and China; Quebec is nearer Liverpool by water than New York, and England can reach China some days sooner via the Canadian route than by any of ours.

British America, divided into jealous and disconnected provinces, was very different from Canada united under a federal government, compacted by a comprehensive system of railroads and water communications, and fast developing a national spirit.

The celebrated El Padre brand of cigars has lost none of its original excellence. The tobacco used, being of a high grade and carefully selected, guarantees the consumer a cigar of fine and delicate aroma and the best value. tf

In Memoriam Canon Stennett.

At a meeting called for the purpose by the Principal of U. C. College the following resolution of condolence was passed: "The principal and masters, having heard with deep regret of the death of the Rev. Canon Stennett, M.A., for many years a classical master and for some years Principal of Upper Canada College, desire to record on their minutes their esteem for the deceased." Mr. Stennett was himself an old Upper Canada College boy, and his distinguished career within its walls was followed by one still more distinguished at the University. Both as a master and as principal Mr. Stennett's regime was characterised by a strict but judicious discipline, combined with kindliness of heart and gentleness of manner.

Madre E' Higo Cigars are unquestionably the finest 10c and 15c cigars in the market. Try them. tf

Where to Get Your Spring Clothes.

Mr. Frank Stubbs, the well known merchant tailor at 8 King-street west, is on hand simultaneously with the spring robin, and has already opened out his spring importations, which for quality and novelty cannot be excelled by any competitor in town. The large and varied stock is made up of suitings in Scotch tweeds and fancy worsteds; pantings in Scotch and West of England tweeds and fancy worsteds; spring overcoatings in worsted Venetians and other suitable makes; black worsted coatings in twills, corkscrews, etc.; black and blue serges of various makes, and a nice variety of fancy vestings. These goods are all of the newest shades and patterns, and Mr. Stubbs is ready to make them up for his patrons in the height of style and finish.

Without a doubt Dyer's Jelly of Cucumber and Roses is the very best preparation in the world for curing chapped hands. Druggists keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

Pat McKenna's Sudden Death.

Pat McKenna, until a year ago one of the best known employes of the Rossin House, died very suddenly at 7.30 yesterday evening at his residence 567 King-street West. He had just come in for supper, and expired as he was sitting at the table. He was a man of 55, and was with Mr. Mark Irish, both in Madison and Toronto, as inside porter. Deceased was married, leaving a widow and one son. Death is supposed to have resulted from heart disease.

"Cable" Cigars. The standard brand. Over a quarter of a century in the market. Sales constantly increasing. tf

For the Fair Sex Specially.

There is now on view at the Atradome, King-street east, one of the best displays of mantles which Toronto has ever seen. They are from the European markets and contain everything prevalent in the fashionable world. Just view their grandness as well as their cheapness.

Diamonds and Jewelry.

Money is saved in buying diamonds, watches and jewelry at D. H. Cunningham's, 77 Yonge-street, 2 doors north of King. 126

HIS OPINION OF O'CONNOR.

A TORONTONIAN WHO SAW THE BOAT RACE AT 'FRISCO.

The Race a Fizzle But the Champion Rowed Like a Trojan—The Ontario Jockey Club Program — Harriston Cricket Club—The First Game in England.

A prominent Torontonian who witnessed the O'Connor-Gaudaur boat race, writes from San Francisco under date of March 4 as follows: I went over to Alameda yesterday to see the boat race. It turned out a bigger fizzle than I expected. This clipping is from to-day's Chronicle:

The O'Connor-Gaudaur boat race at Alameda yesterday for $2000 and the "championship of America," was, to say the least of it, eminently disappointing. About 5000 people viewed the race from wharf, breakwater, mole and deck, the number who paid for admission to the railway building being about 1500.

The weather was not favorable for a rowing race, but still O'Connor, who had the inside position, went the whole distance, which was about two miles and a half. Gaudaur had rough water and instead of trying to improve matters by rowing in O'Connor's wake he stopped, apparently disgusted, after having gone about half a mile. O'Connor made the distance in 19m. 45s.

The betting, of which very little was done, was two to one on O'Connor.

