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Is Aguinaldo Dead?

Leader of the Filipinos Is Reported To Have Been Assassinated.

The Report Has Not Been Confirmed but It Is Believed in Manila.

Natives Are Fleeing Southwards and Have Abandoned Several Strong Positions.

(Associated Press.)
Chicago, Ill., June 16.—The Tribune today prints the following:
"London, June 16.—An unconfirmed rumor has been circulated here that Aguinaldo has met a fate similar to that of General Luna two days ago. Details are lacking.
"The report was brought to Manila by a native and finds believers there and here. The London papers have made every effort to verify it, but so far without success.
"It is supposed the murder was done by Luna's friends."
The Death of General Luna.
New York, June 16.—In an interview at Brussels with the Herald correspondent, M. Andre, Belgian consul-general at Manila, declared that Luna's death was a Godsend, that he was the soul of the rebellion and the cause of the loss of the Philippines, and that he was a man of great courage and ability. He was killed by a bullet from a Spanish soldier who was disguised as a native.

Before M. Andre left Manila for Europe he obtained from the American consular authorities a copy of the Philippine insurrection, in consideration of Luna's formal promise to release Spanish prisoners. Luna afterwards refused to fulfill the promise, and M. Andre, having described Luna's conduct as treacherous and felonious, the latter sent him a challenge to a duel, but disappeared without fighting. M. Andre says the assassination of Luna removes the principal obstacle to peace, which the Americans have not got a chance of speedily securing, even by simple persuasion.

Surrender of Imus.
New York, June 16.—A despatch to the Herald from Las Pinas, by way of Manila, says Spanish prisoners, who have fled into American lines from Imus, report that the enemy retreated into the mountains. They brought to Imus the bodies of 100 killed and 300 wounded as a result of the recent fighting between Las Pinas and Bacoor. The Spaniards further say that the Filipino forces are demoralized, and without ammunition, and that many rifles have been thrown into the river.

The mayor of Imus delivered the town up to General Lawton, saying the people desired peace and to be friendly with the Americans. He declared peace would now exist were it not for Aguinaldo's cut-throat band.
Cavite Vijeo is reported to have been deserted by the enemy. Thousands of non-combatants are entering the American lines.
Officials reports show that 151 bodies of insurgents have been buried since the recent engagements. American soldiers are still finding bodies.
The panic-stricken insurgents have given up several of the best defensive positions in the wild light southward.

Dewey's Homeward Trip.
Singapore, June 16.—The cruiser Olympia, with Admiral Dewey on board, sailed from here at daylight this morning. The next stop will be made at Colombo, Ceylon.
The Report Denied.
London, June 16.—The Filipino junta here say there is no truth in the report that Aguinaldo has been assassinated.

DROWNED IN LAKE BENNETT.

While Trying to Save Sheep Two Men Lose Their Lives—The Yukon Outpost Strike of Indians.

(Special to the Times.)
Vancouver, June 16.—The Cutch arrived from Skagway at 6 a.m. She brought news of 12 or 15 parties being wrecked off Windy Arm, Lake Bennett, and the drowning of two Seattle men and 200 sheep. They were going down the lake in scows between the ice and when off the point were struck by terrific wind which drove them against the ice. The scows were broken up like matchwood.
A Vancouver party lost \$1,700 worth of goods and witnessed the wreck of the scows and the loss of the sheep. The three men on the scow tried to save the sheep, with the result that two of them were drowned. Their names could not be ascertained. The third man managed to get on the ice and was found in a very precarious condition.
Morien, a Victorian, who came down from Dawson, brought little news beyond that the output would be enormous, the lower royalty accounting for this. He is on the Islander.

The Cutch also brought news of a strike among Indian fishermen up North. They demanded 10 cents for each fish caught while the canners refused to pay more than 6. All refused to work and several canners have come south to get men. Two thousand five hundred Indians are out. The run is an exceeding-

ly big one, and unless the canners get men at once they will lose heavily. The City of Seattle will not call here. She will go direct to Seattle.

LABOR RIOTS AT CLEVELAND.

Factory Workers Assist the Strikers in Blocking Street Cars.

