

THE POWERS TAKE TURKEY TO TASK

Russia and Austria Insist Upon
the Reforms Promised.

THE VICTIMS TO BE ASSISTED

Instructions Have Been Sent to the
Ambassadors to Act
Immediately.

Vienna, Oct. 5.—As an outcome of the conference between the Czar and Emperor Francis Joseph at Muerzeg, the governments of Austria and Russia have sent the following identical telegram to the ambassadors of those countries in Constantinople. The telegrams were couched in the following terms:

"You were recently instructed to declare that Austria-Hungary and Russia adhere to the task of pacification which they have undertaken and are resolved to persevere with the program drawn up at the beginning of the year, notwithstanding the difficulties which are being met. On the one hand, the revolutionary committees have provoked disturbances and deterred the Christian population of the three vilayets from co-operating in the execution of the reforms, on the other hand the representatives of the sublime Porte intrusted with their application have been generally wanting in the necessary zeal, and have not been imbued with the idea which inspired these measures."

"Both powers are united in the determination to show that it is their firm resolve to insist on the execution in their entirety of those reforms which were accepted by the Porte, and which are calculated to guarantee general security. It is therefore their duty to insist that the reforms be carried out without delay."

"While the powers recognize to the full the Porte's right and duty to suppress the disorders fomented by the insurrectionary agitation of the Macedonian committee, they are at the same time deploring the fact that this suppression was accompanied by excesses and cruelties from which the peaceful inhabitants suffered. It is therefore their duty to insist that the reforms be carried out without delay, and the above mentioned instructions will acquaint you with the details of the humanitarian action which is necessary, with the object of supporting the inhabitants who have been deprived of all means of existence, and restoring the villages, churches and schools destroyed by fire."

"The Austro-Hungarian and Russian governments entertain the firm hope that their continued endeavors to establish a lasting peace in the Balkans will be successful, and they are convinced that their impartial advice will be heeded by all to whom it is addressed in their own interests."

"By command of his majesty my august master, I request you to communicate the above instructions to the government after you have arrived at an understanding with your Russian (or Austrian) colleagues, and to have received identical instructions."

Paris, Oct. 5.—It is the expectation in official quarters here that the Russo-Austro-Hungarian agreement will soon have practical results in the creation of the foreign consuls in Macedonia and other districts, and that a council of administration to carry out the reformatory plans of the powers.

The foreign office is gratified at the presentation of the Russo-Austrian note, as it fully takes into consideration the wishes of the powers in Britain. Therefore the note may be said to be expressive of the desires not only of Russia and Austria, but of all the European powers. The organization of a council of the foreign consuls is already under consideration.

TRIED TO WRECK TUPPER'S TRAIN

His Speeches in the Kootenays
Offended Socialists—It Is Al-
leged They Made Threats.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 5.—British Columbia politics, for long a by-word and reproach in their peculiarities, have now descended to the Kentucky level, according to the account given by Sir Robert Tupper of an adventure which came within an ace of closing his career. He had been stumping the Kootenays in their provincial campaign, and, finding these districts hotbeds of extreme Socialism, he had handled their anarchistic tendencies without gloves, exciting some savage comments and threats in Kaslo (unheeded at the time) that he would get out of the mountain country alive.

In order to reach Vancouver on election day it was necessary for him to take a special train from Kaslo up to Sault Ste. Marie, and thence by a locomotive pushing two cars up the steep mountain-side railway, which overhangs the famous Sault Ste. Marie gulch. The train was crawling upward twelve miles out of Kaslo, when the locomotive sighted an obstruction upon the track with the forward car almost upon it. The emergency brakes were at once applied with speed, and the heavy downpour of rain and slippery metals, caused the obstruction to skid ten feet or more, and saved the cars from being telescoped by the locomotive, or, with it, leaving the rails and going crashing down the mountain side. Investigation disclosed that a heavy timber, 18 by 18, and some twelve feet long, had been deliberately placed across the track. The police are now working energetically to bring to justice the perpetrators of the outrage.

THE MOROCCAN TROUBLES

Anglo-French Negotiations Temporarily Suspended.

