Monthly Bulletin.

Africa.—Susi, the last of those faithful servants of Dr. Livingstone, who brought his body to the coast on that most remarkable journey, one of the grandest funeral processions the world has ever seen, died at Zanzibar on May 6th.

—Along the West African coast there are now 200 churches, 35,000 converts, 100,000 adherents, 275 schools, and 30,000 pupils. Thirty-five dialects or languages have been mastered, into which portions of the Scripture and religious books and tracts have been translated and printed, and some knowledge of the Gospel has reached about 8,000,000 of benighted Africans.

—King Lewanika, the ruler of the great Barotse, on the Upper Zambesi, has been converted from human sacrifices, the slave trade, and alcoholism. The king has not offered a human sacrifice for three years, has become a tectoler, and forbids the sale of liquor in his capital. He has sent his eldest son, Litia, to Morija, in Basutoland, to receive Christian instruction. The chief has many excellent parts, and for some time has been on terms of friendship with Mr. Coillard, of the Paris Society of Missions; and Litia himself is a promising young man of Christian character.

-The Church of England is beginning mission work in Mashonaland, South Africa, in good earnest. Knight Bruce has been called to the bishopric of that country, and has gone there by way of the Pungwe River, accompanied by one clergyman. Previously six laymon had been sent, by the overland route, with supplies for the mission. Among these is a carpenter who was with Dr. Livingstone through his second African expedition. Three Christian natives from Gazaland are with this party. An American layman proposes to follow shortly, paying his own expenses, while guided by the rules of the mission.

Brazil.—Dr. G. W. Chamberlain and family, Mr. Myron A. Clark, and three

Baptist missionaries with their wives sailed from New York July 15th for Brazil. In Goyaz, there is a daily paper protesting against elections on Sundays, as the Protestants will not vote on that day. The influence of Salbath-keeping is a mission and evangelization in itself,

Chili.—The Presbyterian Mission in Chili has five organized churches, as well as preaching halls in the principal towns of the country. Evangelists make long tours, scattering the bread of life. There are two schools—an elementary one at Valparaiso, attended by 200 scholars, and a superior institution at Santiago, with 80 scholars, some of whom have come from homes in Peru and Bolivia. A young Spanish pastor, M. Francesco Diez, who studied at Lausanne, has recently settled at Santiago in connection with the mission.

-Mr. C. Pollhill Turner, one of the "Cambridge Band" which went to China in connection with the China Inland Mission, is studying the Thibetan language in Kansuh province, on the borders c. Thibet, preparatory to carrying the Gospel into that country.

—Li Hing Chang, Viceroy, and the most powerful man in China, has written a precace to a medical work by the Rev. S. A. Hunter, M.D., giving the sanction of his name to foreign therapeutics and medical missionary work.

-Dr. W. A. P. Martin has returned to resume his important duties as President of the Imperial College of Pekin. It is nearly forty-two years since Dr. Martin first set out for China as a missionary. Then almost rix months were spent on the voyage; now in less than one month the same journey is made. Then there were sixty missionaries, now there are more than a thousand.

—The twenty-fifth anniversary of the China Inland Mission was held at Mildmay Hall, May 26th. A full letter in lieu of a report was read from Mr. Hudson Taylor. In this letter he spoke especially of the new headquarters of an Australasian branch of the society. In giving statements in regard to the work