## MAHONS LIMITED

**Store closes** 

HOLDING YOUR TONGUE When a fellow gets angry and calls you ba And puts you and yours the vilest among, and stings with his wit while his venom do

When the gossips get after

When the jibe and the sneer

And bitter sarcasm the fair thing to be flung

bless, There's a lot of religion in holding you

When the light of the church seems fading and And the music discordant from harps all

And the preacher is faulty in most everyway, There's a lot of religion in holding your

its own importance, had established the praction of his forecast.

Minutely watchful of Bussle's attitude, Fraide quietly organized hit forces and strengthened his position with a statesmanifite grasp of opportunity, and to Loder the attributes displayed by his leader during those trying days formed an endless and absorbing study. Setting the thought of Chilecte aside, ignoring his own position and the risks he daily ran he had fully yielded to the glamour of the mo-

tion and the risks he daily ran, he had fully yielded to the glamour of the mo-ment and in the first freedom of a loose rein he had given unreservedly all that he possessed of activity, capac-ity and determination to the cause that had claimed him.

Singularly privileged in a constant personal content with Fraids, he learn-

he drawing room found the little group

of three that was to make up the party already assembled—Fraide, Lady Sa-rah—and Eve. As he entered the room

He took Fraide's outstretched hand, and again he looked toward Eve, wait

ng for her to speak. She met his glance, but said nothing

instead of speaking she smiled at him

a smile that was far more reassuring than any words, a smile that in a single second conveyed forgiveness, approbation and a warm, almost tender sense of sympathy and comprehen-

sion. The remembrance of that smile, stayed with him long after they were seated at table and far into the future the remembrance of the lunch itself, with its pleasant private sense of sat-

Fraide was the master spirit.

These reflections had grown, agree-ably familiar to his mind. The talk, momentarily diverted into social chan-nels, was quiety drifting back to; the inevitable question of the "situation"

April 26, 1913. — Wilkes Booth shot, April 26, 1865.

# Going Fishing? Then You'll Need a Sweater

NO, we are not talking to men, but to maids. Isaac Walton has ardent followers among the gentle sex, as among the stern.

If you have ever gone fishing in the grey of the early morning you've probably re-alized the need of a sweater.

Here we can show you the ideal garment; a heavy rib, close knit coat with deep roll collar that can be buttoned up high, half way, or left open, as the thermometer and your taste suggest. Knit hood to match; fastens closely to collar by means of snaps. In white, navy and grey. Price, \$5.25.

Similar style, but without hood; in bright scarlet, or cardinal with emerald green trimmings; same price.



But not all of us are fisher folk. For those who incline to other outdoor pastimes we have other styles.

At \$2.25.—Neat, simple style in plain knit stitch with turnback collar and cuffs; patch pockets. Comes in cardinal

At \$2.75. - Fancy knit golf coat; collarless, with front and cuffs fashionedin plain stitch. Comes in white only.

At \$3.50.-Long, heavy knit coat in fancy ribbon pattern; white, cardinal, brown and slate are the colors.

JAEGAR coats; the ideal all-wool garments. Rib stitch; short, medium and long lengths; medium and oversizes. Colors are white, fawn, brown, green heather mixture, grey and black. Roll and turn over collars; button front and slipover styles.

\$4.50 to \$8.50.

#### One often hears people say that they wish they could save money and invest it. Most of them are under the impression that in order to invest, it is necessary to save at least several hundred

dollars. This was the case a few years ago. Since large concerns have been established, calling for large amounts of capital, much more than that which could be supplied by one person or a few individuals, there has arisen a great demand

for money from investors. Thus, a person with a few dollars to invest may become a partner in a country's greatest enterprises. And the partnership liability is limited to the extent of the money so invested.

Now, the man who can save a few dollars a week or month, may become an investor. Don't wish you were an investor-become one. We shall be glad to tell how you may become an investor although your savings may amount to but a few dollars a

#### F. B. McCURDY & CO., Members Montreal Stock Exchange,

Halifax, N. S.

WATSON'S No. 10 \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* WATSON'S No. 10 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Aged in wood. It is MELLOW, SMOOTH and UNIFORM.

# WATSON'S NO. 10.

-A perfectly pure and delightfully fragrant beverage.

Sold everywhere.

## Fishing Tackle.



The Best Salmon and Trout Lines ever offered in Canada.

THOMAS J. EGAN, 177 Lower Water Street. (foot of Sackville St.) Halifax. P. O. Box 927 Open Saturday Night.

