



- 1.12 Information must be interpreted in non-technical terms, and made understandable and accessible to the northern populations that are directly affected by environmental phenomena so that they can assess the risks and adjust their behaviour accordingly. (Quebec)
- 1.13 Participants discussing exchanges expressed awareness that the circumpolar world shares many concerns, priorities, advantages and disadvantages. Various comments were made about the advantages of exchanging visits and ideas with other circumpolar communities. Student, trade, sports exchanges: all have value and are positive learning experience for all participants. (Iqaluit)

- 1.14 Among the advantages of exchanges are strengthened northern ties, voice, and cooperation. In addition, exchanges help show similarities, and result in substantial exchanges of information and ideas. And, as one participant mentioned, it is good also to know of situations in which conditions are worse, as in Russia; such knowledge gives perspective. (Iqaluit)
- 1.15 Also expressed was a need for increased cooperation. There are models of outside bodies, both nationally and internationally, that deal with tourism, for example, and include representation from all groups involved. We need such models and we need active lobby groups. (Iqaluit)

