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THE RUSSIAN LEFT WING REPORTED CUT OFF; JAPANESE ARE NOW MARCHING ON MUKDEN; 70,000 MEN HAVE FALLEN IN THE STRUGGLE

An Army of 260,000 Japanese Break Through the Left Flank.

Russian Government Circles Believe Kuropatkin Is Fully Beaten.

Berlin, March 4.—A dispatch to the Tageblatt from St. Petersburg says: "General Kuropatkin, in a telegram which arrived here at 7 o'clock last evening, said 260,000 Japanese had broken through the Russian left wing and that it was cut off from the remainder of the army."

At 10 o'clock came another dispatch from General Kuropatkin which read: "The Japanese are marching on Mukden. My position is extremely dangerous."

In Government circles here today there is a conviction that General Kuropatkin has been fully beaten, that part of his army has been dispersed, and that the railroad north of Mukden will probably be cut.

70,000 HAVE FALLEN

30,000 Russians and 40,000 Japs Perish in Battle.

St. Petersburg, March 4, 5 p.m. — The battle raging at the front has assumed enormous proportions. Already one of the Associated Press Russian correspondents places the Russian losses at 30,000 and those of the Japanese at 40,000. It is added that the attempt to draw a net around General Kuropatkin has not yet succeeded, but it is said that the Japanese from Sinmintin are attempting by forced marches to cut the Russian line of communications.

Pressing Northwest.

Tokio, March 4, 4:30 p.m.—An official dispatch received yesterday from the headquarters of the Japanese armies in Manchuria, says: "Many counter attacks in the direction of Hsinching have been repulsed by the Japanese.

In the direction of Bentsiaputze the Japanese pressed the enemy to his main defenses and are now engaging him.

The Japanese have captured Sunmupaotzu and the heights north of Tangchiatum, each of the Shakhe River Railroad, and have since been engaging the enemy's infantry.

About a battalion of Russians attempted to penetrate Shangwafang from the direction of Fenchiapao, but were repulsed.

Paying no attention to the enemy's defenses west of the railroad, the Japanese are pressing northwest. Part of the Japanese force dislodged the enemy from Tamintum and Sinmintin. The Japanese at the latter place captured a quantity of provisions.

Gaotu Pass Evacuated.

St. Petersburg, March 4. — General Kuropatkin reports that the Russians have been compelled to evacuate their position at Gaotu Pass.

Gen. Kuroki's Headquarters in the Field, Via Fusan, Friday, March 3. — (Delayed in transmission).—The hotly-contested engagement waged since midnight across the Shakhe River from Witosan is still proceeding late this afternoon under conditions entailing great hardships upon the attacking force, and favoring those defending the entrenchments. A large Japanese contingent, which crossed the plain directly west of Witosan in darkness, succeeded in gaining the first line of the Russian trenches to the great astonishment of the Russians.

The Russians have since been making a fierce resistance in the second line of trenches on the summits of the foothills, and the Japanese are attacking them spiritedly.

The night was bitterly cold and today it is freezing and a thin film of snow covers the earth. The Japanese are obliged to wear the heaviest clothing, which, with the cold and continuing snow flurries handicaps them.

General Kuroki's Headquarters in the Field, via Fusan, March 4.—The Russian artillery kept up a heavy fire on the Japanese guns most of the day, and also fired shrapnel at the attacking forces. The Japanese are gathered on the slopes so close to the Russian trenches that in some places their artillery cannot give the best support. It is believed that the Japanese attack will succeed.

Vladivostock, March 4. — Two thousand Japanese troops have landed at Shengudshin, northward of Korea, to which place they were conveyed by steamers from warships. A flotilla of torpedo boats covered the landing.

Poutiloff Hill Carried.

Tokio, March 4. — A dispatch from Gen. Nogi's headquarters says the Japanese have finally succeeded in capturing Poutiloff Hill.

Tokio, March 4. — 4 p.m. — It was announced today from the headquarters of the Japanese armies in Manchuria that the fighting on the right, center and left is resulting in steady Japanese gains.

