body had not been brought ashore. Before Fraser and Gardiner could get on shore the sails were hoisted, and the lines cast off, the vessel gliding swiftly into the stream.

Fraser meanwhile calling for a boat. When near George's Island Gardiner exclaimed, "I can stand it no longer! God help me, I'am Dead!" and fell upon the deck. Fraser then cut loose one of the vessel's boats and made his way ashore. The captain soon after put the vessel about and came ashore himself in another boat, bringing with him two girls, of whom we shall speak hereafter.

The Capt. reported that Gardiner was lying dead on the deck when he left the vessel.

The two females are navives of Guysboro, one of them a young and good looking girl, of respectable parents, who was under the protection of the Captain, and had been deluded away from home, under promise of marriage—a sad, but too common history we fear. The two girls were taken to the Police Office last night, and kept in custody. As both were below at the time, they cannot be expected to know much of this fatal occurrence, but during the trial, they may assist in revealing the scenes which characterise "a hell afloat"

Intense excitement prevailed throughout the city, as the details of the affair became known. The Police Office was surrounded during the evening by an excited crowd, struggling frantically for admittance. At the time we write the vessel lies aground near the Lumber Yard Wharf. The crew were brought on shore—the murderer who was recognized by Fraser, was placed in irons and confined in a cell in the City Building.

Richard Beazely, and several Constables were placed in charge of the vessel.

The Coroner was notified of the affair last night, and an inquest will be held on the body of Gardiner to-day. Whatsoever may have been the faults of the deceased, and who does not possess them, he was an efficient and faithful public officer. He leaves a wife and three children.

The affair took place at 6½ p.m. The debt for which the capias was issued, was for the paltry sum of £4, the amount of a Butcher's bill. In resisting the payment of this just, claim, all the terrible consequences we have above related were entailed.—*Hx. Journal, Nov.* 6.

IMPORTANT TO SHIPMASTERS.—The *Yarmouth Herald* says that the light at Pubnico Beach, will be changed, after the 20th November, from a red to a bright white light; and that the new light on Cape Sable will be a fixed red light. The *Herald* thinks that the information should have been made known long before, and fears that vessels will be put in peril in consequence of the change.

THE PROTESTANT.

CHARLOTTETOWN, SATURDAY, Nov. 16, 1861.

Report of the Royal Commissioners.

Mr Howe says in his exposition of the Award that "the claims of the Loyalists had not been forgotten." The Commissioners did well to consider their case; but after admitting that there was too much reason to suspect that some of the proprietors made a tender of portions of their land for the relief of the Loyalists to evade the payment of their Quit Rents, they recommend that out of any Crown Lands that now are, or hereafter may be in possession of the Government the Loyalists shall be satisfied, the burthen of proof that his claims are valid resting upon the applicant. If a number of the landlords deceived the Loyalists, we cannot perceive the justice of satisfaction to the full being demanded at the hands of the Colonial Government. Surely the proprietors,—who it appears are mostly to blame in the matter—and the British Government, should have been required to bear a share of the burthen. Had the British Government made over to the Colony any quantity of Crown Land, as it did to the Governments of the neighboring Provinces, it might have been all well enough for the Commissioners to draw up this clause of the Award as they did; but when we consider that the Crown granted away the whole Island to a few individuals, who, though they did not fulfill the conditions of their grants, were not required to give up their estates, thus leaving but little land to fall into the hands of the local Government, when the Crown placed at the disposal of the Legislature all her revenues and sources of revenue in the Colony,—when we consider all this, we are not prepared to say that the decision of the Commissioners in the case, was the most just which could have been arrived at. We rejoice, however, that some provision has been made to compensate those amongst us who suffered loss on account of their attachment to the British Throne.

In regard to the claims of the Acadian French, we think the Commissioners came to a very proper decision. The French may have been ill-used, but the treatment which they have received cannot be charged upon the proprietors more than any other class of men. It could not be expected that they were to permit the Acadians to occupy land without receiving from them some consideration, when no reservation in their favor was made in the original grants. Had the Crown been disposed to show especial kindness to these people, she would have reserved lands for them; but as this was not done, we are of opinion that the Commissioners very wisely came to the conclusion that they could not interfere in the matter. As to the argument advanced before the Commissioners' Court that the case of the French settlers should receive favorable consideration, because it was one which "might affect the peace of the Empire," we must say that if France should ever desire to commence a war with Great Britain, she would scarcely stoop to such a pretext as this. Nor do we think that a whit more dependence could be placed on the Acadians in the event of a French invasion, had they received free lands, than as they have been treated, for the questions of nationality and religion, with most people, overtop every other consideration.

