

The Carleton Observer

VOL. XIII, No. 24

\$2.00 a year.

HARTLAND, N. B., NOVEMBER 24, 1921.

Single Copies 5 cents

WHOLE No. 445

IF YOU PATRONIZE The Everyday Bargain Store

YOU LEARN TO SAVE MONEY!

Special for the Month-End:

**50 doz. Heavy Stone Clover Leaf
Cups and Saucers for \$2.95
per doz.**

This is very special value and at this price will soon sell. Just
the thing for every day use.

THE HOUSE WITH THE STOCK

A. W. PHILLIPS

BRISTOL N. B.

FALL & WINTER GOODS

We have received a very large and complete range of all regular lines of staple goods for Fall and Winter wear, for all the family. The prices are very much lower than last year. These include:

**Shaker and Outings, Serge and other wool Dress Goods
Wool and Cashmere Hosiery in Black and Heather
Wool and Fleeced-lined Underwear of all sizes
Winter Hats and Caps, Gloves, Mitts
Rubbers, Overshoes, Shoe Packs
Horse Blankets and all other staple lines**

We are paying the very highest prices for Butter, Eggs, Pork, Beef, Poultry, Duck, Wheat Meal and Hides, and we can tell you candidly that you will be losing money if you do not get our prices on these lines of produce before selling. Our prices on our Merchandise are as low as any of our competitors.

We also keep a complete line of the best grade of Groceries, Confectionary, Tobacco, Cigars, Cigarettes, Hardware and Patent Medicines.

We are also buying PULPWOOD loaded anywhere in Carleton, Victoria and York Counties, also Lumber and Lath Wood in the round log, either at our Mill at Stickney or anywhere on the St. John River or Branches north of Stickney. Phone or write us for prices on all this.

S. W. SMITH

N. B. Phone 1-2

EAST FLORENCEVILLE, N. B.

Farmer's Phone 15-2

New Goods Just Received At Carr's

Infants' FELT SLIPPERS
Women's Plaid FELT SLIPPERS
Men's ALL FELT SLIPPERS
Women's Felt Bala.

Men's High Cut Bala (9 holes;
just what is needed for winter)
Men's Gum Rubbers, known as
"Wales"

Men's Ready-Made Suits from \$2.00 upwards

50% cheaper than they were a year ago

**All wool Flannel Dress Goods,
Ibex and Dragon Blankets, Sweater Yarns,
Sheeting and Pillow Cotton**

Filletts, Kippers, Finnan Haddies, Dry and Boneless Cod
Pratt's Poultry Food

Raisins, Currants, Sugar, Molasses and Flour, all cheaper. Get Prices

JOHN T. G. CARR

PROGRESSIVES AT VICTORIA CORNER

F. W. Smith, C. Gordon Sharpe, W. N. Raymond, as well as the Candidates Speak—Story of New M.P.P. Was Told

A meeting of the Progressives was held Friday in Victoria hall. Thos. W. Caldwell, G. Sharp, F. W. Smith, M. L. A., and W. N. Raymond were given great attention while they talked on some of the questions coming in for consideration in this campaign. Scott A. Shaw, in the capacity of chairman, first introduced Mr. Caldwell, who in a clear, concise and convincing manner gave a straightforward exposition of many matters that are due for consideration in this campaign. He first stated that from the nature of the fight being put up by the Meighen party it would seem that the Farmers, or Progressives, were ranked as the most dangerous opponents of that party. The big idea in the policy of hammering the Progressives so hard must be the hope to wreck the organization and leave the farmers with no recourse but to trift back into the old situation, when their influence divided between the two old parties might be determined on a basis of "taking nothing from nothing and nothing, nothing."

W. Smith, M. L. A., said that from the nature of his business he was very busy at this time and had not thought out the questions at issue in the contest sufficiently to enable him to be into them as thoroughly as he would like. However, as the report that he had "dropped" was being industriously circulated, he would say that he was still sound in the Progressive faith. At the close of a few general remarks on the issues of the campaign Mr. Smith related a recent experience he had been up against with New Brunswick's active guardians of game. A local paper had recently published a garbled and misleading account of this incident and he wished to state the actual facts as they occurred. He explained the occasion as making a trip to Juniper and said that he took a neighbor along in the car presumably to fish, as he had tackle with him. When they landed at Juniper a warden stepped up and opened a parcel that the passenger had along and exposed a rifle. Mr. Smith then thinking that this in any way concerned him, let the incident pass without a thought. Some time later he was asked to meet Warden Bradbury at Woodstock and fix up. He went to meet the warden, all the time wondering what they could have against him. Later he learned that he was in for a fine, not for having the "arm" in his possession, but for being an accessory, or accomplice. It was also reported that he lost his temper and said a few things, going so far as to make dire threats against the government. This he wanted to deny. He recognized that he was "stung" and paid up without protest. In closing he referred to Senator Foster's nasty insinuation against the Farmers in reference to their share of the income tax. This he felt was a reflection on the honesty and integrity of a great class of Canadian citizenship and was altogether beneath a man of standing. He was disappointed in not finding Sir George Foster a broader and deeper man. As a Progressive he would say that they did not expect to upset the world but thought if they became an influence in Canada's government they would "have to go some" to do worse than has been done.

