SHIP NEWS.

Newcastle, NSW; Feb 29, bark Are Lee, from Rio Jameiro. Liverpool, March 2, bark Dominion ith, from San Francisco. Kingston, Js. Feb 19, sch E Merriam, m. from New York

Arrived.
March 1, bark Mary A Troop,

From 20 co on every do from TEM if you was a first the second of the control of t

MARRIAGES.

JO-IN

Mr. Davies Voted for the Measure and G. F. Baird Against it.

tled, indeed in the lobbies tonight the statute provided that no bouds for a general impression is that at last solid public work could be issued until a ground has been reached and that certain amount of the expenditure had With reference to the Chignecto mar-

be made to restore the bill defeated today to the order paper.

sue with impunity.

It is feared that as a result of the late period at which the estimates will voted this year there will be no summer camps for rural corps unless they are held in the autumn. This has

R. B. Bell, ex-inspector of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty, was to-day sentenced to two years and two months imprisonment in Kingston penitentiary for having aided and abet-ted his wife in acts of cruelty perpetrated on their grandson, Percy Short.
At the opening of this afternoon's session Dr. Weldon, member for Alwhich appeared in the Toronto News of Saturday, stating that he (Dr. Weldon) was willing to go into the Boweli adminstration a few weeks ago and to accept the remedial policy and an office together. He said he had sent a copy of this extract to the prime minister, requesting him for an answer, which he might communicate to the house, and today he has received Sir Mackenzie's reply, as follows:

Ottawa, March 9, 1896. Dear Dr. Weldon-I have to acknowcalling my attention to a paragraph which appeared in Toronto News. The

Dr. Weldon added: "I wish to say, Mr. Speaker, that it may be a jues-tion of practical politics within our party as to whether at an early date the Toronto Mail and the Toronto News should not be read out of the liberal conservative party."

and laughter.)

Mr. Powell moved the second reading of the bill respecting the Chignecto marine transport railway, the object of which, he explained, was to extend the dime for the completion of the road and empowering the company to issue bonds.

infant son of Mr. and ged 4 months. A bud on in heaven.

Rothesay, Kings Co., March and the condition of the country was pledged to it, parliament would be a monument of parliament ary folly as long as there was a rail on the road. (Laughter.)

Sir Charles Tupper pointed out that in 1870 a royal commission was appointed to enquire into the project necessary for improving Canadian water the growth was five million dollars, and a later estimate gave it as nine million dollars. Parliament approved of the broject, and when at a later period it was proposed to substitute a railway instead of a canal the subsidy voted by parliament, capitalized, voted by parliament, capitalized, amounted to \$2,343,000, or over six mil-Conference With Greenway, but First Remedial Bill Will Receive Second Reading.

After Mr. Lister had described the scheme as involving a useless expenditure of public money, the house, a tion on the part of parliament to pass legislation. Sir Charles pointed out that by an amendment to the railway act in 1888, just at the time when the company were prepared to float their bonds, they were prevented from girlor that the school question may be setting on the market, as the amended been made. But for that amendment the company would have got all the capital in London long ago. They had expended over three million dol-lars already and their bonds were held by leading capitalists in England. He

Canadian enterprises, however Toronto News will have to do the parliament of Canada did not keep crawfish act for its statement regard-good faith in this matter and allow with the reputations of public men is and to extend the time for construct not a game that newspapers can puring the road. If this permission were given he had every reason to know the work could be energetically pushthy for the unfortunate stockholders of the company, and knew of no more tangible way of expressing it than by discouraging them in the scheme and thus preventing their suffering fur-ther loss. There was no future for the company and the enterprise had no

felt that it would be a fatal blow to

largely due to the transformation in the methods of ocean carriage that has taken place since the scheme was first mooted. The prices have been cally no trade between the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the Bay of Fundy. The trade of the Gulf goes to the United States, and it would be an unwise mariner who would cradle his ship and thread a course through the Bay of Fundy when he could get a cour on the open ocean. Moreover, the Gulf was prohibited water in the insurance policies between ist of November and 10th May, and the upper end of the Bay of Fundy was closed in winter by floating ice. If the scheme was enuraged and further loss suffered there would likely be a reaction against the dominion's credit. The shareholders had met their fate by the force of circumstances, and if parlia-