The Commissioners very justly, we think, confirmed the right of the Indians to the undisturbed possession of Lennox Island in Richmond Bay. They, in our opinion, were entitled to even more than this. Their case is different from that of the French; the latter in a sense were only conquerors like the English, and had a right to lose as well as to gain, by the fortunes of war; but the Indians were the original possessors of the soil, and we do not hesitate to say that as such they have been an ill-used people. Besides Lennox Island, we consider that at least Indian Island in Murray Harbor should have been confirmed to them. Their right to the latter, however, is perhaps more properly a matter for the consideration of the Legislature than it was of the Commission. In the House of Assembly last winter, some steps were taken to institute an enquiry into this case, which we hope may result in restoring to them an Island of which they held possession until about 1847, and which is called by their name.

We believe there are two clauses in the Report, to which Mr Howe did not advert in his exposition of the award; namely, that in reference to proprietors of not more than 1500 acres, not being affected by it; and those desirous of retaining 1500 acres, to that extent being also exempt from its operation; and the clause in reference to leases under 40 years not being interfered with. Both of these clauses we consider very objectionable. Had the Award provided that the lands were to be taken from the proprietors without any consideration in return, it would have been an act of humanity to those who had no other means of subsistence to allow them to retain 1500 acres; but as they are all to be paid to the full for their interest in the land according to its value, we cannot admit the necessity, much less the justice of such an exemption. The great object of the Commission was to do away with the leasehold system, and by this clause we may, for all time coming, have a number of tenants on every estate in the Colony, ground down by the very worst features of this system, for it is probable that the proprietors will retain those lands which yield them the highest rent. The provision that leases under 40 years should not be affected by the Award is equally objectionable. If any tenant requires to be protected, it is certainly he who has taken a short lease, and after having cleared his farm, and spent 20, 30 or 39 years of his life upon it, and nearly all his strength, is liable to be turned out, and sent to seek a home in his old age some other where. It may be argued that it was necessary to have a clause exempting from the general operation of the award those who have let improved farms for a term of years. True, such persons ought to be protected; but it would have been very easy to make a distinction between the general tenant, and the person who has rented improved land for a shortperiod We regret very much the existence of these two clauses in the Award; first, because we consider they were unnecessary to protect the interests of the proprietors; and secondly, because they must render it partial in its operation, thus causing dissatisfaction to a number of the tenants. We admit that the proprietors, if they so desired, should be allowed to retain four or five hundred acres of land, but not for the purpose of letting it out to tenants, except as improved land.

We have now given our opinion on the principal clauses of the Award, as they have been shadowed forth by Mr Howe; next week, we shall probably tender a little advice to our readers in regard to it as a whole.

In our paper of to-day will be found Telegrams containing the latest British and American news. These we have been enabled to furnish by aiding, at considerable expense, the proprietor of *Ross's Weekly* in his laudable enterprise of procuring daily Telegrams from the United States, and also special messages from Halifax on the arrival of the English Mail. We have several times of late borne the whole expense of telegrams published in our paper, and we are happy now to be able to furnish the latest news regularly by telegraph at a somewhat less cost. We trust that our patrons will appreciate our endeavors to make our columns the medium of the latest intelligence, and give us such *practical* encouragement as may lead us to continue our present course.

The weather of late has been unusually wet and stormy. It has rained almost every day for three weeks; and so boisterous has it been, that the Steamer *Westmorland* has been unable to perform her last few trips with regularity. On her passage from Charlottetown to Pictou on Friday last week, she leaked so much that it was found necessary on her arrival there to take her up on the marine railway for repairs. She did not return to Charlottetown until Sunday morning. On Monday she proceeded to Shediac, whence she returned only yesterday about 2 o'clock. This morning she left for Pictou, consequently the English Mail due here yesterday morning has not been received.