Paris, Oct. 5.—The foreign office says that owing to the British cabinet crisis and the vacancy in the office of colonial secretary, the British-French negotiations regarding Morocco have been temporarily suspended, and that, therefore, the renewed reports that the powers have given France authority to settle the Moroccan troubles is now warranted by the present stage of the negotiations.

DEVONSHIRE RETICENT

Refuses to Talk About this Cabinet Crisis.

London, Oct. 5.—In reply to an inquiry as to the truth of the report that the delay in settling the cabinet crisis was due to the indecision of the Duke of Devonshire, lord president of the council, who, it was alleged, has sent his conditional resignation to Premier Balfour, the duke telegraphed today: "I have no communication to make."

This was accepted in liberal circles as tending to confirm the report. Official circles, however, were equally as reticent as the duke.

SEN. LANDERKIN HAS PASSED AWAY

Died at His Home at Hanover
After a Month's Illness.

Hanover, Oct. 4.—Senator Landerkin is dead. To thousands throughout Ontario who knew Dr. Landerkin as one of the wisest and most genial men in public life, the news will come as a great shock. On the temporary adjournment of the Senate four weeks ago he came home to Hanover and went to bed complaining of a headache. No one at first thought he was seriously ill, but he gradually sank into a semi-comatose condition. His trouble seemed near, judging from the symptoms, but he rallied rapidly and seemed to shake off the attack. On Friday, however, the stupor returned, and this afternoon about 1:30 the senator passed away peacefully in the presence of the members of his family. The funeral will take place here on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

GERMANY ON THE ANXIOUS SEAT

The Press Urging a Friendly
Arrangement of Tariff With
Canada.

London, Oct. 5.—The German press continues to urge all manner of objections to the adoption of a protectionist tariff by Britain. The Chamber of Commerce, Chemnitz, Germany, reports that the increase in import duties into Canada has hit the Saxon textile industry very hard, especially cotton woven goods and stockings, which were largely exported from Saxony to Canada. The additional increase of 23 1/2 per cent will completely prevent the continuation of the Saxon export to Canada. The toy industry is also seriously affected, and the whole of this export trade to Canada will be lost if the increase of 23 1/2 per cent is carried out. The German Chamber of Commerce urges a friendly arrangement with Canada on the basis of mutual concessions. It points out the serious consequences of a customs war with Canada, as it would endanger German commercial relations with Britain and German industries could not stand the consequences of a customs war with Britain.

THROUGH TO AUSTRALIA

G. T. R. Has Arrangement for Bill-
ing Through Freight.

Montreal, Oct. 5.—The Grand Trunk Railway Company has completed negotiations for a new through traffic arrangement by which it will ship freight right through to Australia and New Zealand. The new arrangement was made possible through the organization of the Canadian, Australasian and Puget Sound Steamship Company, which will run from Tacoma, Washington, to the different ports in Australia and New Zealand. By the new arrangement, as announced by the Grand Trunk Railway Saturday, the Grand Trunk will carry all freight to Chicago, where it will be handed over to the Northern Pacific, and thence shipped right through to Tacoma. By the new traffic arrangement the Grand Trunk will offer direct competition at all points to the Canadian Pacific Railway, and it is expected that the Grand Trunk will be able to fill in by private expenditure at the rate.

In order to supply each man with rations of two ounces of jam and three quarters of an ounce of unsweetened condensed milk, about 15,000 pounds of the former and 6,000 tins of the latter will be required. In addition the crew will also receive an ounce of coffee daily, which makes a total of 3,750 pounds for the entire service.

The boiler exploded. The boiler in the hosiery mill of Turner Birkhead exploded today, instantly killing John Stuckey, the watchman and damaging the plant to the extent of about \$10,000. The boiler and dye house were demolished and one end of the main mill was wrecked.

Thirteen Drowned.

Mansueti, Holland, Oct. 5.—The French lugger President Carnot has been wrecked off the Hook of Holland. Thirteen persons were drowned.

CHAOS PREVAILS IN B. C. POLITICS

The Result of the Election Is
Still in Doubt.