The Japanese, it is added, have defeated the Russians at Sinmintin.

New Chwang, Manchuria, 3:10 p.m., via Tien Tsin. — The Japanese have occupied the first Russian station east of the Liao River. The Mukden trail is closed and persons who have invested thousands of dollars in contraband goods are threatened with bankruptcy.

It is reported that there is a large Russian force at the second station east of the Liao.

St. Petersburg, March 4. — All the new rolling stock, which includes 445 locomotives and 173 cars, just delivered, will be employed to reinforce the main Siberian line, instead of being utilized in general commercial traffic as had been intended. The minister of communications has been obliged to order 15,000 more cars for the various lines in the empire.

A FESTAL DAY AT WASHINGTON

Most Brilliant Pageantry at the Inauguration of President and Vice-President.

Washington, March 4. — Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, and Charles Warren Fairbanks, of Indiana, were today inaugurated, respectively, President and Vice-President of the United States. A few months ago they were elected with the gratest popular acclaim ever accorded candidates by the electorate of this republic. Today the verdict of the American people rendered on Nov. 8 was confirmed in the presence of such a throng as the national capital rarely has witnessed,and with a setting of brilliant pageantry.

The inauguration of President Roosevelt was made a festal ceremony in Washington. The city is a symphony in color. The decorations throughout the city are more elaborate and beautiful than on the occasion of any previous presidential inauguration. Twice as many flags have been used this year as ever were used before, and the splendor of the scheme adopted for the city's adornment never has been surpassed.

HOLDS KING TO LAW

Mayor Rules That Alfonso's Auto Exceeds Speed Limit.

Madrid, March 4. — King Alfonso's automobile was damaged by an electric car recently and a suit was instituted against the railway company for damages. The case was heard by the local mayor of the district, who turned the tables on the plaintiff, holding that the automobile was to blame.

Acting upon various informations the mayor formulated an indictment declaring that the King's automobiles habitually violated the speed regulations, do not carry the distinguishing tablet required by law, and never paid the automobile tax.

The indictment was sent to the mayor of Madrid, whose action is awaited with curiosity. It is stated that the Government is indignant because of the local mayor's action, and has hinted that he had better resign. This he refuses to do, on the ground that it is his duty to enforce the law, to which the King is as amenable as anybody.

MYSTERY MAY BE CLEARED UP

Man in Jail at Grand Rapids for Murder May Be Miss Davidson's Assailant.

A letter received by Chief of Police Williams this morning from a resident of a Michigan city recalls the criminal assault committed on Miss Davidson, of Parkhill, several months ago.

The writer, who is interested in police work, has been following the case through the press, and the circumstances surrounding the arrest of a criminal in Grand Rapids for murder led him to compare the facts of the two cases. It appears that the man, after committing the murder, headed east, and was finally captured in New York State. When caught he had, besides an old bullet wound, another scar on his face, which appeared as if it might have been caused by a person's teeth. Miss Davidson's assailant wore boots with straps on them, and the man who was arrested for the murder wore boots of the same description, but the straps had been cut off. The writer is for other reasons convinced that the man arrested for the murder is also Miss Davidson's assailant. He sent a newspaper portrait of the man, which was slightly blurred, and promised to send a photograph, as soon as he can secure it. Chief Willilams states that should he receive the picture, he will have it shown to Miss Davidson, and there is a strong chance that the mystery may be cleared up.

License Commissioners.

Toronto, March 4. — The Ontario Gazette announces the appointment of license commissioners for 29 constituencies out of 101, the appointments including the following: North Perth, John Read, W. J. Cleland, Philip Siebert; South Wellington, Peter Anderson, H. J. B. Leadley, James O'Brien; South Huron, P. Douglas, W. Delbridge, Joseph Carming; South Norfolk, R. Y. Mabee, George Cruise, Jos. Collinson; St. Catherines, J. D. Chaplin, H. Wise, M. Y. Keating; Lincoln, P. Adams, W. F. Miley, I. Jarvis; South Waterloo, D. Murray, C. W. Christner, J. B. Hagey.