C. Gordon Sharp said that he was always at a disadvantage in such a meeting as his forte was associational work and not politics. At the outset of this Progressive movement according to Mr. Sharp, the idea was to a void politics, but the organization soon found that if they were going to do business successfully they must have a say in the government of the country. He felt that it was good policy to elect a representative who was familiar with the needs of the people he was representing, and who was engaged in and familiar with the farmers' interests. He spoke of the heavy advertising campaign of the Government party and suggested a possible source of funds for this expense. "What can Smith do or what can you expect him to do for your interests linked up as he will be with a party that spends so recklessly in an election fight like those and whose every interest is absolutely antagonistic to the farmers?" Mr. Sharp explained the financial situation of the Maritime Farmers' Co-Operative, saying that the recent audit had shown a quarter million surplus over liabilities and that this statement had been accepted by the creditors' Committee. This statement, as well as the statement of

the last election fund, is open for inspection to any one at the office of the United Farmers in Woodstock. W. N. Raymond spoke in support of the U. F. Movement and declared the U. F. satisfied that Thos. W. Caldwell was the man best calculated to represent them. Much had been said against the Farmers' movement going into politics, but why not, when they represented a valuation of more than \$32,000,000 in excess of any other single industry? This was an opportune time to seek a foot hold in the government of Canada considering the immense public debt and other staggering obligations. These must be paid and why was it not a reasonable argument that in order to get a fair adjustment of the tremendous burden the farmers must have a voice in the raising of the necessary revenue. In this campaign they were being told that their defeat was sure, as the FARMERS COULD NOT STICK. This was all bosh, as the farmers had on two occasions given a satisfactory demonstration of their stability and sincerity in the forward movement for purity in elections and better representation which makes for better government. The chairman closed a satisfactory little meeting by a few remarks which he appealed for general support for the Progressive candidate.

ORGANIZING NEW FERTILIZER COMPANY

Hatfield & Co., Ltd., to Hand Over Their Fertilizer Business to a New Corporation

H. H. Hatfield of Hartland, Charles F. Gallagher of Bath, Charles Clark and H. B. Dorost of Woodstock are forming a joint stock company for the purpose of taking over and extending the fertilizer business successfully launched by Hatfield & Co., Ltd., last year.

The principle business of the new corporation will be importing chemicals and other needed raw materials in large quantities and selling them to farmers for home mixing. This method of preparing fertilizers has been so perfect that it is no longer an experiment, and last year the Hatfield company sold thousands of tons, all of which gave the highest satisfaction.

The new company will have their principle place of business at St. John, which will be their distributing point. The promoters will be able to supply farmers with perfect fertilizers at prices very considerably less than the ready mixed material will cost them.

GLASSVILLE GLEANINGS

Rev. Judson Corey of Hoyt is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Corey of Knowlesville.

Jack McDonald left Miramichi, Nov. 16, with one moose and two deer heads.

W. A. Scott of Glassville, Ephraim McIntosh, Centre Glassville, and J. L. Robinson of East Glassville attended the trustees convention at Fredericton Thursday and Friday of last week.

H. W. Smith of Cumberland, lumbering for Flemming and Gibson, was in Bristol on Thursday.

A. G. Brandage of St. John and F. W. Mitchell of Woodstock were in the village the latter part of the week.

A number of the young people from Glassville and vicinity spent a very pleasant evening Friday last at the home of Mrs. Wm. McIntosh at bridge and other games.

Percy Temple of East Florenceville was in the village a few days installing pipeline furnaces.

Our teacher, Miss McDougall, spent the week-end with Miss Hols. McIntosh at Eadsbrook.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lunn of Calabroon are visiting at the home of Mrs. Percy Whitehouse.

Miss Mariel Brooks of Foreston was taken to Fredericton on Friday for an operation for appendicitis by her father, Mrs. Brooks.

