The Toronto World.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 16, 1882.

AN IMPORTANT CHANGE.

Mr. J. D. Edgar has resigned the presidency of the company organized for building the railway from Gravenhurst to the Sault, and his place is taken by Mr. Joseph Hickson, general manager of the Grand Trunk. There is most unquestionably a political meaning in this change. It means that reform leaders in Ontario have decided to ally themselves with the Grand Trunk, as a means of fighting the Syndicate. A number of years ago reform leaders, and the reform press—the Globe conspicuously above all its contemporaries—were "death on the Grand Trunk," to quote a popular colloquial expression. But the new railway revolution, which began with the syncicate contract, has changed all that. All the legislation that the Grand Trunk wanted last session of the local house it got with the greatest ease from the reform government and the reform majority; the Globe sustaining at every step the former object of its bitterest and most unrelenting abuse. People who see nothing political in all this are to be admired for their simplicity; they seem to be too good to live in this wicked world.

Some reformers may object to the fact being stated in this way, but a fact it is notwithstanding. What they had better do at once is to own up to it boldly, and give the reason why, they are choosing what appears to them to be the best of two evils. Better, they think, to hand nearly all Ontario over to the Grand Trunk than let the syndicate rule the Dominion, Ontario included. But meantime the position of the Grand Trunk in the matter is not very clearly defined. That Grand Trunk influence would be cast in favor of Mr. Mowat in a provincial election, scarcely admits of a doubt. But will it in the Dominion election be cast in favor of Mr. Blake? That depends. The case may be put thus: The syndicate must support Sir John; the Grand Trunk is in all respects opposed to the syndicate; therefore the Grand Trunk must support Mr. Blake. With a Dominion general election on hand, is it possible for the two great rival railway powers to be on the same side together, in any case? Most people will answer, "hardly ever;" not very likely, indeed. In Ontario provincial affairs the Grand Trunk is certainly on the reform side; but whether there is a Dominion alliance of this kind remains to be seen.

TWO IRISH PARTIES.

It has been for some time back a familiar thing to read in the newspapers about "the Irish party." But the expression will no longer answer, for the proof appears that there are now two Irish parties, which may be called respectively the parliamentary party and the Fenian party. Up to a recent date Parnell and those who act with him in the house were supported and cheered to the echo by the extreme revolutionists. But from the day it began to be believed that Parnell and some of his friends had in effect made a bargain with the government, in virtue of which the "no rent" manifesto was to be withdrawn and the imprisoned members released, the revolutionists appear to have determined to let Parnell slide, and to conduct the war against the government in their own way. It certainly does not look like a wholly made story that Parnell's life was considered in danger. The accounts of his terrible dismay when he heard of the murders has every appearance of truth, and what has since turned up serves to confirm them. The fearful outside pressure of murder, actual and expected, is evidently telling upon the parliamentary Irish party—that is the Parnellites. They appear to be losing the unity of action which has characterized them until recently. A London despatch of yesterday's date says that there is considerable division of opinion among them on the new coercion bill. As the bill is likely to be hurried through they will not probably have much time left to make up their minds about it. Very soon a result of some kind or other—either the visible renewed coherence of Parnell's party, or its break-up into two or more divisions—will show which way public opinion is going in Ireland.

MR. McINTYRE OF OTTAWA.

We observe that Mr. A. F. McIntyre, a gentleman well-known, in this city, is one of the liberal candidates for Ottawa at the forthcoming Dominion election. Mr. McIntyre was elected member for Cornwall in the legislature in 1875, in opposition to Mr. Snetsinger, but was unseated on petition. Shortly afterwards he removed to Ottawa, where he became solicitor to the government, Mr. Blake being at that time minister of justice. One of the conservative papers at Ottawa endeavors to score a point against Mr. McIntyre by saying that he deserted his party when he opposed Mr. Snetsinger, who sought re-election as a supporter of the Mowat government. The fact that Mr. McIntyre was subsequently appointed to a lucrative office by Mr. Blake would seem to indicate a different conclusion, but it may be added that the local election turned rather on the personality of the candidates than on political issues. Mr. McIntyre has always been an advanced liberal of the Blake school, as contradistinguished from the hard-shell gritism of the Globe, which not long since did its best to drive him out of the reform ranks. He is, we believe, very popular with both reformers and conservatives at the capital, and not the less so because he is a typical young Canadian, devoted to principles rather than to men, and entirely in accord with those who look forward with hope towards the realization, first, of our commercial, and later to our political independence.

