

General Business.

COMMON SOAP

ROUGH SKIN

On Face and Hands.

We have just imported a large lot of Olive Oil and Cucumber Soap

direct from the factory which we can sell for the best TWO WEEKS

3 Cakes for 10 cents.

It is made from Pure Olive Oil and the Juice of Cucumbers. We can recommend it.

Mackenzie's Medical Hall.

DENTISTRY

Henry G. Vaughan, D. D. S.

Office Hours—8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. 7 p.m. to 9 p.m. Wednesdays—9 p.m. to 11 p.m. Saturdays—9:30 a.m. to 11 p.m.

GAS ADMINISTERED.

PAINTS, OILS, AND GLAZES.

OFFICE—OVER MACKENZIE'S MEDICAL HALL, CHATHAM, N. B.

January 5th, 1903.

In the date for beginning our new term.

We thank the public most heartily for the very generous patronage enjoyed during the year closing.

We will try hard to meet even greater cordials through 1903.

S. KERR & SON,

Oddfellows' Hall.

THE BEST STORE TO PATRONISE.

I beg to return thanks to my patrons for their favors during the year now closing

and to remind them that the most important feature of any business is to make the next year more successful than the last.

With this special object in view, I have endeavored to make my stock from best sources in the Dominion

and Canada and United States and bought it at the lowest prices, so as to enable me to increase my business by selling goods cheaper than I ever did before.

Call and prove my assertions when we show you my new stock at rock bottom prices. Thanking you for past favors, I await your visit.

ROBERT PLANAGAN, Water Street, Chatham.

Agents Wanted

Either on full or part time.

Are you satisfied with your income? Is your time fully occupied? If not, write me. We can give you employment by the month or by the year.

We have the largest agency in Canada—over 600 names—a large number of which are well known and all our stock is guaranteed as represented. If you want to represent the largest, most popular and best known agency, write me. It will be worth your while.

STONE & WELLINGTON, "Canada's Greatest Business," Toronto.

WANTED.

Old Postage Stamps used from 1840 and 1870 most on exchange.

W. A. KAIN, 110 Gadsden Street, St. John, N. B.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

ALL RAIL TO BOSTON

Through Pullman Express

SHORT LINE TO MONTREAL

Imperial Limited

PACIFIC COAST

PACIFIC EXPRESS

For CANADIAN BIRTHDAY

BRITISH COLUMBIA POINTS

Write for descriptive matter, rates, etc., to C. E. FOSTER, D. T. A., C. P. R. B. St. John, N. B.

C. WARMUNDE

IS OFFERING SPECIAL BARGAINS

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

Silverware & Novelties.

All new goods. Give him a call

We are glad to welcome visitors, pleased to show our goods and ready to make close prices to all.

WARMUNDE, EXPERIENCED WATCHMAKER

Palace Corner Chatham N. B.

Marlin

32 Cal. High-Pressure Smokeless

IN MODEL 1893

It is prepared to furnish one full line of Model '93

It is the most powerful cartridge made for its size

It is the most powerful cartridge made for its size

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J. B. SNOWBALL COMPANY'S MIRAMICHI WOOD TRADE CIRCULAR FOR 1902.

Following are portions of the annual Wood Trade Circular for the Maritime Provinces, issued for the past season by the J. B. Snowball Company, Limited—

CHATHAM, N. B., 31ST DECEMBER, 1902.

In presenting our annual circular, we regret having to report an increased shipment from the Province of 53,000,000 superficial feet over last year.

We had hoped that all shippers would, even in the face of fair prices, maintain a more conservative attitude, but, while the shipments are more than those of 1901, they are 36,000,000 superficial feet less than in 1900 and 41,000,000 superficial feet less than in 1897, and only an average of the years 1897 to 1901 inclusive.

One-half of the increase in the shipments occurs in St. John, and is largely on account of logs left in the brooks during the spring of 1901, that could not be got to market on account of poor freshets.

The demand made last winter for lumber to fill up the winter port liners induced the rotary mills to saw all the available stock within easy reach of that port and also accounts to some extent for this increase.

Considerable increases also appear in Dalhousie, Campbellton and Sackville.

Miramichi shows a decrease of over 2,700 standards, and as the stock wintering on the river this season is 7,500 standards less than last year and the operations not any greater than last winter, which was all the mills could saw, we look for some falling off in the shipments for 1903.

The season so far has been favorable for woods work, but, the scarcity of labor, and the high wages demanded by woodsmen, made all lumbermen later than usual getting into the woods, and has curtailed the output of the larger operators.

All mill-owners owning timber limits are anxious to conserve their holdings as far as possible, as they have now come to the realization that unless more care is exercised in cutting, the forests will soon be depleted.

A few years since Miramichi shippers did not object to selling 65 to 70 per cent of 'x' 3', while now they have difficulty in supplying 40 to 50 per cent. and, even at this low percentage, have an excess of narrow widths left in stock.

With the scarcity of logs, and the extra expense in procuring them, because of longer hauls in the woods—in some cases only two loads being hauled to the brooks per day—more expense in brook-driving and higher wages, the free on board value must advance rather than decline.

Nova Scotia shows a falling off of 15,000 standards from last year, and from what we can learn from reliable sources, that Province reached its maximum shipment in 1901, and each succeeding year must show a decrease.

A considerable portion of Nova Scotia shipments consists of hardwood, such as Birch, Beech and Maple, with considerable Hemlock; and without these woods the present volume of New Brunswick exports, could not be maintained.

Freights appear to have reached low-water mark, and it is hard to realize how steamers can be maintained at any lower rates than now ruling; and if ship-owners lay up many of their boats, we must look for an advance in freights in the near future.

Sailing vessels have been almost entirely driven out of the lumber-carrying trade of this section, by the low freights accepted by steam.