# SPECIAL NOTICE.

Our place of business will be closed every WEDNES-DAY AFTERNOON at 12.30 sharp, commencing the first Wednesday in May, and continuing during the months of May, June, July and August. Our directors have come to this conclusion for the following reasons:

Our directors have come to this conclusion for the following reasons:—

1st. At the suggestion of the majority of the 76 people in our employ we have granted this Wednesday afternoon in the months mentioned above.

2nd. Public sentiment tends in this direction and appreciates the action of any firm, whether large or small, that will sacrifice something in favor of its employees. And we believe the public, both in the country and city will agree with us that it is fair and just, and will arrange their shopping accordingly.

3nd. We home and trust that other dealers will think.

will agree with us that it is fair and just, and will arrange their shopping accordingly.

3rd. We hope and trust that other dealers will think favorably of this idea and will do likewise and make this practice universal in the city. Thus all may go off for the half day in the middle of the week and have a rest and enjoy the beauties of nature in our beautiful surroundings, coming back to work refreshened.

WENTZELLS LIMITED, The Big Cash Store, Wholesale and Retail Groces.

# The Masquerader

By Katherine Cecil Thurston.
Author of "The Circle," Etc.

Copyright, 1903, 1903, By Harper & Bros. CHAPTER XVIII - (Continued)

Loder was still studying the flaring poster. At the other's words he turned marply. Something in Lakeley's voice, something in his manner, arrested him. A tinge of color crossed his

face. "Reality?" he said. "What do you mean?"
For a further space his companion watched him, then with a rapid movement he tilted back his chair. "Yes," he said "Yes; old Fraide's instincts are never farlout. He's quite

instincts are never farlout. He's quite right. You're the man!"

Still quietly but with a strange underglow of excitement. Loder left the fire and coming forward, took a chair at Lakeley's desk."

"Do you mind telling me what you're driving at?" he asked in his old, laconly you're

Lakeley still scrutinized him with an air of brisk satisfaction; then with a gesture of finality he tossed, his cigar

"My dear chap," he said, "there's go-ing, to be a breach somewhere—and Fraide says you're the man to step in Fraide says you're the man to step in and fill 'tit' You see' five years ago, when things looked 'itvely, on the guif and the Bundar Abbas business came tollight, you'ld some promising work, and a reputation like that sticks to a man even when he turns; slacker! I won't deny that you've slacked bominably, 'he added aski oder made an uneasy movement, 'but slacking has different effects.' Some men run to seed, others imature. I had almost put you others mature. It had almost put you down on the black list but I've altered my mind in the lastiswo-months."

Again Loder stirred in his seat. A host of emotions were stirring in his mind. Byery word wrung from Lakeley was another stimulus to pride, another subtled tributer to the surious force of personality.

personality
"Well?" he said. "We'll?"
Lakeley smiled. "We, all know beforough's ministry is—well, top-heavy" he said. "Sefborough is building his card house just a story too high.
It's a toss up what'll upset the balance. It might be the army, of course, or it

and of his voice Loder lifted his

face. It was quite pale again, but the energy and resolution that had come into it when Lakeley first spoke were

still to be seen.
"No, Lakeley," he said very slowly,

"it's not the sort of moment in which

CHAPTER XIX.

bility to undertake another. From the morning of March 27, when Lakeley had expounded the political programme in the offices of the St. George's Gazette, to the afternoon of April i he found himself a central figure in the whirippol of activity that formed lites in Conservative circles. With the acumen for which he was noted Lakeley had touched the keystone of the situation on that morning case.

of the situation on that morning, and succeeding events, each fraught with

Maple Sugar.

Just received direct from Cumberland Ocunty, a supply of New Maple Sugar and Wax, the pure goods, at PATRICK'S, apl 25 George Street.

ND so it came to pass that Loder was freed from one responsi-

bility to undertake anothe

man doubts himself."

that in private moments was never far from their lips, when the event that was to mark and separate that day from those that had preceded it was unceremoniously thrust upon them.

Without announcement or apology, the door was suddenly flung open and might be education, but it might quite as well be a matter of foreign policy!" They looked at each other in compa-Lakeley entered the room.

His face was brimming with excitement, and his eyes fashed. In the first haste of the entry he falled to see that there were ladies in the room and, crossing instantly to Fraide, laid an open telegram before him. "This is official, sin" he said. Then at last he glanced round the table.

"Lady Sarah!" he exclaimed. "Can you forgive me? But I'd have given a hundred pounds to be the first with this!" He glanced back at Fraids."

