



Published by  
THE GLEANER, LIMITED  
Managing Director, JAMES H. CROCKETT  
DAILY SUBSCRIPTION RATES:  
By mail, \$4.00 per year.  
TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 1921.  
RUSSIA IN REVOLT.

Nobody can predict the outcome of the armed forces, which is now being registered against Bolshevik rule in Russia. It is not yet clear that the movement has any unifying organization behind it or is soon to get the advantage of effective leadership. But some facts are well established, and one of the most significant of them is that avowed Bolsheviks and members of the Red army are taking part in the revolt. For today the system thus attacked invites opposition alike from the men who favor "pro soviet, ism" and from those who, while compelled to bend to the yoke, inwardly reject Bolshevism and all its works.

The grievances of the former class need no magnifying. When the soviet government was established its founders, inflated by a theory, held out the lure of "golden mountains" to their worshippers. Capital was to be dethroned and labor pedestaled into prosperity; a definite guarantee was given that the workers should enjoy liberty at its fullest, Lenin's first May Day message promising "a free commune of free people." But as sovietism worked out its evil effects, communist Russia found itself in the grip of a tyranny which outdid anything experienced under czarism. Free speech was forbidden and the voting privilege nullified for all who did not endorse the official list. By and by a ukase from Moscow decreed the conscription of labor, and thenceforward no worker in Russia could call his soul his own. Hunger and famine brought the brutal card; the dissatisfied who dared to express themselves were branded as counter-revolutionists and handed over to the tender mercies of the firing squad.

Meanwhile this sovietism of practice is also riding rough-shod over the sovietism of theory for the great bulk of the Russian people, who have no sympathy with either H. G. Wells, who cannot be accused of prejudice against Bolshevism, recently reported that not more than one per cent. of Russia's population are communists, and that the organized Bolshevik party does not number more than 600,000, only 150,000 of whom are active members. Bertrand Russell, himself a radical, calls the soviet system "moribund," and Dr. L. Haden Guest, a Socialist, repudiates it for his party as "a system of violence by a minority over a majority," adding in his account: "the extraordinary commission that it is being used as a means of oppressing and tyrannizing over the people of Russia; the workers and peasants, as well as the hated bourgeoisie, in the interests of a small group of people who 'have got power into their hands.'"

As to the peasants, the backbone of Russia, every observer agrees that they are anti-Bolshevik almost to a man. They also bear the load of sovietism: treated as inferiors, they enjoy a ratio of voting power as compared with the workmen of not more than one to five; prohibited from trading under the decree forbidding so-called "speculation," they are compelled to give out corn in exchange for almost worthless paper, and for breaches of "regulation" may be "severely punished," as Lenin himself phrases it, "administratively, judicially and by military force." Revolt against conditions such as these could not be long delayed, and it may be that the "counter-revolution" so much dreaded and so much dreaded by the Bolsheviks is at last coming into its own. In any case the news from Russia tells of a battle which, "though baffled off," is sooner or later sure to be won. The very stars in their courses fight against the despotic rule of 600,000 in a country where 150,000,000 people are at home and have a right to be heard.

#### FUTURE OF EGYPT.

The report of the Milner mission to Egypt, just issued as a White Paper, at last discloses the kind of autonomy the British government is willing to grant to the Egyptian people, but without any certainty on the points still in dispute between the two. Preliminary versions of the report brought the announcement that independence had been conceded, and on that basis the grievances of the nationalists seemed to vanish into thin air. But important reservations are now seen to accompany the offer, remarks an exchange. The mission found "formidable difficulties" in its way, was anxious that the struggle between rival powers in Egypt should not be renewed, and especially con-

cerned that an independent Egypt should not pursue a foreign policy hostile or prejudicial to that of the British Empire. Yet today Great Britain is willing to restore the government into the hands of the Egyptians and give them the right of diplomatic representation in foreign countries. On the other hand, she reserves the right to maintain a military force in Egypt for the protection of imperial communications, to intervene in legislation and administration directly affecting foreign interests, and to "concur" with Egypt in the appointment of a foreign adviser and an official in the ministry of justice. Great Britain pledges herself to maintain the integrity of Egypt as an independent power, Egypt undertaking in case of war to render all the assistance in her power.