LIBERALS CARRY ANOTHER SEAT

Buteshire, Formerly Unionist, Turns Over to British Opposition.

London, March 4.—The Liberals captured a seat as a result of the bye-election in Buteshire yesterday, when Norman Lamont secured a majority of 34 over the Unionist candidate, Edward T. Salvesen, the Solicitor-General for Scotland. The election was due to the elevation of Andrew Graham Murray to the peerage on his appointment to a judgeship.

$1,000,000 Coal Fire.

South Shields, England, March 4.—Fire last night at the coal landings on the north bank of the Tyne caused damage to the amount of $1,000,000.

Battleships Aground.

Korsoer, Denmark, March 4. — The German battleships Mecklenburg and Wittlesback grounded today off Hatten Reef, east of Samsoe Island. The Wittlesbach was refloated but the Mecklenburg remains fast.

Punished the Students.

St. Petersburg, March 4.—Imperial censure has been administered to the University of St. Petersburg in consequence of the disturbances of Feb. 20, when the Emperor's portrait was destroyed. The rector has been reprimanded and all the students have been rusticated, but were granted permission to petition for re-admission.

FRENCH ORDER HERE

Missionaries of the Holy Ghost Will Settle in Wright County.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, March 4. — The Agricultural and Industrial Corporation of the Missionaries of the Holy Ghost of France has been incorporated in Canada. This order has purchased property of late in Wright County on the Gatineau. The amount of incorporation is $100,000.

ORE DOCKS COLLAPSE

Several Reported Killed in Accident in West Duluth.

Superior, Wis., March 4.—The ore docks at West Duluth, the second largest in the world, have collapsed, and several persons are reported killed. All available ambulances are hurrying to the scene.

BACK FROM ANTARCTIC

The Charcot Expedition Reported as Having Turned Up.

Buenos Ayres, March 4. — A telegram to the Standard newspaper announces that the Antarctic ship Le Francais, with the entire Charcot expedition, has arrived at Puerto Madrin, Argentine. There is no official confirmation of the news.

WESTERN WHEAT CROP

Nearly Seven Million Bushels Are Not Yet Marketed.

Winnipeg, Man., March 4.—According to a statement issued by Frank R. Fowler, secretary of the Northwest Association, there is yet to come forward 8,907,190 bushels of last year's wheat crop of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. After allowing for seed and for the amount which it is estimated will be required by the country mills for grinding. The total amount of wheat marketed to date is 35,950,000. The details of Mr. Fowler's statement, showing the wheat situation on March 1 are as follows: Estimated yield, 59,857,190 bushels; inspected to date, 28,750,000; in store at country points, 6,750,000; marketed at Winnipeg, 200,000; in transit, not inspected, 250,000; total marketed, 35,950,000; allowed for seed, 8,000,000; allowed for country mills, 7,000,000; total, 50,950,000; balance to market, 8,907,190.

Expert Shooter Gone.

Chatham, March 4. — Thomas Nichol, one of the best-known marksmen of Ontario, and for 40 years a resident and gunsmith, is dead. He was in his 83rd year, and had won a great many cups put up for shooters in Kent and Lambton Counties. He is survived by a widow and several grown-up children.

MORE TUNNEL TALK

G. T. R., C. P. R., Marquette and Wabash May Unite to Build.

Detroit, Mich., March 4. — It is quite possible that unless a change of sentiment occurs the Grand Trunk, Canadian Pacific, Pere Marquette and probably Wabash, will unite to build another tunnel or a bridge. It is definitely announced that the Michigan Central will build a tunnel, but as a prominent railway man here expresses it, the tunnel should be an international project, so constituted that all roads would have the use of it on the same conditions. If all the roads use the Michigan Central tunnel the Michigan Central, with the heavy traffic at the point, would soon own the tunnel, at no cost to itself, the cost having been paid for by tolls by the other railroads.

TO HELP TEACHERS

MacDonald Plans to Aid Those in the Rural Districts.

