

# Victorian Weekly

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1893.

PART 2/1

## MANGLED BY A TRAIN

### Shocking Accident to a Mother and Child at Ottawa.

## ADDRESS TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

### South Carolina's Novel Remedy for the Drink Curse.

### Great Meeting of the Epworth League at Cleveland—Lord Aberdeen's Speech at the Dominion Day Banquet in London—Governors General Should be Above Party Politics.

Ottawa, July 3.—Mr. Daly, Minister of the Interior, Mr. Burgess, Deputy Minister, and Arthur Chisholm, Secretary to the minister, leave shortly for a trip through Manitoba and the Northwest. Mrs. Daly will accompany her husband. The party will travel by private car and will be away about five or six weeks.

Lord Derby will be presented with an address from the corporation of Ottawa in the Senate Chamber on the 8th inst. All the extra staff employed in connection with the census have been discharged.

A shocking accident occurred at the Canadian Pacific depot to-day. An immigrant woman named Martin, from France, was run over by a train engaged in shunting and her leg was cut off by the cars. Her child was cut in two. She imagined the train was leaving and attempted to get on with her little one. Her husband and other four children accompanied the unfortunate woman, who was taken to the hospital. The family was en route for Manitoba.

## ABERDEEN'S ELOQUENCE

### A Witty and Polite Speech at the Dominion Day Banquet.

London, July 3.—The Dominion Day dinner in London at Westminster on Saturday night was a distinct success. Sir Charles Tupper presided and the company, which numbered nearly 100, included Lord Aberdeen, the Marquis of Ripon, Lord Brassey, Lord Cobham, Col. Baker, M.P., of British Columbia, Mr. Dalton McCarthy and Senator Dickey.

The feature of the evening was Lord Aberdeen's speech in response to the toast, "Governors-General of Canada, past and present." This was his first public utterance since his acceptance of the post. In a brief address, brimmed by many humorous touches, Lord Aberdeen said his predecessors had gone to Canada with high reputations and left it with still higher fame, the inference being that Canadians extend a generous recognition to all who decide to serve them. Referring incidentally to the remarks of the Tory press, he declared it was a well-recognized fact that the Governor-General should himself abstain from all party politics, and that the Governor-General should be above party politics.

Lord Ripon responded to the toast of the colonial secretary, and paid a high tribute to Lord Derby's work in Canada, and predicted that Lord Aberdeen would find abundant opportunity to promote the great end of binding the colonies and the mother country more closely together.

## EPWORTH LEAGUE CONVENTION

Cleveland, O., July 3.—It was after midnight when the first international convention of the Epworth League came to an end. The closing services were impressive. The Music Hall was packed and the audience was unable to obtain admission. From 8 until 9:30 p.m., with Rev. Dr. Carman, of Canada, presiding, addresses were delivered by C. B. Perkins, of San Francisco, Rev. Dr. Hamilton, of Cincinnati, and Palmer of New York, among the delegates to return to their homes in whatever part of the world they might have their habitation determined to work with more zeal than ever for the cause of Christ and humanity.

At 9:30 Bishop C. H. Fowler, of New York, inaugurated a watchnight service which continued until 11 o'clock. This was followed by a conference feast led by Rev. Dr. Spencer, of Philadelphia. A finale Bishop Fitzgerald led the farewell consecration service which commenced at 11:45 and lasted for one hour. To-day the delegates are homeward bound, quite a number, however, heading towards Chicago and the World's Fair.

## LIQUOR DISPENSARIES

### South Carolina's Remedy for the Increasing Drink Traffic.

Charleston, S. C., July 3.—Owing to the fact that telegraphic communication generally suspended in this state on Sunday very little information has reached the executive mansion concerning the number of state dispensaries that have been opened under the provisions of the Evans dispensary law, which went into operation on Saturday. From the advance report received last week, however, it is believed that the law has been accepted in all the counties outside of those that are subject to prohibition restrictions.