Reported to the home land by an Egyptian delegation which recently visited London, these proposals have received general assent from the Egyptian public as a whole, but the approval is tempered with objections which for the present, at any rate, threaten to postpone acceptance of the plan. On what the opposition turns was forcibly brought out the other day when Winston Churchill casually alluded to Egypt as "a part of the British Empire." Quick as the cable could bring them came protests from the very delegates who had been in conference with the Milner mission, declaring that the situation had caused in the indignation throughout the country and that Egypt would not accept anything short of "complete independence." And messages to the same effect were received from the ex-Premier Rashid, Ali Pasha, from various other former ministers and from the Coptic patriarch. All this means, of course, that the Egyptians see in the British reservations a continuance of the quasi-sovereignty which existed before the war. When the Turkish overlordship was abolished Great Britain, refraining from annexation, proclaimed a protectorate over Egypt, and for the nationalists that protectorate, if in more refined form, would continue under the Milner plan. But the negotiations are not yet ended, and the dependence of the final word on two legislatures gives promise of illuminating counsel. In the end the Egyptian national assembly, with practical independence within its reach, may find its way to a wiser policy than that of "going it alone."

#### THE GERMAN MENACE.

Nobody can question the inherent justice of the Allies' demands upon Germany, nor can it be disputed, in view of the attitude of the German delegates in London, that the action which has been taken was the only means of enforcing these demands. While this is true, there is a danger, and a real danger, in the reaction of the German people themselves, remarks an exchange. Will the action of the Allies cause the Germans to identify patriotism with revolutionary activity. If they do, and it is possible they may, then the German government which seems to have inherited many of the less pleasing characteristics of its imperial predecessors will be hoist with its own petard.

Germany played this game before in the case of Russia, and played it successfully. Without prejudice to the character of the Russian revolution, there can be no question that Germany's entirely selfish policy materially assisted its eventual success as accomplished fact.

Underneath the tactics of Germany in London there was unquestionably the threat that if she was not permitted to evade the just claims against her, Europe would be blown up. The Allies have taken the dare, much to the surprise and confusion of the German government, which faces the uncomfortable knowledge that the main charge of the dynamite with whose possible explosion it was endeavoring to frighten others, is stored in its own cellar.

The danger is real enough, however, and the danger point will not be overpast for some little time. If Lloyd George has underestimated it, he has erred rather on the side of boldness than of timidity. In such times this is often the best ultimate wisdom. In the particular case, his conduct suits the British character. British people are apt to see red at any suspicion of blackmail, disguised as diplomatic negotiation, which has always been a favorite weapon with Germany.

Most people like to tell their imaginary troubles.

## CANADA'S RICHES YET UNDEVELOPED

Members of Parliament Dilate on the Natural Resources of Their Provinces

(Special despatch to The Daily Gleaner.)  
Ottawa, March 15.—The entire session was spent in parliament yesterday in the discussion of another of these national grievances, of which the same thing be said as Mark Twain said about the weather, everyone agrees there is something wrong, but no one seems to do anything about it but talk.

The resolution introduced by Mr. Menon, of Port Arthur, has been introduced by himself introduced last year and after much talk the resolution was withdrawn. This year it was voted down without a division. Menon, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, rose in the House and proclaimed the riches of the provinces, mostly undeveloped. They are nearly all waiting for the federal treasury to loosen up, ananetically. A note which stood out to some extent from the general chorus was that of Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, who pointed with pride to the fact that Quebec was pursuing a policy of development of her own, with very satisfactory results, but he, too, thought the Government ought to encourage the natural fertility of the people of the province and help them further to increase and multiply by giving a chance for the establishment of many flourishing communities on the Quebec peninsula.

Under such circumstances it was only natural that a good deal should be heard of the oil discoveries in the Mackenzie basin and the many other forms of wealth it is expected that the opening up of that great lone land will reveal. Messrs. Buchanan and Maclellan full justice to the subject, the latter indicating that if the resources of the prairie provinces are not handed over pronto the provinces may have to cut the gordian knot and develop on their own resources. It would be to have the members of the House on a nerve-bait over his constituency far beyond the Peace river, and could show them what the oil does for them. It is summed up by the speaker by declaring that Alberta had everything which any of the other provinces had in the way of resources, and that it had many more besides. He mentioned the fact that he supported the Menon resolution that a Government policy of development should be introduced.