Montreal, Que., March 4. — Sir William Macdonald, accompanied by Prof. Robertson, met Hon. Sydney Fisher and members of the Protestant council of public instruction in this city today in reference to the carrying out of the plans, which Sir William has in view respecting financial aid to elementary education. Very little in reference thereto has yet been made public, but it is known that the idea is to better fit teachers in rural districts for educating along the lines most needful to the young men who are to become farmers.

MARTIN MUST DIE

No Hope Entertained of Baby-Murderer Escaping the Gallows.

Toronto, March 3.—Alexander Martin, the man condemned to be hanged one week from today for the murder of his infant child, has been informed by Rev. Mr. Heathcote, his spiritual adviser, that there is positively no hope for the exercise of executive clemency, and the death watch has been set. Martin is in a big cell, and his actions are watched night and day by a turnkey in the apartment with him. Sheriff Mowat is communicating with the department at Ottawa with a view to securing the services of Radcliffe, the official hangman.

New Whaling Company.

Ottawa, March 4. — The Gulf Whaling Company is the name of the company of Montreal capitalists formed to engage in whaling with a capital of $295,000.

His Maiden Speech.

London, March 4.—An interesting incident of yesterday's sitting of the House of Commons was the promising maiden speech of Viscount Turnour, who is not yet 21 years of age. He was warmly congratulated by many members, including Sir Edward Grey, who complimented him on sharing the record with the boy premier, William Pitt.

RUSSIAN PEOPLE TO HAVE A VOICE IN GOVERNMENT

Czar Issues a Decree Permitting Them to Assist in the Framing of the Laws.

MOVE MAY PAVE THE WAY FOR A CONSTITUTION

St. Petersburg, March 3. — In the Alexandria Palace at Tsarskoe-Selo, surrounded by the ministers and a few members of the court and the Empress at his side, Emperor Nicholas today affixed his signature to a rescript containing his majesty's decree to give elected representatives of the people an opportunity to express their views in the preparation of the laws of the empire. This is the autocracy's final response to the agitation in favor of participation by the people in the government, which has brought Russia in the last few months almost to the brink of revolution. Its import must not be misunderstood. For the present, at least, it involves no change in the regime of autocracy, and it means neither a constitution nor a national assembly. At the same time it recognizes the principle of the people's right to be heard regarding laws under which they must live. Whatever the result may be, the document is sure to mark an epoch in Russian history as important, if not more important, than the signing of the emancipation manifesto, the 24th anniversary of which it was intended to signalize. The signing of the document came at the end of a dramatic scene, the climax of which was an impassioned speech by Emperor Nicholas to his ministers, in which he declared that he sought only the welfare of his subjects.

"I am willing," the Emperor said, "to shed my blood for the good of my people."

From the lips of a high personage, who was present when the rescript was signed, the Associated Press is able to give this authoritative statement: "The action of the Emperor is not a step toward, but the actual grant to the people of the means whereby their duly elected representatives can place before his majesty their views upon every important measure affecting them and recommended by the Council of the Empire. Moreover, if you will read the rescript carefully, you will see that it contains a distinct promise of something more in the future. Its small beginning will not involve the surrender of the principle of the autocracy now. What it may evolve in the future only the future can determine. We do not expect that it will meet the wishes of radicals and extremists of any class; nothing would satisfy them but the complete overthrow of the existing regime. We do hope, however, that after mature deliberation it will meet with the approval of moderate men who are sincere well-wishers of the country. The manifesto and rescript must be read together. To Americans the former doubtless will appear as a strange medieval document; but it must be remembered that it is the Emperor's word to his people in every condition of life, scattered from the White Sea to the Black Sea, and from the frontiers of Germany to the Pacific. It will be read in every church in every hamlet of the empire. It is a personal appeal to the people to support the Government in its hour of trial, and should be read in that light. The rescript, on the other hand, is addressed to the Minister of the Interior. Under the Russian law only nobles have the right to address memorials to his majesty in person. All other classes must communicate through the Minister of the Interior. The rescript, therefore, must be regarded as his majesty's reply to the vast number of addresses adopted by zemstvos, municipalities, educational, commercial and professional associations, and even communes."