MR. DAVIN IN THE FIELD.

Mr. Davin is and is not in the field for East Toronto. His position is about this: he is a conservative out and out—he talked last night about "our" party and what "we" advocated, referring of course to the conservatives—and is anxious to get the conservative nomination; but as Mr. Davin is a loyal party man and, notwithstanding that he last night deplored the existence of the machine, he will bow to the convention; he is therefore in the field only so far as being a candidate for the nomination of the party. He is one in the running? with him or against him are Mr. Bunting, Mr. Small and Mr. O'Donohoe. But if ability should settle the matter Mr. Davin chances are good.

PLATFORM SPEAKERS.

By years of practice and with high natural abilities, Mr. A. W. Wright has come to be a very effective platform speaker—one of the most effective in the country. He can always obtain a hearing. Mr. Wright has already taken the stump in support of the N. P.—as the agent of the manufacturers' association, so his opponents say—a question which he places before all others in its importance. If the liberals think they can meet Mr. Wright by belittling him, as the Globe is now trying to do, they are much mistaken. The weakness of the liberal party is the want of just such speakers as Mr. Wright.

MANITOBA NEWS.

Mining at Rat Portage—Drunkenness in Winnipeg—Increase of Judicial Work—Other Items.

A society has been formed in Rapid City for the protection of game.

The Nelsonville Mountaineer says prairie fires are again prevalent north, south, east and west.

There has been a great deal of irregularity in the mail service between Rapid City and Brandon lately.

The C. P. R. authorities have been bringing hay in from Emerson and selling it at Brandon and other points west at first cost to immigrants.

Farmers in the vicinity of the Portage have commenced ploughing. The lateness of the season has not retarded farm work very seriously.

The saw mill at Rapid City will soon be in operation. It is estimated that 15,000 logs will be cut there this season. Last year's cut amounted to 10,000 logs.

A late assay of one of the Lake of the Woods auriferous quartz veins resulted in $35 of pure gold per ton, and the vein was not by any means one of the best.

A change has taken place in the customs staff at West Lynne. W. Mill has been succeeded by Mr. Johnston, of Emerson, until the official appointment is made.

There has been of late considerable land grabbing in the neighborhood of Rat Portage. Several surveys of claims have been made and applied for by squatters and others.

The Winnipeg police during last week made forty-five arrests and collected over $200 in police court fines. More than three-fourths of the arrests were for drunkenness.

Stewart Mulvey, collector of inland revenue at Winnipeg, it is said, will patriotically resign his position owing to his dissatisfaction with the way Manitoba is being treated by the Dominion government.

The Rat Portage Progress comes to hand neatly printed and bristling with news written in lively style. The Progress is now owned and published by two old Toronto typos, Horace E. Alexander and Chas. M. Claus.

The Winnipeg police force now numbers 103 men all told, who are distributed all over the city, and every unknown person who passes along the street is scanned from head to foot, and a careful look is kept for fire bugs and suspicious looking characters.

A mining engineer and expert from New York will shortly visit Rat Portage to make an examination of the various mining claims of the Lake of the Woods for a company of New York capitalists, who intend engaging in mining operations there on an extensive scale, should the prospect warrant them in so doing.

It is claimed that three judges are unable to attend to the rapid increase of work throughout the province. There were over forty cases on the docket for hearing at the Varennes court, and a number of persons from Winnipeg, Brandon and other places were at Rat Portage to attend in cases in which they were interested, and in consequence of the delay have been put to a great deal of inconvenience.

An Editor Assaulted.

The editor of the Thunder Bay Sentinel, C. A. Everitt was brutally assaulted last Friday by James Conmee, hailing from Winnipeg. Without any previous notice he struck several blows on the head and kicked Mr. Everitt several times, once in the abdomen. Later on, under the pretense of wishing to apologise, entered the room where Everitt had been conveyed, and again threatened him and had to be ordered out. The cause of the assault is supposed to be an article which appeared in the Sentinel regarding the manner in which Conmee had cheated the laboring men and others who had worked for him on a subcontract on the Canada Pacific railway. Two actions at law will be entered, one civil and one criminal, and heavy damages will be claimed.

Christine Nilsson's Reappearance.

(From the Washington Post.)