Lady Sarah rose and stretched out Lakeley entered the room. ensive silence. "You know as the I that it's the question of whether Russia comes into Persia, but the question of whether Russia goes out of Persia when these Hazaras are subdued! I'll lay you what

you like, Chilcote, that within one week we hear that the risings are suppressed, but that Russia, instead of retiring has advanced those tempting twenty miles and comfortably ensconced her-self at Meshed—as she ensconced her-self on the island of Ashurada." Lake-Lady Sarah rose and stretched ou her hand. "Mr. Lakeley," she said. "I more than understand!" There was a thrill in her warm, cordial voice, and her eyes also turned toward her hus-Of the whole party Fraide alone was perfectly, calm. He sat very still, his small, thin figure erect and dignified, as his cycs scanned the message that an be hammered in on the motion fol can be hammered in on the motion for adjournment. And if the right man does it in the right way I'll lay my life 'twill be a nail in Serborough's coffin."

Loder sat very still. Overwhelming possibilities had suddenly opened before him. In a moment the unreality of the past months had become real; a tangible justification for himself and his imposture was suddenly made possible. In the stress of understanding he too, leaned forward, and, resting his elbows on the desk, took his face between his hands.

You space Lakeley made no remark. To him man and man's moods came second, in interest to his paper and his party politics. That Chilcote should be conscious of the glories he had opened up seemed only naturally that he should be conscious of the glories he had opened up seemed only naturally that he should be conscious of the glories he had opened up seemed only naturally that he should be conscious of the glories he had opened up seemed only naturally that he should be conscious of the glories he had opened up seemed only naturally that he should be conscious of the glories he had opened up seemed only naturally that he should be conscious of the glories he had opened up seemed only naturally that he should be conscious of the glories he had opened up seemed only naturally that he should be conscious of the glories he had opened in the should be conscious of the glories he had opened in the should be conscious of the glories he had opened to the should be conscious of the glories he had opened to the should be conscious of the glories he had opened to the should be conscious of the glories he had opened to the should be conscious of the glories he had opened to the should be conscious of the glories he had opened to the should be conscious of the glories he had opened to the should be conscious of the glories he had opened to the should be conscious of the glories he had opened to the should be conscious of the glories he had opened to the should be conscious of the glories he had opened to the should be conscin rnment. And if the right man

Eve, who had sprung from her seat and passed round the table at sound of Lakeley's news, was leaning over his shoulder reading the telegram with him. At the last word she lifted her lead, her face flushed with excitement "How splendid it must be to be a man" she exclaimed, and without premeditation her eyes and Loder's

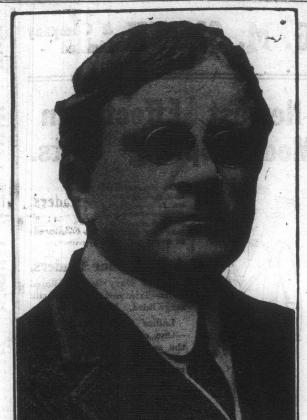
To be Continued:



Wear Stylish Shoes. Our new models for Spring show graceful lines and attractive shapings. You can find your size in any preferred style,

Our Smart Shoes.

designed for comfort as well as style WALLACE BROS. FOOTWEAR. 171 Barrington Street.



MR. THOMAS E. SHEA, In a series of great plays at the Academy of Music pext week.

## OCCASIONAL'S LETTER

Singularly privileged in a constant personal contact with Fraide, he learned many valuable lessons of tact and organisation in those five vital days during which the tactics of a whole party hung upon one item of news from a country thousands of mise away. For should Russia subdue the insurgent Hasaras and, laden with the honors of the peacemaker, retire across the frontier, then the political arena would remain undisturbed; but should would remain undisturbed; but should would remain undisturbed; but should the all important movement predicted by Lakeley become an accepted fact be-fore parliament rose for the Easter se-cess, then the first blow in the fight that would rage during the succeeding session must inevitably be struck. In the meantime it was Fraide's difficult position to wait and watch and yet pre-serts bits directly. The veterans from the old wars who settled in Nova Scotia; their interesting stories of famous battles.

The militia of Nova Scotia; the position to weit and watch and yet pre-serve his dignity.

It was early in the afternoon of March 29 that Loder, in response to a long standing invitation, lunched quiet-ly with the Braides. Being delayed by some communications from Wark, he was a few minutes late in keeping hig appointment; and on being shown into enrollment the year following the settlement of Halifax; the system abolished by legislature in 1837 as being unnecessary; its re-establish ment at a later date.

he volunteer movement in the late fifties: the remarkable efficiency of the several companies formed in Halifax.

ran-and live. As he entered the volume they ceased to speak, and all three turned in his direction.

