

Better Outlook

For Settling the Miners' Strike in Great Britain.

The Conference of Mayors Has a Good Effect.

Fatal Riot in Hamburg Growing Out of Sanitary Regulations.

24th Bismarck and De Losseps in a Better Condition.

Both Better.

Paris, Oct. 10.—Prince Bismarck is growing stronger daily.

Paris, Oct. 10.—Count de Losseps' condition was somewhat improved.

Canadian Cattle Trade Dull.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—No Canadian cattle were offered at Deptford yesterday. There were United States beasts fully sufficient to meet all demands. Trade was slow.

Cholera Cases.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—A dispatch from Rome says that there are an average of 100 cases of cholera reported daily in Palermo, although the Government states that the outbreak is not serious.

Simply a Canard.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Baron de Worms says in connection with the story that a syndicate had purchased Lower California from the Mexican Government with the intention of shortly having that country incorporated into the American Union (Baron de Worms' name being mentioned as one of the leaders in the movement), that he had never heard of the syndicate and the report that he was in any way connected with it was entirely unfounded.

Fatal Riot at Hamburg.

HAMBURG, Oct. 10.—Another fatal riot occurred last night in St. Pauli, a suburb of Hamburg, growing out of an attempt of the sanitary officers to enforce the regulations for the prevention of the spread of cholera.

A sanitary officer and a policeman were killed. The rioting was waged desperately with the odds in favor of the mob when a detachment of troops arrived. The officer in command ordered the mob to disperse, but they paid no attention until the order was given the troops to fire. Several were killed and many injured.

British Collieries Resume.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Eight firms owning collieries in the Bolton district, and other owners in various places, each opened their collieries to-day. Other pits will be opened to-morrow. The miners in these pits all went to work at the rate of wages paid before the strike. The demand for coal is very heavy. The pits now working find it impossible to fill orders even with double shifts of miners at work.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—The conference between the mayors of Sheffield, Leeds, Nottingham, Bradford and Derby and the representatives of the Mine Owners' Association and the Miners' Federation is being held at the Grosvenor Hotel, London, to-day. The conference is being held in the afternoon. The latter declares that they will not accept any reduction in wages, while the owners declare that after the pits had been idle for weeks a 10 per cent. reduction will be absurd. On the other hand, the proposals have been well received in the Manchester district and they are believed to afford a practical basis of settlement. The mine owners in Warwickshire to-day agreed to adopt the proposals and to open their pits forthwith. Delegates from the Miners' Federation will meet in Birmingham on Thursday to further consider the proposals, and it is hoped that their decision will result in the ending of the strike that has been lasted since August 28, though some of the miners did not quit work until after that date.

STILL THEY GO.

Enormous Crowds Flocking to the Fair Attendance Up to Date 16,800,613.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Enormous crowds are flocking to the fair again to-day, and it is expected the last day will place the attendance far beyond 20,000,000.

Attendance to-day, 16,800,613.

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the visit made by him during the past year to the missions in British Columbia and Bermuda. Dr. Carman said the work in Bermuda was at a standstill, but in British Columbia the prospects were very hopeful.

The chairman presented to the members an invitation from Hon. W. E. Sanford to dine at Wexford to-morrow evening, and it was decided to accept with thanks.

This evening anniversary services were held. Senator Sanford presiding. The speakers were Rev. Geo. Storey, president Newfoundland Conference; Rev. John McDougall, president Manitoba Conference; J. J. McLaren, Q.C., Toronto, and Rev. F. A. Cassidy, missionary from Japan.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR UNION.

Fifth Annual Convention of the Association at St. Catharines.

St. Catharines, Oct. 10.—The fifth annual convention of the Ontario Christian Endeavor Union was opened in the St. Paul Street Methodist Church at 2:30 to-day. About 400 delegates are present. The church was very prettily decorated with flowers, bunting, emblems and banners.

President Morris, Jun., of Hamilton, occupied the chair.