The experiment will be watched with considerable interest throughout the country, and Governor Tillman is already in receipt of hundreds of communications from officials of various states as well as from leading members of the national prohibition party asking his

## OPINION REGARDING THE EFFECT OF THIS REMARKABLE LEGISLATION

According to the advices already received the state has already had in some of the neighborhood of a million dollars worth of liquor of one kind and another. In the state dispensaries there are stored close upon a million bottles, immensurable, a thousand or more kegs of Rhine wine, together with a choice assortment of importations of brandy, Benedictine, Vermouth and other foreign importations.

Judging from the favor with which the law has been received in many counties of the state the dispenser of the commonwealth, whose salary has been fixed at eighteen hundred dollars yearly, will earn his stipend. The experiment is a cross between the prohibitive and restrictive liquor legislation that has agitated South Carolina for the past 17 months, and its outcome will be awaited with interest by liquor and anti-liquor men throughout the country.

## UNDER MANY FIRES

### The Brilliant Record of a Veteran Who Lives in Toronto.

It is not generally known that among the many veterans in Canada who have been noted for distinguished bravery during recent wars under the British flag, there is one, W. J. D. Gould, an old pensioner, 396 1/2 Yonge street, who has been under fire in the hottest campaigns of contemporary military history. In an interview with him recently, Mr. Gould stated that he was born in the Royal Pavilion, Brighton, Sussex, England, his father being a member of the Royal Highness Prince George Regent, afterwards George IV.

"I suppose you inherited your liking for a military life from your father?" he was asked.

"Yes, my father first served as a midshipman in the battle of Trafalgar under Lord Nelson and Admiral Hardy. Subsequently he served in the hottest engagements during the Peninsular war. He was in Lord Raglan's brigade with General Sir Thomas Moore in the celebrated retreat on Corunna, 1809, and took part in the solemn burial of that distinguished general on the ramparts near that city. After this he was with Sir Arthur Wellesley in the battle of Salamanca and Toulouse, which decided the downfall of Napoleon's influence in Spain. Again, under the Duke of Wellington, he took part in the most celebrated battle fought in modern wars, namely, at Waterloo, when Napoleon's power was finally overthrown, and in the occupation of Paris in 1816."

"But you were not brought up to military life?"

"Not at first. My father article me to a civil profession, but I preferred military life, and joined the 19th Queen's Own Lancers in the same year as Queen Victoria's accession to the throne, being afterwards selected as mounted orderly to Colonel Brotherton at the Queen's coronation in 1838."

"Did you ever see active service?"

"Oh, yes. I was in the first Afghan campaign in 1839 and 1840. I was present at the battle of Maharajpore, 1843, under Lord Ellenborough and Lord Gough."

"I went right through the Sikh war under Lord Harding and General Gough and fought in the battles of Buddwall, Alwalia and Sobran. In 1850 I went to the Cape of Good Hope and fought in the charge of Balaklava. I am a member of the 17th Lancers in the Crimea in 1856, and was one of the celebrated Six Hundred at the charge of Balaklava. I was afterwards appointed drill instructor to the Royal Exchange volunteers, under command of Sir C. Bright, 1859 and 1860, and twelve years later I came to Canada."

"Your family has been quite distinguished for military prowess?"

"Oh, yes; my great grandfather bore the royal standard under King Henry VII on Bosworth field, at the fall of Richard III. You can understand, sir, that now 78 years of age, I am as proud as my hairs have grown gray in the service of my country as that I am a descendant of those heroes who founded the greatest empire in the world—Toronto Telegram."

## SCIENCE OF BALL CURVES

At a recent meeting of the Royal Society of Edinburgh Professor Tait gave a paper on the "Approximate determination of the path of a rotating spherical projectile." The point which was discussed and which he demonstrated by means of a model was that a rotating spherical body in moving through the air is deflected in the direction towards which its front rotates. Thus if a ball is thrown to a distance with a rotary motion along a vertical axis in the direction of the hands of a watch, the ball, instead of following a straight path, will curve away to the right, the explanation being that a greater pressure upon the side to which the motion of rotation takes place. Applying this fact to the question, how it is possible to drive a golf ball to so great a distance as say 200 yards, with the moderate speed which human strength can give. Professor Tait said it seemed to him that if a player trusted solely to overcoming the resistance of the air with so light a projectile, it would be necessary to give a tremendous initial velocity, some 700 or 800 feet per second. It occurred to him, therefore, that the rotation of the ball must have something to do with it. He had observed that the path of a well-driven golf ball was sometimes markedly concave upwards. There must be some cause to produce this concave tendency, and the only possible cause was to be looked for in the form of rotation of the ball, so that as it went forward its front was always going upwards. He had often seen "slicing" having the effect of making a ball curve its direction through nearly a right angle before reaching the ground. If they assumed that anything could be done in the way of under cutting, so that the front of the ball as it went forward was ascending, then they could account for the fact that even with a moderate speed, such as 400 yards initial velocity, they could get a range of 200 yards.

