

"When Mr. Marler said that there only remains in force a few restrictions as regards the artisan classes, he was either entirely ignorant of the express enactments of his own Government, or he was deliberately deceiving the Jewish people of Montreal" declared Mr. Cahan, amid loud applause.

"He knew, if he knew anything about it, that every Jewish immigrant was prohibited from crossing the Atlantic to come to Canada, except being a man, he entered Canada as a farmer; or a woman, as a domestic servant, who had reasonable assurances of employment.

"Otherwise Jewish immigrants were absolutely prohibited by the King Government from entering Canada. But on November 6, 1923, Mr. Marler gave his word of honor to the United Hebrew Political Club, that these restrictions would be removed.

"Has he kept his solemn promise which he then made to the Jewish people of this electoral district, and of this city, of Montreal? No, never. Three months passed, the spring of 1924 came, and his promise was not kept. This month of October, 1925, came and his promise was not kept. This month of October, 1925, finds Mr. Marler again seeking your votes. He does not deign to explain or condone his conduct, and I stand here tonight and convict him of having pledged his word, and having broken his word, in so flagrant a manner that he is no longer worthy of your confidence and support". (Loud applause).

Mr. Marler had had a recent opportunity to redeem his promise, continued the speaker, but he had not done so. It was when the King Government was entering into a new agreement with the Canadian Pacific and Canadian National, with regard to the immigration policy for the next two years. The agreement had been signed and delivered, yet by the terms of it no Jew could be brought to the country except to go on a farm, or, if a woman, as a domestic servant.

"You ask me," said Mr. Cahan, "What is your personal policy?' I give you a frank answer. The first duty of Canada is to adjust the present customs tariff, and to re-establish that tariff on a basis that will safeguard every domestic industry which can be profitably carried on in Canada, so as to give remunerative employment to those who have already come to Canada and who have settled here".

"Then I would permit the entry into Canada of men and women of the white race who are sound in body and mind, who bear a clean reputation, and who are desirous of becoming Canadian citizens and are willing to abide by our Canadian laws, under which we enjoy liberties unknown to the people of many European countries. I would abolish the rule that limits immigrants only to farmers or farm laborers, or to female domestic servants. I would modify the requirements in the Immigration Act which stipulates that no one shall enter the country unless he or she in his or her own right possesses at least \$250 in cash. I would modify the rule now in force, which prohibits the entry into Canada of immigrants otherwise suitable who cannot enter Canada by a direct and continuous journey.