Mme. Christine Nilsson made her first public appearance on Saturday since the death of her husband. The occasion was an operatic concert at the Royal Albert hall, and there was a tremendous crowd present. It had been announced that she would be seen in costume in the garden scene from "Faust;" but at the last moment she concluded that she could not appear in constume so soon after M. Rouzaud's demise. So the scene was sung in evening dress, Mme. Nilsson appearing in black silk, with a square neck and long sleeves. She seemed rather paler than when I last saw her in New York, but somewhat stouter. The music of Marguerite she sang as she had never before sung it in public. Her execution is, if possible, finer than it was when she was last heard in America, and on Saturday she seemed to have overcome for the time that coldness which formerly characterized all her work. Those who have said she never was in such voice as at present are unquestionably right.

.....The curious enterprise is being conducted in New Jersey of grinding up worn out India rubber overshoes to make what is called stock. This material is brought here in barrels and is pressed by the manufacturers into new India rubber goods. A thin coating of fresh rubber varnish makes them look quite equal to articles of the best quality, but they are said to have an outrageous lack of durability.

—Those in search of the latest novelties in photography should pay a visit to the establishment of J. H. Lemaître & Co., 324 Yonge street, two doors north of Edward. Their extra rapid process is a perfect success and so quick in its action as to produce in the dullest weather, negatives of the highest delicacy and quality. Cabinets $3 per dozen; tablets, $5 per dozen.

AROUND THE WORLD.

.....Of 920,177 children born in France in 1880 68,227 were illegitimate.

.....Ambroise Thomas, the composer is a taciturn dyspeptic, and angular man.

.....Mr. Bradlaugh says that a committee in Philadelphia has offered to pay him $10,000 in advance for lectures.

.....A Swiss experimenter is reported to have manufactured artificial mother of pearl which cannot be distinguished from the genuine.

.....Differences of opinion between Lord Rowton and Sir Philip Rose, Beaconsfield's literary executors, delay the publication of his memoirs.

.....It has been an intensely cold spring in Austria and the Tyrol, and 30 to 50 per cent loss is feared in Austrian and Hungarian wine districts.

.....The Figaro attributes to Prince Victor Napoleon, now studying German at Heidelberg, a passion for military works as great as others have for novels.

....Mr. Bass, the brewer, refused a baronetcy, but his son has accepted one. His rival, Alsopp, was baroneted by Beaconsfield, but the beer tastes no better.

.....Sir Fowell Buxton has been taking a lot of Norfolk farmers on an agricultural tour in Holland. The average crop of wheat per acre there is said to be the heaviest in the world.

.....For several years Mr. Labouchere has written that the use of German beer in London might aid in decreasing drunkenness in that city. He defies any one to intoxicate himself with it.

....A French millionare, in order to encourage population, has left annual prizes of $1200, $800 and $600 to the mothers of the largest families in Paris, with preference to the poorest in cases of equality.

.....Generals Grant and Sheridan have written to the chairman of the committee of arrangements that they will attend the annual reunion of the army of the Potomac, in Detroit, on June 14 and 15.

.....A certain princess who has been living of late in the Champs Elysees, Paris, has eloped, like the young lady in Sheridan's play, with her own footman. Her husband reached the station just in time to see them glide out of it.

....The house in London in which Milton wrote the greater part of "Paradise Lost," 19 York street, Westminster, has been almost wholly pulled down, but the front door and its adjacent parts are still left to serve the purpose of a boarding.

.....The deaths in France in 1880 were 857,337, and the marriages 279,035. Compared with 1879 this shows a decrease of 3471 in marriages, with an increase of 18,455 in deaths. The year's augmentation of population was 61,840, as compared with 96,647 in 1879.

.....Marseilles's claim to Eugenie's palace rests on the municipality having granted the land (the Napoleons built and maintained the palace, which is not claimed by Marseilles] without due authorization. The palace stands on a cliff overlooking the Mediterranean amid fine grounds.

.....It is thought wonderful that Bernhardt had not the frugal inspiration of making a dramatic marriage of it, and charging a guinea or two per head. Had she done so, she would have filled St. George's, Hanover square, and taken two or three thousand pounds at the doors to eke out the honeymoon withal.

.....The work of widening the famous Magdalen bridge, at Oxford, England, is already in progress. The extent of the enlargement will be about twenty feet on what is known as Botanical gardens side, so that the side facing southwest, in which lies the chief beauty of the structure, will remain uninjured.