The Rescript in Detail.

Following is the text of the rescript:

"True to the ancient custom of the Russian people of the expression of its feelings to the throne in days of joy or sorrow for the fatherland, the nobility, Zemstvo assemblists, commercial associations and peasant communities have offered from all parts of Russia congratulations on the birth of the heir to the throne with the expressions of their willingness to sacrifice their fortunes for the successful termination of the war, and to devote all their strength to the establishment of order in the state. In my own name, and in that of her majesty, I order you to convey to them our hearty thanks for the expression of their loyal feeling, which in the present very grave times is all the more pleasing as an expression of their willingness, at my call, to co-operate in the successful execution of the reforms announced by me, and is entirely in accordance with the wishes of my heart. My desire is to attain the fulfillment of my intentions for the welfare of my people by means of the co-operation of the Government with experienced forces of the community, and, continuing the work of my crowned ancestors, to retain the prestige of the Russian nation undiminished, and to maintain order therein. I am resolved henceforth, with the help of God, to convene the worthiest men, possessing the confidence of the people and elected by them, to participate in the elaboration and consideration of legislative measures. Taking into consideration the peculiar circumstances of the fatherland, the multiplicity of its races, and, in certain parts of the country, the weak development of citizenship, Russian rulers in their wisdom instituted reforms in accordance with their mature requirements, but only in logical sequence at the same time, considering the continuation of firm historical ties with the past as pledge for the durability and stability of the present. In undertaking these reforms, I am convinced that local needs and experiences of life, well weighed, and sincere speech of those elected will insure fruitfulness to legislation for the real benefit of the people. At the same time I foresee all the complexity and difficulty presented in the elaboration of this reform while preserving absolutely the immutability of the fundamental laws of the empire. I have confidence in your long administrative experience, and value your tranquil assurance in approbation if a special conference to meet under your presidency to consider means to accomplish this my will. May God bless this good beginning. May God help you successfully to secure the welfare of the people confided to me by God. (Signed) Nicholas."

CALL IT RUSSIA'S HAPPIEST HOUR.

St. Petersburg, March 4.—The imperial rescript announcing that Emperor Nicholas had decided to convene an assembly of elected representatives of the people to elaborate and consider legislation, has produced a wonderful impression. The war and the battle below Mukden are forgotten. The rescript is hailed by many as a second emancipation proclaimed on the anniversary of the first, the Novoe Vremya characterizing it as marking Russia's happiest hour. The Liberals are amazed, and in the flush of enthusiasm are reading in it a recognition of the elective principle and the complete surrender of autocracy, but discriminating people while regarding it as a great victory, realize that all will depend on the manner in which the reform is carried out.

WILL NOT RESIGN SEAT AT COUNCIL

Ald. Wyatt's Friends Think He Will Cling to His Aldermanic Chair.

If Ald. Wyatt should carry out the intention he is credited with by the Free Press—that of resigning on Monday night—he will merely make room for Mr. Richard A. Bayly, who was thirteenth in the race for aldermanic honors, and who, according to the law, must be called upon to fill any vacancy that may occur in the council. But those who know Ald. Wyatt have no fear that he will resign. In fact he is credited with being prompted to this grandstand play against the mayor by Mr. Beck, who no doubt squirms as his municipal record is laid bare. He is openly accused in some quarters of suggesting this means of drawing a herring across the trail. "It is the voice of Jacob, but the hand of Esau."

Many people express themselves as greatly surprised that either ex-Mayor Beck or Ald. Wyatt should seek to have the overdraft of last year discussed, and the suggestion is put forth that if Ald. Wyatt, as chairman of the board of works, had not spent so much money in front of ex-Mayor Beck's premises and his own premises, on fancy broken stone roads, there would have been no overdraft last year, or the year previous.

In accusing Mayor Campbell and the five Liberal aldermen of running the council and defeating the wishes of the Tory majority, the Free Press reflects greatly upon the class of men in the Conservative ranks. But the organ knows full well that what it says is not true, and it is only squeaking when the powers that he pull the string.