In the first moment he had a vague impression of responding suitably to Lady Sarah's cordial greeting, but he knew that immediately and uncon-Very properly when a veteran of the ar in the Crimea, who, in the after Lady Sarah's cordial greeting, but he knew that immediately and unconsciously his eyes turned to Eve, while a quick sense of surprise and satisfaction passed through him at sight of her. For an instant he wondered how she would mark his avoidance of her since their last eventful interview; then instantly he blamed himself for the passing doubt. For, before all things, he knew her to be a woman of the world. lays of peace, happened to cast in his ays or peace, happened to cast in his twith the people of this province, assed to the great beyond, special btice was taken of the fact that the old arrior, who so valiantly fought for ie "flag," had at last taken off his mor forever.

In the old times many a brave ma

ho had been engaged on hard-fought lds, found occupation in his declin fields, found occupation in his declining days in the peaceful valleys of our
beautiful province. The kindly old
soldier, in the quiet of a summer's
evening, when the boys and the girls
had leisure for a social interchange of
experiences in their every day toil,
usually furnished the larger measure
of the contribution. It was gathered
from the scenes of desperate conflicts
on famous battle-fields. It looms up in
the memory as a striking feature of from the scenes of desperate conflicts on famous battle-fields. It looms up in the memory as a striking feature of those youthful days in the old homestead—that has a living character when everything else has faded into oblivion. Those faithful "soldiers of the king," who carried on their persons the scars of the bullet and the sabre, seemed always to be the most contented settlers in the district in which they found an habitation—away from the sound of war, and where neighbor vied with neighbor in promoting the blessings of peace.

with its pleasant private sense of sat-isfaction, was destined to return to him in retrospective moments. The delightful atmosphere of the Fraides' home life had always been, a wonder, and an enigma to him, but on this day he seemed to grasp its meaning by a new light as he watched Eve oftan under its influence and felt himself In this connection the fact may be drawn imperceptibly from the position of a speculative outsider to that of an intimate. It was a fresh side to the complex, fascinating life of which mentioned that there departed this life, at Middle Musquodoboit, on the last day of September, 1842, in the 66th year of his age, James MacDunald, a veteran Highlander, who served in the gallant 42nd regiment in Egypt, under Sir Ralph Abercromby, and assisted to destroy the boasted invincibles of Buonaparte. He was with his regiment, under Lord Dalhousie, in the West Indies, where he received a wound, from the effects of which he suffered at intervals throughout the remainder of his life, When Dalhousie was lieutenant-governor of Nova Scotia he kindly recognized James MacDonald, and obtained him a pension.

On the 11th January, 1842, the death curred at Glenelg, Miramichi, of Angus McDonald, a native of the land of Lowes. He was one of the arliest settlers of that part of the rovince in which he lived. He had seen a soldier in the revolutionary ar. He attained the advanced age 100 reps.

On the 10th April, 1842, at Merrigo ish, in the 116th year of his age, John Sutherland, commonly called the John Sutherland, commonly called the "kilty man," passed away. The old resident was a native of Clyne, Sutherlandshire, North Britain. He was born in the last year of the reign of George I, and consequently lived under all the sovereigns of the House of Hanover, six in number. He fought at the battle of the Little Ferry, on the 16th of April, 1746, being in his 19th year, and emigrated to Nova Scotia in 1822.

eteran of the wars few are more uaint than the following copied from a eottish tombstone and taken from an

Macpherson, Who was a very extraordinary person; He was two yards high in his stock-

he was two yarus and he ing feet,
And kept his accourrement very
elean and nest;
He was slew
At the battle of Waterloo
He was shot by a bullet
Plumb through the gullet;
It went in at his throat
And came out at the back of his coat.

An Antigonish correspondent write QUERY:

"Occasional's" letter, in a recent issue, publishes a copy of the governor's "Proclamation," of March 17th, 1866, in connection with anticipated "Fenian raid." Would he kindly furnish the following imformation:

(a) When was the "militia force of Nova Scotia established, and how long was the autumn drill conducted

beach up to what is now Jacob street, to the north side of the fort, thus forming a very fair defence against the indians. This having been ac-complished, Governor Cornwallis or-dered all settlers between the ages of dered all settlers between the ages of 16- and 60 to be formed into companies of militia, of 60 or 70 men each, in every quarter of the town. He appointed a captain and two lieutenants to each company. A militia guard of one officer and thirty men assembled every evening "at sunset, upon gun firing," with arms, etc., and kept guard until sunrise. Every company underwent drill for one hour on Sunday morning before Divine service.