.....A great scandal is reported to have just occurred at the English court. A nobleman, who occupies a high position in society, has eloped with a lady officially attached to one of the princesses, who is a wife and a mother. The affair has naturally created a sensation in the circle in which the parties move.

.....An Italian, a model, named Tasso, has been arrested in Paris for stealing three pictures of M. Meissonier, which he offered to the engraver Goupil at a price so much below their value as to excite suspicion. He has confessed that some time back he stole from M. Meissonier two other pictures, which he succeeded in selling, and lost the proceeds at Monaco.

.....Grass is said to grow luxuriantly in Waldeck's capital, Arolsen; there are no railroads within the principality, and the post chaises are of the style of fifty years ago. There was quite an interesting scene on the morning when the Duchess of Albany left her childhood's home. The royal family are very much beloved, and the whole town turned out to bid good-bye to their pet, Princess Helen.

According to the New Remedies, a root is found in the mountainous regions of California, Oregon, Utah and Montana which, if all that is stated of it is true, bids fair to become somewhat of a rival to quinine. The miners, who call it "Oregon grape root" (berberis aquifolium), use it in the form of a decoction for "mountain fever." It is reported by them to be effective in this form of malaria, and to break up its recurrences.

....Dr. Schliemann has been excavating in the Troad about the cairns or tumuli of Achilles and Patroclus. During the first three days' excavations in the mound of Achilles he found earthenware fragments which, he believes, date from the Homeric age, though he has not been equally successful with the tomb of Patroclus. After ending his researches in these two cairns the doctor intends to apply himself with equal zeal to the cair of Protesilaus.

.....Chief Engineer George W. Melville, who is making the hazardous and almost hopeless search for the missing boat and party of the Jeannette under command of Lieutenant Chipp, is a man of very striking appearance. He was born in New York, and in his young days his family was well known among the old Knickerbockers. He is a heavy-built man, weighing about 190 pounds, and is about five feet eleven inches in height. Of large and powerful frame, he is of light complexion, and has bright, piercing blue eyes. He is supple, and a skilful athlete. When he returned from the Arctic in the Tigress, in November, 1873, he visited the engineer's office in the Navy yard, and when met by his brother officers the natural question was asked, "Well, George, how do you feel?" He answered, "As bright as a new uniform, and I never felt better"; and to prove his assertion turned a hand-spring without the least difficulty. When serving his time in the machine shop he could do more work in the same time than any other man, and when passing through the shop if he met an obstruction no higher than his shoulders he would jump over it with the greatest ease.

MONEY AND TRADE

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Toronto Stock Market.

TORONTO, May 16.—Banks—Montreal buyers 214½, transactions 12 at 214, xd, 210½ and 209½. Ontario 68½ and 68, trans 8 at 68, 88 at 68, 121 at 68, 3 at 68. Toronto 186 and 185½, trans 50 at 186, 50 at 185½. Merchants 134½ and 133½. Commerce, 150½ and 150, trans 50 at 150, 20 at 150, Imperial 139½ and 139, trans 45 at 139. Federal 171 and 170½, trans 60 at 171, 10 170½. Dominion 214½ and 214, trans 20 at 214, 20, 40, 60, 100, 86, 60 at 214½. Standard 119½ and 118, Hamilton sellers 128, Western Assurance 182½ and 181, Consumers Gas 155 and 154½, trans 6 at 154½, Dominion Telegraph Company sellers 96, Montreal do., 135 and 133½, trans 50 at 132½, 20 at 133, 50 at 133½, 250 at 134½, 100 at 133½. Canada Permanent sellers 245, trans 5 at 237. Union 133½ and 132, Canada Landed Credit Company, 130 and 128, Building and Loan Association 107 and 106½. Imperial S. & Invest. Co. sellers 113, trans 5 at 112½. Farmers' Loan and Savings, sellers 128, National Investment, buyers 110, Peoples' Loan, buyers 112½. Real Estate Loan and Debenture Company, sellers 100, The Land Security Company, buyers 145, Manitoba Loan Company 127 and 125, Huron and Erie buyers 161. Brant Loan and Savings Society 105 and 103½, British Canadian Loan and Investment Company, buyers 104, Agricultural Loan and Savings Co. buyers 121, Provident Loan, 120 and 116.

Montreal Stock Market.