The Steamer *Westmorland* took the largest and most valuable freight for Summerside and Shediac, upon her last trip, that she has probably carried for the past two or three seasons. Among the rest she had 200 barrels of eggs, and some 20 heavy bales of goods.—*R. Weekly.*

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.—We copy the following from the Toronto *Patriot* of the 30th ult.:—

We have received from the author, Mr C. Birch Bagster Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, a valuable work, entitled *The Progress and prospects of Prince Edward Island:* a sketch intended to supply information upon which inquiring emigrants may rely and actual settlers adopt as the basis of a wider knowledge of their beautiful Island home. It was written in 1861, and goes very fully into the various matters on which it treats, amongst which are: Charlottetown, Acreage and the Proprietary, Coastlines, Population, Census, Natural History, Ornithology, Entomology, Ichthyology, Botany, Farming, Religion, Morality and Worship, Sociétiés Militia, Law, Education, Exports, Prices Current, Revenue and Expenditure, Geological Notes, Fisheries, &c. The work before us will undoubtedly do much, if well circulated, to induce emigration to the sister colony. One thing we miss from the work; the author has given no statistics or other information relative to the Loyal Orange Institution in the Island. We believe it is the most numerous and most powerful Society there, and the public should be made aware of several matters in connection with it If a respectful application were made to the proper Orange authorities of the Island by the author, the necessary information would, without doubt, have been given him. The knowledge of the existence of Orange Lodges in every city, town, village, and township of this Province, has been, it is admitted, the greatest means of inducing a large and industrious class of emigrants to settle in our midst. We throw out this hint, as the author states that it is his intention, at an early day, should the present venture meet with success, (which it certainly is deserving of, and without doubt will,) to extend and widen the subject.

TO SAVE POTATOES.—We copy the following from an exchange paper:—A Mr Murphy, of Quebec, has tried the experiment of pulling out the potatoe stalks on the first indication of black spots on the leaves, and as a result, he discovered, much to his satisfaction, that wherever this was done not a single potatoe was touched by the rot this year; at least twenty were lost last year before this simple improvement was put in practice.

DIED,

At Quebec, on Saturday night, the 5th October last, Benjamin Tremain, Esquire, aged 80 years. [The deceased gentleman was father of Mrs. Edward Palmer, of this City.]

PASSENGERS.

From Pictou, Nov.—Messrs, W. W. Lord, Little, Fullerton, L'Lood, M'Ardle, Rudolf, C. Bell, Hogan, Gunn, M'Intosh.

From Shediac Nov. 13.—Messrs. A. M'Phee, Gillis. Wm. Stewatt, Crowel, J. M'Lean, Ross, Laurillar, Capt. Rankin, Treat, Pearce, Merrill, Mrs. Hall.

SHIPPING—PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

Nov. 8.—Gipsey Queen, Bourant, Arichat, bal.

9—Ellen Curry, Sheet Harbor, herring. Brigt. Selema, Bartlett, Miramichi, lumber. Montezuma, Wyman, New bedford, U. S., bal Triumph, Byrus, River John, N. S., herrings.

11—Gold Hunter, M'Kay, Halifax, good. Ocean Bell, Kemp, St. John's N. F., fish.

13—Havelock, Atwater, Wallace, bal.

14—Ellen, Boudroit, Miramichi, deals. Ryder, Whelmy, Salem, goods. Superb, Swain, Fort Midway, bal.

CLEARED.

Nov. 8—Alexander, Shellaut, Halifax, pro. Joseph, Bordroit, Tarbry, N. S., do.

9—Victory, Hureau, Halifax, do. Caroline, M'Donald, Bermuda, do. Three Brothers, Boudroit, Halifax, pro.

11—Shannon, King, do., do. Petit River, Bolliver, Medway, do.

14—Brigt. Garland, White, St. John's N. F., do. Lord Barry, Griffin, Halifax, do. Spray Orchard, Ragged Islands N. S., do.

PORT OF MALPEQUE.

ENTERED.

Sept. 9—Caledonia, Miller, Miramichi, lumber.

Oct. 11—Foam, Ramsay, do., do.

14th—Pioneer, M'Donald, Halifax, goods.

25th—Coral, Bell, Bay de Chaleur, lumber.

26th—Cohere, M'Kinnon, Yarmouth, N. S., stoves.

Nov. 2—Foam, Ramsay, Miramichi, bal.

8—Marie Emida, Deroy, do., do.

CLEARED.

Sept. 20—Foam, Ramsay, Mirimichi, produce.

Oct. 4—Pioneer, M'Donald, Halifax, do.

8th—Coral, Bell, Dalhousie, N. B., do.

15th—Bark Flying Cloud. Garvie, New York, timber and produce.