Walden and Mrs. Flemming of Juniper were in the village on Saturday. E. A. Welch, cook, and Wm. F. Sweet, guide, have just returned from the Tobique where they have been employed with O'Brien brothers at their sporting camps.

PROGRESSIVES AND TARIFF

To a question as to whether or not it was the Progressive policy to reduce the tariff irrespective of United States action, T. W. Caldwell replied their idea was that when the business of any company showed what would be an excess profit, right then protection on that company's product would be removed. On the other hand any company showing the need would be adequately protected.

Remember the Canada-West Indian Co.—J. F. Smith, president.

T. W. CALDWELL AND HON. B. F. SMITH

Will Contest the Election—Joint Debate was Uneventful—Mrs. Adney Left Out

Nomination proceedings for Carleton-Victoria passed off very quietly. At an early hour the papers necessary for the nomination of B. F. Smith and T. W. Caldwell were duly presented. Later Mrs. Minnie Bell Adney appeared with her agent and the proper papers and it looked for a time as though a third candidate would be in the field. But there appeared to be a hitch somewhere. It seems that the necessary deposit was not forthcoming and at the last moment Mrs. Adney withdrew.

B. F. Smith was nominated by Geo. McElroy, W. S. Sutton, Chas. Giberson, Wallace Gibson, Wallace Smith, Wallace Blackie, Clayton Fleming, Frank Baird, N. J. Wooten, Claud Knapp, W. Jack Dibble, J. R. Brown, H. D. Stevens, C. M. Augherston, A. D. Holyoke, Fred E. Cowan, P. Hefferman, H. S. Wade, A. H. Baird, J. R. D. White and others.

Those on Thos. W. Caldwell's nomination papers were—Elmore Robinson, N. F. Phillips, Sam Burlock, B. L. Shaw, F. R. Bell, O. R. Batey, C. L. Smith, Frank J. Shaw, Clifford Gray, Stirling Peabody, Chas. Gray, F. O. Creighton, W. L. Margison, Deaton Bedell and others.

Immediately following the official and extremely notable nomination proceedings at the Court House, the immense crowd gathered at the Armory where a joint meeting had been arranged. Edgar W. Muir in opening the meeting stated that he believed in this method of getting the arguments of both candidates, on their respective policies, before the electorate. He introduced T. W. Caldwell, Progressive standard bearer, as the first speaker.

Mr. Caldwell in his speech of one hour and twenty minutes dealt at length and in an impressive manner with the many questions that have been before the electorate of Canada during this campaign. His talk was along the lines taken up by him in his meetings in this contest, and was presented in a masterly manner and with an air of sincerity that carried conviction in every sentence. He dealt with the tariff particularly as to the Progressive policy on trade relations, with the United States in particular. He showed that the policy that he was advocating was not necessarily a free trade policy and asserted that the opposition contention that the Progressives were committing themselves to a policy of free trade that would engender disloyalty to Great Britain and turn our country over to the Americans, was a malicious untruth. The aim and policy of his party was to obtain reciprocal trade relations with the United States and reciprocity was not free trade, was not disloyal in principle and was needed by Canada. He had no criticism of the war debt but went into particulars to show where money was spent unnecessarily and extravagantly. He charged criminal extravagance in the Merchant Marine expenditure, a lack of business acumen in the loan of \$50,000,000 to Greece and Roumania, two countries known to be bankrupt and known to have applied to Great Britain and the United States for accommodation in vain. Similar operations he was there to criticize as being good grounds for opposing the Meighen Government.

Criticism of many things of this nature, together with a detail of repeated efforts to get concessions favorable to his constituents, particularly in the way of shipping service out of St. John port in the Cuban potato trade, and in the removal of the duty on fertilizers, were Mr. Caldwell's answer to the charges repeatedly made, that he had no interest only to serve his western leaders and had failed to make any effort to advance the interests or improve conditions of the east. The speaker, in the course of his talk demonstrated many times that he was not always asleep on his job and that he was fully qualified to take care of himself and the interests of the east in any company. Mr. Caldwell was allowed time to make reply to any statement made by Mr. Smith but said there was nothing deserving a reply. One thing did however strike him and that was Mr. Smith's expressed opinion that he would have been elected in the provincial contest if the ballot to be used Dec. 5 could have been used in that contest. Mr. Caldwell suggested that there might be a trick in the ballot. In closing he expressed keen appreciation for past confidence and asked for the support of the electorate on his record and the policy of his party.

(Continued on page six)