MONTREAL May 15—*Closing Board.* Banks—Montreal 214½ and 213½, xdiv 210 and 209, Ontario Bank 68½ and 68, Bauque du Peuple, offered 88½, Bank of Toronto asked 181½, Banque Jacques Cartier 125 and 123. Merchants' Bank offered 133½, xdiv 131½ and 131, Bank of Commerce 150½ and 150½. Montreal Telegraph Company 134½and 134½, sales 400 at 134½, Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company 70 and 69½, sales 380 at 70, City Passenger railway 147 and 146, Montreal Gas Company 174 and 173½, sales 50 at 173½, 175 at 174, Dundas Cotton Company offered 127.

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Cheese Market

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., May 15.—Cheese—Sales of factory cheese to-day 4600 boxes at 8c to 10½c, 512 boxes of farm dairy at 8c to 10½c. Butter—160 packages sold at 24c to 27c.

Grain and Produce.

TORONTO, May 15.—CALL BOARD.—No. 2 fall and No. 3 spring wheat each offered at $1 34, with $1 28 bid. Five cars of oats to arrive, offered at 50c, with 49c bid on spot.

The receipts of grain on the street show an increase and prices are easier. Some 300 bushels of fall wheat offered and sold at $1 28 to $1 29. 100 bushels of spring at $1 32 and $1 35, and 100 bushels of goose at $1 13. Barley sold at 82c to 86c for about 200 bushels. One load of oats brought 50c. Hay in good supply and firm, with sales of 35 loads at $11 to $14 for clover and at $14 to $15 50 for timothy. Straw firm with sales of five loads at $9 each. Butter and eggs unchanged. We quote:

Wheat, fall	$1 27 to $1 28	Lettuce doz..	0 15 to 0 50
do spring	1 32 to 1 35	Rhubarb dz..	0 50 to 0 60
do goose..	1 12 b.	1 15 Radishes	0 25 to 0 60
Barley	0 82 to 0 86	Asparagus doz	60 to 0 85
Oats	0 49 to 0 51	Beans, bu ...	2 90 to 3 30
Peas	0 85 to 0 91	Onions, doz..	0 10 to 0 12
Rye	0 82 to 0 85	Cauliflr, doz..	0 00 to 0 00
Clover seed	4 90 to 5 10	Chickens, pair	0 75 to 0 85
Timo'hy sd qrs	8 50 to 10 00	Fowls, pair,..	0 75 to 0 00
do fore qrs	7 00 to 8 00	Ducks, brace	0 00 to 0 00
Mutton....	10 00 to 11 00	Partridge "	0 00 to 0 00
" carc	0 00 to 0 00	Geese	0 00 to 0 00
Lamb.....	13 00 to 14 00	Turkeys	1 25 to 2 50
Veal.....	Chr 7 50 to 8 75	Butter, lb. rlls	0 17 to 0 20
Hogs, 100 lbs	9 50 to 10 00	do dairy ..	0 16 to 0 18
Beets, bag...	0 70 to 0 80	Eggs, fresh ..	0 16 to 0 17
Carrots, bag	0 70 to 0 80	Wool, per lb ..	0 20 to 0 21
Parsnips, bg	0 90 to 1 05	Hay	11 00 to 15 50
Potatoes, bg	1 40 to 1 50	Straw.....	9 00 to 9 50
Apples, brl	3 00 to 5 00		

MONTREAL, May 15—Flour, receipts 4300; market quiet, firm. Quotations—Flour, superior, $6 40, extra $6 25, spring extra, $6 10, superfine $5 75, strong bakers $8 00, fine $5 10, middlings $4 10, pollards $3 75, Ontario bags $3 00, city bags $4 00 wheat, red, $1 47, white $1 38, spring $1 42, corn 93c, peas per 60 lbs $1 00, oats 43c, barley 70c, rye 90c, oatmeal $5 10, cornmeal $4 00, butter, western, 15c to 17c, eastern township, 20c to 22c, Brockville and Morrisburg, 18c to 22c, cream 25c to 34c, cheese 11c to 13c, pork $21 00 to $22 00, lard $14 00 to $15 00, bacon 13c to 14c, hams 13c to 14c, ashes, pots, $5 00 to $5 20, pearls nominal.

BEERBOHM SAYS:—"London, May 15.—Floating cargoes—Wheat steady; maize, none offering. Cargoes on passage—Wheat and maize steady. Mark Lane—Wheat quiet; maize steady. English and French country markets quiet. English weather cold for time of year. Liverpool—spot wheat weaker; maize weaker, 1d cheaper. Paris—Flour and wheat quiet."