Public Funeral for Clarke.

Toronto, March 4. — The board of control is today making arrangments for a public funeral for the late E. F. Clarke. The funeral will take place on Monday, the body will lie in state for an hour in the Reformed Episcopal Church.

BUILDING UP THE I. C. R.

$1,000,000 for the Terminal Facilities at Halifax.

Ottawa, March 4.—An expenditure of $1,000,000 for terminal facilities for the Intercolonial at Halifax was foreshadowed yesterday by Hon. Mr. Emmerson, Minister of Railways, in speaking of the efforts Canada would make to build up her national ports and thus build up the empire. He said that the competition of Portland could only be met by some large works at Halifax and St. John. Mr. R. L. Borden gave some details of his experience in the snow blockade in Nova Scotia, but Mr. Emmerson was able to announce an almost complete clearance of the rails now.

THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow—Fine and Cold.

London, Saturday, March 4.

Sun rises..6:50 a.m. Moon rises..6:03 a.m.
Sun sets...6:10 p.m. Moon sets...4:51 p.m.

Toronto, March 3—8 p.m.

The very mild conditions have continued in the western portion of the Territories, but in Manitoba there has been a change to somewhat colder. Moderate temperatures have prevailed in nearly all other portions of Canada.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, zero—12; Port Simpson, 34—44; Victoria, 46—50; Kamloops, 44—66; Calgary, 32—54; Qu'Appelle, 34—38; Winnipeg, 20—36; Port Arthur, 16—26; Parry Sound, 20—34; Toronto, 20—36; Ottawa, 12—32; Montreal, 12—28; Quebec, 2—20; St. John, 12—28; Halifax, 6—32.

FORECASTS.

Today—Fresh northerly winds; fine and cold.

Sunday—Fine and cold.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	34	34	Fair
Winnipeg	22	14	Cloudy
Parry Sound	6	6	Clear
Toronto	22	22	Cloudy
Ottawa	10	10	Fair
Montreal	12	10	Fair
Quebec	10	8	Cloudy
Father Point	10	8	Cloudy

WEATHER NOTES.

During the night another pronounced cold wave moved into the Lake Superior region from the northward, bringing a return to cold weather in Ontario, together with some light snowfalls. The weather keeps very mild in the Northwest, and moderately cold in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Friday were: Highest, 35°; lowest, 18.5° above.

THE 'VARSITY INQUIRY

Professor Anderson Tells of Interviews With the President.

Toronto, March 4. — The chief witness this morning at the investigation into charges against certain members of the faculty of the University of Toronto, was Prof. Anderson, of the School of Practical Science. Prof. Anderson told of having had interviews with the Minister of Education and the president in regard to his personal grievances. Mr. Harcourt had told him that his (Anderson's) treatment was an outrage and he would speak to Mr. Loudon about it.

When Anderson next saw Mr. Loudon, the latter told him that he did not want to see his face again. Four or five other professors also gave evidence, verifying Jamieson's stories as to his interviews with them. At the conclusion of the session it was decided still further to broaden the scope of the inquiry to embrace the charges of inefficiency, and President Loudon will probably go on the stand next Saturday morning.

WEEKLY HIGH COURT

Three Motions Heard by Mr. Justice R. M. Meredith.

In the weekly high court this morning three minor cases came up before Mr. Justice Meredith.

Darch vs. Darch—Motion for an order requiring the defendant to pay plaintiff $25 per month for interim alimony. Adjourned until next sitting. Gladen & Stanbury, for plaintiff; Meredith, Judd & Meredith, for defendant.

White vs. White—Motion for an order to determine certain questions arising from the construction of the will of Richard White, deceased, and directing judgment to be entered for plaintiff, as in statement of claim, judgment to go without costs. Order granted. Meredith & Fisher for plaintiff; Meredith, Judd & Meredith for defendant.

