

able, inoculation with the dead typhoid fever germs during the War had been attended by some very gratifying results. These results have been markedly improved upon by a more complete knowledge of the method of administration. He made it quite clear that this method of treatment was highly satisfactory from the prophylactic point of view, and was very valuable as an aid in treatment, as it rendered the course of the disease mild, with an absence of the toxic conditions of the disease, and most of its complications.

A few years ago there were from 1,500 to 1,600 deaths in the Indian Army annually from typhoid fever, while last year it was only 348. Among an equal number of soldiers there were, among the inoculated, 56 cases and 5 deaths, and among the uninoculated 272 cases and 46 deaths. This shows one death in eleven in the former class and one in six in the latter. Here we have a double proof of its value both in prevention and mitigation of the disease.

This method of treatment was of the utmost value in civil life as well as in the military life. In districts where the disease becomes prevalent, and in lumbering and mining camps. The protection was good for a period of eighteen months. He spoke very highly of the strain which had been obtained by cultures from the spleen of a soldier named Rawlings who had died of typhoid fever, and stated that this man's death had saved many lives.

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### OSTEOPATHS ON THE MOVE AGAIN.

Osteopathy is only a form of rubbing or manipulation. The rest is suggestion and humbug. They treat all sorts of ailments whether suitable for this sort of treatment or not. Here is the way their case is stated by Kendrick Smith, of Boston:

"Osteopathy has no fight with the medical world. On the contrary no group of practitioners has greater respect for the scientific achievements of medical history and for the splendid and heroic work which is being done to-day by the great army of doctors the world over. Their way is medical, our way is mechanical. They are satisfied with their methods, we are enthusiastic over ours. It is none of our business how or why they do as they do and we must all agree that it is none of their business how or why we do as we do, provided we prove to the Government that we are competent to practise our profession."

Here we have in a word the declaration for an entirely new system of treatment. We are told that our system is medical. By this we are told that we trust to drugs. What of the physician who orders massage with electro-therapeutics and baths? What of the surgeon who breaks