

THE GUELPH ADVOCATE

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GUELPH, SATURDAY, MARCH 3rd, 1900

FAT STOCK SHOW.

Wellington's County Council was not strong enough to withstand the blandishments of the Guelph gentlemen who are interested in the location of the Live Stock buildings at Guelph, and very generously voted \$4,000 of the county's good money for Guelph's benefit.—Arthur Enterprise.

Blandishments, rot. The Enterprise should know that the city of Guelph cannot be benefited without the County reaping its share of profit. As a matter of fact the county will reap a much greater benefit from the live stock buildings than the city, because buyers from all over the country will come here and the farmers will find a market for their live stock at their doors. Come, Mr. Enterprise, don't be so narrow-minded in your views.

An old picture of the Crimean Veterans owned by Geo. H. Readwin, is attracting considerable attention in J. J. Day's window.

As an object lesson the Mercury objects to the burning in effigy of Oom Paul. Too bad. Poor Oom. Poor Mercury. Is it wrong to teach the young of our city that the old man who is at the head of the war in South Africa is an enemy? Is it wrong to teach them that those who are painting the sun scorched veldt of Africa with Canadian blood are foes? It is all wrong because the old man whose effigy went up in smoke is merely abused in the mind of our cotem. We have no patience with Boer sympathizers in this free country, and beg right here to remind the boys that they can have the contents of our waste basket and the wood pile in our back yard the next time they want to make a bon fire for a similar purpose.

THE DOMINION HOUSE.

Mon. Mr. Mulock introduces his Government Bill of Last Session Again—The Senate Seated.

Ottawa, March 3.—Mr. Douglas introduced a bill to control grain inspection in the west.

Mr. Davin indignantly repelled the imputation that he had used undue influence in getting business for The Regina Leader.

Canadians to Garrison Halifax.

Mr. McNeill brought up the question of the garrisoning of Halifax by Canadian volunteers—Canada's offer had been sent to the Imperial authorities two weeks ago, but no answer had been received.

The Premier, in reply, said that Canada's offer had been accepted. (Applause.)

Sir Charles Tupper expressed his pleasure at this announcement.

Sir Charles Tupper said he considered that it was a needless expense to send the R. C. Dragoons and so many Mounted Police to the Yukon. The Premier said that the Government's policy was undertaken to prevent disturbances among miners from across the border, and that the time of the withdrawal of the men was at hand.

Mulock's Gerrymander Bill.

Mr. Mulock moved the second reading of his bill respecting the representation in the House of Commons. Mr. Mulock made a speech, advocating its adoption. Its aim was to deal with "the iniquitous provisions of the acts of 1882 and 1892," which covered the same ground as his bill of last year. He instanced several peculiar results of the former acts and declared that these peculiarities should have caused hesitation in passing these acts. His bill was to remove a blot from the statutes of Canada.

Sir Charles Says a Census.

Sir Charles Tupper considered that discussion of the bill was but repeating a discussion made last year. A census should be taken before such an act was passed. It was absurd to introduce a bill based on the census of 1891, which had changed so much by this time. It was a monstrous absurdity. The reason the bill was introduced was that the Government had no business ready and put forward Mr. Mulock to bring in a deposed bill. The bill was the property of the Government.

The debate for over an hour bristled with the most bitter and acrimonious personalities, during which time the Speaker had several times to call for order.

After Messrs. McMillen, Wallace, Foster, Casey and Bell (P.E.I.) had Mr. Mulock moved that the

Sir Louis Davies denounced the action of the Senate last year. Some method would have to be resorted to to undo the work of the acts of 1882 and 1892.

Hon. William Patterson eulogized the bill. He said that the Senate had overridden the will of the people expressed in the House of Commons last session, but the Senators were still amenable to principles of justice and right, and that was the reason the bill had been reintroduced. Principles should not be departed from. The bill would be pressed till it was passed.

Mr. McNeill (North Bruce), Mr. Semple (North Wellington), Mr. Henderson, Dr. Macdonald (Huron), Mr. McNerney (Kent, N.B.), Mr. McMillan followed, and Mr. Ellis of St. John declared with regret that he would have to vote against his party on the measure, as he considered that it was an injustice to give the city and county of St. John only two members, in view of the fact that the population of the two constituencies totalled over 55,000.

The House divided on Mr. Foster's amendment at 11 o'clock. It was declared lost, and the bill was passed through its second reading. The House then adjourned.

TALK OF CIVIL WAR IN QUEBEC

French Mob Rises in Opposition to McGill Students.

British Flag Torn Down Amid Cries of "Down With the English"—General Meles in Which Revolver Shots Were Fired—Several Persons Hurt—Victoria Rifles Ordered Out—La Patrie on the Incident.

Montreal, March 3.—There is no use denying the fact that the impudent action of the McGill students in attacking Laval University has created a great deal of bad blood in the community. Yesterday afternoon about 2,000 French-speaking men and boys paraded along St. James' street, and as they turned up Beaver Hall Hill, it was supposed that the mob was making for McGill grounds, and that a free fight was imminent. Nothing happened, however, as the crowd turned east along St. Catherine street, and finally dispersed.

Last evening, however, matters assumed a much graver aspect. Shortly after 8 o'clock a crowd, composed of fully 8,000 men, a great many of them belonging to the tough element of the city, came down St. Lawrence Main street, up St. Lambert's Hill, and along St. James street to The Star office.

British Flag Hauled Down. Here the mob pulled down the British flag and tore it up, howling and hooting all the while. At this juncture a few Britishers arrived, and as the mob departed, a flag was again hoisted on The Star office, and death was threatened to any man who molested it.

Without any other acts of violence except cries of "En Bas les Anglais!" ("Down With the English!") the noisy crowd returned to the East End. A large crowd also gathered in front of Laval University.

Expressed Regrets. Yesterday forenoon Dean Walton of the McGill law faculty, went down to the Court House and expressed McGill's regrets to Judge Mathieu of the Laval Law School for what had taken place.

La Presse last evening is as cool as a cucumber, and had no doubt decided to let the matter drop; but not so with La Patrie, which, under the heading, "The hour is a decisive one," among other things said:

"Is it not a painful spectacle to realize that we are two steps from civil war! We are not the aggressors, but we are strong enough to protect ourselves. We do not hold the majority of the English-speaking population of Montreal and the country responsible for the shameful scenes which disgraced our streets. This is a decisive hour. The Confederation can only be maintained by side by side. There is very little to add to what has taken place to rend the Federal asunder, and that without much delay."

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Revolvers Were Used and Mere Serious Trouble Feared.

Montreal, March 3.—There was another students riot in Montreal last night, and at one time it looked as if there would be serious trouble. The students of Laval University, the leading French-Canadian institution, were greatly incensed at the mobbing of the Laval building Thursday night by the McGill students because the British flag was not hoisted in honor of the relief of Ladysmith. Yesterday a counter demonstration was organized by the Laval students who paraded the streets. Last night the students were reinforced by nearly five thousand sympathizers, and a big demonstration took place.

Flouted the Tri-Color.

Carrying the tri-color, the French flag, the students marched down to St. James street and made a hostile demonstration in front of the office of The Star, the leading English newspaper. The Union Jack, which was flying from the Star building, was torn down and trampled under foot. The French students sang the "Marseillaise" and cheered themselves hoarse. The tearing down of the flag resulted in a free fight, in which revolver shots were fired and blows were exchanged.

Several People Badly Hurt.

Several people were badly hurt in the melee. The report spread that the students were on their way to attack McGill University and a big force of police were despatched to the scene. The French students, however, kept in the centre and eastern districts of the city. The police have been called out and are endeavoring to quell the mob.

Serious Trouble Feared.

The trouble has caused a great deal of bad feeling between the French and English sections of the population, and serious trouble is feared unless the authorities quell the disturbance promptly.

There were several fights between the students and the police, and a number on both sides were injured. The Victoria Rifles were called out by Col. White, D.O.C., to protect the Drill Shed, where a disturbance was threatened, and they are now on guard.

GOSSIP OF THE CORRIDORS.

Mr. Tarte will leave for the Paris Exposition on March 15, to represent the Canadian Government as its High Commissioner. He expects to be

until May 24.

Sir Charles Tupper left last night for Boston, where he will address the members of the South African Patriotic Association in Vermont Temple on Monday.

Mr. Fielding's bill relating to the payment of the contingents was read a first time.

Probably the largest map ever drawn in America has been prepared by the draughtsmen in the Public Works Department for the Paris Exposition. It is a map of Canada, and it is twelve feet high by thirty feet wide. The cost of preparing it has amounted to about \$5,000.

The Postoffice Department has authorized the opening of a postoffice in North Victoria County, Ontario, to be known as Buller, and the name of Upper Thorne Centre, near Colouge, has been changed to Ladysmith, taking effect on the day of the relief of White's headquarters in South Africa.

Passion Flower Fruit. Few people probably are aware that there is a variety of the passion flower which bears a luscious fruit about the size and color of a purple plum. The botanical name of the variety is Passiflora edulis, and as it does well in Wales and Scotland it should do so elsewhere.

THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

The Debate on the Address in Reply Continued.

Mr. Lumsden, Liberal, Dilates on the Glories of New Ontario, But Coming to the Topic in All Men's Minds, the West Elgin Frauds, Declared That He Deplored Them—Dr. Payne Catered to the Government's Festering Sores.

Toronto, March 3.—Mr. A. Lumsden (Ottawa), resumed the debate on the address in the Legislature yesterday, and, after eulogizing "New" Ontario, characterized the crimes that had been discussed by the House as "abominable practices. He would do anything in his power to sweep such practices from the fair fame of Ontario. But he denied that the Conservatives were simply pure or the Liberals alone corrupt. Mr. Lumsden next turned his attention to the patriotism of the contingent, predicting a future British Dominion of South Africa, with the same liberty as Ontario enjoys. (Applause.)

Dr. Payne on the Floor. Dr. Payne said that Premier Ross who had been a thick-and-thin believer in the surplus, had now grave doubts of its existence, and had appointed a commission to discover it. (Laughter.) This was a reasonable enough proceeding if the surplus had ever been in hard cash, and had been kept in the vaults of the buildings. After the way the West Elgin ballots had disappeared, nothing was safe (laughter).

The Government had the hardihood to draw comparisons between Ontario, Belgium, Denmark and other continental countries. The little country of Belgium alone supports a population of 8,000,000 on the iron industry, while Ontario, with its enormously greater mineral wealth, had but a single blast furnace in 1897.

The Liberals, after their 27 years of unbroken rule, were still steeped in their Rip Van Winkle sleep. They were unable to do anything to develop the great natural wealth of Ontario, and had actually brought the people to direct taxation. Dr. Payne spoke at great length upon the opportunities for developing the nickel wealth of the Province. He said there was no reason in the world why there should not be a Pittsburg or a Chicago in the centre of the mining district of this Province. The Canada Copper Company, however, had 28,000 acres in the Sudbury district, and were only working two or three acres. This policy on the part of the Government was simply developing monopoly and tying up the mineral wealth of the Province.

There was another unjust practice which the Government pursued, viz., the withdrawing of land that had been open to prospectors. There ought to be a branch office of the Crown Lands Department in Sudbury.

Government Comes Down.

Mr. Davis—If my hon. friend would allow me to make an announcement—it is the intention of the Government to open an office at Sudbury. Plans and arrangements are now being perfected, and ought to be concluded in time for the inauguration of the office before the House rises. (Applause.)

Mr. Whitney—After some three years (Applause.) Dr. Payne, in speaking of cold storage, suggested that ballots after elections be kept in cold storage, in the basement of the Parliament Buildings.

In discussing the carnival of corruption, Dr. Payne associated the members of the Government with the "machine." He knew more about the gang. They knew more. They knew that they still had members of the "machine" in their employment right in this building today. (Applause.)

A member of the Government asked what Dr. Payne meant.

Dr. Payne—I mean just what I say. Dr. Payne said it was amazing that a gentleman like Mr. Grant (who ought to be in the box himself), should have been appointed on a confidential position on the commission which was alleged to have investigated the West Elgin frauds.

At 6 o'clock the House adjourned.

ASSEMBLY NOTES.

The Tilbury (Chatham) Gun Club want the game laws on Ontario to permit duck shooting in the spring. A bill will be proposed to the Legislature giving a municipality the right, upon inserting a notice in the Ontario Gazette, to pass regulations with regard to noxious insects that will have all the effect of law.

THE WEST ELGIN ENQUIRY.

Aldborough Township Charges Were Gone Into—No Irregularities.

St. Thomas, Ont., March 3.—The West Elgin commissioners met at the Court House at 10.15 yesterday morning. In opening, Judge Barron stated they had received a lengthy document last night, signed by Mr. S. Price, which they had not had time to examine, but the purport of which was that he, on behalf of the Conservatives, desired to abstain from taking any part in the proceedings. The first six divisions in Aldborough were gone over, deputies, poll clerks, constables and scrutineers being examined. None of the witnesses knew of any irregularities, and nothing of importance was brought out.

The furniture factory of George McLagan, together with the carpet shop of David Eason, at Stratford, Ont., were destroyed by fire on Thursday night. The estimated loss is about \$15,000.

Mr. Bostock on Mr. Martin.

Ottawa, March 3.—Mr. Bostock, M.P. for Yale and Cariboo, declares that the British Columbia supply bill runs out June 30, 1900, so Joseph Martin has that time to run out. His opinion is that Joseph is a dead end. He is a notable example of a man who went to British Columbia with fair prospects of being a success, but who antagonized everyone and is now out of the race. Mr. McInnes, Mr. Bostock thinks, will not unite with Martin; it would be trying himself to a corpse.

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Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets & druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. Dr. J. Grove's signature on each box.

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YOU DON'T WANT TO BUY?

THAT'S ALL RIGHT

Come in and take a look. We have received a great many new things already this season. They are distributed in various places around the store, so that need to visit every department in order to see them. Among them is a lot of handsome laces and the latest styles in pretty silks.

TO-NIGHT

we make a special display of them and you are invited to come and inspect them, but you are not expected to buy. It is a pleasure to look around at the pretty things and see what is to be worn during the spring and summer season. Every one is welcome remember and no one need stay away because they have nothing to buy. Early in the week we shall be passing in several large shipments of Millinery.

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March 3rd, 1900.

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All goods marked away down.

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The Advocate

Can help many in Guelph to a substantial increase in their business. With its large and influential circulation, it is the proper medium to reach the purchasing class.

Rates low, when value of service is considered.

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TO FIND ANYTHING LOST
TO FIND AN OWNER
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TO RENT A ROOM
TO RENT A FARM
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