19th—Foam, Ramsay, Miramichi, prod.

Nov. 1—Caledonia, Miller, Boston, prod.

2—Pioneer, M'Donald, Halifax, do

7th—Foam, Ramsay, Miramichi, do.

BENJ. BEAGISTO, Controller.

Special Notices.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.

Disorders of females.—There are many derangements of the nerves and circulation to which woman patiently, though unwisely, submit, till disease is established and health undermined. In all such irregularities, as well as in hysterics, Holloway's Ointment assiduously rubbed down the spine twice a day, will have the happiest effect in restoring all oppressive weariness and debility. Holloway's Pills should be taken at the same time, to improve the digestion, and purify all the corporeal organs. The diseases of women, whether constitutional or functional, chronic or recent, usually so unmanageable, soon yield to this treatment, which is very effective for both delicate and robust.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a very few weeks by a very simple remedy after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, King's County, New York.

Nov. 9, 1861. 3m

DIPTHERIA.

In Halifax when this disease prevailed for many months, in its most malignant form, the use of Perry Davis's Pain Killer was invariably attended with the most favorable results, when it was used ere the disease had made too much progress to preclude the use of so powerful a stimulant.

The Mighty Healer.

Let not disease, with its fangs, prey upon you, until the cold hand of death hurls you to an untimely grave. Shake off the feeling of despair and hopelessness, so liable to come upon the invalid. The plant born of the Sun we place within the reach of all. We care not what may be the specific form of the disease. The cause, the fountain of the disease itself, is impure blood, and through the different channels of the lungs, the stomach and the vital organs, JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS will pass, mingling with the blood, search out and grasp and then expel, all hurtful poison that there is in it. Thus cleanse the blood by a few doses of these Pills, and disease, in any form, dissipate and vanish. As the Sun, with its glorious beams first causes the morning dew to rise as mist, then growing stronger, casts his burning rays upon it—and behold 'tis gone—so cleanse the blood, and disease, like morning dew, retreats and vanishes. There is no blood purifier equal to JUDSONS MOUNTAIN PEAK PILLS.

Judson's Mountain Herb Pills are sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

WINTER STOCK COMPLETE!

—AT—

CHEAPSIDE HOUSE!

QUEEN SQUARE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS RECEIVED 157 packages of Merchandise by the Brig "Prince Alfred," from London, by the Barque "Gazelle," from Liverpool, and by several vessels from the United States, comprising a great assortment of Goods Suitable for the season. No pains have been spared in obtaining articles of the best description, and for this purpose he now makes known that he has in addition to his usual Importations of

FANCY GOODS

from London, and the Staple articles of Manchester, Imported a well Selected Stock of

SCOTCH GOODS

from Glasgow, via Liverpool which are more Suitable to the climate than the English manufactures.

At this Shop will be found almost all the articles in British and American Goods required by the Country, and purchasers will have this advantage which they may rely on, that the articles are not only good, but to be had at a lower rate than at any other place in the City; but for Cash only.

B. DAVIES.

Nov. 16, 1861. 4i

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Jewelery, Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.!

ON THE PREMISES, ON SATURDAY November 23d, at half-past 1 o'clock, all the Household Furniture of the late JOHN JURY, Sen., comprising

Mahogany Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Book Case, Bedsteads, Cooking and Franklin Stoves, Carpets, Stair Rods, Kitchen Utensils.

ALSO,

1 Cow, 1 Pig, 1 Sleigh and Furs, 1 Waggon, Wheelbarrow, 1 Cart, Grindstone, Water Casks, Cart and Waggon Harness, Wood Sleigh (steel shod), Forks and Shovel, Carrycombs and Brushes, Water Cart, and a lot of other utensils.

☞ And on MONDAY the 26TH inst., at ELEVEN o'clock all the

STOCK OF GOODS IN THE SHOP,

Consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, and a Quantity of Jewelry, WATCH MATERIALS, WATCHMAKERS TOOLS, &c. &c.

By order of the Executors,
WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Terms at Sale.——Sale Positive. No reserve.

Nov. 15, 1861.