VICTORIA CITY GOES LIBERAL

Mr. Martin Was Defeated—Two Seats
Carried by the Socialists—Van-
couver Is Conservative.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 4.—The latest returns this evening leave the result of British Columbia's first party contest still in doubt. If Cariboo, in which the Liberals are leading by fifty-four and twenty-seven, respectively, be conceded, there are nineteen Liberals, nineteen Conservatives and two Socialists elected to the new House, with two seats still in doubt, Hon. Joseph Martin and his four associates on the Liberal ticket. In Vancouver have gone down to defeat. To counterbalance this is the Liberal victory in all four seats in this city by substantial majorities. Mr. McBride gets back, but two of his ministers—Hon. E. A. McPhillips, Victoria, and Hon. A. E. Goodwin, Rossland, have been unseated. The next House will probably consist of about twenty-one Liberals, nineteen Conservatives and two Socialists. The situation is unfortunate, as neither side will have a working majority without the assistance of the Socialists, a contingency very much dreaded. Some regard another election as inevitable, while others say that the majority of Liberals are content to wait and see if a solution of the difficulty does not come. The Liberals returned are composed of a majority of splendid men who will crowd McBride closely. The defeat of Mr. Martin and most of the Liberals who were regarded as his partisans has settled what would have been a doubtful contest. A source of irritation had Mr. Martin been returned. The result in Victoria City was a crushing blow to the Tories, who counted on at least two seats. The defeat of Mr. Ebers in Saanich by a comparatively unknown farmer afforded the Liberals a screen through which the province, who regarded him as the surviving representative of the Turner party.

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LIBERAL.
Albani—W. H. McInnes.
Cariboo—Dr. J. H. King.
Cariboo—(2)—J. Murphy, H. Jones.
Chilliwack—C. W. Munro.
Columbia—W. C. Wells (acc).
Cowichan—J. N. Evans.
Delta—John Oliver.
Greenwood—J. R. Brown.
The Islands—T. M. Patterson.
Kootenay—P. H. Gaudin.
Lillooet—A. Macdonald (acc).
Nelson—John Houston.
New Westminster—T. Clifford.
Okanagan—P. J. Edmonson.
Revelstoke—Thomas Taylor.
Richmond—F. Carter-Cotton.
Vancouver (5)—Hon. C. Wilson, Hon. R. G. Brown, G. A. G. W. J. Ymir—Harry Wright—19.

CONSERVATIVE.
Atlin—Dr. Young.
Blenheim—Hon. T. McBride.
Bulkley—Hon. T. McBride.
Fernie—W. R. Ross.
Grand Forks—Geo. A. Fraser.
Kaslo—Hon. R. Greene.
Kootenay—P. H. Gaudin.
Lillooet—A. Macdonald (acc).
Nelson—John Houston.
New Westminster—T. Clifford.
Okanagan—P. J. Edmonson.
Revelstoke—Thomas Taylor.
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SOCIALISTS.
Nanaimo—Hawthornthwaite.
Newcastle—Parkes Williams.
N. DUBUIT.
Skene—No report.
Comox—Young (Lib.) leading.

FIVE MEALS A DAY

New Dietary Scheme for the British
Navy.

London, Oct. 5.—The new dietary scheme came into operation in the British navy this week. The blue jackets and marines will for the first time be provided with James milk, and henceforward are to have five meals a day.

Under the former regime a grateful country supplied the sailor with only three meals in twenty-four hours, and Jack was officially presumed to go without food between supper, at 4 o'clock one day, and 5 o'clock breakfast on the next day. The gaps, needless to say, had to be filled in by private expenditure at the canteen.

In order to supply each man with rations of two ounces of jam and three quarters of an ounce of unsweetened condensed milk, about 15,000 pounds of the former and 6,000 tins of the latter will be required. In addition the crew will also receive an ounce of coffee daily, which makes a total of 3,750 pounds for the entire service.

THAT RESIGNATION

The Times Makes a Statement Con-
cerning It.

London, Oct. 5.—Regarding Premier Balfour's concealment of Mr. Chamberlain's resignation, the Times this morning says: "We are in a position to affirm that the proceedings at the cabinet council of Sept. 14 made it clear to the other ministers that Mr. Chamberlain was unable to accept for himself the policy laid down by the Premier, and that he might, in consequence, be expected to resign."