Dr. Weldon of Albert had no obje tion to the bill in its present form, but held it would make a difference if the bill was to be supplemented later on by a grant of public money. asked for a statement on this point. Sir Charles Tupper said he was not in a position to give an assurance that

Dr. Weldon then said if the grant was to be made, he shared the of Mr. Baird on the question. If a re fusal to aid the scheme would injure Canada's credit in London, would not worse injury be done if the shareholders were encouraged to go on and lose more money? By declining to act the government would really be strengthening the credit for good public works. If the grant was made, parliament should see there was no ambiguity in the terms of contract, in order that the subsidy should not be pay-

nam, Nova Scotia, and Baird. New Brunswick, both ship owners; Messrs. Weldon, Ingram, Roome, Boyle, Guillett, Craig and Stevenson

Sir Charles Tupper said: Mr. Speak-er-I desire to make the following statement to the house: Since answering the question asked a few days ago McCarthy) the following telegram has been received by Sir Donald Smith: Winnipeg. March 2nd. 1896-Your

elegram has received the most careful consideration of myself and colleagues. While fully appreciating all you say it is quite clear to us that we can only proceed to Ottawa for the purpose of holding a conference upon the official invitation of the dominion government. I fully appreciate your very kind offices in this matter.

In view of the assurance that the to have a conference the government propose, so soon as the second reading of the remedial bill is carried, to have a conference with Mr. Greenway's government with a view to aron terms that will be satisfactory to his government and the minority of Manitoba, but in the meantime to proceed with the question before the house de die in diem, as previously arranged. A large number of questions by mem-

bers were put and answered. Mr. Lister was informed that the voters' lists would not be revised this year. In reply to a question by Mr. Mc-Carthy, Hon. Mr. Dickey said the writs of the general election were made returnable on April 25th, 1891, and no special mention was made of

a date for Algoma. Hon. Mr. Costigan in reply to a question by Mr. Corbould said that the government intended to introduce lobsters and oysters from eastern waters ment wished to be kind to them in into the waters of the Pacific in Brit-any way it would discourage the ensent to the maritime provinces to pre-A number of motions for returns

were passed and the house adjourned

The government has been officially advised that the colonial office conference on the Pacific cable scheme will eet in London shortly after Easter or about the 14th April. In official cucles here it is expected that Sir Mackwill be the Canadian delegates. One thing which may prevent the premier state of the public business. Until the question of the remedial legislation is settled either by the passage of the bill or by the friendly compron ise Sir Mackenzie will hardly leave Ottawa. It is generally conceded that no better man than the premier could represent Canada on such an importon. To him largery is due the credit of bringing the question within the domain of diplomacy. Mr. Fleming

VOL. 19.

From on eve for TE

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GEO. S. Who

TEMPERANCE

By the Women's Ch

Brunswick correspo that all unions that maritime reports sho few have been ordvery desirable that procure at least the lar, that is fifteen re

who are practically been taken in and this time a number been provided with comfortable clothing, same time been tar and needle work, bes struction in the rudi lish education. This ligious instruction ha of brightening the li the moral motives misfortune of birth by neglect in most the use of strong sent out at an ear receive the worst kin the streets.

Homes have been of these children where they are well union have felt tha a most satisfactory cial losses of late. W. C. T. U. feel un tain that work unle has proved sympat tent, comes to their stantial way. At a ecutive committee. to close the Home on the first of May C. T. U. can do. gret at this decision from several quart utive feel that it w give up this bran which has proved cue work, without an opportunity to a ing it on. Comr MRS. F

WOMEN KEEPE CON

By Margar The place is on city. No one was in the evening dar in the building Neither gun nor p nor was any could have fired the roof were mu gers, incendiaries Down the corridor attended by a fe and turned into locked up.

This is a state ly, but one lock closure stood bet liberty. For twen have carr molested, and the ient to restrain t out use of powde Only women as Lights glow down

the shadow of t The Indiana W prison is the only States or any officered and a ences to disciplin The question is, ed by the Indian vance over the