

13th October (the anniversary of another great battle—Queenston Heights) the re-interment took place. On the casket were placed three colours, old and tattered, but precious, of the Lincoln militia of 1812-14 and two beautiful wreaths of tinted oak and maple leaves. Within were figures 89 and 103. The remains were enclosed in a plain, black coffin, with a plate bearing the following inscription,—

Remains of Five Soldiers of the
89th and 103rd Regiments
who fell near this spot
July 25th, 1814.
Re-interred with Military Honors
October 13th, 1899.

After the solemn words of committal to the vault, pronounced by Rev. Canon Bull, the firing party discharged the usual volleys, under the command of Capt. Vandersluys, 44th regiment.

Amid the great concourse of people at the re-interment, stood a detachment of the 44th batt, Welland, with firing party and band under Capt. Vandersluys, and another of the 19th batt., Lincoln, under Capt. Kennedy. Hundreds of young college students and public school children were well arranged under their respective principals. The warden of the county of Welland, the mayor of Niagara, the reeves and their respective councils of adjacent municipalities were in full attendance. Townspeople and others united in the procession, with the Lundy's Lane Historical Society and other similar societies of the Niagara River District; Ralph Garner acted as marshal.

At the conclusion all voices united in singing the National Anthem,—

God save our gracious Queen,
Long live our noble Queen,
God save the Queen;
Send her victorious,
Happy and glorious,
Long to reign over us,
God save our Queen.

Thy choicest gifts in store,
On her be pleased to pour,
God save the Queen;
May she defend our laws,

And ever give us cause,
To sing with heart and voice,
God save the Queen.

Far from the Mother land,
Nobly we'll fall or stand
By England's Queen;
Through towns and forests free,
Britons undaunted we
Sing with true loyalty,
God save the Queen.

It is a principle of loyalty and patriotism to honor the memory of the brave soldier, the wise statesman and the christian benefactor, and others like them, good and true men and women who have well served their generation. The Canadian Parliament four years ago testified its sense of gratitude in memory of the brave men killed at Lundy's Lane in 1814, by erecting a fine monument. It is built of light grey granite and stands full forty feet high. On the north side of the inscription appears,—
"Erected by the Canadian Parliament in honor of the victory gained by the British and Canadian forces on this field, on the 25th July, 1814, and in grateful remembrance of the brave men who died here on that day fighting for the unity of the Empire, 1895." On the south side is the vault.

As on former similar occasions this funereal scene was deeply solemn and impressive; it spoke of the successful defence of this country, 85 years ago, by British regulars, Canadian militia and Indian allies, against an enemy far superior in numbers; it spoke of the brave dead, killed in battle, and of the terrible sufferings of families during the three years of that war.

Most happily it is now a period of peace; it has been so for many years. Enemies have become friends, and we forgive them and respect them, but we may never forget the men and women who defended their Canadian homes, and aided in preserving the integrity of this part of the British Empire, eighty-five years ago.

Major-General Porter of the U. S. army, in a letter to Governor Tomp-