The militia throughout the American war was in a very effective state. In the early part of the last century— In the early part of the last century—after Waterloo—the legislature felt a very natural reluctance to impose much military duty in a time of profound peace, upon a new settler, whose attention and continued presence was required upon his farm. The law enacted that every male from 16 to 60 be enrolled as a militia man, excepting the members of the legislature, lawyers, magistrates, surgeons, and officers of the civil and military departments, Every regiment, if capable, was divided into battalions, which consisted of not less than 300 nor more than 800 men.

It was a singular circumstance that the statute exempted lawyers from going to the firing line. The disciples going to the firing line. The disciples of Blackstone were not in much favor in the legislature, and the farmer and the fisherman were always on the alert in watching their movements. To give the lawyers a statutory right to stay home with the women and children was a case, on the part of the chaps learned in the law, of "catching the weasel asleep."

In 1793 three distinct corps of militia ere enrolled in the western part of the province, viz.: the regiment raised by colonel Barclay—one under colonel Milledge, and a body of Acadians, commanded by lieut-colonel Taylor. In the fall of this year intelligence was received that there was a French fleet at New York, preparing and nearly ready for sea, and that they were supply posed to be destined for Halifax. Like the Fenian armed vessels that were about to leave New York, in 1868, to make an attack on Halifax, and which vessels never came within sight of the port, the French fleet of 1793 gave "old Chebucto" a very wide berth. the province, viz. : the regiment raised

But nevertheless the country militia were brought into Halifax to meet the emergency. The governor said of them that perhaps a finer body o them that perhaps a finer body of athletic, healthy young men were never assembled in any country, nor men more determined to do their duty. One company, under captain Willet, marched from Granville to Halifax, performing 135 miles in 35 hours. Of the French Acadians, 75 youths came near 200 miles, zealous and gratified to unite with the English colonists. Finding that the French feet did not put in an appearance off Halifax, the "old council of XII" decided to send the militia to their homes—after a garricouncil of XII" decided to send the militia to their homes—after a garrison service of four weeks. In the year 1800 the lieutenant-governor of the province estimated the militia at 10,000 effective men, and thought, in case of invasion, that 6,000 more would be found able and disposed to serve. In 1808 the governor, in his opening speech to the legislature, stated that he had organized 26 battalions of the militia, a large proportion of whomwere armed and accourted.

An anecdote was told of Richard John Uniacke, attorney-general of the province, during the time Prince Edward, then the duke of Kent. was commander-in-chief at Halifax. He was colonel of the 1st regt. Halifax militia. The duke was reviewing the regular troops and the militia on the Common. The whole force was drawn up in line. As H. R. H. arrived on the field, a royal salute of 21 guns was fired from the citadel, and was taken up by a field battery on the ground—the troops presented arms, the bands played "God save the King," and all went smoothly and up to the military requirements. After the duke had minutely inspected the line, the order was issued to "break into column of companies, right in front," preparatory to "marching past," The movement was executed by all except colonel Uniacke's regiment, which remained "standing fast." ward, then the duke of Kent, was

Here was apparently a gross breach of discipline! Why were not the regiment in question obeying the order? The duke sent a galloper over to enquire the meaning of this non-compliance with orders. As soon as the A. D. C. reached the 1st regiment, colonel Uniacke, without waiting to

## NERVOUS DISBASES IN THE SPRING Cured by toning the blood and strengthening the nerves.

(a) When was the "militia force of Nova Scotla established, and how long was the autumn drill conducted throughout the Province? I am aware it ended with Confederation, in 1867. What I want is the year it was initiated.

(b) Was there a general or partial response to that "proclamation?" If so, there must be a record of such an important movement on file, giving the names of officers and privates who had so responded from the various counties or divisions of the province.

My correspondent opens up a very interesting matter, and one that would occupy many columns in which to do it full justice: when was the militia force of Nova Scotla established? The first mention of a militia force appeared in the records as far back as 1750—the year following the foundation of Halifax.

During the year referred to, pallisace were erected, which extended from the south side of the town, familties as headadnes, poor appetite, was the beach, up what is now called Salter street, to the south side of the fort, on what is now called Gitadel hill, and on the north side, from the Brockville, Ont,

In the session of 1837 the legislature passed an act abolishing the militia ystem. It was contended that in addition to the actual expenditure from the public chest as salaries to the in-specting field officers, the loss of time on the part of the inhabitants was a large item. Estimating the number of persons liable to be turned out to drill throughout the province at 30,000 and valuing their labor at 2s. 6d. per day, there was an outlay of at least and valuing their labor at 2s. 6d. per day, there was an outlay of at least 23750 per annum, of labor alone which the old militia law compelled the people to sacrifice—to say nothing of the time wasted in going to and from mustering places, when these were at a distance, or of the broils and dissipation which, in many places, were the common adjuncts of a militia training.