LIONESS ATTACKS MAN

Is Terribly Mauled During a Public
Performance.

Joliet Ill., Oct. 5.—Sultana, known as the amiable lioness, with Percy Bros. street carmen, made a savage attack on her trainer, Capt. Briggs, with several hundred people as horrified spectators. Briggs was in the cage at the time. The lioness became enraged and sprang upon Briggs. Before he could defend himself the lioness had bitten him three times in the abdomen, once in the thigh and lacerated his right thumb. The trainers thrust iron bars and poles into the cage and beat the animal down. Briggs succeeded in drawing his revolver and by firing point blank in the animal's face made his escape through the door. Briggs' wounds are serious and will keep him confined to his bed for some time.

TURK AND BULGAR CLASH AT LAST

Serious Conflict Reported Be-
tween Troops at a
Frontier Post.

Sofia, Oct. 5.—Serious news has been received here from the frontier of fighting between Turkish and Bulgarian troops at Demir-Kapia, both sides sustaining losses.

In official quarters all knowledge of the affair is denied, but the circumstantial details given seem to indicate that there is some foundation for the accounts of the conflict. According to one report the Turks attacked the Bulgarian frontier post. Another version says the Turks pursued a number of refugees across the frontier.

The war office here is working at high pressure and 24,000 recruits will be called out three months before the usual time. Prince Ferdinand has sanctioned numerous other measures of a warlike nature. All the cavalry, with the exception of a single regiment which is stationed at Sofia, has been sent into the frontier districts where there are also strong forces of artillery. Vigorous efforts are being made to prevent bands from crossing into Turkish territory. Two bands which were sent back have reached Sofia since yesterday. Dispatches from the frontier received at the revolutionary headquarters report that the refugees in the mountains are in a terrible condition. Through their pursuit by the Turks and cold and hunger, many are dying. Measures are being taken to relieve the worst cases of suffering among the fugitives from the frontier districts. From insurgent sources it is reported that the Bulgarian villages of Obditt and Kremer have been pillaged and burned. Many of their inhabitants were slaughtered. The Bulgarian quarter of Belitza in flames. Seven hundred refugees from Belitza are reported to have been killed in a Turkish ambush near Samakoff, Province of Kink-Kisse.

London, Oct. 5.—The reports of the conflict at Demir-Kapia between Turkish and Bulgarian troops have not yet been confirmed, but the news is confirmed that the Turkish government has issued a series of orders in Constantinople demonstrating that the Ottoman Government is greatly incensed at the number of Bulgarian officers who are leading insurgent bands across the frontier from Bulgaria. The direct negotiations between Turkey and Bulgaria are making no progress.

WEATHER BULLETIN

London, Monday, Oct. 5.
Sun rises, 6:19 a.m. Moon rises, 5:30 p.m.
Sun sets, 5:54 p.m. Moon sets, 5:19 a.m.
Tomorrow—Fair and Cooler.

Shows have been fairly general today in the St. Lawrence Valley, and have occurred locally in Northern and Western Ontario. Elsewhere in Canada the weather has been fair. In Ontario the temperature has been higher than it was yesterday, while in the other provinces there has been little change.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 44-56; Kamloops, 39-46; Calgary, 38-54; Qu'Appelle, 24-46; Minnedosa, 44-54; Port Arthur, 52-54; Parry Sound, 56-62; Toronto, 56-72; Ottawa, 54-68; Montreal, 54-66; Quebec, 48-52; Halifax, 54-60.

MONDAY, OCT. 5-8 a.m.

FORECASTS.

Today—Moderate, variable winds; fine. Tuesday—Light winds; fair, with a little lower temperature. Temperatures.

Stations. 5 a.m. 8 a.m. 11 a.m. 2 p.m. 5 p.m. 8 p.m. Weather.