It is needless to say that the race gave general dissatisfaction, and to none more so than to those who had been speculative enough to back Gaudaur. Why such a veteran oarsman as he is should cease after rowing for 3 minutes 22 seconds needs explanation, more particularly as the water, rough though it was, did not prevent two or three oarsmen from rowing to the turning point in their shells.

In addition to the above report I may say that the people who occupied the multitude of small craft on the water were the most unpleasantly disgusted crowd I ever saw on any water course. Little or no attention was paid by them to the orders to clear the course.

Gaudaur would have required to have been boat-length's better man than O'Connor to have beaten him with the poor show he got yesterday. Gaudaur was unfortunate in drawing the off side or windward water. We were on the reserved stand which, by the way was anything but crowded. We had a full view of the start, which took place about 150 yards further up. Gaudaur seemed to hold O'Connor even until opposite us when some one must have signalled him for he looked suddenly round, stopped his left arm two strokes to pull himself round and outside of two picnicing boats that had drifted straight in his water. The occupants of these two small boats were a party of ladies and gentlemen, in appearance. Jake just got a little further when he had to slack and twist a second time and by the time he was clear of these tangles he was three or four boat lengths behind; then I suppose he got discouraged, or intended to appeal for having been fouled, because he stopped and turned back, as the papers report, but I have not heard yet that he made any appeal.

O'Connor rowed his race like a Trojan, which he certainly is

O'Connor has been "burnt" badly by the press or badly left alone. Some say he was penurious to the press last year, and the sports generally felt sore at his surprise he gave them last year. "He cleaned out the whole water front last year," said one of them. But the press here had better acknowledge his prowess now or they will have to "humble pie" hereafter. They cannot take an honest defeat like a Tyne-side crowd. ("That's English, you know.") O'Connor is the oarsman of to-day, which, with an opportunity, he will prove. And he is too honest to lose a race that he can win. He is bound to keep his record clean.

I might have added to my remark about the Tyne-siders and boat racing that a small large craft could not be seen in front or start on the Tyne from the High Level to Scotswood, the famous Tyne course. I have seen the banks black with crowds shouting: "Gan on Bob Boby; your doing weel, man. And after the race I have heard Haniar, laddie. I lost yer aye lad you're a bonnie

THE O. J.

Six Events to

The Ontario program for th May 24 and 2 day and to Purse and We has been increa prosperity of th same as last yea Breeders' Stake, Hunters' Steeple will be decided on th ing, and not as hereto while the Breeders' Sta 24. The program is an bound to ensure good racin that but the best meeting eve The entries received for the Q Woodstock Plate and Breeders' Sta 1, is evidence enough that both quality quantity will be a feature of the meeting The program is as follows:

FIRST DAY, FRIDAY, MAY 24.

First race—Trial Stakes, purse $200, of which $50 to second; for all ages, maidens allowed if 3 years and upwards, 10 lbs.; 4 years, 10 lbs.; 5 years and upwards, 14 lbs. Winners of any race value $250 in 1887 or 1888 to carry 5 lbs. extra; entrance, $5; ½ mile. To close May 20.

Second race—Queen's Plate of 50 guineas; for horses of Canadian bred, owned, bred, raised and trained in Province of Ontario that have never won public money, added to a conditional sweepstake, payable, $5 at the time of entry (February 1, 1889), and an additional $5, unless declared out on or before May 1, 1889. Entries can be made between February and May 1, on which day the stake finally closes, by payment of $20 p. p. The Club will give $75 to the second horse and $50 to the third; plate and stakes to winner. One mile and a quarter.

Entries made on February 1—Fred. Henry, Gabriel, Blenkiron, jr., Surprise, Long Shot, Aide-de-Camp, Shrewsbury, Aunt Alice, Castoff, Evangeline, Yrkins, Ethelmo, Thorne, Colonoff, Fairfield, Iron Star, Bonnie Ino, LaBlanche, Flip-Flap—18.

Third race—Woodbine Steeplechase, purse $275, of which $50 to second and $25 to third; to carry 23 lbs. above weight for age; winners once in a Steeplechase or Hurdle Race, 5 lbs. extra; twice, 10 lbs.; three times or more, 12 lbs. Horses not having won on the flat or across country allowed 5 lbs. Thoroughbreds, 5 lbs. extra. Entrance $10. About 2½ miles. To close May 20.