LIVERPOOL, May 15.—Flour 10s to 12s 6d, spring wheat 9s to 10s, red winter 9s 10d to 10s 4d, white 9s 9d to 10s 0d, club 10s 0d to 10s 5d, corn, old, 6s 6d, oats 6s 6d, barley 5s 2d, peas 7s 0d, pork 84s, lard 56s 3d, bacon 52s 1d to 55s 6d, tallow 42s, cheese 60s.

TOLEDO, O., May 15.—Wheat—No 2 red $1 37 for cash, $1 36½ for May, $1 33½ for June, $1 17½ for July, $1 14½ for August, $1 13 asked for Sept., $1 12 for year. Corn No 2 76½c for cash, 76½c for May, 74½c June, 74½c to 74½c for July, 48½c for year.

DETROIT, May 15.—Wheat No 1 white $1 36½ to $1 37 for cash, $1 35½ for May, $1 33½ for June, $1 27½ for July, $1 12½ for August, $1 10½ to $1 11 for Sept., $1 09½ nominal, for year.

OSWEGO, N. Y., May 15.—Wheat steady, white state $1 41; red State $1 40. Corn steady; sales 2500 bush, yellow western at 88c. Oats scarce; No 1 state 60c. Barley quiet, No 2 Canada $1 08. Rye quiet, Canada held at 97½c in bond. Canal freights—Wheat and peas 4½c, corn and rye 4c, barley 3½c to New York. Lumber $1 75 to Albany, $2 40 to New York. Lake receipts—Corn 10,000 bush, barley 1200 bush, rye 64,000 bush, peas 16,000 bush, malt 15,000 bush, lumber 3,859,000 feet.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Cotton steady and unchanged. Flour—Receipts 17,000 brls. Spring extras strong, winters dull, 14,000. No 2, $3 to $4 20, superfine etc. $4 to $5 15, common $4 00 to $5 30, good $5 35 to $9 25, western extra, $7 25 to $8 25, extra Ohio $5 70 to $5 50 St Louis $5 20 to $9 25, Minn. extra $7 40, double extra, $8 10 to $9 60. Rye flour steady and unchanged. Cornmeal unchanged. Wheat—Receipts 169,000 bush unsettled, closing steady, sales 1,553,000 bush, including 223,000 bush spot, exports 85,000 bush, No 2 spring $1 38, No 2 red $1 45½ to $1 46, No 1 white $1 45, No 2 red May $1 45½ to $1 45¾. Rye steady at 88c to 92c. Barley firm. No 1 Canada $1 16 to $1 18 No 1 bright $1 19 to $1 20. Malt quiet. Corn—Receipts 124,000 bush higher, sales 1,011,000 bush, including 107,000 bush spot, exports 38,000 bush, No 2 85½c to 86c, yellow 91½c to 92c, No 2 May 85½c to 85¾c. Oats—Receipts 38,000 bush, better, sales 488,000 bush, mixed 60c to 65c, white 62c to 68c No 2 May 62½c to 62c. Grain in store—Wheat 11500 bush, rye 112,000 bush, corn 181,000, oats 244,000 bush, malt 128,000 bush. Hay firm at 70c to 75c. Hops firm. Coffee higher, Rio 9¾c to 11½c. Sugar firmer, standard A 9¼c to 9 3-16, cut loaf 10½c, crushed 10½c. Molasses steady. Rice unchanged. Petroleum firm, crude 6¾c to 7¾c, refined 7½c bid. Tallow firm at 17½c to 17¾c. Potatoes steady, peerless $2 75 to $3, rose $3 50 to $3 75. Eggs firm at 20½c. Pork stronger new mess $19 25. Beef firm, cut meats firm, pickled shoulders $10, hams $13½c to 13¾, pickled bellies $10½ to $11, middles firm, long clear 11½c, short 11½c. Lard strong at $11 65. Butter unchanged and dull. Cheese weak, new 6c to 11½c, old 5c to 12½c

CHICAGO, May 15.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat higher, No 2 spring at $1 24 to $1 24½ cash and May. Corn lower at 76½c cash, 76½c to 76½ for May. Oats lower at 53c cash, 52½c for May. Rye firmer at 73½c. Barley steady at $1 05. Pork higher at $19 05 to $19 10 cash, $19 07½ to $19 10 for June. Lard higher at $11 40 to $11 42½ cash, $11 42½ to $11 45 for June. Bulk meats strong, shoulders $8 25, short rib at $11 20, short clear at $11 60. Whisky higher at $1 16. Freights—Corn to Buffalo 2c. Receipts—Flour 9000 brls, wheat 3000 bush, corn 136,000 bush, oats 48,000 bush, rye 7000 bush, barley 0000 bush. Shipments—Flour 14,000 brls, wheat 35,000 bush, corn 62,000 bush, oats 40,000 bush, rye 6500 bush barley 4000 bush.