Essery vs. McMillan — Motion for an order to confirm the report of the local master. Judgment may go for the amount of the award, with costs of the reference to be paid by plaintiff. McKillop & Murphy for plaintiff. H. B. Elliot, for defendant.

LONDON TO SARNIA VIA PETROLEA

The C. P. R. Admit That They Intend to Compete for Local Business.

Montreal, Que., March 4. — General Manager McNichol, of the C. P. R., denies that the company has any intention of acquiring any lines in Michigan, as reported, but admits that it is planning to build a line from London through Petrolea to Sarnia, for the purpose of securing the local business of that territory. A bill, now before Parliament, is practically for the purpose of acquiring such a charter.

BRYAN DREAMED OF A FIRE

It Came, and It Caused His Ohio Host Serious Loss.

East Liverpool, March 4. — In connection with the $500,000 fire in this city on Tuesday night a peculiar coincidence is related by the members of the family of Ex-Congressman George P. Ikirt, who owned one of the finest of the many buildings burned. Early in the week. W. J. Bryan, who lectured here, was the guest of Dr. Ikirt, who served with him in Congress. Mr. Bryan did not leave town until Tuesday morning, but then he told the family of a dream which had greatly impressed him. In his slumbers he had visions of a great conflagration, in which the Ikirts seemed to be great losers. He saw every one of the family in his dream, he said, and now it is recalled as being strangely like a prophecy.

A Colored Hero.

Windsor, Ont., March 4. — Ald. Watson is in communication with the Royal Canadian Humane Society, urging the association to award a medal to Chas. ("Shiner") Jackson, a colored deckhand on the ferry Victoria, who has rescued seven persons. If the coveted medal is given him Jackson will be the first colored man to receive the decoration.

Madame Dunn Dead.

Detroit, Mich., March 4. — Mdme. Margaret Dunn, a religious of the Sacred Heart, is dead after a lingering illness. Madame Dunn was born in Woodstock, Ont., 44 years ago. She was educated in the Ursuline Convent at Chatham, and in 1894 was received into the Sacred Heart Order at Kenwood Convent, Albany, N. Y. She came to Detroit five years ago, and for two years taught in the convent here, where her lovable character made her very popular.

GAYNOR, GREENE AGAIN ARRESTED

Taken From Quebec to Montreal by Detectives From Latter City.

Quebec, Que.,March 4.—Messrs. Gaynor and Green were arrested at their residence about 10 o'clock this morning by Montreal detectives. They will be taken to Montreal by C. P. R. at 3 p.m. Their lawyer, M. Alexander Taschereau, M. P. P., leaves with them by the same train.

TO SHARE THE BILL

Montreal Wants to Divide Cost of Calling Out the Militia.

Ottawa, March 3.—A Montreal deputation, composed of Ald. Vallieries, Hon. A. W. Atwater, and Mr. Ethier, city attorney; Senators Cloran and David, and H. B. Ames, M. P., waited on the Premier this afternoon, asking that the Government assume one-half the liability incurred by calling the militia at the time of the longshoremen's strike in Montreal two seasons ago. The total bill was $24,000, so this would leave $12,000 for the city to bear. The deputation acknowledged that under the terms of the militia act they had no legal grounds on which to base their plea. On the score of equity, however, they urged that the Dominion should assume part of the account because it was the harbor commissioner's property, foreign shipping, and federal interests that the militia were called on to protect. Sir Wilfrid promised his best consideration and asked the city attorney to prepart a memorial on the subject for presentation to the cabinet.

No Division for Laval.

Montreal, March 4. — Archbishop Bruchesi, who is at present in France, after having spent some time at Rome, has cabled to Vice-Rector Dauth, denying the reports concerning the separation of Laval University in Montreal from Laval of Quebec. His grace sails for Canada from Cherbourg on the 8th inst.

Marlborough Dines King.

London, March 3. — King Edward and Queen Alexandra dined with the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough in their new home, Sunderland House, in Curzon street, tonight. It was practically a house-warming. The Queen wore beautiful jewels. There were a score of guests, including Count Mensdorff and Prince and Princess Henry of Pless.