Fourth race—Open Cash Handicap, purse $500, of which $100 to second and third to save his entrance; $5 to accompany entry, and $10 additional to be paid by horses not declared out by May 1. Winners of any race after the publication of the weights, 5 lbs.; of two races, 7 lbs. extra. 1½ miles. To close April 10. Weights to be announced the following week.

Fifth race—Breeders' Stake, a sweepstake of $10 each to be paid at time of entry and an additional $10 for starters with $300 added, of which $75 to second and third to save his stake; for 3-year-olds bred in the Dominion of Canada; winners penalized 5 lbs. 1¼ miles.

Closed February 1 with the following entries: Don Pedro, Colonist, April Fool, Wild Thorn, Iron Star, Bonnie Ino, Helen Leigh, La Blanche, Rose Maybird, Flip-Flap—10.

Sixth race—Helter-Skelter steeplechase, purse $150. Entrance $5 to accompany nomination to go to second horse, third to save his entrance; weight 168 lbs. Gentlemen riders allowed 7 lbs. Winners of any race value $300 barred. Maidens across country allowed 5 lbs. Half-breds allowed 7 lbs. Foreign breds 5 lbs. extra. Short steeplechase course. To close May 20.

SECOND DAY, SATURDAY, MAY 25.

First race—Club House purse of $200, of which $50 to second; for all ages, maidens allowed if 3-year-old, 5 lbs.; 4 years, 10 lbs.; 5 years and upwards, 14 lbs. Winners of any race value $250 in 1887 or 1888 to carry 5 lbs. extra. Winners on the first day, 5 lbs. extra; ¾ mile. To close May 20.

Second race—Woodstock Plate, purse $500, of which $100 to second and $50 to third; for 3-year-olds (foals of 1886), $20 each; $10 to be paid at time of entry, with an additional $10 for starters. Maidens allowed 5 lbs. Foreign breds to carry 5 lbs. extra. One mile and a furlong.

Closed February 1, with the following entries: Iron Star, Minnie Palmer, Glentilt, Clarionet, Bonnie Ino, Objection, Iconoclast, Waterford, Remsen, Arab, Flip-Flap, Bledsoe, Gascon, La Blanche—14.

Third race—Hotel Stakes, purse $400, of which $100 to second and third to save his entrance. For all ages; 1½ miles. To close May 20.

Fourth race—Dominion Handicap, purse $400 of which $100 to second and third to save his entrance; for Dominion bred horses. $5 to accompany entry, and $10 additional to be paid by horses not declared out by May 1. Winners of any race after the publication of the weights, 5 lbs. extra, of 2 races 7 lbs. 1½miles. To close April 10. Weights to be announced the following week.

Fifth race — Street Railway Handicap Steeplechase, purse $500, of which $100 to second and $50 to third. $5 to accompany entry, and an additional $10 to be paid by horses not declared out by May 1. The winner of the Woodbine Steeplechase, 7 lbs. extra; of any other steeplechase or hurdle race after publication of the weights, 5 lbs. extra; of two such races, 7 lbs. extra. Top weight, exclusive of penalties, 170 lbs. About 2¼ miles. To close April 10. Weights to be announced the following week.

Sixth race—Hunter's Flat, purse $125, of which $25 to second; for horses owned by members of a recognised hunt club, and that have been fairly hunted with any recognised pack of hounds in Canada or United States. Free handicap between 170 and 140 lbs. Riders to be members of a hunt club or gentlemen approved of by the committee, and their names to accompany entry. Starters to pay $10. 1½ miles. To close May 20 and weights announced May 22.

The Hunters' Race at the O. J. C. Meeting.

No doubt the reason for the O.J.C. doing away with the Hunters' Steeplechase was that the entry for this event has been very small and the contest dwindled down to two or three starters. Certainly there is little use of the club giving such races if it is not to be supported by the owners of this class of horse. The hunters will now have to do their battling on the flat and if this race does not receive better support from the owners, there is a probability that the club will also do away with it. However, the prospects this year are much brighter and the horses that are likely to sport silk on May 25 for this race are: McKenzie, Chandos, Williams, Driftwood, Repeater, Loclniel, Toronto, Foundling and Inspire.

Capt. Sam. Brown's Stable.