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☞ Night soil removed from all parts of the city at reasonable rates. 246

SANITARY.

The Excelsior Odorless Excavating Company, with their new and improved apparatus (awarded First Prize at the Centennial Exhibition), are prepared to execute orders for removal of night soil in a more satisfactory manner than any other firm in the Dominion. Head office, 9 Adelaide street east. Yorkville office, J. Alberry, saddler, opposite Severn's Brewery. S. W. MARCHMENT & CO., 246 Authorized City Contractor.

STEAM DYEING

J. EYRES & SONS,

From Pullar & Sons, Perth, Scotland DYERS TO THE QUEEN.

STEAM DYE WORKS

329 YONGE STREET, TORONTO, ONT.

Branch Office Leader Lane, off King street East

Silk and Woollen Dyers, Scourers, &c

Gents' clothing, kid gloves and feathers a specialty Silks, velvets, damasks, repps, shawls, table covers and waterproofs, lustres. Moiroes cleaned, dyed and pressed.

Toronto exhibition, 1879, awarded first extra prize for dyeing silks, etc. 1880, diploma—highest award possible. 246

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

INTERNATIONAL

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

CANADIAN DEPARTMENT.

OFFICES:

112½ King Street West,

TORONTO, ONTARIO.

WITH ITS ASSOCIATE OFFICES IN ALL important cities is now open and prepared to furnish employers with competent assistants in every branch of business and profession, and all persons with situations and employment. Principal U. S. Branch Offices: New York, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, St. Louis. Call and see us or send circular.

INTERNATIONAL EMPLOYMENT BUREAU

112½ King Street, West,

tf Toronto, Ontari

NOTICE

TEMPERANCE

COLONIZATION SOCIETY.

The committee appointed by the subscribers to the second and last third, wish to intimate that they are proceeding to an arrangement with the directorate, (but no result has been arrived at yet), which will be submitted to subscribers at a meeting to be called at an early date.

GEO. A. SHAW, ARCH. J. SINCLAIR,

Chairman. Secretary.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the TORONTO SILVER PLATE COMPANY will within one month make application to the city council for exemption from taxation under the resolution referring to new industries.

J. A. WATTS, President.

Toronto 8th May, 1882.

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS FOR COAL.

FOR THE

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS OF ONTARIO, FOR 1882.

The Treasurer for the Province of Ontario will receive tenders addressed to him at the Parliament buildings, Toronto, and endorsed "Tenders for Coal," up to noon of

Wednesday, May 17, 1882.

for the delivery of the following quantities of coal in the sheds of the institutions named, on or before the 1st July 1882 (except at the institutions for the deaf and dumb and the blind, where delivery is not to be commenced until 1st August), viz:—

Asylum for the Insane, Toronto.

Hard coal, 900 tons large egg size, and 175 tons stove size. Soft coal, 400 tons.

Central Prison, Toronto.

Hard coal, 400 tons small egg size, 25 tons chestnut size, and 35 tons stove size.

Reformatory for Females, Toronto.

Hard coal, 100 tons stove size. Soft coal, 500 tons.

Asylum for the Insane, London.

Hard coal, 200 tons large egg size, and 60 tons chestnut size. Soft coal, 1,250 tons, for steam purposes, and 150 tons for grates.

Asylum for the Insane, Kingston.

Hard coal, 800 tons large egg size and 10 tons chestnut size. Soft coal, 300 tons.

Asylum for the Insane, Hamilton.

Hard coal, 88 tons stove size and 25 tons chestnut size. Soft coal, 1100 tons for steam purposes and 100 tons for grates. N. B.—200 tons of the steam coal to be delivered at the pumping house.

Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville.

Hard coal, 60 tons large egg size and 20 tons stove size. Soft coal, 600 tons

Institution for the Blind, Brantford.

Hard coal, 400 tons large egg size and 200 tons stove size.

Agricultural College, Guelph.

Hard coal, 275 tons large egg size and 50 tons stove size. Soft coal, 80 tons for steam purposes, and 20 tons for grates.