Rev. G. A. R. Dickson, of Galt, conducted a conference on "Methods of Work," discussing the work of look out, flower missionary, social, prayer meeting and Sabbath school committees. A large number of the delegates gave their experience on work of these committees.

The evening session took the form of a public meeting, the church being filled to overflowing.

PRESBYTERIAN MISSIONS.

Meeting of the Executive of the Home Mission Committee.

TORONTO, Oct. 10.—The executive of the home mission committee of the Presbyterian Church, western section, met here to-day and transacted a large amount of business. Grants were made to the various presbyteries for services during the past half year to the amount of nearly \$50,000.

A proposal to hold the meetings of the executive in various large towns and cities so as to diffuse interest in the work was held over till the spring for action.

Dr. Cochran, the convention reported he had received the annual grant of \$250 from the Free Church of Scotland.

Interesting reports were received from various parts of the mission field. The committee will meet again to-morrow to appoint missionaries to the several vacancies.

Big Petition for Recall.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 10.—Senator Hiram Bland presented to the Senate a petition signed by 15,000 New York business men (not a banker or broker among them) praying for the recall of the purchase clause of the Sherman Act.

Eleven Men Probably Lost.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 10.—The schooner Pioneer, owned by Daniel Allen & Son, of Boston, was wrecked on the rocks, which sailed from here on Aug. 2, is given up by her owners as lost. She had a crew of eleven men, mostly Scandinavians.

Engineer and Fireman Killed.

WHITING, Ind., Oct. 10.—This afternoon about 4:20 train No. 20 on the Pennsylvania Railroad, which was operating on the main line, was wrecked at Whiting, causing the engine, mail car and two Pullmans to leave the track. Henry Warner, engineer, and John Christie, fireman, were killed. Three persons were injured, including the conductor, but not fatally.

Howard Fair.

RIDGEMONT, Ont., Oct. 10.—The Howard Bruce Agricultural Society fair opened under the most favorable circumstances. All classes are well-filled, especially the cattle, horses, sheep, poultry, etc. The exhibits in the main building are better and more numerous than ever. There are fine arts, fancy work, and fruits being very fine, while the exhibit of machinery surpasses that of any previous fair in Ridgmont.

Uncle Sam's Crops.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 10.—The October returns of the Department of Agriculture make the general condition of corn 75.1 against 76.7 for last month. The returns of yield per acre of wheat indicate a prospect of about 11.3 bushels or 1.7 bushels less than last October estimate; oats 23.5 bushels against 24.3 last year. The last report of condition was 74.9 against 75.9 the same month last year. Barley yield in 21.7 against 22.7 last year.

Slaughter House for Babies.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 10.—A shocking scandal has been caused here by the coroner's investigation of the San Francisco Foundling Hospital, where 33 babies had died within the past week. The place was closed Thursday last and 24 foundlings were given into the custody of the Catholic infant shelter. The coroner ascertained that 33 babies died from lack of nutrition and from malnutrition and pneumonia. The Daughters of the Good Shepherd have publicly branded the asylum as a slaughter house for babies.

Joe's View of It.

SALEM, March 10.—Hon. Joseph Chamberlain in an interview to-day said that he regarded the Home Rule Bill as dead for the present. He would oppose separate parliament for Ireland, but would favor any kind of local self-government which can be shown to be perfectly safe and not a mere step toward separation, and so would the Conservative party. He said our views on the probability of a reconciliation on the home rule question between the Home Rulers and Liberal-Unionists. Mr. Chamberlain also declared that there was no danger that the English people would abolish the House of Lords.

The United States Coast Defenses in Poor Shape.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 10.—Brigadier General Joseph C. Breckinridge, Inspector-General of the United States, has made a report to the Secretary of War, indicating a condition of affairs prevailing in regard to our coast defenses, which is officially characterized as "disgraceful." It is shown that almost the entire southern coast on the Atlantic seaboard is absolutely unprotected and at the mercy of a foreign foe. Forts have been allowed to crumble away, cannon have rusted and cannon carriages rotted.