It was remarked by a member of the ouse of assembly that almost every young man reared in Nova Scotia learnt how to shoot as a matter of course and owned a gun. Anybody who had the curiosity to investigate the fact could see five guns hanging from the ceiling of one house in Peggy's Cove. It was claimed that if 100 young fellows were taken at random from any part of our shores, they would shame, at larget firing any equal number that could be picked from the garrison. They were therefore more than half-soldiers aiready, and could be easily disciplined, if there was any real necessity. But one day's mustering in a year in profound peace, at a cost of thousands to the country, did no good, and no little mischief. young man reared in Nova Scotis

losing the session of parliament in 1837, rebuked the house of assembly for 1837, rebuked the house of assembly for the manner in which they had treated the militia service. He told "Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the house of assembly" that he could not withhold expressing his regret that, as he had never requested any supplies but such as were necessary for the proper conduct of public affairs, or for the security of the province or promotion of useful objects, they had omitted the usual grants for the ordinary staff of the militia, since he felt persuaded that this omission, coupled with the virtual repeal of the militia act, would gradually render that constitutional force utterly inefficient.

of Mulgrave as lieutenant-governor efficient footing. The withdrawal of the troops from the B.N.A. provinces—leaving a regiment but here and there—at the time Great Britain was actively engaged in the war of the Crimea, aroused a most intense patriotic feeling among the inhabitants looking to the defence of their homes and hearththe detence of their nomes and hearth-stones. All over the province bat-teries of artillery and foot regiments were promptly established—so that in 1864 there was not a county without an organized regiment. An annual return, or a regimental list, was made to the commander-in-chief in Halifax. to the commander-in-collection.

This list was signed by the collection officer of the regiment.

At this period, too, there was a organization called "the Nova Scotia olunteers." The following were the names of the companies in the city and county of Halifax:

NOVA SCOTIA VOLUNTEERS. HALIFAX ARTILLERY. Capt.—Richard Tremain, lt.-col. 2nd Capt.—John Shaffer, jr. 1st Lt.—Geo. T. Smithers, adj. Surg.—W. J. Almon, M. D. A. S.—Chas. Gossip, M. D. FIRST HALIFAX BATTALION. Commandant—Captain W. Chearn y, Chebucto Greys. SCOTTISH RIFLES.

Capt.—Andrew K. Mackinlay. 1st Lts.—William Murray, George Anderson.
2nd Lt.—J. S. MacLean.
Qr. Mr.—J. N. Ritchie, 2nd lt.
Surg.—W. H. Davies, M. D.

Capt.—William Chearnley.
1st Lts.—George Piers, Fitzgerald ochran. 2nd Lts.—Charles M. Nutting, John Qr.-Mr.—Alexander Keith, jr. Surg.—John H. Slayter, M. D. MAYFLOWER RIFLES.

Capt.—George Fraser.
1st Lt.—James K. Rousselle.
2nd Lts.—Fras Jones, H. A. Jennings, James Maloney.
Surg —Hon. Chas. Tupper, M. D. Capt.—Thomas E. Kenny. 1st Lts.—John O'Connor, Michael J.

ochran. 2nd Lts.—William Barron, John D ummins. Qr.-Mr.—James Butler. Surg.—Andrew Cowie, M. D. 1ST COMP. IRISH RIFLES.

Capt.—Peter Bulger. 1st Lt.—D. H. Pitts. 2nd Lt.—W. J. Croke. Surg.—James C. Hume, M. D. 1ST DARTMOUTH RIFLES. Capt.—David Falconer. 2nd Lt.—Joseph Austen. Surg.—W. H. Weeks, M. D. 2ND DARTMOUTH RIFLES.

Capt.—Wm. H. Pallister. 2nd Lt.—Thomas Synnot. HALIFAX COUNTY. VICTORIA RIFLES, HALIFAX. Capt.—James C. Mackintosh. 1st Lt.—J. A. Hoyt. Surg.—H. B. Forman, M. D. RANITE RIFLES, PEGGY'S COVE, MARGARET'S BAY. -Seth Milberry, 1st Lt.—James Lantry. 2nd Lt.—Richard Daubin NION COAST GUARDS, MARGT'S. BAY. Capt.—William Munro. 1st Lt.—James Cornelius. 2nd Lt.—Wm. Redman.

The fact will, doubtless, be of interest to my correspondent that in Anti-conish county there were four regiments. The following were the officer of the 1st; ANTIGONISH COUNTY.