Generally speaking, the Government members who spoke dealt easily with the Government, possibly having an appreciation of that definition of gratitude which is down as a lively sense of favors to come. Mr. McQuarrie, of New Westminster, for example, had nothing but praise for the action of the Government, but his ministry of Marine and Fisheries, but told an awful tale of the evil days upon which the fishing industry in British Columbia had fallen, largely because of lack of proper methods of fishing. He deplored the fact that Mr. Duff, of Lunenburg, was naturally more free in his criticism and did not hesitate to fasten all the blame on the Government. He mentioned the fact that the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, the Minister of Agriculture and the Minister of Finance had not provided the necessary funds to carry away the Prince Rupert catch, which was a consequence had to go to Seattle.

After the praises of all the provinces had been sung and their handicaps illustrated, Elmer Cronin, of Vancouver, rose and in his scholarly way pointed out that all led to one inevitable conclusion, that there should be no further delay in giving a whopping big grant for the establishment of a research institute.

## DISTRICT NURSE PRESENTS REPORT

Miss Riviere Has Had a Busy Time Since Taking Up Work at Marysville

Marysville, N. B., March 15.—The following visit, report of Miss W. Gertrude Riviere, district nurse, which was submitted to the town council at their last regular meeting, is of deep interest to the citizens. The report shows what a great amount of good work has been accomplished by Miss Riviere during the six months that she has been on duty in Marysville.

The action of the town council and the Canadian Cottons, Ltd., in procuring the services of a Victorian nurse, has proved a very popular one in the estimation of the people, and no money has ever been expended in the town that has done so much good.

Miss Riviere has proved to be a most efficient and popular nurse, ever ready to assist them in need of her services. Following is the report:  
Total cases nursed during year . . . 40  
Medical cases . . . 22  
Gynaecological cases . . . 3  
Obstetrical cases . . . 6  
Infants from Obstetrical cases . . . 3  
Prenatal cases . . . 3  
How many cases more than one visit . . . 39  
Grand total number of visits during year . . . 381  
Nursing visits . . . 354  
Non-nursing . . . 6  
Prenatal visits . . . 4  
Child welfare visits . . . 17  
Gynaecological cases . . . 62.75  
Metropolitan fees (not yet received) . . . 56.00  
Grand total amount received in fees . . . 118.75  
Night calls . . . 15  
Operations . . . 4  
Confinements . . . 1  
Deaths . . . 11  
Metropolitan visits . . . 112  
Number of free cases . . . 4  
Number of free visits . . . 41  
Number nurses, V. O. N. . . 1  
Number of deaths . . . 1

**The Result of Industry**  
A HISTORY OF KEEN BUSINESS MANAGEMENT

Look where you will you will not find any country better adapted to industry than the Maritime Provinces. Climate, conditions and temperament of the people all contribute.

Naturally, some places in these Provinces are better than others, they spring into one's mind at once, and among the number the little border town of St. Stephen, where cotton mills, axe and tool works, candy factories flourish side by side, operated by Maritime Province men and manned by New Brunswick labor under conditions that for climate, good power and healthy surroundings are almost ideal, making for that stability and contentment which is the acme of human industrial endeavor.

Some seven or eight years ago came to this Town of St. Stephen these brothers, who in the strict school of American Shoe Factory life had learned to make shoes as only the American can. Born of the women of St. Stephen, it had always been their dream to come home and establish an industry.

How well this dream has been realized is amply set forth in the tidy factory, one of the sources of pride in their town, and no less by the product of that factory borne by women from one coast of Canada to the other; known to the shoe trade as the BEST WOMEN'S MACKAY SHOES made in Canada and equal to anything produced in the United States.

The growth of this business has been excellent, it could hardly be otherwise with a business organized to produce a shoe of the class demanded and worn by 75 p. c. of the women of Canada, producing that class of shoe with an appearance and style second to none, putting into that shoe not only the best material, but the best brains in the business; manufacturing that shoe only as orders are received rather than filling the warehouses with finished product and then going to market; and last, but not least, managed by men who know leather and shoes, who use that knowledge to buy to the best advantage and to produce shoes that are right in the front line of style, fit and quality.