Capt. Sam Brown, during a recent chat with a correspondent of The Spirit of the Times at New Orleans, said: "I have nothing to conceal about my horses, so that you can ask me any questions you like. In a general way I may say that they are all, with one exception, doing remarkably well. The exception is a two-year-old Alarm filly, just now troubled with lameness. Trainer Rogers is entirely satisfied with his charge, and expects to have a successful season. He certainly will have a pretty good batch of three-year-olds. The string will leave for the East April 5."

"Is there any truth in the report that George Hawkins wanted to purchase Reporter?"

"Well, he asked me to price him, but as I had to leave shortly afterward, there were no further negotiations. You may not be aware of the fact that, being a breeder, I will sell any animal I have, barring Troubadour, always provided I can get my price. Troubadour I would not sell for any figure, and he has been retired for good and is now in the stud."

"How about Blue Wing and Stuyvesant, will they stand training again?"

"Well, I don't know about that. Both are on my Kentucky farm, and Blue Wing was fired in December. It is possible he may stand the training ordeal, although I have my doubts about it. The chances are somebody may purchase him for a stallion, and I have already been in negotiation with a view to a trade. Both Blue Wing and Stuyvesant should do well in the stud."

Which Horse Was It?

Regarding the report that the trotter Kenilworth, formerly owned by Mayor Grant of New York, had died on the passage to Rio Janeiro from the New York port, there is a strong doubt. The news came from the captain of an incoming steamer of the Brazilian line, which passed the vessel which carried Kenilworth and other horses. Captain Locklin, general agent of the Brazilian line here, says that no name was mentioned but the message s[illegible] the horses o[illegible] that st[illegible] Man[illegible]

[illegible] has decid[illegible] since Ed[illegible]

[illegible] Keith, J. [illegible] committee was [illegible] Caledonian games [illegible] Caledonian [illegible] from all over America, wh[illegible] city. The society reports $1188 [illegible] credit.

Jubilee Council No. 140, Order of Chosen Friends, had one initiation and several propositions last night. E. A. McCarty presided.

L.O.L. No136 had six initiations and conferred several degrees last night. Bro. Humphrey, D.M. presided.

Prentice Boys, Crimson Banner Lodge had one initiation and several propositions last night. J. Lackie presided.

At Mystic Lodge No. 1, K. of P. last night, J. Armstrong, C.C. presided. Esquire Frank Low was raised to knight rank. Fraternal visits were received from Toronto Lodge No. 30, J. A. Knox of Ever Green Lodge, Nebraska, and E. B. Dodge of Black Prince Lodge, 156, Brooklyn, N.Y.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

The Grand Jury spent yesterday in visiting various public institutions and will make their presentment to-day.

A fire caused by carelessness with matches did $75 damage at noon yesterday at Frost & Picken's paint establishment, 160 Queen-street east.

An inquest will be held to-day touching the death of Miss Eliza Prosser of Manning-avenue, who was killed Monday night at the Keele-street crossing at West Toronto Junction.

The instruction of the Royal Grenadiers in the new drill was commenced last night, when "C" and "D" companies turned out in strong force and were put through the exercises by Sergt.-Major Cox.

Messrs. Oliver, Conte & Co., will sell to-day at 11 a.m. and 2.30 p.m. a consignment of 25 cases of Japanese curios, bronzes, china, etc., direct from Japan, and will be sold entirely without reserve.

A lecture and musical entertainment will be held in the parlor of the Lombard-street fire-hall to-morrow evening. Rev. Manly Benson will give the lecture and several ladies have volunteered to supply the musical department.

There will be a capital program at the Lenten Service of Praise at the Church of the Redeemer to-night. The choir will be assisted by Mrs. B. R. Nicholson, Mrs. J. C. Smith and others, under the direction of Mr. E. W. Schuch, the choir-master.

Last night, in Association Hall, Prof. J. C. McKay gave an interesting lecture on Light and Color. Numerous experiments were made showing the dividing and blending of light. Instructive remarks were also made on the velocity of light and on the science of optics. Mr. L. C. Peake presided.

There was a highly successful carnival at Victoria Rink, Huron-street, last night. The days of skating and masquerades will soon be past as far as this winter is concerned, and it was a knowledge of this which induced so large a reunion last night. Victoria Rink is now a favorite and fashionable resort.