## CANADA AT THE FAIR.

### Enthusiastic Celebration of Dominion Day in the White City.

Chicago, July 1.—To-day is the 20th day of confidence in Canada, and of the birth of the Dominion, and the event is being celebrated in royal style by the English and French Canadians resident in this city, as well as by a large number of visitors from across the border line. The Dominion fair, over the Canadian building, with the royal standard to keep it company on Victoria House across the promenade, while all the Canadian exhibits in the different buildings are draped with colors, and decorated with flowers.

It had originally been intended to have a great procession of Canadian-Americans and their visiting guests, but this intention was abandoned, and instead there was a general gathering at the Dominion at 1 o'clock when the structure was dedicated with interesting exercises.

Among the prominent Canadians present were Hon. G. R. A. Cockburn, M. P., Hon. W. Tassell, J. S. Larkie, the World's Fair Commission, Hon. S. M. P. P. J. G. Mcintosh, M. P., Senator Lavoy, Donald Wallace Wood, A. Verille, Z. P. Brousseau and M. Decelles.

In the audience were represented the following societies: Le Cercle des Noms, the Cercle Techeotte, Le Club de la Galette, Le Club Champlain, Le Club Jacques Cartier, Le Societe St. Jean Baptiste, Bureau Centrale of the XVIII convention of the French Canadians of the United States, Le Club Canadian Franco-American and courts of Catholic Foresters.

After the programme, which consisted of speeches and the singing of "God Save the Queen," the meeting adjourned to the open air where more speeches were delivered and the Dominion glorified.

## THE VICTORIA CALAMITY

### The Accident Was Caused by Admiral Tryon's Mistake.

Valetta, Malta, July 1.—Notwithstanding efforts being made here to prevent survivors of the Victoria disaster giving information concerning the loss of the vessel, an account of the calamity has been obtained from trustworthy sources, but most of the men decline to have their names published. A sub-officer of the Victoria says the fleet was manoeuvring when Vice-Admiral Tryon called to port and to the second to turn sixteen points to starboard. The object of the manoeuvre was to bring the ships into position for anchoring. Vice-Admiral Tryon either mistook the two columns, which were six cable lengths (3,600 feet) apart. The leading ships having turned towards each other in a circle the diameter of which was three cable lengths, a collision was inevitable. The Commodore struck the Victoria on the starboard side, midway between her masts and the turret. When Rear-Admiral Markham saw his ship was bound to strike the Victoria he signalled for the Commodore's engines to be stopped. It was too late, however, to check the Commodore's headway, and she struck the Victoria a fearful blow. Not only did the ram of the Commodore penetrate the battleship, but her forecastle was shoved ten feet under the forecastle of the Victoria. When last seen Vice-Admiral Tryon was holding on to the rail on top of the chart house. He did not have a chance for his life. He could hardly have got down the ladder leading to the deck before the ship went down. He made no attempt to leave his post. Captain Bourke, who was saved, was on the forward bridge below Vice-Admiral Tryon when the Victoria sank.

## BROKE THE RECORD

### Output of Coal Last Month—Dominion Day Festivities.

Nanaimo, July 3.—The shipments of coal to foreign ports for the past month have reached the highest total ever exported from Vancouver Island. The New Vancouver Coal Company heads the list with 48,241 tons, which amount has not been reached for many months. The Northfield mine contributed very little of this amount, the bulk of it coming from No. 1 and the new shaft on Protection Island, so that if the company were called upon to increase the output it would be a comparatively easy task. Wellington sent 22,039 tons, a fair average exportation. Union, 17,905, and East Wellington, 20,191, making a grand total for the month of 90,465 tons.