The hard coal to be Pittston, Scranton or Lehigh. Tenderers are to name the mine or mines from which it is proposed to take the soft coal, and to designate the quality of the same, and if required, to produce satisfactory evidence that the coal delivered is true to name. All coal to be delivered in a manner satisfactory to the authorities of the respective institutions.

Tenders will be received for the whole supply specified or for the quantities required in each institution. An accepted check for $500 payable to the order of the Treasurer of Ontario must accompany each tender as a guarantee of its bona fides, and two sufficient sureties will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract. Specifications and forms and conditions of tender are to be obtained from the Bursars of the institutions.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted

S. C. WOOD,

Treasurer of Ontario.

Parliament Buildings, Toronto, May 1 1882.

AUCTIONEER

AUCTION CIRCULAR.

PETER RYAN,

(Successor to Sutherland & Co.)

Financial Agent, Trade Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

29 Front street West, Toronto.

Arrangements have been made which will enable me to extend the business to which I have succeeded by undertaking in addition to the

Ordinary Trade Sales

Sales by Auction of Every Description of Property and Effects.

TRUSTEES, AGENTS, AND OWNERS OF

REAL ESTATE

having the same to sell by auction will have their property well placed on the market, the sales well conducted, and a moderate scale of charges.

Bank and railway shares and bonds, municipal debentures, mining, building and loan society stocks manufacturing company's shares, vessel property, machinery, and plant of every description sold by auction at any time or place.

PETER RYAN,

Trade Auctioneer and Financial Agent.

EDUCATIONAL

Toronto Elocution Society,

Applications from ladies and gentlemen for admission to above society will be received by the undersigned till the 10th May next.

MEMBERSHIP LIMITED.

T. B. BROWNING, M.A., R. LEWIS,

134 President. Lecturer

TORONTO SCHOOL OF ELOCUTION,

118 Bond Street.

MISS CATHARINE G. LEWIS, Graduate of the Philadelphia National School of Elocution and Oratory, Teacher of Elocution in Mrs. Nixon's Ladies' School, the City Model School, &c., has resumed her professional duties. Engagements made in Public and Drawing-room Readings.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

WM. CHARLES,

CUSTOM BOOT AND SHOE MAKER

113 CHURCH STREET,

LATE

19 Adelaide Street East.

TONSORIAL.

DICK AND RUBE

Beg to inform their friends and public generally that they have removed to their spacious fitted SHAVING PARLORS, No. 22 KING STREET EAST, which have been fitted up in the most modern style, including baths, &c.

456 R. JABKSON, P.H.D.C.M.

R. CUSTALOE, T.A.F.O.C.A

OLD DOLLY VARDEN.

THE NOTED CAPTAIN JACK has opened a fine Shaving Parlor for the west end.

458 QUEEN STREET. 246

Near Denison Avenue.

BILL POSTING.

WM. TOZER,

BILL POSTER

AND

DISTRIBUTOR,

100 WOOD ST.

Orders left at Hill & Weir's will be promptly attended to

PLUMBING AND GASFITTING

J. N. O'NEIL,

PLUMBER, STEAM AND GAS FITT

109 CHURCH STREET.

Orders Personally and Promptly Attended to.

RAILWAYS.

CREDIT VALLEY RY.

CHEAP FARES

FOR

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY,

WEDNESDAY, MAY 24, 1882.

On the above date tickets will be issued at SINGLE FARE for the round trip. Tickets good on that day only.

On May 23 and 24, return tickets will be issued between all stations at 1256123

ONE AND ONE-THIRD FARE,

good to return until THURSDAY, MAY 25, inclusive

J. W. LEONARD, JAMES ROSS.

General Passenger Agent. General Supt.

Great Western Rail'y

"MANITOBA."

MAY EXCURSIONS

Via the Grand Haven Route.

THE ELEVENTH

Special Colonist Train

Will leave the Line of this Railway for Winnipeg and the North-West on

TUESDAY, MAY 16, 1882,

And will be sent via the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee and Milwaukee and Chicago, Milwaukee and St Paul Railways and connecting lines.

The Rate Will be One Dollar less than that charged via Chicago.

Passengers are carried in first class Cars, and on Fast Express time over the Great Western Railway and connecting lines.

☞ No Freight Cars are attached to these trains.

A reliable agent of the Company will accompany these special parties to Winnipeg.

For further particulars see small bills; or apply to any