Steamers Arrived.

Oct. 10. From

Friesland, New York, Antwerp

Kaiser Wilhelm, New York, Bremen

Circassian, Liverpool, Montreal

Ontario, Father Point, Liverpool

Gremlin, Glasgow, New York

Dresden, New York, Rotterdam

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Late Canadian News.

Ontario's Premier to Speak in Hamilton on Thursday—A Postoffice Employee in Trouble.

There is a report that a girl 14 years of age has been eaten by a bear at Bathurst.

Sir Oliver Mowat is to be in Hamilton on the evening of Oct. 12, and will speak before the Canadian Club there.

Ex-Premier Abbott, who has been seriously ill, was much better Tuesday, and his family hope for his recovery.

Mr. Robert Lees, Q.C., county crown attorney, died at his home in Ottawa on Tuesday morning. He came to Canada in 1817.

The Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen gave a magnificent ball at the Quebec Citadel, at which over 600 guests were present.

The plebiscite campaign in Hamilton will be opened by a meeting on Oct. 17. Mr. Martor, M.P.P., and Mayor Fleming, of Toronto, will speak.

A Reform convention for Center Simcoe to choose a candidate for the next election for the Legislature has been called to meet at Elmville on Oct. 25.

Terrific storms of thunder and lightning visited Yarmouth and Liverpool, N. S., on Monday evening. Several buildings in the districts suffered by lightning.

The G. T. H. Company's return of trade for the week ending Oct. 7, 1893, shows total earnings \$468,867—an increase of \$44,878 over the corresponding week last year.

One Italian was blown to pieces and two others were badly injured by a dynamite explosion Tuesday morning in the tunnel at Niagara Falls. They were blasting a large stone.

Alexander Burnside, of Collingwood, was drowned off the Buffalo fish dock on Friday. He attempted to jump from the dock to a tug. Burnside's mother resides in Toronto.

The Toronto St. Andrew's and Caledonian societies have decided to present addresses to the Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen on the occasion of their approaching visit to the city.

At Windsor, Ont., Tuesday, M. O'Donnell was examined at the police court, charged with stealing tickets from the Michigan Central Railway Company, while in their employ. He was remanded for trial and furnished bail with three sureties in the sum of \$3,000.

Inspector Sweetman, of the postoffice department, has reported in favor of suspending Henry Duggan, messenger at the Ottawa postoffice. Duggan has been in the service for over eighteen years. The trouble is over a missing money letter addressed to the Bank of Montreal.

University College convocation was held Tuesday afternoon in the Auditorium, Toronto, and was very largely attended. Hon. Edward Blake, who spoke, was accorded a most flattering reception, the students rising on mass and cheering for several seconds. He made only a brief address.

IN LABOR'S FIELD.

Disastrous Effects of the Coal Miners' Strike in England.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—In Lancashire alone 300,000 people are dependent from meal to meat on public charity as a result of the great coal strike. It is estimated that the total in England is 750,000.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 9.—The executive board of the union mine workers has investigated the charges of defalcation preferred against J. M. Lacey, secretary and treasurer. The investigation shows the charges to be unfounded.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Oct. 9.—The lower Pacific mills, which have been closed since Aug. 11, started up to-day in departments to-day at a reduction of wages.

TORONTO, Oct. 9.—The dispute between the Toronto Street Railway Company and the employees' union appears to be reaching an amicable stage.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 10.—The United States Glass Company, the largest glass manufacturing concern in the country, whose employees number 2,500, has announced its policy of no longer recognizing the American Flint Glass Workers' Union. The old workmen have until Oct. 10 to get in under the new conditions.

BUSINESS, Oct. 10.—The executive committee of the Miners' Federation met to-day and decided in favor of terminating the strike, the masters having granted satisfactory advances. The executive committee of the Knights of Labor decided that work should be resumed to-morrow.

HOOPER'S CASE.

Continuation of the Coroner's Inquest—The Suspected Man Taken to Montreal.

PORT HOPE, Oct. 10.—The adjourned coroner's inquest in the alleged wife-poisoning case was resumed this evening and continued until a late hour. Evidence was given by Dr. Clark, superintendent of the Rockwood Asylum, Kingston, where Mrs. Hooper was confined for some time, by the conductor and trainmen belonging to the train on which the woman was taken suddenly ill.

The principal evidence was that of Conductor Robitaille, who swore he saw Hooper give his wife something to drink out of a tin cup, and the woman almost immediately after pressed her hand to her breast and swooned away.

When Conductor Robitaille made the statement that Hooper had given his wife a drink of something, the prisoner shouted "You're a liar!" but he was immediately silenced by the coroner.

During the inquest the coroner received a telegram from Prof. Ellis, of Toronto, stating that the analysis of Mrs. Hooper's stomach could not be completed for a week at least.

Prosecuting Attorney Cornelean will produce at the next inquest the druggist who sold Hooper poison. The inquest then adjourned until the 20th inst.

Detective Carpenter left to-night for Montreal with Hooper in charge.

Spain will demand from Morocco substantial guarantees securing her rights in Melilla, besides adequate indemnity from the Sultan.

Do you want to secure a fine piano at auction prices? If so, attend the sale at Jones' auction rooms on Thursday at 2:30 p.m.

MIDDLESEX FALL ASSIZES.

A Verdict of \$50 in the Hammill-McClary Case

Against the Defendant—Damages Asked for the Loss of a Hand—Lacey vs. Lacey.

Two days morning.

The assizes opened this morning at the usual hour, the judge, Mr. Justice McMillan, presiding.

Ed. Hinchey, Geo. Martin and Fred Reid, boys about 15 years of age, were examined, and though subjected to a severe cross-examination they would not alter their story, which was chiefly in regard to the language used by Hammill and McClary. This concluded the evidence for the plaintiff, and the defense was then taken.

Dr. Hatchinson was called to McClary's house on the night in question and saw the injuries, which consisted of a cut on the head about three and a-half inches long. Maurice Sullivan, a shoemaker, had been told by Hammill that he was passing a spit against McClary, but that the latter had too much money for him.

Oliver McClary, on being examined, contradicted the statements of the witnesses for the plaintiff. He was 77 years old, and had never said anything of an improper nature to Mrs. Hammill. As to the assault, plaintiff was entirely to blame, as on returning home on the night of Aug. 1, 1892, he was passing Hammill's back gate, when a voice attracted his attention and, turning, was confronted by Hammill, who wanted to know McClary's brain out. On going through the gate McClary alleged that he received a blow on the head with a heavy stick, inflicting a cut about three and a-half inches in length, which bled profusely and required six stitches by a medical officer. In the first row with Hammill witness stated that it was a case of blackmail, and that he would take action against Hammill, but here the matter dropped. As to whether he had been drinking on the day in question witness said that he may have had two or three horns, but by no means drunk, and it was on the order of his physician that he took the liquor at all.

Mr. Meredith and Mr. Tothie then addressed the jury in behalf of their clients. The jury in the case of Hammill vs. McClary returned a verdict of \$50—\$40 up to the laying of the information and \$10 thereafter—the defendant to pay all costs.

Tuesday Afternoon.

When the court resumed at 1 o'clock the case of Haight vs. Wortman was commenced. It is an action instituted by Silas S. Haight, of East London, against the Wortman & Ward Manufacturing Company, claiming damages for injuries received while in their employ. The accident occurred through an alleged deficiency in the machinery for the manufacture of churns. Haight ran his hands against a saw, losing two fingers of his right hand and it was in so doing that he received his injuries. Notice had been given of the needed improvements, but no action had been taken. The second time Haight was employed he was aware that it was the same work he was to do as had resulted in the loss of his fingers.

Messrs. Thompson, Terry, Peace and Kay gave evidence as to the improper condition of the machine, while Dr. Gardiner described the injuries received by Haight.

This ended the evidence for the plaintiff, and Mr. Hellmuth addressed his lordship, claiming a non-suit on the ground that it was through the negligence of the plaintiff that the accident happened, and that Haight exercised any care whatever he would not have met with the misfortune. It had also, Mr. Hellmuth said, been proven that after the accident Mr. Haight went back to Wortman's to do the same work.

Mr. E. R. Cameron, for the plaintiff, claimed it had been proven that it was through the negligence of the employers that the accident happened, and that the saw was not in a proper condition.

Justice Falconbridge will give judgment in the application for a non-suit this morning. Should the application be refused the case will be sent to the jury. The case will be sent to the jury.

Thomas Ashton, for the defense, had considerable experience on such cases, and said there was no danger whatever should any care be taken. He had examined the machine and saw at Wortman's, and found them in a first-class condition.

Mr. Burns (of Stevens & Burns), Mr. John Shephard, Mr. Street (foreman at Wortman's), Mr. Mackay and Mr. Fisher (employed at the same place), also stated that everything was in the best of condition.

Court adjourned at 6 p.m.

NOTES.

The case of Lacey vs. Lacey has not yet been argued.

The suit of Garratt vs. Barnes, has been settled. It arose out of the erection of the new pork factory at Pottersburg, the company at its completion holding back \$4,317, which they claimed as forfeit money through the building not being in readiness at the time agreed upon. The plaintiff (Garratt) claimed that the implement was not ready for the money, and accordingly brought suit for the full amount. The settlement was reached upon the payment of \$3,300, each party to pay their own costs. Gibbons, Q.C., for plaintiff; W. R. and T. G. Meredith for defendant.

She Never Returned.

HALIFAX, Oct. 10.—Two months ago the ship Valkyrie, of St. John, N. B., left Sydney harbor for New York. Since then nothing has been seen of her until to-day, when news was brought that the lifebuoy, deck house and other wreckage from the Valkyrie had been picked up on Sable Island, a desolate and treeless island, about 100 miles from the coast.

A public library and literary resort exclusively for the blind has been opened in Chicago.

Fort Ville Gagnon, situated on an island inside the entrance of the Bay of Rio Janeiro, garriooned with marines and hitherto neutral, has declared in favor of Admiral Mello.

Somerset Hall

Witnesses a Gathering of Liberal-Minded, Progressive Women.

Annual Meeting of the London W. C. T. U.

Its Efficient Staff of Officers Re-elected by Acclamation—Delegates Present—Encouraging Results of the Year's Doings.

Few branches of the Women's Christian Temperance Union can boast of greater unanimity of sentiment, more liberal views upon current reforms or a larger spirit of progressiveness than that which operates in this city. Its annual meeting was held in Somerset Hall yesterday afternoon and the members turned out in large numbers to grace the occasion. The debt of some person with artistic perceptions had evidently been busy prior to the advent of the audience, for the room looked very attractive, even before it was much more attractively occupied. Ferns and shrubs spread their foliage about the platform and circling the chandeliers were leaves of brilliant hue. In the center of the hall directly opposite the entrance hung a picture of Mrs. Gregson, a woman whose pioneer temperance efforts among those of her own sex find a tangible embodiment in the London Union. On either side of this "counseil presomment" were the pictures of Miss Willard, the unworried queen of universal womanhood, and Lady Somerset, whose strong and liberal advocacy of woman's enfranchisement has made the discussion of woman's principle a vital one among English social questions.

The manner in which the ladies conducted their meeting was indeed enviable. All those who took part in the proceedings spoke with a clearness and firmness of expression which very few men possess. Extreme orderliness was observed, and the business was transacted methodically. Mrs. Thornley, who occupied the chair, was, in a great measure, accountable for this. She makes an ideal presiding official.

OFFICERS AND DELEGATES ELECTED.

The election of officers and delegates was the first business. The former were all elected by acclamation. It took some time to appoint the latter. Several vice-presidents will be appointed later. The officers are:

President—Mrs. Thornley.

Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Carson.

Recording Secretary—Miss Conford.

Treasurer—Mrs. Darch.

Delegates to Chatham—Mrs. Thornley, Miss Conford, Mrs. Carson, Mrs. Wright, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Henson, Mrs. Henson, Mrs. Keenleyside, Mrs. D. H. Williams, Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. John Williams, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Douglas, Miss Burgess, Mrs. Jarvis, Mrs. (Mrs.) Arnold, Mrs. Ward.

Delegates to Montreal—Mrs. Henson, Mrs. Thornley, Mrs. Darch, Mrs. Arnold, Mrs. Keenleyside, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Douglas, Mrs. Burgess, Mrs. Jarvis, Mrs. (Mrs.) Arnold, Mrs. Ward.

A YEAR'S HISTORY.

The report of Mrs. Flora Carson, recording secretary, was a general review of the society's work throughout the year. No cause of discouragement was evidenced and many admirable results had been achieved. Many names had been added to the membership, while a number had withdrawn through removal from the city.

The total number of members, 305—an increase of five over last year—did not consequently indicate fully the substantial gain made. The list of honorary members comprised 44 at present. Among the losses which the temperance cause had sustained during the year, the death of Rev. George Boyd and Mr. Chas. Hutchinson were specially mentioned. Number of meetings, regular, 24; special, 2; executive, 6; sub-executive, 1 public, 1. The largest number present at any one meeting was 187; average attendance for the year, 70. The total amount of money raised during the year was \$2,134.

The important part which the union had taken in attempting to have the bars closed uniformly at 7 o'clock in the evening was referred to as "probably the greatest feature of the year's work." Although defeated at the polls, discouragement upon its part had not resulted. Elated by their victory, the liquor sellers had approached the council in order to have the number of licenses increased from 40 to 50. In this they were foiled. When the license commissioners decreed that all the screens should be removed from the doors and windows of bars, and that the hour of closing in the evening should be 10 instead of 11 o'clock at night, the saloon-keepers did not relish the curtailing of their privileges. Two years ago the hour for discontinuing the nefarious business was 12 o'clock. Quite an advance, it would be seen, had been made in this direction. "Here let me pay a tribute," continued Mrs. Carson, "to the invariable courtesy shown us by the license commissioners when we pay them our annual visit. Very different was the treatment accorded by the board in East Middlesex. The interview with them was extremely unsatisfactory."

During the coming year, continued the report, it was proposed to add a cooking department to the industrial school. Additional accommodation had been secured upon the top flat of Somerset Hall for the purpose, and proper fittings had been procured at considerable expense. The funds for carrying on this work had been obtained by holding an art loan exhibition, which was a gratifying success. A new feature of the union's operations had been the supplying of refreshments in school children during a demonstration in Queen's Park. This privilege had been granted by the Board of Education. The dining hall at the Western Hall had again been carried on successfully. Here, for nine days, meals had been served. The improvements which had been made to the building had all been necessary, and were entirely satisfactory. While this was so, it was desirable that more of the women should be added to the working staff. The severe strain upon those who had thus far carried on the department would thus be lessened. The record course had been a very important

"After the Ball"

COUGH.

Come to us and get a 2-cent bottle of our celebrated Cough Syrup. It will cure your cold and make you feel like a new man. You will like it so much that you will keep a bottle in your house all the time. It is the specialty of ours and we call it Tolu, Tar and Tamarac.

Caincross & Lawrence, CHEMISTS, 216 DUNDAS ST., Branch—Corner Richmond and Piccadilly Streets. 216