The Caledonians' picnic on Saturday was largely attended, the weather being suitable. The sports passed off well. The Caledonians surpassed themselves. In future Dominion Day will be looked forward to as the principal holiday in the year by Nanaimites.

The Methodists held their annual picnic on Newcastle Island and enjoyed themselves.

Mr. Y. M. C. A. have no fault to find with the way their excursion to Vancouver was patronized; it was beyond expectation.

Dominion Day was celebrated at Wellington and it is to be regretted that the football, as the city brass band yesterday afternoon. Probably the matter will be compromised. The Nanaimo team claim the medals, but the committee refuse to give them up.

Another new entertainment was introduced by the city brass band yesterday afternoon when they appeared in the public park and rendered a well selected programme. The entertainment was much enjoyed.

The annual general meeting of the medical committee of the New Y. C. Co. will be held on Saturday evening, July 15th, in the city hall.

## DESTROYED BY FIRE

### Rousseau's Tannery Burned—Findley Safe.

New Westminster, July 3.—At 1:30 Saturday morning Rousseau's tannery at Sapperton was found on fire. The roof fell in before the alarm was given. The brigade could do nothing except prevent the flames spreading to other buildings. The fire is supposed to have originated from the furnace. Estimated loss, \$10,000; insurance, \$5000.

The customs returns for June were: Imports—Free goods, \$10,070; dutiable goods, \$40,875; duty collected, \$12,632.55; other revenues, \$571.97; total collections, \$13,204.52. Exports, \$3731.

During June in the district of New Westminster there were 17 births, three marriages, 25 deaths.

All hope of recapturing Findley, who escaped from the chain gang, has been given up. It is now known that he crossed safely to the States.

The lion tamer with Washburn's circus had his hand badly lacerated by the lion here on Saturday while feeding him.

New Westminster, June 30.—Jesse Platt was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary this morning for stabbing G. Garrippe at Richmond, cannery on June 20th.

In the Cubbins case the defendant was charged with assault with intent to murder T. Ritter at Langley on June 10th. The defence tried to show that Cubbins was insane at the time. The doctors differed in their testimony. Judgment was reserved.

Judge Bole reduced the assessment in every case of appeal brought before him. Verdict: Findley is still at large. The police now think he managed to cross the river and get into the States. He had iron on when he escaped from the chain gang.

## GENERAL DISPATCHES

### News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

New York, July 3.—The Duke of Veragua and party sailed this afternoon on the steamer La Bretagne. The descendant of Columbus is more than enthusiastic over his reception in this country, both by the government and the people, and expresses his intention of endeavoring to pay a visit every year to the United States. He has already expressed his thanks to the country through President Cleveland in a letter couched in the warmest terms.

Chicago, July 3.—The international musical congress opened at the Art Institute to-day with E. M. Brown, of New York, presiding. The opening exercises were under the auspices of the College of Musicians. Mme. Nordica, Mrs. Theodore Thomas and other ladies well known in musical circles were in the audience.

World's Fair, Chicago, July 3.—To-day is the anniversary of Idaho's admission into the Union, and it was observed by the formal dedication with interesting exercises of the Idaho building, which is constructed of Idaho logs and other material. The style of architecture of the building has caught the fancy of an English party now in the city, and it has offered to purchase it after the fair is over, take it apart, ship it to England and to re-erect it as a club house.

Gettysburg, Pa., July 3.—Large numbers of people are arriving here to be present at the services on the battlefield. It is the 30th anniversary of the conflict, and promises to be an impressive demonstration. The address will be made by Bishop Potter, of New York, and who, when he accepted the invitation, said that he was profoundly impressed when he recalled the battle of 1863, and could not conceive of any occasion that would be a higher inspiration than this one. New York's monument, which had been completed, is one of the handsomest of the 40 on the field, and had cost in the neighborhood of \$50,000.

The Thermopylae Here.

The bark Thermopylae, Capt. Winchester, arrived in the Roads last evening, 45 days from Hong Kong, with a cargo of paddy for the rice mills. The trip across the Pacific was uneventful. It was stormy on the other side and calm on this side, the ship being 14 days in sight of the cape. The Thermopylae will come to the strand and will begin discharging immediately.