Before the Police Magistrate yesterday John Kelly, Thomas Sheehan and Timothy Sheehan were charged with assaulting and robbing Alonzo H. Nixon in the saloon corner of King and Princess-streets. Kelly was dismissed and called as a witness: Thomas Sheehan, an old offender, was sent to the Penitentiary for three years, and Timothy was acquitted.

The Toronto Rifle Association at its annual meeting elected these officers: President, A. D. Cartwright (re-elected); first vice-president, R. G. Johnston (re-elected); second vice-president, A. G. Ronan (re-elected); secretary-treasurer, Walter Macdonald; executive committee: Joe Johnson, A. Bell, J. Knifton, T. Mitchell; auditors: Captain Bruce, Captain W. C. Macdonald.

At the meeting of the Canadian Furniture Manufacturers Association held at the Palmer House, the following were elected officers: George Hess, M.P., Toronto, president; James Hay, jr., Woodstock, vice-president; F. F. McArthur, Bowmanville, R. Dowling, Harriston, F. Burr, Guelph, directors [illegible] W. Halfpenny, Toronto, secretary-treasurer. The association is organized for the purpose of bringing the furniture manufacturers of Canada together to consider questions of importance to the trade.

A DULL DAY AT THE HOUSE.

THE BILLS THAT WERE PASSED IN COMMITTEE.

Why Shouldn't Our Beaches Be Protected?—The City and the University—The Registry Act Still Opposed By Mr. Meredith—The Deputations That Crowd the Corridors.

When bills are considered in committee the public and the press may resign themselves to a very dull time. For when the measures are so considered nobody but those interested hear the amendments made and they only record such amendments. All of which is apropos of the M.L.A.'s deliberations at the Local House yesterday. True it is that after some strenuous opposition from Mr. Meredith the Registry Office Bill, which, on dit, will increase our expenditure to some considerable extent, went through. In that at least Toronto's public will be interested. But all else was of a purely routine nature.

These bills passed their third reading: To incorporate the Toronto Belt Line Railway Company; respecting the Yorkville Loop Line Railway Company; respecting St. James' Cathedral, Toronto; to revive and amend the act incorporating the Sarnia and Lambton Southern Railway Company; respecting the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company.

The following bills were passed in committee: respecting appeals on prosecutions to enforce penalties and offences under Provincial Acts; to amend the Pharmacy Act; respecting damage to lands by flooding, in the new districts; respecting oaths under the Manhood Suffrage Act.

Mr. Meredith Scored One.

The Attorney-General moved the House into committee on his Bill respecting Registry Offices. But the Leader of the Opposition immediately exclaimed, "Yeas and nays; take the yeas and nays. I promised I would divide the House on this measure every time I got a chance; call in the members."

Mr. Mowat was clearly knocked out. He did not know that Mr. Meredith intended to divide the House on the measure and said: "Instead of that order I will take the next one." [Laughter.]

Accordingly the "next one" was taken. It was Mr. Drury's measure to protect the beaches and shores of the province against depredation. The measure provides against the removal of stone by stone-hookers.

Mr. McLaughlin (Durham) was of opinion that the gravel and sand should also be protected.

Mr. Awrey grew quite eloquent on the grievance of permitting a charge of 25 cents per load for sand.

Mr. McLaughlin likewise grew warm over this stupendous question and said: "If you have a right to take the sand, you have a right to take the silver and gold, and I suppose you would do so if you got the chance." Continuing, Mr. McLaughlin once more made the M.L.A.'s laugh by saying: "I hope my friend from Wentworth will grow a little less fond of picking up the property of others."

Some discussion took place on the fines to be imposed upon any person infringing upon the provisions of the measure. It was finally decided to fix the fine at not less than $10 and not more than $40. The Speaker left the chair at 5.55.

The City and the University.

At the evening session the House passed in committee Mr. Drury's bill respecting steam threshing machines.