Lt.-Col.—Hon. W. A. Henry. Majors—Don McKenzie, Wm. J. Beck,
Captains—Thos, M. King, R. N.
Henry, jr.; C. B. Whidden, A. W.
MoDonald, F. G. Cunningham, R. N.
Henry, sr.; Adam Kirk, John Boyd,
1st Lts.—Jno. Bishop, Hugh McDonald, Angus McIssac.
Q.-M.—A. M. Cunningham.
Surg.—W. H. McDonald, M. D.

The following, in 1865, were volunted mpanies formed outside the county of Halifax:
windson rifles. Capt.—Benj. DeW. Fraser, 1st Lieuts.—Wm. S. Tremain, C. E

Harding, 2nd Lieut.—Jno. W. Ouseley. Qr.-Mr.—P. S. Burnham. Surg.—Samuel Logan, M. D. SHUBENACADIE RIFLES. Capt.—Hy. L. Yeomans. 1st. Lieut.—Ken. Sutherland. 2nd Lieut.—Alex. Nelson. Qr.-Mr.-James E. Cole. Surg.—Duncan McLean, M. D. BELLONA RANGERS, SOMERSET, KING

COUNTY.
Capt.—O. W. Barteaux.
Ist Lt.—Hy. Shaw.
and Lts.—D. P. Parker, Matt. Fishe
Surg.—Mason Sheffield, M. D. QUEENS COUNTY BIFLES. Capt.—Jas. Collie. 1st Lt.—Jno. G. Morton. 2nd Lt.—L. H. Burnaby. Qr.-Mr.—Saml. Miles. SHELBURNE RIFLES.

—N. W. White.

# be questioned, said: "I'll return with you to H. R. H. and explain my position to him?" "All right, said the A. D. C. smiling, "come along." So they rode back together. "Well, str!" said the duke, with a twinkle in his eye. "I want to know why you do not obey orders?" "May it please your royal highness," said the colonel, "I must be go your indulgence, and ask your pardon, and, at the same time, ask you to kindly leave the regiment as it is, for if you kneet the trouble I had in getting them into line you would never ask me to move them out of it!" His royal highness burst into fits of laughter, and told him to "go back to his regiment, but see to it that they do better next time!!" The the serious of 1000 the larged two better next time!!" The the serious of 1000 the larged two larged and the larged two larged and the larged two lar

HALIFAX TO JAMAICA,

Calling at Santiago, Cuba, S. S. Boston - - May 1st

HALIFAX TO DEMERARA

Calling at Bermuda, Montserrat, Dom-inica, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Bar-bados and Trinidad,

S. S. Ocamo - - - May 1st

HALIFAX TO DEMERARA

Calling at Bermuda, St. Kitts, Ancigua, Barbados and Trinidad,

S. S. Briardene - - May 13th

PICKFORD & BLACK.

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Boating and Fishing in fresh and salt water easily adjacent. All needed supplies from the dity are delivered at the door. Furniture in the house may be had at a valuation.

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CIVIC ELECTIONS.

To all persons qualified to vote at the next ensuing election of Mayor, Controllers

and Aldermen for

the City of

Halifax:

PUBLIC NOTICE

is hereby given that the date fixed by the Hall-lax City Charter and amendments thereto for the ordinary annual election of a Mayor for the City of Halfrax; the ordinary day of election in the year 1913 of four Controllers for the City on the year 1913 of two Controllers for the City the year 1913 of two Controllers day of election in the year 1913 of two Controllers cach of the Wards of the said City at the last Wodnesday in April, which date this year falls on

Saloon, \$20,00, Return, \$35,00, Second Cabin, \$10,00, TO ST. JOHN'S,

Port Hilford, Port Beckerton, Isaac's Harbor, Goldboro, Drum Head, White Head, Canso, Queensport and

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Managers, Halifax, N. S.

Limited.

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Around the World Tour \$639.10. 'Empress of Asia.'

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STERLING RIFLES, TATAMAGOUCHE

ampbell. Surg.—D. Roach, M. D. TANGIER MILITIA RIFLES, TANGIER. Capt.—A. McG. Barton. 1st Lts.—Jas Leary, Robt. Mitchell

LINENBURG APPLITURE MILITIA Attached to 1st Lunenburg Regt. Capt.—J. Dowling. 1st Lts.—G. Godley, B. Berringer. LITTLE BRAS D'OR RIFLES.

Attached to 5th Cape Breton Regt.
Capt.—J. H. Christie.
1st Lt.—Chas. Robinson.
2nd Lts.—Joseph McVarish, Ken.