## HIGH TREASON

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Westland claims the schooner C. D. Rand will be "top-liner" of the sealing fleet in ten years, in proportion of receipts to output.

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The lawn tennis club was reorganized last night with H. Abbott president and A. Crickmay secretary.

Six gun clubs are expected to compete for the championship of the city on Saturday. Dry goods men have resolved to close only on statutory holidays; no half holidays for them.

Wm. Savage, an Australian middle-weight, will spar with Prof. Bloomfield to-night.

## BETTER TIMES

### Leading Financiers Say the Monetary Whirlwind Has Passed.

New York, July 3.—Two weeks ago financiers and bankers expressed the opinion that if the first of July came and went without a recurrence of the panic symptoms in any part of the country financial and commercial conditions might be expected to improve. The present condition of affairs fully justifies their prognostications.

The wave of liquidations seems to have largely spent itself, and from nearly every section of the country there come reports tending to show that the strain in the money market has been greatly relieved. This, however, is being felt in both commercial and speculative markets, and good authorities believe that the prospects are bright. The money market is being relieved. This, however, is being felt in both commercial and speculative markets, and good authorities believe that the prospects are bright. The money market is being relieved. This, however, is being felt in both commercial and speculative markets, and good authorities believe that the prospects are bright.

## VICTORIA WEST AROUSED

### Residents of That District Want Fire Protection, Light Etc.

The ratepayers of Victoria West are of the opinion that they are not entitled to the same consideration in the administration of the affairs of the city government, in the matter of fire protection, which is absolutely wanting, electric lighting, and street improvements. They met in Temperance Hall on Friday night, Mr. Warner in the chair, F. Shakespeare secretary. The following resolutions were adopted:—Moved by Beaumont Boggs, seconded by A. Watson:—That in the opinion of this meeting the interests of Victoria West have been neglected by the representatives of the North Ward in the City Council.

Mr. Boggs next offered the following, seconded by Mr. J. W. Cherry, which was also unanimously adopted:—

"That in the opinion of this council the North Ward is much too large and should be divided so as to make Victoria West a separate ward."

With Captain Gaudin as a seconder, Mr. Boggs then presented a third resolution, also generally, which was also adopted:—

"That this meeting condemns the present system of reducing the assessment on property for those who appeal to the Court of Revision, without a similar reduction on the adjoining property of other taxpayers, similarly situated, who do not appeal."

Messrs. Bishop, Shakespeare, Warner, Captain Gaudin and others followed, their speeches referring to the general conduct of civic affairs, and to the pressing requirements of Victoria West. Then came the introduction and passage of the following series of resolutions of local character, in the order of their publication:—

"Moved by Mr. A. Watson, seconded by Mr. R. Semple, and resolved:—That as this district is without fire protection, this meeting condemns the neglect of the City Council in respect thereto, and requests the immediate erection and equipment of a fire hall; also the placing of at least eight hydrants in the district."

"Moved by Mr. Shakespeare, seconded by Mr. C. Bishop, and resolved:—That this meeting urges upon the city council the imperative necessity of defining the street lines in Victoria West."

"Moved by Mr. Boggs, seconded by Mr. Watson, and resolved:—That this meeting requests the immediate provision of electric lighting, or other street illumination for this district."

"Moved by Mr. Boggs, seconded by Mr. R. Semple, and resolved:—That in the opinion of this meeting it is desirable to have the railroad fence crossing the old Esquimalt road removed and the city street widened sufficiently to be passable for teams."

By a subsequent general resolution, Mr. Warner, Captain Gaudin and Mr. Boggs were named as a committee to present these resolutions to the council, and after the passage of a vote of thanks to the chairman and secretary, the meeting adjourned.

## SCOT FREE

### Kennedy Makes Good His Escape to the North.

Union, B. C., July 3.—Police Officer Anderson and his party of specials arrived back at Comox this morning bringing the news that the O'Connor murderer had escaped. He fled from the island before the specials had arrived. He is supposed to have gone north, and has been joined by his partner, another desperate character. They left no trace.

The prospects favorable.

