

Camp Kilmer, New Jersey, an urban-corps centre, where trade skills are taught and the trainees' education continued. The group concluded their tour with a visit to the Office of Economic Opportunity centre at New Haven, Connecticut.

POPULATION FIGURES

Canada's population at April 1 this year was estimated at 19,859,000, an increase of 1,621,000 or 8.9 per cent since the last census in June 1961. The relative importance of the various components in the growth of the total population since June 1, 1961, is as follows: 2,190,000 births, 500,000 immigrants, 700,000 deaths and 370,000 emigrants.

A census of Canada, to be taken in June of this year, will serve as a benchmark for the revision or the population estimates covering the period 1961-1966.

PROVINCIAL INCREASES

The largest increase among the provinces was in Ontario where the population in 1961 was 6,236,000, rising by 632,000 or 10.1 per cent, to an estimated 6,868,000 at April 1 this year. Other large increases since 1961 occurred in Quebec, 474,000 or 9.0 per cent; in British Columbia, 221,000 or 13.6 per cent; and in Alberta, 127,000 or 9.5 per cent.

JAPANESE WHALING METHODS

A Japanese whaling vessel, the No. 17 Kyo Maru, which arrived recently in St. John's, Newfoundland, will operate under charter to the federal Department of Fisheries for the next six months. Fisheries Minister H.J. Robichaud said that the Kyo Maru would carry out exploratory work and

demonstrate modern whale-catching techniques and methods to the Canadian fishing industry. The charter covers the period May 15 to November 15, during which time the ship's operations will be directed by the Industrial Development Service of the Department.

Under the terms of the charter, the whales caught will be processed at the whaling plant at Dildo, Newfoundland.

The Kyo Maru is a 750-ton, 187-foot steel whale-catcher armed with a 90 mm. harpoon gun.

Scientific and technical personnel of the federal Department and of the Fisheries Research Board of Canada will be assigned to the whale-catcher for the next six months to collect and assess biological, oceanographic and other scientific and technological data.

OCCUPATION AND DESTINATION

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There has been a steady increase in the proportion of immigrants travelling by air since 1958 when 31.6 per cent of the immigrants were admitted at airports.

TOTAL ARRIVALS

In addition to the 146,758 immigrants examined by immigration officers, the staff at Canadian ports of entry examined 68,208,284 persons, among whom 33,861,333 were Canadian residents re-entering this country after visits out of Canada, and 34,346,951 non-immigrants most of whom were tourists arriving at ocean ports or across the International Boundary for visits of varying lengths in this country. These traffic figures include, of course, those who cross and re-cross the boundary frequently. Persons refused admission after examination totalled 518.