The Minister of Education moved the second reading of the bill validating the agreements between the University of Toronto and municipal corporation of Toronto. The city, he said, did not wish [illegible] the use of the park, and the University [illegible] wish to forego the powers given it by [illegible] This placed the corporation in a [illegible] sing position. Correspondence [illegible] een the Mayor and the University [illegible] tatives which resulted in the [illegible] ied in the measure before the [illegible]

[illegible] e said the agreement was [illegible] city and would no doubt [illegible] to the University. The [illegible] iversity were perfectly [illegible] vement and Mr. Clarke [illegible] supporting the measure.

[illegible] eral moved the second [illegible] respecting the adminis- [illegible] certain cases. One of the [illegible] easure provides that any [illegible] ly interested in any deed, [illegible] contract may enforce the same [illegible] nefit by action, although he is not [illegible] especially named in such contract. [illegible] ure was at length passed as was also [illegible] pecting the conveyance of lands granted [illegible] der the Free Grants and Homestead [illegible]

The House went into committee on Mr. Hardy's bill to give representation in the Legislative Assembly to the District of Nipissing. This measure also went through.

The Registry Bill Causes Contention.

The Attorney-General again moved the House into committee on the bill respecting registry offices. But Mr. Meredith again objected.

The House divided and the Attorney-General's motion to go into committee on the bill was carried by a vote of 51 to 31.

The leader of the Opposition, true to his avowed principle of opposing the measure, at once asked what amount the proposed change would cost.

Mr. Mowat replied that he did not know definitely, but that the measure was one of such importance that it must be carried out whatever the cost might be.

The measure was passed in committee.

Mr. Meredith asked when the general provisions of the bill would go into effect. Mr. Mowat replied that they would go into effect at once.

Before adjournment Messrs. Murray, Davis, Clancy and Smith (York) got their municipal bills through a second reading.

In the Corridors.

A deputation from London, composed as follows, waited upon the Government: Messrs. W. F. Bullen, Joseph Jeffrey, T. A. Purdom, F. B. Lees, John Beattie, D. Regan, Sherry Glass, V. Cronyn. Their object was to secure certain changes in Mr. Meredith's bill respecting building societies.

A deputation from Peterboro waited in the Reception Room last night to interview the Government. The delegates were: Messrs. Thomas Cahill, R. S. Davidson, Wm. Langford, J. D. Baptie, A. Rutherford, and E. H. D. Hall. Messrs. Davidson and Hall were the spokesmen of the deputation. It appears that the debt of Peterboro was consolidated in 1861 and the deputation asked that the law be so amended as to enable them to borrow $30,000 for school purposes.

The Attorney-General replied that it would be necessary to introduce a private bill in order to accomplish that which the delegates asked.

Only one new bill was brought into the House yesterday. It was introduced by Mr. Preston. By the measure he proposes to amend the Registry Act so as to prevent professional men who occupy Government "sits" of large emolument from practising their professions.

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—Caswell, Massey & Co's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Pepsin and Quinine, is recognized as the best preparation known. Prescribed by the leading physicians. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

At the Theatres.

"She" drew a large audience to the Grand last night. There promises to be a big matinee to-day.

"Queen's Evidence" is playing to good business at the Toronto. Matinee to-day.

The Coquelin engagement at the Grand the first part of next week will certainly be the dramatic event of the season. The sale of reserved seats will begin on Friday morning.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended, I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money.

To Real Estate Men.

If you propose getting out a lithographic plan of your properties call at the Ontario Lithographing Co., World Building, for samples and prices. tf

THE EARLY INDIANS.

Illustrations of Their Life-History at Canadian Institute.

Three years ago Ontario possessed no public Archæological Museum except such comparatively small collections as formed part of college cabinets, or as had been preserved by the Dominion Geological Survey at Ottawa; but the Canadian Institute is now able to afford to students and others a better opportunity to compare the relics of Ontario with those of other countries than has ever before been offered within the Province itself. Two small grants from the Provincial Legislature for 1887 and 1888 have enabled much more to be done than might have been thought possible, and the result is very gratifying.

The World yesterday afternoon paid a visit to the Institute's Archæological Museum and was taken in charge by the genial and entertaining curator, Mr. David Boyle, who is ever ready to instruct the unmistated in the history and uses of the numerous Indian relics on exhibition. A great improvement has taken place in the museum, a number of new cases having been added containing various articles of pottery, clay and stone pipes, stone tablets, implements of bone and shell, flints, carved heads and copper ornaments. It is Mr. Boyle's intention to have the specimens catalogued. At present they are labelled and numbered for easy reference.