W. Ward, representative of the Australia-British Columbia steamship line, and William Brown, assistant general freight agent of the C. P. R., arrived in the city last evening, and are at the Drift. They have been to the Sound and Portland working up trade for and interesting business people in the new line. They are greatly encouraged by the expressions which they heard from those whom they met. The Warimoo is expected here on Saturday with a good cargo of freight. Mr. Huddart, managing owner of the line, is a passenger aboard her. After spending a few days on the coast he and Mr. Ward will go east.

The shipping records show that during the month of June 73 deep sea and 116 coasting vessels entered the port of Victoria, 67 of the former and 196 of the latter clearing outward in the same time.

## THE HEATING OF SCHOOLS

### Investigation of the Smead-Dowd System at Winnipeg.

Winnipeg Free Press. The report of the board of health, following the investigation—so-called by courtesy—by a committee of the same, upon the Smead-Dowd system of heating, ventilating and cooling, as employed in the Winnipeg public schools, will be something of a surprise to the citizens generally who followed with engrossing interest, as most of them did, the proceedings before the committee. The report is somewhat of a "straddle," leaning strongly in the direction of a "whitewash." We say the report will be something of a surprise—and it will be this because a thoroughly "clean bill" was expected. This was not looked for upon the merits of the evidence, for it is within the mark to say that 75 per cent. of those who followed it believe that it was overwhelmingly against the system, but it was expected because, from beginning to end, it was apparent that, so far as the school board was concerned, it was determined not to have an investigation, in anything like the proper sense of the term, but to secure for the system a "whitewash" at any cost, in which wretched effort it was seconded by refusal of action by the city council, and carried, so to speak, by the manner of conduct by the committee of the board of health, which was disgracefully partisan throughout. The disappointment comes of the fact that the report is not a thoroughly unqualified approval of the system.

## RESIDENTS OF THAT DISTRICT WANT FIRE PROTECTION, LIGHT ETC.

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## UPON THE FUTURE AND TO THE PRACTICAL OUTCOME OF THE USE OF THE SMEAD-DOWD SYSTEM WE CONFIDENTLY RELY FOR A PAINFUL VINDICATION OF OUR PRESENT CONDEMNATION.

From the evidence adduced before the board of health—shamefully inadequate and partial as it was by those whose sworn public duty it was to spare no effort to have it as thorough and fair as possible—we conclude that the Smead-Dowd system, as it is now installed in our schools, is unsanitary in the last degree, and that every building in which it is located, a veritable fire-trap. Therefore we have the temerity to predict that as surely as vital vegetable seed properly sown in suitable soil will produce a crop after its own kind, so surely will the school houses of Winnipeg become, in due time, the bountiful producers of the dread diseases that come of the germs, incident to, or component parts of human excrement; and, moreover, that while it is quite possible that no school house will again take fire, it is equally probable that such will not be the experience, and that what might otherwise not exceed an incipient fire or at worst destroy considerable property, is quite likely, in addition, to eventuate in a holocaust of scores, perhaps hundreds, of teachers and pupils imprisoned in the upper stories of a Smead-Dowd school house.

## EVERY SENTENCE, EVERY WORD ABOVE WRITTEN HAS BEEN CAREFULLY PENNED, NAUGHT HAS BEEN SET DOWN IN MALICE, BUT EVERYTHING ONLY AS DUTY SEEMED TO IMPEL IT.

It is for those interested to heed or not, any dire consequences that may ensue. Further responsibility is not ours. For the responsibility must primarily rest upon those who have found it consonant with their public duty to produce, or to aid in producing, the existing condition of things; only a little less firmly, however, will it properly affect to any and all but those whose apathy it might have been averted.

—Miss Olive A. Strachan, Johnson street, Victoria, won the handsome jewel case presented by M. B. Connor for Highland King in costume at the Nanaimo Caledonia Society's annual gathering on July 1st.

## WINDY

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With Captain Gaudin as a seconder, Mr. Boggs then presented a third resolution, also generally, which was also adopted:—

"That this meeting condemns the present system of reducing the assessment on property for those who appeal to the Court of Revision, without a similar reduction on the adjoining property of other taxpayers, similarly situated, who do not appeal."