Calgary, 50 50 50 50 50 50 Clear
Winnipeg, 48 48 48 48 48 48 Fair
Parry Sound, 42 42 42 42 42 42 Fair
Toronto, 54 54 54 54 54 54 Clear
Ottawa, 56 56 56 56 56 56 Fair
Montreal, 56 56 56 56 56 56 Cloudy
Quebec, 54 54 54 54 54 54 Rain
Father Point, 50 50 50 50 50 50 Cloudy

A MISSIONARY PARTY PERISH

Mr. McLaughlin and Six
Children Lost

IN STORM ON LAKE WINNIPEG

Were Making Their Way in Sail-
boat From the Huron River
Mission.

Winnipeg, Oct. 4.—It is now certain that Missionary McLaughlin, of the Methodist Church, who left Huron River on Sept. 7, with six Indian children, perished, with the entire party. Today word reached Selkirk that two bodies, one of an elderly Indian and that of a young Indian boy, were found in Lake Winnipeg, near Big Island, at a point where Mr. McLaughlin and the party were supposed to be when the big storm occurred. It is supposed that the elder Indian had been engaged by Mr. McLaughlin to assist in navigating the sailboat in which they were coming up the lake. Rev. John Simmons, in charge of northern missions for the Methodist Church, is now on the lake with a tug, endeavoring to locate the body of Mr. McLaughlin or to discover traces of his whereabouts. Friends are hoping that new ways come of the missing missionary from some of the islands near which the disaster occurred.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY

Don. M. Dickinson Carries On U. S.
Argument.

London, Oct. 5.—At today's session of the Alaska boundary commission, Don M. Dickinson, of American counsel, continued his argument. He contended that Great Britain's claim that Vancouver's narrative was relied upon by the original negotiators was not substantiated by the evidence submitted by British counsel. Vancouver's map was accepted by the United States, but not his narrative, in spite of Attorney-General Finlay's arguing, which Sir Louis Jettie, supported. Mr. Dickinson contended that the line through Portland Channel was always understood to run through the middle of the channel itself, and not along its sides. A minute examination of maps then monopolized the proceedings.

MOUSE THE JONAH; CAT THE WHALE

Former Shot Down Tabby's
Throat and Tried to Grawl
a Way Out.

New York, Oct. 5.—Carrying a market basket, which had the lid bound down by many strappings of clothes, and from which came a loud and plaintive meowing, a well-dressed woman entered the East Orange, N. J., police station and requested Serg. Geo. Snow to help her out of a predicament. The animal, which was a big cat, evidently in agony. The woman managed to tell the sergeant her pet had swallowed a live mouse and was "going crazy." The animal was a good mouser, she said, and had pounced upon a small mouse in the pantry. The frightened mouse had leaped as the cat sprang at it, had jumped directly into pussy's eager and open mouth. It had run down the cat's throat, and from the squirming and meowing seemed to be trying to gnaw its way out.

The woman was reluctant to lose her pet, but as tabby seemed to be in great distress it was, after much consultation, decided she should die. James Tyrell, the janitor, put the cat into the "gas box," where wandering about the end came quickly, to cat and mouse.

COW SAVES A MAN

Butts Bull That Was Goring Him to
Death.

Hanover, Pa., Oct. 5.—While Henry Sharp, a farmer residing near Taney, was driving his cattle into the barnyard, he was suddenly attacked by a savage bull. He was knocked down and fell against the wall under the overshoot of the barn.

The bull then attempted to gore him, but fortunately his horns were wide apart, and only his head came in contact with the farmer. He was fast being butted to death, however, when one of the cows, hearing the bull bellowing with rage, rushed out of the barn and attacked the bull, goring it in the side.

This caused the bull to desist its attack on young Sharp, who managed to reach a place of safety. He is seriously injured about the chest and abdomen.

FRENCH RELIGIOUS RIOTS

A Serious Clash Reported From
Brittany.

Paris, Oct. 5.—According to the correspondent of the Gaulois some disturbances occurred at Orient, a fortified seaport in Brittany, where a band of anti-clericals broke through a cordon of troops and attempted to set fire to the church of St. Louis, but were charged by cavalry, who arrested fifteen of them. Another mob assembled near the church at 10 o'clock at night, and threw stones at the troops, who were again compelled to charge.