HORSES,

Carriages, Sleighs, Harness,

HOUSE, &c.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION on King's Square on Tuesday, the 26th inst., at 11 o'clock, all the Stock in the Livery Stables of

MR. MARK BUTCHER,

—CONSISTING OF—

1 Saladia Bay Mare, 6 years old, 14½ hands high,
1 Mountaineer Chesnut Gelding, 6 years old, 14½ hands high,
1 Saladia Bay Gelding, 6 " 14½ "
1 Brown Gelding, 4 " 15 "
1 Young Bay, Gelding, 4 " 15 "
1 Dark Iron Gray Mare, 5 " 13 "
1 Double Sett Black Mounted Harness,
1 Saddle single Gig Harness, Brass Mounting,
1 Pad " Waggon, "
1 Do. " " "
1 Saddle " " Brown " Black Mounting,
1 Pad " " " " nearly new
1 Saddle sett Gig Harness, Silver mounted & very supr. make, nearly new.
1 Riding Saddle, nearly new,
2 Riding Saddles and 3 Bridles,
1 Sett Tandom Harness, complete, with a double terret pad for the wheeler,
8 New Gig Whips,
1 Large Covered Carriage, for six persons inside,
1 Hooded " " Lamps and Pole, &c. complete,
1 Double American Buggy with Shafts and Pole complete,
1 American Rockerway with Shafts and Pole,
3 Covered Single Buggies,
1 Double Waggon, superior build, with English patent Axletrees,
1 Very light Double Waggon, nearly new,
1 " " " " "
5 Single Light Waggons,
1 " " " new,
1 Close Sleigh, for 4 persons inside,
2 Single Sleighs, steel shod and Furs, (Scott's build,)
1 " " " " "
1 Very superior Moose Skin,
4 Single Sleighs and Furs,
1 New Box Sleigh, very light,
2 Box Sleighs, 1 Wood Sleigh,
1 Pair Harrows, 1 Horse Roller,
1 Single Horse Machine, used for cutting Hay & Bruising Oats,
1 American Straw Cutter, and 1 new spare Roller for do.,
1 English Oat (Bruizer) Mill, a very good article,
4 Pairs Carriage Lamps,
6 lbs. Wax Candles for do.,
1 Water Cask, 120 gallons,
1 Large Mahogany French Bed and Curtains,
1 Child's " Bedstead,
1 Cooking Stove.
1 American Rocking Chair.
1 Mahogany Easy Chair, Leather coverrd, nearly new,
1 New Gold Watch,
1 New Silver English patent Lever Watch.

—ALSO—

The Small House adjoining the Furniture Warerooms. It is a Frame Building, having a Hall and four Rooms, well finished and plastered; a large Porch in the rear. The purchaser will be required to move it off immediately.

SALE POSITIVE AND NO RESERVE.

TERMS—All sums under £5, cash on delivery; from £5 to £10, Two Months; from £10 to £25, Three Months; and for all sums over £25, a credit of Four Months will be given, on approved Joint Notes of Hand.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Charlottetown, Nov. 15, 1861.

Louis Napoleon the Infidel Antichrist,

AND

THE COMING BATTLE,

By the Rev. M. Baxter. Also

The Voice of the Prophets,

A quarterly Journal. ☞ A supply of the above publications is expected, and will be for sale at Hazzard's Book Store in a few days.

Nov. 16, 1861.

GREAT GEORGE STREET.

IRON, CUTLERY,
STEEL, PAINTS,
ZINC, OILS,
NAILS, GLASS,
PLOUGH METALS,
LOCKS, TRACES,
LATCHES, SPADES,
HINGES, SHOVELS,
SCREWS.

SADDLERS' GOODS,

PLANES,
WEIGHTS, SAWS.
BOLTS & NUTS, CHISELS,
BEDSCREWS, SPARABLES, PLANE IRONS, PAINT BRUSHES, AND OTHER BRUSHES, TAILORS' IRONS, DUMB BELLS, SAUCEPANS, SHOEMAKERS' HEMP AND FLAX, CURRIERS' TOOLS,

And a large assortment of other

GENERAL HARDWARE GOODS,

FOR SALE CHEAP AT

W. E. DAWSON'S.

Gibson's Brick Building, Nov. 9, 1861.

KING SQUARE HOUSE.

CLOTHS, CLOTHS, CLOTHS!

BLACK AND MIXED BEAVER; BLACK Brown and Mixed Seal Skin; Black and Colored Doeskins Broad Cloths, Mantle Cloths, &c.

BEER & SON.

DRESS GOODS,

IN PLAIDS, PLAIN & FANCY REPS, Wincoys, Coburgs, Orleans, Alpacas, Robe and Flowered Dresses, &c. &c.