SHIPMENTS FROM MIRAMICHI FOR 10 YEARS FROM 1893 TO 1902 INCLUSIVE, IN ROUND NUMBERS, were—

Table with 2 columns: Year, Shipments (Millions sup. feet).

THE SHIPPERS AND SHIPMENTS FROM THE PORT OF MIRAMICHI, FOR SEASON 1902, were:

Table with columns: Shippers, No. Vessels, Tons, Sup. ft. deals, Scantling ends, Boards, etc., (Birch) Tons Timber, Sup. ft. Box and Crates Shooks.

DISTRIBUTION OF MIRAMICHI SHIPMENTS.

Table with columns: Country, No. Vessels, Tons, Sup. ft. deals, Scantling ends, Boards, etc., (Birch) Tons Timber, Sup. ft. Box and Crates Shooks.

THE SHIPPERS FROM THE PORT OF SAINT JOHN, were—

Table with columns: Shippers, Sup. ft. deals, etc., Tons Timber, Brought Forward, Other shippers, Total.

SHIPMENTS FROM ST. JOHN TO TRANS-ATLANTIC PORTS FOR THE PAST 10 YEARS.

Table with columns: Year, Total sup. ft. Deals, etc., Birch (tons), Pine.

OTHER NEW BRUNSWICK PORTS.

Table with columns: Port, Shippers, No. Vessels, Tons, Sup. ft. deals, Scantling ends, Boards, etc., (Birch) Tons Timber, Sup. ft. Box and Crates Shooks.

TOTAL TRANS-ATLANTIC SHIPMENTS OF NEW BRUNSWICK, 1902 COMPARED WITH 1901:

Table with columns: Ports, 1902, 1901, Tons Timber.

The trans-Atlantic shipments from the Province of New Brunswick for the past ten years were—

Table with columns: Year, Shipments (Millions sup. feet).

TRANS-ATLANTIC SHIPMENTS FROM NOVA SCOTIA, SEASON 1902

Table with columns: Ports, Sup. ft. Deals, Scantling, Ends, Boards, etc., Tons Timber.

The Shipments of deals, etc., from Nova Scotia to trans-Atlantic Ports,

Table with columns: For, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, were.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., JANUARY 1, 1903.

HAPPY NEW YEAR!

Federal Parties in Provincial Politics.

The discussion of the question of assimilating Dominion and Provincial politics—that is of having the Liberal or Conservative parties, respectively, as such, control or oppose the government, both federal and local—seems to be carried on with increased earnestness.

We observe that the Transcript is claiming to be in connection with the doctrine of the Moncton Convention, while the Telegraph itself also appears to have a leaning in that direction, basing it, amongst other things, on an alleged statement at Ottawa of Attorney General Pugsley.

The result is, doubtless, well remembered all over the Province.

What guarantees there now that if the Liberal party should make a declaration similar to that made by the Conservative Moncton Convention, it will have any more effect on the elections than the previous one?

It is not likely that the meeting will take place before the 19th of February and of course it may be a week or a later.

The estimates are in an advanced state and the departmental reports and business which will come before the house are all well forward, so that there does not appear to be any special reason why the calling of parliament should be much delayed by the usual time for summoning the members to Ottawa.

Mr. Chamberlain in South Africa.

A Durban despatch of last Friday says:

The long speeches made by Mr. Chamberlain in his discussion of the reconstruction functions, were notable for their tone of conciliation, and as expressing his confidence in Lord Milner, British high commissioner in South Africa.

Bearing in mind, seemingly, the rumors that his visit would lead to the displacement of Lord Milner, Mr. Chamberlain declared he had his visit would have the effect of strengthening the hands of Lord Milner, who, he hoped, would be as great in disposition as he had been in the maintenance of the rights of the Empire.

Referring to the war, the colonial secretary said the Dutch and the British had fought in courageous rivalry. Between the two races, not kindred in origin or nature, such a struggle for supremacy had been inevitable.

From that struggle, two proud and kindred races would grow in mutual respect, appreciation and lasting friendship.

"Victor and vanquished," said Mr. Chamberlain, "brave played their parts and we are proud to glory in our triumph; the enemy need feel no humiliation in their defeat. Let us see, as Britons worthy of the name, that nothing be done to revive the animosities of the past. We must give our new fellow subjects equality of position with ourselves. We ask, however, something in return. It is with them that we live. We hold out our hand and ask them to take it without a thought of the past, but frankly and in the spirit in which it is offered."

It is possible that "the exigencies of politics" may so determine the matter so some future time, but we cannot see how the convention of the Liberal party proposed by the Telegraph can do any more towards changing the situation than that of the Conservative party at Moncton did.

There are many influential men of both Liberal and Conservative leanings who will not be controlled in the matter by their respective parties, and there are many of our ablest men who care little for either federal party, and it seems to be hardly short of mischief for Liberals to take action which may be resented by these and not bring them any more advantage than that taken at Moncton by the Conservatives did to that party.

There is this difference in the situation, of course, viz, that the Liberal papers propose to have that party join hands with the local Government party, which is known to be stronger than either the federal parties in New Brunswick. So they are not altogether without show of method in their agitation.

It must be borne in mind that a good many Conservatives have worked with the

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Do You Want to Make A

CHRISTMAS PRESENT

OF

A Sleigh! A Set of Harness!

A Fur Coat! Fur Robe

or other Seasonable Article to somebody?

IF SO GO TO

George Hildebrand, Cunard St. Chatham, N. B.

Why not also get something in these lines for yourself just at this season?

Under its provisions \$80,000 was granted towards the construction of a Marconi station at Table Head, Glouce Bay, Cape Breton. Letters for this station were sent to the Marconi Co. in London, and his colleagues guaranteed