Cleveland, June 16.—At noon today the rioting was renewed. At the corner of Wood and St. Clair streets several hundred factory laborers bombarded passing cars with stones, bottles and other missiles from the shop windows.
A crowd of 2,000 people blocked cars on Superior street and Bank street, having full possession of the field and stoning the cars at their will. Only two arrests were made.
About half past twelve two large stones thrown from a roof crashed down through a Wade Park car and Perkins avenue, narrowly missing the motorman. A crowd of 1,000 people here was soon dispersed, but another was immediately formed at Case and Perkins avenues. The track was blocked here, and a crowd largely composed of women and children vigorously stoned passing cars.
At Seranton and Clerk avenues a brick thrown from the crowd injured a policeman, and a sharp melee followed. At Hogan avenue a crowd of 2,000 people was encountered. A motorman was hit with a paving stone, and the police were rather roughly handled. Police reinforcements finally arrived and drove the mob back.

Colliery Explosions

On Cape Breton Island by Which Many Lives Have Been Lost.

Over One Hundred Miners Have Been Entombed—Fifteen Bodies Recovered.

(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, June 16.—Mr. Hector MacDougall, M. P., Cape Breton, received a despatch to-day stating that a colliery explosion took place this morning at Glace Bay, Cape Breton.
Fifteen men were taken out dead and over one hundred are shut up in the mine.
The mine is owned by the Dominion Coal Company.
Another Account of the Disaster.
Little Glace Bay, C.B., June 16.—The west slope of the Caledonia mine, situated about one mile from this place, is a seething furnace of flame to-day, the tomb of 20 miners who, with ten others, lost their lives in explosions early this morning.

The names of dead procurable are as follows: Thomas Johnston, underground manager, family; Alexander McDonald, of Cape North, married, leaves a family of 11 children; Arthur Grant, leaves a family of four children; J. W. Simpson, single; D. McDonald, married, family; John Doyle, sr., married, family; Stephen McCormick, married, large family; Neil McDonald, of Pictou, single; Malcolm Macaulay, single; and John Doyle, jr.
One man, Daniel Martin, has not yet been found, and there is no doubt but that he is dead also.
In addition the men known to be dead, there were 20 men in the mine when the explosions occurred. All are believed to be dead.
The names given above are those of an investigating party.
The first explosion took place at five minutes to four, followed by a second one at five o'clock. The cause of the explosion was undoubtedly a fire near the pumps. The smell of fire was felt by the 30 men of the night shift and they started for the surface. On their way they met the underground manager, Johnston, and his companions. He persuaded the men to go back with him. The second explosion followed with fatal results.

WAR ON THE TRUSTS.

Bryan on the Evils of the High Tariff Duties.

(Associated Press.)
Chicago, Ill., June 16.—Colonel W. J. Bryan, who was in Chicago yesterday, said concerning the statements of President Havemeyer, of the American Sugar Refining Company, before the industrial commission:
"We will find out a lot about these combinations before we get through with them. Here is Havemeyer, who made millions through the agency of combinations, saying these things which are in variable inimical to labor, could not live were it not for high protective duties. Now these duties were put there by Republicans when they got in power, and they will remain as long as the Republicans stay in power, but the fight of next year will be made on trusts, which will constitute a purely or comparatively collateral issue. The high tariff duties, and the consequent combinations which follow in their wake, are the result of the victory in 1896 over the money of the people as against the money of the men who managed trusts. Of course, just as Mr. Havemeyer says, people are plundered through the tariff law, but we must go back to the tariff if we want to find where the real reason lies. This sugar trust magnate has not said anything that has not been said scores of times before, but never by so prominent an advocate of trusts. Mr. Havemeyer has some object in view in making his statements."

Trade of the Dominion

Figures for Eleven Months Show an Increase of \$14,700,000.

Change in the Redistribution Bill—Toronto Is To Have Five Members.

Grand Trunk Strike Has Not Yet Been Settled—Negotiations in Progress.

(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, June 16.—The trade figures of the Dominion for eleven months ending May 31 last show an increase in the aggregate trade of \$14,700,000. There was an increase of \$22,000,000 in imports, and a decrease in exports of over four millions and a half.

There are some Dominion counterclaim notes of one dollar denomination of 1875 in circulation, and Hon. W. S. Fielding promised Mr. Bergeron in the House to recall them.

Hon. Wm. Mulock moved the second reading of the Redistribution bill in the House to-day. He announced that a change had been made giving five members to Toronto instead of four members as at present, and that Kent would have but two members instead of three.

Premier Laurier in reply to Mr. McLean, East York, said that he had no information as to the settlement of the Grand Trunk strike. He was still negotiating in connection with the matter.
A compromise was reached in connection with Hon. W. S. Fielding's matter, and a bill to-day. It has been decided that 3 1/2 per cent. shall be the rate for all new business after next January, but 4 1/2 per cent. shall be the rate for old business until 1910. From that date until 1915 the rate will be 4 per cent., and 5 1/2 after that date.