BEER & SON.

MANTLES, MANTLES!

A NICE VARIETY.

BEER & SON.

SEAL SKIN COATS,

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE—FUR LINED

BEER & SON.

COAT COLLARS!

RUSSIA PUP AND SIBERIAN LAMB Skins.

BEER & SON.

HATS AND CAPS.

FUR, CLOTH AND FELT CAPS, SILK and Felt Hats, &c. &c.

BEER & SON.

700 PAIRS

LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' AND Children's Rubber Boots and Shoes.

BEER & SON.

BOOTS & SHOES.

MEN'S, YOUTHS', AND BOYS', Ladies', Misses', and Children's.—A good assortment.

BEER & SON.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

IN GREAT VARIETY.

BEER & SON.

SAWS, SAWS, SAWS.

MILL, CIRCULAR, CROSSCUT, HAND & Tenon Saws.

BEER & SON.

TEA, TEA.

SEVENTY CHESTS, HIGHLY RECOMMENDED.

BEER & SON.

STOVES! STOVES!

ANOTHER LOT OF THOSE SUPERIOR Leviathan COOK STOVES; a few nice Parlor Wood STOVES; Box STOVES all Sizes.

BEER & SON.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION IS INVITED to the above Stock, together with a large variety of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, WOODEN WARE, &c. &c. not enumerated,—all of which are offered at reasonable prices, by

BEER & SON.

Charlottetown, Nov. 9, 2861. 5w

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

Per Isabel, Theresa, Prince Alfred, and Gazelle.

JAMES DESBRISAY & CO.

Queen Square,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, BY THE above ships, from LONDON, MANCHESTER, and other markets—

New Black, Brown and other Seal-skin

CLOTHS,

SATTARA & DIAGONAL PLUSH,

And other New

MANTLE MATERIALS!

A Nice Lot of

MANTLES

In the above Cloths; a superior lot of

Scotch Long and Square Shawls!

In Cloth, Caucassian, Diagonal, Honeycomb, Embroidered, and Bordered Cashmere, &c. &c.

DRESS MATERIALS,

In great variety, comprising the NEWEST STYLES, in

Winceys, Coburgs,
French Merinos, Garibaldi Cloth,
Check, Figured and Embroidered Reps,
Black, Gros, and Glace Silks;
Poplins and Mohair;
BROCHE SILK DRESSES,
Balmoral Linsey Skirts, Steel Skeleton Skirts, Velvets, Ribbons, Flowers, Plumes, Gloves of all kinds,
PELT HATS;

White, grey and striped SHIRTINGS, PRINTS. Under Shirts, Hats, Caps, Fur Boas, Muffs, Cuffs, Gents Collars Cravats, Ties, Drawers, Braces, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers,

WELSH, SAXONY & FANCY FLANNEL,

BLANKETS.

Cloths, Tweeds, Doeskins, Coatings.

TABLE COVERS,

Rep, Cloth, Damask, &c.

HOSIERY, HABERDASHERY, AND SMALL WARES, In great variety; together with a nice assortment of

HOUSEKEEPERS'S GOODS.

Superior Congo Tea, Sugar, Soap, Candles, &c.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL!

☞ The above Goods have been personally selected, and are offered with confidence that they must give satisfaction, both as to quality and cheapness.

Nov. 2, 1861.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

A MEETING OF THE LOCAL COMMISSIONERS of the International Exhibition will be held in the Lower Room of the Temperance Hall, on Saturday, the 16th inst.; also, on Wednesday, the 20th; and on Saturday, the 23d inst., each day between the hours of eleven and one. Persons having goods to forward will please deliver them to the Commissioners, at the Temperance Hall, on either of the above mentioned days,—the 24th inst. being the latest date at which goods can be received.

By order,
H. HAZZARD, Sec'y.

Nov. 16, 1861.

"GLASGOW HOUSE,"

Established, 1858.

WE RESPECTFULLY SOLICIT THE attention of customers and the public generally to an

EXTENSIVE STOCK

—OF—

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS!

COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

Received, per ships "Isabel," "Gazelle," and "Prince Edward," from the best Manufacturing Districts in

GREAT BRITAIN.

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

In Evelinas, Reps, Silk Warps, Tweeds, Wincoys and Plaids.

THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY PIECES

Colored and Black COBURGS and LAMAS, in Every Shade and Price.