Messrs. Bishop, Shakespeare, Warner, Captain Gaudin and others followed, their speeches referring to the general conduct of civic affairs, and to the pressing requirements of Victoria West. Then came the introduction and passage of the following series of resolutions of local character, in the order of their publication:—

"Moved by Mr. A. Watson, seconded by Mr. R. Semple, and resolved:—That as this district is without fire protection, this meeting condemns the neglect of the City Council in respect thereto, and requests the immediate erection and equipment of a fire hall; also the placing of at least eight hydrants in the district."

"Moved by Mr. Shakespeare, seconded by Mr. C. Bishop, and resolved:—That this meeting urges upon the city council the imperative necessity of defining the street lines in Victoria West."

"Moved by Mr. Boggs, seconded by Mr. Watson, and resolved:—That this meeting requests the immediate provision of electric lighting, or other street illumination for this district."

"Moved by Mr. Boggs, seconded by Mr. R. Semple, and resolved:—That in the opinion of this meeting it is desirable to have the railroad fence crossing the old Esquimalt road removed and the city street widened sufficiently to be passable for teams."

By a subsequent general resolution, Mr. Warner, Captain Gaudin and Mr. Boggs were named as a committee to present these resolutions to the council, and after the passage of a vote of thanks to the chairman and secretary, the meeting adjourned.

## SCOT FREE

### Kennedy Makes Good His Escape to the North.

Union, B. C., July 3.—Police Officer Anderson and his party of specials arrived back at Comox this morning bringing the news that the O'Connor murderer had escaped. He fled from the island before the specials had arrived. He is supposed to have gone north, and has been joined by his partner, another desperate character. They left no trace.

The prospects favorable.

W. Ward, representative of the Australia-British Columbia steamship line, and William Brown, assistant general freight agent of the C. P. R., arrived in the city last evening, and are at the Drift. They have been to the Sound and Portland working up trade for and interesting business people in the new line. They are greatly encouraged by the expressions which they heard from those whom they met. The Warimoo is expected here on Saturday with a good cargo of freight. Mr. Huddart, managing owner of the line, is a passenger aboard her. After spending a few days on the coast he and Mr. Ward will go east.

The shipping records show that during the month of June 73 deep sea and 116 coasting vessels entered the port of Victoria, 67 of the former and 196 of the latter clearing outward in the same time.

## THE HEATING OF SCHOOLS

### Investigation of the Smead-Dowd System at Winnipeg.

Winnipeg Free Press. The report of the board of health, following the investigation—so-called by courtesy—by a committee of the same, upon the Smead-Dowd system of heating, ventilating and cooling, as employed in the Winnipeg public schools, will be something of a surprise to the citizens generally who followed with engrossing interest, as most of them did, the proceedings before the committee. The report is somewhat of a "straddle," leaning strongly in the direction of a "whitewash." We say the report will be something of a surprise—and it will be this because a thoroughly "clean bill" was expected. This was not looked for upon the merits of the evidence, for it is within the mark to say that 75 per cent. of those who followed it believe that it was overwhelmingly against the system, but it was expected because, from beginning to end, it was apparent that, so far as the school board was concerned, it was determined not to have an investigation, in anything like the proper sense of the term, but to secure for the system a "whitewash" at any cost, in which wretched effort it was seconded by refusal of action by the city council, and carried, so to speak, by the manner of conduct by the committee of the board of health, which was disgracefully partisan throughout. The disappointment comes of the fact that the report is not a thoroughly unqualified approval of the system.

## RESIDENTS OF THAT DISTRICT WANT FIRE PROTECTION, LIGHT ETC.

The ratepayers of Victoria West are of the opinion that they are not entitled to the same consideration in the administration of the affairs of the city government, in the matter of fire protection, which is absolutely wanting, electric lighting, and street improvements. They met in Temperance Hall on Friday night, Mr. Warner in the chair, F. Shakespeare secretary. The following resolutions were adopted:—Moved by Beaumont Boggs, seconded by A. Watson:—That in the opinion of this meeting the interests of Victoria West have been neglected by the representatives of the North Ward in the City Council.

Mr. Boggs next offered the following, seconded by Mr. J. W. Cherry, which was also unanimously adopted:—

"That in the opinion of this council the North Ward is much too large and should be divided so as to make Victoria West a separate ward."

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