Arbitration Proposals

British Scheme For the Organization of a Permanent Tribunal.

It May Be Supported by the German Delegates to the Peace Conference.

New York, June 16.—The correspondent of the Herald at The Hague gives the following outline of the British arbitration proposal.

It provides for the organization of a permanent tribunal of international arbitration, which shall be accessible at all times, and shall be governed by a code of arbitration, to be provided for by the peace conference a permanent central office shall be established with a permanent secretary and a suitable staff to serve as a medium of communication for the assembling of the tribunal. Each signatory power is to appoint two jurists or publicists of high learning and integrity to act as judges on the tribunal. Any of the signatory powers desiring to have recourse to the tribunal for the peaceful settlement of differences shall give notice of its desire to the secretary at the central office and afterwards can select from the list of members of the tribunal, the number of arbitrators stipulated for in the arbitration agreement, with permission to appoint to them any other person. The litigants themselves will fix the date for assembling of the tribunal.

This outline shows that the British proposals are tame, simply propounding the principle of arbitration, and not making it compulsory in any way. Germany would probably prefer the British scheme, but it is believed the conference, not wishing to be trifled with doing useless work, will agree upon a compound of much more precise and serious nature, combining the American and Russian schemes.

ALASKAN BOUNDARY DISPUTE.

(Associated Press.)
Toronto, June 15.—The following is the special cable to the Evening Telegram dated London, June 15: The Daily Chronicle says that the settlement is now practically assured of the Alaskan boundary dispute. The arrangements made is understood to be in a nature of compromise. There is no doubt that the commission will meet in August.

BRITAIN AND THE STATES.

London, June 16.—"Mark Twain," Mr. Samuel L. Clemens, was entertained to dinner by the White Friars Club this evening, Senator Chauncey M. Depew, after some light catering and a tribute to "Mark Twain," struck a serious note. Alluding to the change of sentiment in America produced by Great Britain's action during the Hispano-American war he said: "When Captain Coghlan, of the Raleigh, returned from Manila, he told

us—that we all in our hearts already knew—that the European powers, save England, sympathized with our enemies, and that it was only their knowledge that England would support us morally, and actively if necessary, which prevented their interference, and it was this knowledge which made it possible for me, when addressing a political gathering of 20,000 people in America the other day, to take the Stars and Stripes in one hand and the Union Jack in the other, and not hear one dissenting voice in that vast audience."

A BIG DEAL.

(Associated Press.)
Chicago, June 17.—A special to the Times-Herald from Salt Lake, says: "Marcus Daly of Montana and his associates in the Anaconda Mining Company, have sold all their holdings in that company to an Eastern syndicate headed by Jno. D. Rockefeller, for \$23,000,000. The transfer occurred more than a month ago, but has never been made public. The sale leaves Mr. Daly with nothing in Montana except his Bitter Root stock farm. In the transfer are included practically the entire town of Anaconda with its mines and smelters and coal and timber lands in Montana and Wyoming. Even for this vast sum, however, the purchasers do not become sole owners. A London syndicate that two years ago bought the interests of Hearst's estate for \$7,000,000, still owns that fragment. Mr. Daly has agreed to remain general manager of the entire property for one year.

STABBING AFFRAY AT SHOAL BAY.

(Special to the Times.)
Vancouver, June 17.—News has just been received per steamer Comox of a stabbing affray which took place at Shoal Bay on Wednesday evening. The man alleged to have done the cutting is John Teague, who was brought down by the steamer last night by Constable Jones, having been committed for trial by Mr. McCallum, the magistrate at Shoal Bay. Jim Lindstrom and David Winter were both injured. Lindstrom and Teague started quarrelling and Winter tried to stop them. Teague, it is reported, stabbed both men twice and then made off. While the men were not out of danger when Jones left they were progressing favorably.
The Yosemite arrived at 1 p.m. with flags flying. The steamer was met by a band and a big contingent of Oddfellows. The afternoon is to be devoted to sports at Brockton Point and a banquet will be held this evening.

Transvaal Situation

British Squadron Reported To Have Arrived at Delagoa Bay.

The Report Comes From Pretoria and Has Not Yet Been Confirmed.