The ministerial papers and the semi-clerical agencies, however, declare that no disturbances occurred.

AN ARMENIAN PROTEST

Sent From American Colonies to the
Czar.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 5.—A convention of Armenians, representing 42 Armenian colonies of the United States and Canada, met in this city last night and adopted a memorial and appeal, protesting against the action of Russia in seizing properties of the Armenian Church.

The resolutions will be presented to the Russian ambassador at Washington by a delegation headed by Bishop Aragian, with a request that it be forwarded by him to the Czar.

LADY AND THE HATPIN

How a Woman Put Three Robbers
to Flight.

Indianapolis, Oct. 5.—Three men attempted to rob Sheriff Frame, of Warren county while he and his wife were driving from Williamsport to West Lebanon. One man held the sheriff's horse, while each of the others appeared at opposite sides of the buggy. While the sheriff was struggling with one Mrs. Frame was being held by the other. She drew a long hatpin from her hat and drove it into the robber's face and as he recoiled in pain she turned upon the man, who was struggling with her husband. She struck the hatpin into his cheek, and drew back and the sheriff whipped up his horse and escaped.

RUSSIA CLOSELY WATCHING JAPAN

The Latter Has Embarked Three
Divisions of Troops for
Corea.

Paris, Oct. 5.—The Russian Government has made it known that Japan's mobilization of troops for transportation to Corea does not, up to today, constitute an unfriendly act against Russia. At the same time the Russian Government is being kept fully advised as to the extent and nature of Japan's military and naval mobilization. It appears from these official sources that Japan thus far has embarked three divisions of troops, and the Japanese fleet is now between Chumpo and Fusan. The ships continue under steam, but nothing is known beyond this concerning their purposes. Baron De Rosen, the Russian minister to Japan, has returned to Tokio after an extended conference at Port Arthur last week, with Admiral Alexeff, who was recently designated to assume supreme control of Russian interests in the far east. The results of this conference are not known.

SHE WAS VICTIMIZED

Flirted, Lost Jewels and Husband
Sues for Divorce.

Paris, Oct. 5.—A young married woman made the acquaintance at Aix-les-Bains of a fascinating man. On their return this week to Paris they took a stroll together in the Bois de Boulogne. A man pretending to be a private clothes-gendarme accused them of unseemly conduct, but agreed to accept a bribe of \$30,000, for which the cavalier offered him a check. The pseudo-gendarme grabbed the check, whereupon the cavalier snatched that the woman hand him her jewels as a pledge. Now she is awaiting news of the cavalier, who is said to have the value of the jewels with his confederate. Her husband is unsympathetically suing for divorce.

ONTARIO'S FINE FLOUR

British Buyers Declare It Best in
the Dominion.

London, Oct. 5.—The Canadian Government is commending the Bimingham, Mr. P. R. Ball, makes the statement that one of the largest flour dealers in Great Britain, which lately gave a trial order for 500 bags of flour to an Ontario firm, says: "We beg to say that this is the finest Canadian flour we have ever seen. It makes a splendid loaf in both bloom and texture. We are trying to buy a line for shipment, and we feel bound to say if your Canadian millers can ship us flour of this kind and keep shipping up to this quality, they will have very little trouble in displacing the fine winter patents on our market that we are now getting from the United States."

MARRIED BESIDE COFFIN

Guests at Wedding Were Also the
Mourners Later.

Bangor, Oct. 5.—At Limestone, a small town in Aroostook county, on Wednesday, Guy Cronki was married to Miss Mary Nickerson, the couple standing beside the casket of the bridegroom's mother during the ceremony, while the room was filled with the friends of both.

The wedding occurred at 11:30 a. m., and the funeral of the elder Mrs. Cronki at 2:30 p. m., the wedding guests acting also as mourners. The bridegroom is a conductor on the Portland Street Railway, and although he has been engaged for a long time he has not seen his bride very often, his work keeping him in Portland.

The father of the bride bitterly opposed the marriage, but the relatives of the bridegroom did all they could to hasten it, and it was because of the friendship of his mother for the bride that Cronki wished the ceremony to be performed beside her open coffin.

THE MURDERESS WAS HYPNOTIZED

A Frenchwoman Reacts Her
Crime While Mesmerized.

HER MOVEMENTS BIOGRAPHED

The Reconstruction of the Killing
Was Made Before Representatives
of the French Courts.

Paris, Oct. 5.—Gabrielle Bonpard, the young and pretty murderess, recently pardoned from prison, was the central figure this week in a drama in which she appeared under peculiar circumstances, in the presence of some of the leading men of France. The play was nothing else than the re-enacting of the tragedy in which she assisted Eyraud to strangle Gouffe, her lover of the moment, in order to get the money on his person. And that she might make her part in the murder strictly true to detail, she was hypnotized.

The terrible reconstruction of the crime at which the whole world once wondered was done in the studio of Boyers, a popular photographer of the boulevards. In the select audience were France's minister of justice, Le Comte de Cassat, the minister of the interior, Paige, his secretary, Henri Letellier, proprietor of Le Journal; Jacques D'Hur, a newspaper writer; De Jouvenel, a bureau chief in the ministry of justice, and a score of others.

The mesmeric operator was Professor Liegeois of the faculty of Nancy, who easily secured the consent of the compliant murderess and caused her to commit again the crime, and with a realism that made it awful, holding the little victim in a vice of his hands, and bound, as the young woman brought up in perfect continuity the various acts of the drama for which Eyraud died under the guillotine, and for which she spent many years behind the bars. Boyer operated a biograph recording the action and preserving the tragic drama for future exhibitions. Gouffe, a middle-aged Parisian, became enamoured of Bonpard, who pretended to return his affection. Eyraud, conceived the idea of murdering Gouffe for his money, and the plot was laid. Gouffe was invited to Bonpard's apartment. There Eyraud was in hiding behind a curtain. At a moment when Gouffe was receiving the gentle caresses of the woman she slipped the noose over his head. Eyraud then drew the curtain tightly behind her, and pulled, while Bonpard pressed down upon Gouffe's breast, strangling him.

BLOODHOUNDS TRACED HER

Desperate Attempt of a Woman Con-
vict to Escape.

Vallosta, Cal., Oct. 5.—For ten hours on Saturday Blanche Smith, a woman convict, was chased by bloodhounds. The woman succeeded in eluding the savages until about midnight, when she was forced to climb a tree to escape. She was torn to pieces. The guards found her sitting in a fork of the tree, exhausted, while the bloodhounds were baying below. The woman escaped from the convict camp about the morning, and the dogs were immediately put on the trail. She took to the cane brakes along the river, and by doubling on her tracks kept the hounds at fault. When tired she was almost nude, her clothing having been torn from her by briars and canes. Much indignation is expressed because the hounds were put on the woman's trail.

HAUNTED HOUSE A DEN OF SNAKES

Three Laborers Who Seek Shelter
in the Hut Were Stung
to Death.

Mahoning, Pa., Oct. 5.—For many years there has been an old, abandoned frame cabin standing in an isolated point on the summit of the Mahoning Mountain, a few miles from Ashfield. Sometimes hunters visit the locality, but few persons venture near the place, for the cabin has had the name of being haunted for many years. Saturday afternoon two venturesome young men, John Hardy and Hamilton I. Barnes, of East Allentown, who were making a pedestrian trip through the slate mining country, visited Mahoning summit, and hearing a peculiar hissing cautiously approached the dismantled cabin and looked into the broken window opening from the east side of the mountain.

The sight that met their eyes almost froze the blood in their veins. Lying upon the floor were the bodies of three Hungarian laborers. The young men took to their heels and ran all the way to Ashfield and reported the discovery.

A party of farmers armed themselves and proceeded to the cabin. After firing upon the snakes through the windows, killing many of them, and driving the others out, an investigation was made, when it was found the men were members of a crew of workmen, who, until a few weeks ago were employed upon a new span of the Lehigh Valley Railroad. It is supposed the victims sought safety from a deluging rain storm by entering the haunted building.

It is now proposed to destroy the ancient building that has such a gruesome history, and at the same time demolish a place that has afforded shelter for the poisonous moccasins.