For the greater part, this business has grown on its own capital; the expansion, however, called a year ago for \$100,000 additional capital which was arranged by us against an issue of 8 p. c. Preferred Stock, part of which was placed at that time and the balance left over for 1921.

During the interim the leather market suffered the greatest decline in its history and shoes followed suit.

Clark Brothers, however, were but slightly affected, their factory operated every single day of 1920 filling its orders; by December the business was running at normal and at present writing, orders on hand and in sight promise the best year in the history of the plant.

So it comes that with every confidence we offer the

**Heinz Sweet Mustard Chow**  
IN BULK

Heinz Sweet Mixed Pickles, in bulk.

Moir's Plain Pound Cake.  
Moir's Sultana Cake.

Swift & Flewelling Hams.  
Swift & Flewelling Bacon.  
Swift & Flewelling Roll Bacon.  
Hallbut, Smelts, Mackerel, Haddock, Herring, Maple Honey.

**G. T. WHEPLEY**  
THE STORE OF PLENTY.

**GET IT AT HOLDER'S**

Just opened, a splendid assortment of Colored Voiles for your Summer Dress. A fine range of colors and patterns to choose from, and we are selling them for 75c. per yard. See window.

**C. D. Holder**

**Swan Fountain Pens**

We have a large assortment of these pens in stock now, self-inkers and ordinary, in fine, medium and broad points.

The Swan is giving splendid satisfaction and every pen is fully guaranteed.

We also have a good School Pen, made at the same factory which we sell for \$1.25.

**C. W. HALL**  
**DROP IN**

and look over our large assortment of used furniture and other goods we now have for your inspection, the greater part of which are as good as new.

**GEO. H. GOODINE**  
87 Regent Street Phone 627-11.

**We Begin Where Others Stop**

As we do it, the writing of your policy fires the first gun in our Broadside of Service. After that you become the target of our constant attention. Your mind will not be burdened with details which are rightfully ours to attend to.

When a question pops up in your mind about some angle of insurance, shoot it right along. If we can't answer it, there is something wrong with us. See us.

**Frank I. Morrison & Son**  
Opp. Post Office  
FREDERICTON, N. B.

**8 P. C. Preferred Stock of Clark Bros., Ltd., of St. Stephen, N. B.**

as a good Industrial investment in a good New Brunswick industry which has given a good account of itself, is established and offers, what interests the investor more than past history, A PROFITABLE FUTURE.

Since there are no Bonds, the Preferred Stock is the senior security. Exempt from the normal Dominion Income Tax, it offers safety and a rate of interest not to be lightly refused.

**J. M. ROBINSON & SONS,**  
St. John Moncton  
Fredericton

Two cannon balls, relics of the Battle of Brandywine, were discovered by a farmer in Pennsylvania while digging post holes on his farm. They were taken from a ridge which was held by troops of Lord Cornwallis, September 11, 1777.

**New and Natty Coats**

NEW AND STYLISH SUITS. NEW AND STYLISH DRESSES AND SKIRTS

Chick and Dainty Waists, etc., etc.

Our new garments are the latest New York models, and sure to suit the most fastidious lady who would dress well.

Early choice and early buying is wise this season as goods will be scarce later on.

**F. B. Edgecombe Co., Ltd.**  
EASTER SUNDAY WILL BE MARCH 27TH

**Heinz Sweet Mustard Chow**  
IN BULK

Heinz Sweet Mixed Pickles, in bulk.

Moir's Plain Pound Cake.  
Moir's Sultana Cake.

Swift & Flewelling Hams.  
Swift & Flewelling Bacon.  
Swift & Flewelling Roll Bacon.  
Hallbut, Smelts, Mackerel, Haddock, Herring, Maple Honey.

**G. T. WHEPLEY**  
THE STORE OF PLENTY.

**GET IT AT HOLDER'S**

Just opened, a splendid assortment of Colored Voiles for your Summer Dress. A fine range of colors and patterns to choose from, and we are selling them for 75c. per yard. See window.

**C. D. Holder**

**SAVE YOUR EYES.**

The glare of the sun on the snow is always unpleasant and often injurious to the eyes. If you require glasses for ordinary wear bear in mind that we make a specialty of supplying your correction in any glasses, we have a well-selected stock of Protectors with plain lenses, which you will find to be a great comfort to the eyes, especially at this time of year. Prices from 50c. up.

Our Dollar Special Smoke glasses will please you.

"We grind our own lenses."

**WALDRON W. MAXWELL,**  
Optometrist . . . . . York Street

**Swan Fountain Pens**

We have a large assortment of these pens in stock now, self-inkers and ordinary, in fine, medium and broad points.

The Swan is giving splendid satisfaction and every pen is fully guaranteed.

We also have a good School Pen, made at the same factory which we sell for \$1.25.

**C. W. HALL**  
**DROP IN**

and look over our large assortment of used furniture and other goods we now have for your inspection, the greater part of which are as good as new.

**GEO. H. GOODINE**  
87 Regent Street Phone 627-11.

**We Begin Where Others Stop**

As we do it, the writing of your policy fires the first gun in our Broadside of Service. After that you become the target of our constant attention. Your mind will not be burdened with details which are rightfully ours to attend to.

When a question pops up in your mind about some angle of insurance, shoot it right along. If we can't answer it, there is something wrong with us. See us.

**Frank I. Morrison & Son**  
Opp. Post Office  
FREDERICTON, N. B.

**8 P. C. Preferred Stock of Clark Bros., Ltd., of St. Stephen, N. B.**

as a good Industrial investment in a good New Brunswick industry which has given a good account of itself, is established and offers, what interests the investor more than past history, A PROFITABLE FUTURE.

Since there are no Bonds, the Preferred Stock is the senior security. Exempt from the normal Dominion Income Tax, it offers safety and a rate of interest not to be lightly refused.

**J. M. ROBINSON & SONS,**  
St. John Moncton  
Fredericton

Two cannon balls, relics of the Battle of Brandywine, were discovered by a farmer in Pennsylvania while digging post holes on his farm. They were taken from a ridge which was held by troops of Lord Cornwallis, September 11, 1777.

**"AN AWAKENER"**  
TRY  
**Tono-Phos**

It will build up your tired nerves, help your digestion and put new strength in you. You require it this spring.  
\$1.00 per bottle.

**Hunt & MacDonald, Druggists**  
PHONE 65

**Rexall Orderlies**

A good laxative is Nature's best tonic. Rexall Orderlies are a pleasant and Effective Laxative. Ideal for children, aged people and invalids, as well as for robust persons.

They work naturally and form no habit.

**THE REXALL STORE**  
DIBBLEE'S DRUG STORE, LTD. OPP. CITY HALL

**COLORITE**

Makes your old straw hat look like new. All the different shades in stock. Why experiment with a cheaper dye when you know what COLORITE does? 30c bottle mailed to any address for 35c.

**ARTHUR J. RYAN**  
THE PENSLAR STORE

**Electric Light**

IS CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER. MAKE NO MISTAKE ABOUT THAT. If your income is \$10 per week or \$10 per day, you will find it to your advantage to use ELECTRIC LIGHT. The cost of wiring is moderate and any electrician will give you an estimate free of charge.

**MARITIME ELECTRIC CO., LTD.**

**DIAMONDS**

Beautiful Diamond Bar Pins set in white gold, cost \$35.00 and \$40.00.

We also have some very good values at \$75.00 in Diamond Solitaires, Tiffany Settings.

**MAVOR BROS.**  
JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS  
78 YORK STREET FREDERICTON, N. B.

**BABY CARRIAGE TIRES**

We put on baby carriage tires and use the highest grade material. Satisfaction guaranteed.

**A. W. BLACKMER**  
Phone 118-11 96 Regent Street

**WM. D. BOONE**  
Phone 339-21, Next to J. R. Monteith

**Let Us Make a Wiring Plan**

For your house, factory or other building, whether it is already built or merely in contemplation for building. You ought to know about our facilities for doing electric wiring, supplying fixtures, and electrical accessories. Our estimate on wiring any job you may have will prove as low as the lowest.

**Wm. Minto, Queen St.**