(Associated Press.)
London, June 17.—According to a despatch to a news agency here from Pretoria, a squadron of seven British war ships has arrived at the entrance of Delagoa Bay. There is no confirmation of the report and in semi-official circles it is looked upon as being untrue.

JUDGMENT REVERSED.

An Injunction Granted Against Thompson River Ranchers.

(Associated Press.)
London, June 17.—The Privy Council has reversed the judgment of the courts of British Columbia, and granted an injunction restraining Parke and Birchard, owners of a ranch on the Thompson river, from irrigating in a manner injurious to the trout of the Canadian Pacific Railway.
NEW SPANISH TAX.
(Associated Press.)
Madrid, June 17.—It is semi-officially announced that the Spanish Minister of Finance, Senor Yallva Verde, has established the equilibrium of the budget. It is understood a tax of 20 per cent. will be imposed on internal rents, and that as regards external debt the July coupons will be paid in full, but the government will ask the Cortes for authority to negotiate with foreign bondholders with a view of obtaining a reduction in the rate of interest.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair. Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD

America Cup Challenger

The Shamrock Has Cost Double the Amount of Original Estimate.

She Has Been Built For Light Weather—Her Unique Construction.

Sale of Dickens' Work—Big Prices For First Editions and Manuscript.

London, June 17.—England had a mixture of winter and summer this week. Until Thursday the weather was so cold that it interfered seriously with the brilliancy of Ascot, to which place social headquarters were transferred. Women appeared in furs and heavy coats, and men wore overcoats. Thursday and Friday, however, were ideal summer days, and the fair sex were engaged to make a dazzling display of light airy dresses, and brought an enormous assemblage to Royal Heath. There were more coaches than usual. The team of the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough was especially admired.

In spite of the secrecy in everything connected with the America cup challenger, a representative of the Associated Press has been able to learn facts regarding the Shamrock.

Interesting alike to yachtmen and the general public. The original estimate of the cost of the vessel has been nearly doubled, but Sir Thomas Lipton will not have to foot the whole bill, as the Thornycrofts, who are keenly interested in the Shamrock's success, are bearing a portion of the expense. Those who are inside declare the yacht's construction is absolutely unique, and that the amount of metal employed will be a surprise to the yachting world when divulged. In color and texture the alloy has the appearance of aluminum, of which, indeed, it has a large percentage. It possesses extraordinary resistance and lightness, and has been used in every part where wood was not considered absolutely essential. Immense difficulty has been encountered in moulding the plates. Although the shunting tends to give her a heavy appearance, the yacht has, in reality,

been built for light weather, and it is considered that her chances of success will be reduced should the weather be heavy. Her deck and over-deck arrangements, as regards sails, etc., are considered original and peculiarly effective. Light larchwood berths are being fitted for the use of the crew in crossing the Atlantic. The contracts of the crew have been signed for six months certain on racing pay, and substantial bonuses have been promised in case of victory. The first appearance of the Shamrock will be at Hunter's Quay Regatta, Firth of Clyde, where Sir Thos. Lipton gives a 1,000 guinea cup. The cup challenger will not be regularly sailed, but will take a few trial spins, and may, perhaps, be

Tested in a Race or Two. But, that will be arranged according to weather. If it is wet Capt. Hogarth will not set the new mainsail. From the Shamrock the Shamrock will proceed to the Royal Ulster regatta, Belfast, where the same course in regard to her trials will be followed. It is improbable the Shamrock will go to Cowes and meet the Prince of Wales's cutter Britannia. She is more likely to be placed under ketch rig and get away immediately for New York from the North of Ireland, so as to get a good Atlantic passage.

Remarkable prices were realized at the Dickens sale at Dotheboys this week. The first of the edition of "The Original 'Pickwick Papers,'" presented by Charles Dickens to his sister-in-law, Mary Hogarth, brought £150, and others copies sold at £85 and £83 a copy. "American Notes," presented by Dickens to Thomas Carlyle sold for £81. An original autograph manuscript of Dickens's "Battle of Life," on fifty quarto pages, brought £400. Forster's "Life of Dickens," containing autograph letters, manuscript and portraits, literary celebrities, was knocked down for £500 and Dickens's cash book, when he was in the office of Lawyer Blackmore, showing Dickens's salary to have been thirteen shillings and sixpence per week, fetched £95. Connoisseurs are greatly excited at the forthcoming