The collection has now assumed such proportions as to amply repay a visit to the museum and it is not unworthy of examination by specialists in this department. Mr. Boyle spent last summer in Cincinnati, the centre of the mound-builders' peculiar art, and while there had numerous opportunities of visiting interesting localities and procuring specimens for the Institute. In his report Mr. Boyle refers to the friendly spirit evinced towards us by our American neighbors for the past quarter of a century in coming to Canada and carrying off whatever relics of value they could discover. By way of reciprocity Mr. Boyle thought it only fair to secure about 500 objects of interest. Among other specimens are spear and arrow heads and points in great variety and specimens from North Carolina, Georgia, West Virginia, Mississippi, Alabama and Indiana. Other states that have contributed are Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio and Arkansas, from which have been collected pestles, paint cups, corget, discoidal gambling stones, flint drills and implements of unknown purpose. Ontario, too, has contributed largely, specimens having been secured from various counties to the north, east and west of Toronto. From England, mostly from the county of Sussex, and from France and Switzerland have come a number of very good paleolithic flints and a valuable specimen of celt in horn socket from the last named country. Perhaps the most valuable and interesting relic in the collection is the Clarke Tablet, of which an exact imitation is in possession of the museum. The original is in the possession of Mr. Robert Clarke, Cincinnati, and was discovered about March, 1872, in the neighborhood of Piketon, Ohio. On the face of the stone are cut in low relief designs supposed to have a phallic interpretation. The skill exercised in fashioning many of these stone heads and pipes is certainly remarkable, considering the rude nature of the tools by which they were formed. There is a sense of humor exhibited in one or two of the faces on these clay pipes, in which the eyes and mouth are set awry, giving an exceedingly comical appearance to the face. The collection of flints is unusually fine, some enormous specimens having been lately added.

Many persons having specimens willingly contribute them to the museum and from this source much more is confidently expected.

You would hardly believe the amount of money that some Toronto tailors lose every year in bad debts, and you men who pay, have to pay for those who don't pay. You are as sure to do it, when you can buy the finest ordered clothing at the Army and Navy stores for cash. No bad debts at the Army and Navy. You pay for what you get and you don't pay for the clothing others wear.

Personal Mention.

Sheriff Glass and Major Leys, London, are at the Queen's.

John Davis, chief inspector of distilleries, Windsor, is at the Queen's.

Mr. John Ross Robertson, D.G.M. and G.L.C. of the Masonic Order, will lecture to the Belleville brethren to-night.

Major-General Cameron, commandant of the Royal Military College, Kingston, and Lieut.-Col. Bremner, Halifax, are at the Queen's.

Colonel North, the English "Nitrate King," is said to have given a five thousand dollar tip to a waiter at a London hotel where he recently lodged.

The oldest clergyman in England, the Rev. Bartholomew Edwards, has died within a week of his 100th birthday. He had been rector at Ashill for seventy-six years.

John B. Baxter, J. W. Hynes, New York; H. C. Dennis, H. Glanford, Montreal; Capt. Milloy, Niagara-on-the-Lake; W. E. Fraser, Buffalo, are at the Queen's.

Salvini recently presented his compliments to Bernhardt in the shape of a large silver vase enameled in many colors and filled with the rarest flowers he could find in Italy.

John Hope, Bow Park, Brantford; W. C. Clark, Chicago; L. E. Kent, Providence, R.I.; J. Mortensen, Portland, Me.; Theo. Detrich, Berlin, Germany; James Kerr, Osborne; Geo. H. Wilkes, Brantford; S. S. Heywood, Stratford, are at the Rossin.

Rev. Dr. W. S. Rainsford was taken suddenly ill while delivering an address in St. George's Episcopal Church, New York, last week. He is said to be suffering from over work, and he will leave his parish work next week for an extended trip to California or Mexico to recuperate.

G. A. Mace, Ottawa; C. E. Gooding, Galveston, Texas; C. C. Whale, Ottawa; J. Lineham, Calgary; S. Nozon, Ingersoll; T. Lauriere, London; Dr. Frank, Norwich; W. S. McCall, Oshawa; J. Jenkins, Brantford; J. A