

by the chairman or by any one of the commissioners, and may examine under oath or affirmation any person who, in its opinion, is in a position to give evidence in relation to such irregularity or fraudulent practice. 1906, s. 9.

5 **6.** If any person is proved upon any inquiry to have been concerned in any fraudulent practice, or to have been guilty of any breach of the regulations made by the Governor in Council with respect to any examination held under the authority of this Act, such person shall be liable, upon
10 summary conviction, to a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding one month; and if any such person's name is upon the list of persons who have been found qualified for any position the Commission may remove his name from such list. 1906,
15 s. 13, amended.

Fraudulent person to be reported.

7. Every person who, at any examination held under this Act, personates any candidate or employs, induces or allows any person to personate him or connives or assists at any personation, is guilty of an offence and liable, on
20 summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars, and, if he is employed in the public service, to be dismissed therefrom. 1906, s. 14.

Personation.

8. (1) Every person who surreptitiously procures from
25 any printer or other person, and every person who, without authority, furnishes to any other person any examination question paper or any other paper relating to any such examination as aforesaid, is guilty of an offence and liable, on summary conviction, to imprisonment, with or without
30 hard labour, for a term not exceeding six months, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars, and, if he is employed in the public service, to be dismissed therefrom.

Illegally obtaining examination papers.

(2) No such person shall be allowed to present himself at any subsequent examination. 1906, s. 15.

35 **9.** (1) No person shall, directly or indirectly, solicit or endeavour to influence any Minister of the Crown or the head of any department with respect to the appointment of any person to the service, or with respect to the promotion or transfer of or an increase of salary to, any
40 officer, clerk, or employee in the public service.

Soliciting appointments.

(2) Any person who, directly or indirectly, solicits or endeavours to influence any Minister of the Crown or the head of any department in favour of his appointment or promotion or to increase his salary, shall be deemed
45 to be unworthy of such appointment, promotion or increase, and it shall not be accorded him; and if he is employed in the public service, he shall be liable to immediate dismissal. 1908, s. 42.