Sale of Marlborough Gems at Christie's. It will be the most important of its kind since 1875, when the same collection was sold en bloc for \$5,000,000. The purchaser, David Bromilow, maintained the collection intact, but recently died and the gems, which the third Duke of Marlborough spent the best part of his life gathering, will be scattered. They are largely cameos and intaglios. It is urged the best should be secured for the British Museum.
The charity bazaar to be held in the Albert Hall, in aid of the funds of Charing Cross Hospital, is much talked of among the aristocracy and others. A number of the members of the Associated Press has interviewed the Countess of Chesterfield and Mrs. Arthur Paget on the subject. The latter said: "We have practically got
Every Noted Family in London Interested.
Mrs. Bradley Martin has brought choice

silver objects d'art from Tiffany's and Whittings. Mrs. Ronalds has been in Paris all week buying things for the bazaar; Misses Drexel and Swift and Mrs. Clarence Mackay are getting together a fine collection for the American stall." Among the ladies who will attend the stalls are sixteen duchesses, including the Duchess of Marlborough.

Professor Mazzoni revisited the Pope early this week to examine the scar from which the bandage was removed only three weeks ago. The Pope asked him how long he thought he would live, and the surgeon replied: "I believe Your Holiness will see the new century."

Dr. Lawson Tait, one of the foremost authorities on abdominal surgery in England, who died on June the 13, has placed his family in a dilemma by expressing on his deathbed a wish to be

Buried in a Romantic Cave
In his garden at Llandudno, called the Gogarth Cave, formerly connected with the ancient Abbey Gogarth. The Home Secretary, however, waived all objections and has given the necessary permission. The body will be sent to Liverpool for cremation, and the ashes will be enclosed in an urn and placed in the cave.
Archbishop Ireland is expected in London on June 21st, and United States Ambassador, Mr. Joseph H. Choate, will give a big dinner in July in honor of the Archbishop and Mr. Mark Hanna.

No Reprieve For Perrier

The New Westminster Murderer Will Be Hanged on the 30th.

Lord Minto Returns From Niagara—The Grand Trunk Strike.

(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, June 17.—Lord Minto has approved of an order-in-council this afternoon to allow the law to take its course in the case of B. Parrott, sentenced to be hanged at Hamilton on 23rd inst. for killing his mother.
The Cabinet has also decided in the Perrier case, New Westminster, that the law should take its course. He will be hanged on the 30th inst.

Lord Minto returned to Ottawa from Niagara, camp 60 miles. He landed returning to-day when he left, so that there is nothing in the story that he was urgently telegraphed for by the Premier. James Sutherland left for Montreal this morning to have a conference with General Manager Hayes regarding the Grand Trunk strike. The Premier intended going, but could not get away.

A CURIOUS STATEMENT.

(Associated Press.)
Paris, June 17.—In connection with the multiplicity of stories in the newspapers attributing to former President Casimir Perrier a variety of misdeeds referring to the Dreyfus affair, a curious semi-official note was issued this afternoon. It says: "Extraordinary as it may seem, Casimir Perrier when president, was cognizant only of what he affirmed on oath before the court of cassation. As regards the rumors current concerning his acts, steps and declarations, he will give a full explanation before the court-martial at Rennes."

THE FRASER.

(Associated Press.)
Lillooet, June 17.—The river is rising steadily. The weather continues somewhat cooler.
Queanella, June 17.—The river has risen five inches. The weather is cool and cloudy.
Yale, June 17.—The river has risen three feet since seven o'clock yesterday morning.

TOWN SWEEP AWAY.

Flood in Rio Grande Valley Causes Great Destruction of Property—Many Lives Lost.

(Associated Press.)
San Antonio, Tex., June 17.—The flood which devastated the Rio Grande valley, caused a loss of property that will amount to a third of a million dollars. The Rio Grande river at Eagle Pass rose forty feet on Wednesday night, completely isolating the town and carrying away the iron bridge, which connects Eagle Pass with Guadalupe Portorio, Mexico. Rain is still falling in the Rio Grande valley.
The loss of life in consequence of the waterspout on Wednesday promises to be heavy.
The first news from Brackett, which was laid in ruins by the flood on Wednesday, was received to-day. The dispatch says the entire town was wiped out. The inhabitants are being sheltered and fed on military rations by negro cavalry troops at Fort Clarke.

READING RAILWAY DISASTER.

(Associated Press.)
Reading, Pa., June 17.—The grand jury to-day ignored the bills of indictment charging certain Reading railway employees with being responsible for the recent wreck at Exeter, where twenty-nine persons were killed and as many more injured. The jury spent a day in consideration of the cases.