BOTHESAY BLUES, TRUEO Attached to 1st Colchester Regt, Capt.—M. E. Logan. 1st Lt.—R. F. Sutherland. 2nd Lt.—Geo. Layton. Qr.-Mr.—A. L. Archibald.

Supplementing the list of Halifax nty militia regiments there is fur nished a list of the officers of the various independent volunteer, and so to speak, entirely voluntary military organizations, all over the province in the early sixties. One of the outstanding instances of patriotic determination to defend the shores of Nova Scotia from the invader, was the formation of the University rifles, at Kings college, Windsor, by the students. It may be possible to obtain a complete list of the officers and men of that corps. Sir Frederick Borden, late minister of militia, it has been stated, served in the corps during his student days.

AN OCCASIONAL. nished a list of the officers of the Wednesday, April 30th, 1913

Picton and Sydney Express, Suburban from Windsor Junc-tion.

Express from Montreal, St.
John and Boston.

D. A. R.

Express from Kentville

Annapolis Accommodat Express from Yarmouth

H. & S. W. RY.

xpress or Yarmouth, Wednes-day and Saturday, commodation for Yarmouth, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday, commodation for Livarpool

commodation from Liverpool (daily), 11.15 a, m. vorese from Yarmouth (daily), 7.45 p, m.

Express for Yarmouth, Annapolis Accommodation ds axcept Sunday, leaving Ri mond Express for Kentville,

Dartmouth Bra

The following named candidates have AN OCCASIONAL FOR MAYOR. PREDERICK P. BLIGH, Barrister-at-law.

R. R. TIME TABLES

1.30 p. m

8,10

10.00

Depart.

6,00 a. m.

7,25 a. m

2.20 p. m. Arrive.

WILLIAM B. FREEMAN, Merchant, JAMES HALLIDAY, Merchant Tailor, Recijnaldy V. HARRIS, Barriterat-law, CRARLES R. HOBEN, Merchant, CRARLES R. HOBEN, Merchant, PRINCE WILLIAM F. FROM CONTRACTOR. WILLIAM F. FROM NOR, One of His Majesty's Counsel. ctou and Sydney Express
press for Montreal (with
connections at Moncton for
St. John and Boston,) WILLIAM F. O'CONNOR, One of Majesty's Counsel. MATTHEW SCANLAN, JR., Merchant. St. John and Boston, 18.00 "Truro Accommodation. 12.40 p. m Maritime Express for Montreal, 8.10 "Express for Sydney, Suburban Express for Windsor Junction and Waverly, 6.00 "Express for St. John and Boston (except Saturday,) 8.45 "Suburban Express, 11.15 " FOR OFFICE OF ALDERMAN. WARD 1.
WILLIAM N. BROWN, Express Builder.
WALTER H. COVERT, Barrister-at-law,
HEDLEY V. WIER, Real Estate Agent. WARD 2.
HUGH W. CAMERON, Optician.
WILLIAM R. POWELL, Manager
CHARLES E. SMITH, Contractor. Arrive Sucurban Express from Windsor Junction,
Mixed Train from Truro,
Express from St. John and Boscon (except Monday,
Express from Sydney & Picton,
Maritime Express from Montreal,
1.30 p.
1.30 p.

WARD 3.
GEORGE A. COX. Real Estate Agent.
LOUIS A. GASTONGUAY, Broker. WARD 4 WARD 5.
CLIFFORD HARRIS, Contractor.
CORNELIUS A. RIORDON, Merchan WARD 6.
EDWARD F, BOLEMAN, Contractor,
JOHN E, GODWIN, Merchant,
WILLIAM I. HUBLEY, Merchant,
JOHN S, PARKER, Lumber Dealer.

9.05 a. m 6.00 p. m. 6.42 p. m.

of the first state of the first state of the first state and to govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my hand at Halifax, in the County of Halifax, this 24th day of April, 1913, L. FRED, MONAGHAN, City Clerk in and for the City of Halifax,

JOHN'S, PARKER, Lumber Dealer.

More than four candidates having been nominated for the office of "Burtroller and more than two candidates for the office of Alderman in Wards 1, 2, 4 and 6 respectively, I have granted a Poll for taking the votes of the voters in each of the Wards of the City in the case of election for the office of Controller, and in the said Wards 1, 2, 4 and 6 respectively, in the case of election for the office of Alderman. The said Wards 1, 2, 4 and 6 respectively, in the case of election for the office of Alderman. The said wards 1, 2, 4 and 6 respectively, in the case of election for the office of Alderman. The said wards 1, 2, 4 and 6 respectively, in the case of election for the office of Alderman. The case of the color in the afternoon, and will be located as follows: