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BEWARE OF IMITATIONS SOLD ON THE MERITS OF MINARD'S LINIMENT

LESSER SLAVE LAKE.

News Special.

ion day was enthusiastically d here, $275 being distributed s at the sports, which took to bring to a finish. A dance and six refreshment booths evidence. The judges' stand tastily decorated with differ red bunting and evergreens. ters in the horse and other re Messrs. Beauchamp and They officiated impartially. Bredin, M.P., took in the t did not take part in any of . The dugout race was some see and never forget. The ced neck and neck the whole winners only having a few the good. The ladies certain themselves proud in the half se race, the fair ones running ses under the whip from the the whole way to the post, drews, of Willow Point, win a nose.

end of each event the treasur dge, appeared with the long d handed the winners what ing to them. Mr. E. Duffy etary and kept tab on all the

mmittee on sports deserve r the splendid program and efficient way it was carried committee was composed of Moran, Ferguson, Tomkins, vard and R. Ferguson. ree-for-all trot or pace, Mea ck stallion was first, Dr. Be Klondyke second, and Le ay gelding third. The cele wound up with a dance in ll.

ops are lookinig fine and a harvest is expected.

Maurice is building a two me building on Main street. atre.

Slave Lake, July 7th.

TOFIELD.

News Service.

been raining for the last ours, interfering greatly with making.

illiam Hopgood, of Hopgood railroad contractors on the ranch at Provost, Sask., is up rt visit to his family.

. J. W. Stewart and H. J. of Foley, Welch & Stewart, Railway contractors, passed town last week. They are a trip of inspection over the rade and express themselves sfied with the progress of the grade west of Tofield.

Bush is leaving tomorrow for his home in the States, is undergoing an operation. with regret we announce the of Mr. Adolphus Lamour past manager of the Queen's ith his family for Fort Sask.

ts and wheat in the vicinity eaded out and give promise yield.

eeting of the Board of Trade evening, a motion was pass the town council be asked an eight-foot sidewalk on street and four-foot side the side streets. The coun uilding a walk from the part to the residential part wn.

aylor, her two daughters and moving on to their homestead Lake tomorrow.

vn well has been completed s an abundance of good The council are having two s built. Thus the town will rotected in case of fire.

Welsh & Blyth had an out rses in town Monday and and sold a few teams. Most siness was trading, and Mr. ll carry away fond recollec the trading ability of some 's citizens.

rt Hall is away on a couple rip to Camrose.

July 14.

ak in Welland Canal.

lhousie, July 15—The steam Horton to-day carried away e headgates of lock 14, clos anal to the vessels which n delayed by the break in wall canal. tI is expected ill be completed by to-mor

The Edmonton Bulletin.

SEMI-WEEKLY — SEMI-WEEKLY

VOLUME V. — EDMONTON, ALBERTA, CANADA, MONDAY, JULY 20, 1908 — NUMBER 166

HAS HORNS, HAIR, HIDE AND HOOFS

Strange Denizen of Deep Swallowed by Liberals According to Conservative Speaker.

After a suspension for some weeks owing to the lack of interest being shown in the meetings, the Campaign of Slander was resumed last night at the Conservative Club Rooms on Howard street. There was a large attendance, many having come with the expectation of hearing something new—but they were sadly disappointed, and as man after man passed from the room expressions of disgust at the old policy of abuse were frequently heard. The feeling of the majority present was embodied in the remarks of one of the most prominent Conservatives of the city, who left the gathering early in the evening, but who was later called upon for a speech by the chairman, who had failed to notice his departure. This gentleman remarked that he was thoroughly sick of these meetings. He had gone last night, he said, fully expecting to hear something different from the old story of abuse, but he heard nothing new. These tactics could never win a victory, he concluded, as he continued on his way home from the Conservative Club-rooms.

The Principal Speaker.

The speaker of the evening was Mr. J. Burtt Morgan—without a hyphen—who held the floor for upwards of an hour. Mr. Morgan was evidently ashamed of the slander campaign, for when he was partly through he took pains to point out that he had avoided scandal entirely. Cries of "Go on" and rounds of applause, however, roused him to a higher pitch of eloquence, and he launched forth in a tirade of abuse of Premier, cabinet ministers and Liberal party in general that has not been excelled at any of the recent meetings of the club.

"This unprecedented rule of loot, licentiousness, shall I say, and lavish corruption must be wiped out," said Mr. Morgan with an admirable adaptation of apt alliteration's artful aid. "I am not a scavenger, and I do not wish to go near the cesspools of corruption, but where the vultures hang around there must be the carrion. This monstrous corruption, this disgusting, this nauseating——But words fail me to express my feelings."

And thus he went on for the latter part of his speech in the most reckless and indiscriminate denunciation of the personal characters of many of the cabinet ministers, and in repetition of the old stock-in-trade Conservative stories of timber thefts, land steals and other crimes.

Says Liberals Abandoned Platform.

In the preliminary part of his address, Mr. Morgan went back to the early days of the Liberal administration. The Laurier government had failed to live up to their pre-election platform, he charged. They had violated their promises and broken their pledges and were no longer entitled to the support of the free, honest and independent electorate of Canada. Before 1896 the Liberals had cried out against increased expenditure and the public debt, but both, he claimed, had increased enormously.

"What about the unprecedented prosperity of Canada since 1896?" asked one of the audience, but the question did not reach the speaker's ear.

Continuing, Mr. Morgan said the Liberals in opposition had denounced the National Policy, but when they came into power "they swallowed this hideous monster, this octopus, horns, hair, hide and hoofs."

He did not explain just what peculiar species of octopus embraces in its anatomy horns, hair and hoofs.

The speaker repeated a conversation he had recently with a friend, who expressed surprise at seeing the announcement that he was to speak at a Conservative meeting, told him the Liberals had done everything for the West, while the Conservatives had done nothing.

"The Liberals say they have greatly changed the tariff by admitting raw material free of duty and by a preferential tariff," he continued. In answer to this, I say that Mr. Foster was for years cutting down the tariff on raw materials."

Borden Made a Mistake.

"If our respected leader, Mr. R. L. Borden, made one mistake in the last election it was this, that he did not charge the Liberals with stealing the policy of the Conservatives and ask them to come down off the perch."

Coming down to local conditions, the speaker said he had not the personal acquaintance of the Minister of the Interior, but he had heard very many good things about him. He was glad to hear good things about Hon. Mr. Oliver, and he hoped they were all true. But he had been placed in charge of a department that had been "deviously conducted" in the past, and instead of defending any of the actions of the previous minister he should have stood aside, thrown open the door of his department, and exposed the entire administration to the prying eyes of Foster and his colleagues.

When Mr. Morgan had finished speaking, the chairman, A. Williamson Taylor, called upon a number of gentlemen to speak, but only a small portion responded to the invitation, some already having left the meeting.

Recovering From Last Defeat.

W. A. Griesbach being called to the front, said he had come in quietly and sat at the back, but, like the scriptural story he had been called to the highest seat. During the past few months he had been living quietly recovering from the effects of his last political fight. He hoped, however, to assist in the coming fight. He then moved a vote of thanks to Mr. Morgan.

Slander on Alberta Farmers.

J. D. Hyndman, the Conservative federal candidate for Edmonton district, featured his brief address with a remark that will doubtless be resented by the agricultural population of Alberta, where are the richest soil, the finest farm lands and the most prosperous communities of the West.

"It was none other than the farmers of Alberta today are poor, that they are without money, and that because of their poverty they will support the Conservative candidates in the hope of a change in their financial condition.

It has been the boast of Alberta in the past that men without means had speedily acquired valuable homesteads and become prosperous farmers in this fair province, but according to Mr. Hyndman it is all a dream; the agricultural population is living from hand to mouth, with starvation facing them and little hope of success while the Conservatives are in the shades of Opposition.

After delivering this sentiment to the meeting, Mr. Hyndman seconded the vote of thanks to Mr. Morgan.

The resolution carried and was briefly acknowledged.

The passing of a vote of confidence in Mr. Hyndman and in the leader of the Opposition followed, after which the meeting adjourned.

The MANCHESTER HOUSE
ESTABLISHED 1886

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A Straw Hat will help you to keep cool during the hot weather. We have a lot of different qualities.

15c. to $1.00

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER & CO.
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LONGBOAT'S INJURY NOT A SERIOUS ONE

Canada's Hope in the Marathon Is Not Completely Disabled—British Cable News—Government Wins Bye-Election—Naval Manoeuvres By Wireless.

London, July 16.—(C.A.P. cable.—In the Pembroke bye-election to-day, the Government supporter was returned, the vote being: Roche (Liberal), 5,466; Williams (Conservative), 3,286.

In the privy council the following petitions for special leave to appeal have been dismissed King vs. Bonanza Creek Hydraulic concession; King vs. Klondike government concessions; King vs. Armstrong; King vs. LeFrancois, the first three being with costs.

Although no official statement has been made, it appears now certain that the government will come to no decision regarding the removal of the Canadian cattle embargo before the autumn sitting. By maintaining this attitude of reserve the government holds a weapon against the American meat trust which may prevent further artificial inflation of prices.

Longboat's Accident Not Serious.

It is believed by his trainer that the injury to Longboat's knee is not serious, while his arm is all right. He walked half a mile last evening. The knee is to be examined to-day. The accident has revived the rumors as to whether the Indian will figure in the Marathon a week from to day.

Lord Strathcona sailed to-day on the Virginian for Quebec.

Policy Against Bryan's Election.

Lloyd's have started writing policies against the election of Wm. Jennings Bryan, just as these venturesome brokers write policies against the death of a King or the birth of icy," and many were written yester-

(Continued on Page three.)

DOUBLE ATTEMPT MADE ON HIS LIFE

Herminijelde Joly, French-Canadian Homesteader, Tells His Story to the Court.

The details of what is alleged to be a most cold-blooded attempt to murder a fellow homesteader at Providence, about 25 miles north of Vegreville, were brought out in the preliminary hearing of Victor Berthet before Inspector Worsley at the R.N.W.M.P. barracks yesterday afternoon.

The accused Berthet is a Frenchman who came from the old country about a year ago and took up a homestead in the Paddle Lake district. He is a man about 38 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches in height, with a full face, black moustache and a head of grey hair closely clipped and bushy.

Herminijelde Joly appeared in court yesterday with bullet wound marks on the back of his neck and shoulder, where it was evident that a shot had struck him. He is a man about 5 feet 8 inches with sharp features and black moustache.

He still shows the effects of his rough experience of several weeks ago, and his attenuated appearance shows that the loss of blood from his wounds, his exposure and lack of food gave him a narrow escape from death.

The case for the crown was conducted by W. A. D. Lees, of Fort Saskatchewan, while E. E. Delevault, assisted by C. A. Grant, appeared for the prisoner. After hearing the evidence of Joly and Dr. Charlebois, of St. Paul de Metis, Berchet was committed for trial.

The evidence taken was as follows:

The Evidence of Joly.

Herminijelde Joly, being sworn, said "On the 16th of July I lived on my homestead at Providence, Alta. On that day I cooked my food and Mr. Berthet came to my house about 10 a.m. He lives about a mile from me. I was going out to plow and I took him to my house, and then I said, 'Take a walk and come back and have grub.' I took my gun and said I could shoot ducks if I saw them. The accused had a double barrelled gun, No. 16. We went about a mile and found a big lake. Mr. Berthet said there were a few ducks in it. We went to try and shoot, and I took the lead. Mr. Berthet was lighting behind all the time. I walked about twelve feet from Berthet and as I was kneeling in the grass and was getting ready to shoot, I was shot in the back and neck and back of the head. Mr. Berthet shot me as we were alone. I got up and said: 'You made a mistake and have shot me.' He said nothing. I fell down, and got up again, and I said: 'Help me home and get water and wash me.' He said: 'Come into the bush here.' He said he would go home and get blankets and I said: 'No.' I said: 'I think I am going to die; I want to write home.' I walked some distance and we found some water. I fell on the ground near the water. I told him to wash me. He did so. Then he shot me again when I was on the ground. The second shot struck me on the ear and head. I said: 'You want to kill me.' He said: 'No.' He put his hand in my pocket. There was $50.75 in my pocket. This was taken from me. I felt his hand in both my pockets. I don't know how long I stayed there. I woke up and saw no one. I got home myself. I came to Lessard's place about three miles away, and they took me down the river to Brosseau and Dr. Charlebois came from St. Paul De Metis, and took me to the hospital. I could see at the shack that someone had taken a book out of the trunk and left it on the bed. When I got back from the hospital I found my watch gone. The gun produced is the one he had that day. It is a 16-bore gun. The prisoner said it was a sixteen bore gun.

On cross-examination Joly said he first met Berthet in Vegreville in May last. He next met him at South Bend three or four days after. Their homesteads were about a mile apart. The first time prisoner came to witness homestead was the time he was shot.

An adjournment was then made till six o'clock t hear the evidence of the physician, who was to arrive by the C.N.R. train.

The Physician's Evidence.

Dr. J. Charlesbois, physician, said he was called on Saturday night, June 20th, to attend Joly. He found him pretty weak with several shot in the shoulder, some in the ear and some on the back of the neck. He was burned on the cheek and on the ear. Judging from the shot wounds on the neck, the shot must have come from the back and the left. From the wounds in the back, there must have been two discharges of the gun. He did not see any marks of burning on the back of the neck, but there were marks of burning on the side of the ear. He extracted a number of shots from the wounds, which he gave to Constable Hayter of the R.N.W.M.P. He brought Joly to the hospital at Edmonton, where he was given treatment.

On cross-examination he stated the weak condition in which he found Joly was caused entirely by his wounds. Judging from his conversation thought that Joly was perfectly sane, but at one time he was delirious. This was likely caused by weakness and loss of blood. The burn on his cheek was caused by powder. The shots in the back of the neck went straight in; those on the shoulder were in a slanting direction.

This concluded the hearing, and as stated above, the prisoner was then committed to the barracks at Fort Saskatchewan to await trial for attempted murder.

CANADIANS SHOOTING WELL AT THE BISLEY

Corporal McInnes Leads Canadian Team in Mackinnon Challenge Cup Match, in Which Canada Secures Third Place—Unfavorable Weather Conditions Prevail.

Bisley Camp, July 17—(C.A.P. Cable)—The Mackinnon challenge cup match was shot this morning in bad weather conditions, the wind being strong and variable and rain falling at all ranges. The 800 yard range event was opened in a heavy rain and a strong wind and all the scoring was low. The match was open to teams of 12 from all parts of the empire, and was to be fired with the service rifle. Ten shots were allowed at each range, making a possible of fifty. Uniforms were imperative. At the 900 yards range the showers continued while at the 1,000 and concluding range there was a strong wind with showers.

Canada did fine shooting, coming third, with England at the top and Ireland a close second. Out of a possible 1800 the scores of the leading teams were as follows: England 1367, Ireland 1308, Canada 1264, Scotland 1240 and the Malay States Guides 1154.

Canada Second at 800 Yards.

At all three ranges England had the lead, but at 800 yards Canada took second place and then lost all chance at the 1000 yard range. The aggregate team scores at each range were as follows:—

Team.	800	900	1000	T'l.
England	491	458	418	1367
Canada	459	443	362	1264
Scotland	378	443	419	1240
Ireland	451	450	407	1308
Malay S. Guides	434	412	308	1154

The individual scoring of the Canadian team was as follows:—

Names	800	900	1000	T'l.
Crowe	43	41	28	113
Elmitt	29	33	34	96
Freeborn	36	38	23	97
McInnes	40	41	35	116
Jones	39	42	23	104
Leask	33	31	32	96
Martin	37	32	30	99
Morris	34	41	29	104
Rowe	44	34	33	113
Smith	38	42	34	114
Steele	45	33	29	107
Williams	44	33	32	109

Canada Leads in the Kolapore.

The Kolapore challenge cup match for teams from any part of the empire opened this morning and at the conclusion of the shooting at the first range Canada was leading with two points to the good. Seven shots are allowed at each range, making an individual possible of 35 and a team aggregate of 280. Though the weather was bad, a strong wind prevailing, and the light being cloudy, the Canadians did some magnificent shooting and ran up a score of 251. The scores of the other teams were as follows: Mother Country 248, Malay States Guides 241, West Indies 234, Guernsey 249, India 222.

The individual scores of the Canadians at the 300 yards were as follows:—

Crowe	5455444—31
McInnes	4444445—29
Jones	5555554—34
Morris	4554545—32
Rowe	4254354—27
Smith	5555553—33
Steele	5553545—32
Williams	5554455—33

TO PROROGUE SATURDAY.

House of Commons Will Finish Up Business By To-Merrow.

Ottawa, July 17.—Arrangements for prorogation on Saturday are complete and it is not likely any unexpected hitch will occur. A great many members will get away to-day.

The majority and minority reports of the special committee which inquired into the Government's financial relations with the Quebec bridge were submitted this morning. The majority report declares that the company carried out its agreement with the government to the letter, while the minority report condemns the government for not having taken over the work and completed it as a public enterprise. Hon. Geo. P. Graham's resolution providing for the taking over of the bridge in the future was adopted by the House last night.

This morning F. D. Monk, for the Opposition, claimed there was lack of control on the part of the government and W. D. Chisholm (Lib., Antigonish), said it was easy to be wise after the event.

Noted Trainer Killed.

Toronto, July 16.—George Mattocks, well known steeplechaser and trainer, was killed at Giddings Farm, about three miles this side of Oakville, this morning. He was doing some work for Mr. T. P. Phelan, who recently bought the place, and while exercising one of the horses over jumps his mount struck one of the fences very hard, throwing Mattocks to the ground. He fell on his head and was instantly killed.

Mail Fighting for Embargo Removal.

London, July 15—(C. A. P. Cable)—The Daily Mail, which is carrying on a vigorous campaign, has a pungent leading article in favor of the removal of the embargo on Canadian cattle, and gives despatches from Canada showing how the restriction is resented in the Dominion.

$100,000 FOR THE HIGH LEVEL BRIDGE

House of Commons Votes Subsidy which Assures Traffic Deck on C.P.R. Bridge.

Ottawa, July 16.—The Election Bill was read a third time to-day the Opposition moving an amendment to give returning officers the power to destroy ballots by marking them. Hon. Geo. P. Graham's resolution was passed to-night, guaranteeing the bonds of the E.'Y. & P. for a 150-mile extension to the coal beds at the head waters of the Brazeau or the McLeod, also a subsidy of one hundred thousand dollars for the Strathcona-Edmonton bridge. All the supplementaries were passed ,and the way is clear for prorogation Saturday.

Boyce's Motion Lost.

A. C. Boyce (Cons., Algoma), moved that the New Ontario lists be given equal validity with those of other provinces, thus avoiding discrimination.

The Premier denied there was discrimination. Except in unorganized territory the Dominion government was at the mercy of the Provincial government.

The minister of justice claimed an equal right with the Conservatives to speak for Ontario, and as representing forty five per cent. of the electors he resented the charge of discrimination.

The motion was defeated by 99 to 60.

Mr. Borden's motion to have polling all on the same day except in the Yukon, was defeated on the same division, as also Dr. Sproules' motion to strike out clause 17 dealing with the secrecy of the ballot and Hon. Geo. E. Foster's proposal to make punishable by fine or imprisonment ministers of the crown or others seeking to provide or withhold expenditures of public monies.

Railway Subsidies Voted.

The next business was the resolutions for railway subsidies. At the request of Uriah Wilson (Cons., Lennox), Hon. Mr. Pugsley spoke of the necessities of railways in new countries. To encourage these he considered the guaranteeing of bonds best for the larger projects, the risk being less, but shorter lines should be assisted with cash subsidies.

Mr. Borden briefly voiced the Opposition protest. After being in session for seven months and seventeen days, and within forty-eight hours of prorogation, it was proposed to vote, without discussion, and almost without information, subsidies which he figured were to cover 3,935 miles without bond guarantees. This would stretch from the Atlantic to the Pacific and an average subsidy of five thousand dollars per mile would amount to $22,000,000, or, counting land grants, $33,000,000. This was being rushed because the government had delayed bringing down legislation. As a matter of fact the persistent obstruction of the Opposition has been entirely responsible for the holding-up of important government business.

A general protest from the Conservatives followed. F. R. Lalor (Haldimand), Dr. Sproule (Grey), David Henderson (Halton), W. H. Bennett (Simcoe), Dr. Reid (Grenville), and R. A. Pringle (Stormont), speaking briefly.

The Premier said if any in the House thought the time had come to do away with subsidies he did not agree. Government aid to railways had resulted in immense development in Ontario, and there were parts of Quebec where the policy was needed. Railways and immigration had the greatest share in building up the country. For the West the government had done much and was still doing a great deal.

In the Senate.

In the Upper House to day Sir Mackenzie Bowell moved for papers in connection with the opium trade. Hon. Mr. Peters, British Columbia, stating the Chinese claimed they would be unjustly dealt with if not allowed to dispose of their fifty thousand dollars worth of stock as well as much more which was en route to Canada; also that the habitues would suffer if deprived too suddenly of their drug. They should be allowed to stop gradually. Another letter from W. W. B. McInnes, solicitor for the Chinese, offered security if they were allowed six months to dispose of their stock.

Hon. Mr. Scott said that he had brought the matter before the council, but found no inclination to extend the three months period it was proposed to grant. The civil service bill was read a third time and an amendment brings it into force on Sept. 1.

On the second reading of the bill to amend the Dominion Lands Act, Sir Mackenzie Bowell thought the provision for a second homestead too liberal.

In the committee on the Land Bill Senator Lougheed offered an amendment to the clause relating to school lands to restore the rending of the old clause. The bill proposed that moneys from the sales from school lands should be invested and interest paid "toward the support of schools organized and carried on in accordance with the law of such province." The old act read "public schools." He moved to restore the word "public." Hon. Mr. Scott denied that there would be any breach of trust. Senator Lougheed's amendment was declared lost.

The bill was reported from committee and stands for a third reading. The third reading was given a bill to amend the Judge Act and another to amend the Northwest Territories Act.

Cheap Ontario Power.

Toronto, July 16.—Messrs. Beck and Hendrie, Ontario power commissioners, this morning opened 27 tenders recently submitted for the government transmission line. These will be gone into by the engineers and the secretary before the contract is finally awarded. The commissioners state that it is plain from the tenders that the line will be built ten per cent. cheaper than they estimated in offering power to municipalities. This should mean that their figures were well within the mark. They further state that the right of way, according to contracts now in hand, will be bought fifty per cent. cheaper than they estimated.

Discovery of Iron Ore.

Montreal, July 16.—A high official of the Canadian Pacific, interviewed today, states that a find today of immense iron ore deposits was discovered within a hundred miles of Montreal, in the Laurentides. He stated that several square miles of the ore are available, and that assays show sixty per cent. Works rivaling the Soo and Sydney are tentatively forecasted.

Will Be No Protests.

Toronto, July 16.—"There will be no protests," said MacKay, before leaving here for Owen Sound. "There's no use in post mortems,' he continued, "unless you are in a position to conduct them thoroughly and prove your allegations."

"BOBS" DISEMBARKS AT QUEBEC AMID CHEERS

Earl Roberts, Famous Soldier, Arrives at Ancient Capital for Tercentenary Celebrations and is Enthusiastically Received. — Governor-General of Australia is on Same Steamer.

Quebec, July 17.—The C.P.R. steamer Empress of Ireland arrived late last night, and it was not till 9.30 this morning that Earl Roberts disembarked, greeted by the cheers of a big crowd gathered to see the famous soldier. He was accompanied by his daughter and personal staff, and was received by Generals Otter, Cotton, Buchan and other Canadian officers. After a few words of welcome, Earl Roberts was driven to the Citadel, where he was met by Earl and Countess Grey and taken to his apartments. The morning was spent in making an unofficial inspection of the Citadel, and at one o'clock he was entertained to luncheon by the Governor-General.

The Empress had a large number of distinguished passengers on board, among them being the Earl of Rosmead, the new governor-general of Australia, who will represent that country at the Tercentenary. The British cruiser Venus, which remained behind with the collier Portsmouth, which ran ashore, arrived this evening. In coming to her anchorage she collided with the battleship Russel, with the result she was slightly damaged.

On July 14t, Earl Grey, on behalf of himself and his minsters, cabled the Prince of Wales wishing him a safe voyage to Quebec, to which His Royal Highness replied, "I sincerely thank you and your ministers for your telegram. I look forward with great pleasure to paying my sixth visit to Canada, particularly on such an important and auspicious occasion as the birthday of Quebec."

REPRESENTATION ON BOARDS.

Canadian Municipalities Desire Members on Railway Commissions.

Montreal, July 17—Two important resolutions were adopted today at the meeting of the association of Canadian municipalities. One was that a man of municipal experience should have a seat on the Ontario railway and municipal board. The second resolution favored the appointment of a municipal expert on the railway commission, when new members were added to the board. It was pointed out that as both these boards dealt with municipal matters largely, they should have at least one man well versed in the requirements of towns and cities.

Mayor Ashdown, of Winnipeg, made a plea for having the railway commission or a section of it sit in Winnipeg and objected to being obliged to go to Ottawa to make arguments before the board as that was an arrangement favorable to the railways.

Other resolutions adopted were for a uniform system of municipal accounting and for the regulation of bill posting.

At the luncheon given today by the harbor commission to the visiting delegates, Mayor Ashdown said if Montreal was to be really a national port it could only be maintained by keeping the rates down to a basis as low or lower than other ports. For that reason he did not favor restricting American competition, as though the west was loyal to Montreal, their patronage would follow the best market for their shipments.

Mr. G. W. Stephens, chairman of the harbor commission, concurred in the views expressed saying in his speech, to which the mayor of Winnipeg replied, that Montreal was a national port only on an equality basis.

ALDERMAN WAS OFFERED $1,000

Sensational Charge of Boodling in Calgary. Disastrous Fire in Okotoks.

Bulletin Special.

Calgary, July 16.—The statement was made in the Morning Albertan a few days ago that one of the Calgary aldermen had been offered a thousand dollars to support the tender of one of the companies tendering for city pavement. The same story had been repeated to different aldermen and the statement was also made that certain aldermen had been approached and accepted money. Details have at length come out. Alderman Moodie says he was offered a thousand dollars on behalf of the Canada Pavement and Contracting Company, which has made a tender for putting in asphalt pavement for the city. He informed the Albertan on Monday of the story, but asked that details be withheld for a fe wdays. Yesterday from Brandon, where he is at present taking in the fair, he authorized the Albertan to give the details of the story.

Told to Get His Share.

Some weeks ago he was approached by some people in Calgary and told he had better get in and get some of the money that was going to support the pavement proposition, for other members of the council were getting it. He made an evasive reply. One week ago, after the tenders had been opened, he was approached by a Calgary man, whose name is not published, who told him that Murray had sent him to tell him that there was a thousand dollars for him if he would support the tender of the Canada Pavement & Contracting Company. It was the lowest tender and would be recommended by the committee. Some opher members of council were going to get money, too, and one member of the council was mentioned who was to get $2,000. On Sunday last Murray, who has been acting for the Canada Pavement & Contracting Company, approached Moodie and asked if Lewis had seen him. Moodie replied that he had, and Murray said that the offer was all right and that it would go. He also spoke about some other members of the council.

Recommended Company's Tender.

The public works committee recommended the Canada Pavement Company's tender, as was anticipated, the tender being for $129,000. The council considered the question on Monday night, but as Moodie, who was unable to be present, had informed some of the members of the council of the story and urged them to withhold action until he should be present, the question was left over. There is great excitement in Calgary over the episode.

Fire at Okotoks.

A telephone message was received this morning about three o'clock from Okotoks, stating that a disastrous fire was raging there, that the local brigade was unable to cope with it, that the entire town was in danger of destruction and asking for assistance. No further details as to the origin or progress of the fire were given. Immediately upon receipt of the message, Chief Smart sounded the fire alarm, and it was decided to send a steam fire engine, 2,500 feet of hose and eight men. The C.P.R. furnished a special train, and by four o'clock the fire engine was loaded and the train, bearing a considerable number of Calgary citizens, was speeding to th assistance of the people of the southern town. The fire was not as serious as at first reported and burned itelf out. At one time it threatened to demolish the whole town, and would have done so but for the serce would have done so but for the heroic fire started in Joe Spiror's general store, which was totally destroyed, with a loss of $1,000. The Toronto Bargain House was also completely destroyed. A two-storey boarding-house was burned up. The Staples Lumber Company was destroyed, with a loss of $4,000. The fire was practically out by the time the Calgary brigade arrived and the fire engine and apparatus were not unloaded.

Wholesalers Kicking.

Wholesalers are making a kick here on the increased freight rates for butter shipped east from Calgary. The rate to Montreal was $1.30 up a short time ago; now it is $2.14 and no warning was given the trade of the increase.

SEAPORT AT THEIR MERCY.

Honduras Government Getting Worst of Trouble With Rebels.

New Orleans, July 16—The Picayune today says: Surrounded by nearly a thousand rebels and with only 500 soldiers to guard her, half of whom are ready to desert at a moment's notice, Ceiba, one of the principal ports on the eastern shore of Spanish Honduras, is expected to fall into the hands of the revolutionists at any time. This was the story brought to New Orleans yesterday evening by Maestri, a merchant of Ceiba, who was the sole passenger aboard the steamer Joseph Vacaro.

"President Davola is making a plucky, but what seems to be a losing fight," said Mr. Maestri.

Notorious German Perjury Trial.

Berlin, July 15—The trial of Prince Zu Eulenberg was contnued today, but soon suspended on account of the extreme weakness of the prisoner. He could not retain full consciousness and had to be carried back to prison.