A splendid assortment of Cloakings,

In Sealskins, Velvet Piles, and Brown, Black and Fancy MIXTURES;

PLAIN HABIT CLOTHS;

Brown, Black and Mauve Cloth, and Rich Paisley

SHAWLS.

A choice assortment of very Cheap

MANTLES:

Ladies', Fancy, Rep, and Balmoral Skirts,

Some splendid Goods can be shown in this department.

SILKS, FACED BONNET VELVETS!

FURS, FURS, FURS!

A large Stock of Ladies' Furs, good value.

HOSIERY & GLOVES

Of every description.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

—OF—

Misses and Ladies' Felt Hats, Plumes, Flowers; Chenille, Silk and Braided Hair Nets, Head Dresses, Ribbons, &c.

MILLINERY,

Ladies' White, Fancy & Mourning Caps.

A LARGE VARIETY IN

Small Wares and Haberdashery!

Gents' Furnishing Goods of every new style, London Rifle Caps, and Deer Stalkers' Shirt Collars, Iris Scarfs, Mufflers, Fancy Flannel, Regatta and White Shirts, Shetland and Lamb's Wool Under Garments, Fur Caps and Stormers in variety.

BOOTS & SHOES,

Ladies', Misses and Gents' Rubbers, and Ladies' Long Rubber Boots, very cheap.

2500 setts Skirt Canes,
40 dozen Steel Extension Skirts.

STAPLE GOODS,

In white, grey, striped and other Cotton Fabrics.—Good value can be had, from the fact of our having purchased previous to the rise in the raw material.

COTTON WARPS;

A Choice Lot of Prints!
Cloths, Tweeds, Coatings and Doeskins,
Heavy Woolen Goods,
Flannels and Blankets.
Ready Made Clothing.

SHELF HARDWARE & CUTLERY,

Together with a variety of Goods impossible to enumerate.

GROCERIES,

Of all kinds—Choice Teas, Sugar, Rice, Starch, Tobacco, Pepper, Mustard, Pickles, Dye Stuffs, Indigo, Soda, Spices, Candles, Sole Leather, Currants Raisins, Buckets, Brooms, Coffee, &c., &c., &c.

Crates EARTHEN & CROCKERYWARE

20 puncheons choice Retailing Molasses.

☞ This Stock, which, for extent, variety, and moderation in price, together with recent improvement in our Business premises, enables us to offer Retail and Wholesale Buyers good value for ready money.

C. C. VAUX.

Glasgow House, Queen Street, Oct. 9, 1861. 3m

NOTICE.

THE HON. DR. JOHNSON having this day appointed me his Attorney to collect all outstanding Debts due him I hereby notify all persons so indebted to make payment of the respective amounts due by them, to me, at my office, without further notice.

BENJ. DESBRISAY, Attorney at Law.

Office—Desbrisay's Buildings, Upper Queen Street, Charlottetown, Nov. 1, 1861. } tf

MR. W. A. JOHNSTON,

OF HALIFAX, N. S.,

ATTORNEY & BARRISTER AT LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c., &c.

OFFICE, Mrs M'Donald's, next door to Mrs Forsyth's, North Side Queen's Square.

Charlottetown, Nov. 9.

W. E. DAWSON

—HAS—

REMOVED!

To Gibson's Brick Building,

Lately occupied by NEIL RANKIN, Esquire, and nearly opposite his former place of Business.

HE would tender his thanks to his friends and the community for their very liberal patronage up to the present, and having increased facilities for doing business, trusts the same liberal support will be continued, as he feels assured—his stock being purchased on the best terms, and his motto being "small profits and quick sales"—that he can offer as cheap, and in many goods cheaper than can be obtained in any other store.

His STOCK consists of, as heretofore,

GENERAL HARDWARE,

Paints, Oils, Glass, and Groceries,

a portion of which has just arrived by the ISABEL,—the remainder of his FALL SUPPLY to arrive by GAZELLE, from England, and other vessels from Boston and Halifax.

October 26, 1861.

FULLING, DYEING AND DRESSING CLOTH!

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING HIS factory for the above purpose now in operation, would most respectfully solicit a liberal share of public patronage. He is also prepared to compete with any mill on the Island, and will work for the lowest Nova Scotia Prices.

FINLAY M'DONALD, Proprietor.

Belfast Nov. 2 1861.