

New Brunswick & Canada Railway and Land Company.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.
Hon. Capt. J. J. ROBINSON, R. N., Commissioner.
JULIUS THOMPSON, Esq., Manager.
W. M. BUCK, Esq., Engineer.
GEO. D. STREET, Esq., Solicitor.

Charlotte County Bank.
GEO. D. STREET, Esq., President.
C. W. W. MEDDAW, Esq., Cashier.
Wellington Hatch, Esq., Solicitor.
Bills and Notes for discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise they will not be cashed until next week.

Poor House Commissioners.
J. T. OUEL, R. STEVENSON, E. R. O. HARRISON.

The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, APRIL 8, 1857.

The Royal Gazette of Wednesday contains a Proclamation dissolving the General Assembly of this Province. The Writs for calling a new General Assembly are to be issued forthwith, returnable on Saturday the 16th of May next. Consequently the elections throughout the Province must take place prior to that date.

THE ELECTION.

Within a few days past, as on the eve of every election, the usual shaking of hands, and enquiries for the good wife and children, &c., have been frequent, and no doubt these greetings will be sedulously followed up until the day of voting, after which those friendly and good natured customs will be discontinued until another dissolution takes place. The people now-a-days understand the true intention of these Candidates, and have their minds made up to give a hearty shake of the hand whether they will give the person a vote or not.

The Proclamation in the Royal Gazette, states that the Writs are returnable on the 16th of May next. It then behoves the Constituency of this County to be up and doing—no time should be lost—let those who wish well to the Province, and desire to preserve its integrity ORGANIZE, select a general committee in St. Andrews, as being the most central place; appoint sub-committees in every Parish, who will correspond once or twice a week, with the general committee,—meet every evening—and pass resolutions to support those men only, who will pledge themselves to uphold the Government—men who are not seeking office, and will not regard the business of the Legislature by a factious opposition—men who are known to possess loyal principles and will not desert their constituents—men of enlarged ideas who can express themselves in respectful and becoming language—men who have not banded themselves together to upset the Government in order that they may thrust their hands into the public purse.

"There is no one, however indifferent about the interests of the country, who will not readily confess, that the situation we are now reduced to, from the violence of faction, justifies the most melancholy apprehensions, and calls for the exertion of whatever wisdom or vigour is left among us." Let the friends of good government be on the alert, and use every honorable means to defeat the obstructions, whose inordinate vanity will lead them perhaps to bring in another abortion such as the "Prohibitory Law," or their "Election law," the only two measures they originated and the paternity of which they are welcome to. Now that these men must come before the bar of public opinion—after having wasted the time of the Legislature and put the Province to something about £6,000 expense—they have the hardihood to assert "the Government are to blame, we did not want a dissolution, we were willing to go on with the public business." Thanks to the published Debates, their sayings are recorded; the self-styled "Liberals," from the very first week of the Session, were calling upon the Government to dissolve the House, and appeal to the Country. They have at last caught a Tartar: they will now come before the people (jury and judges), and notwithstanding their boasted popularity, and pseudo-liberalism, will receive a sentence of condemnation in every loyal County in the Province. Are the men who refused to give their attendance in the Council Chamber, while Her Majesty's Representative was prosecuting the Legislature, to be again elected as Representatives of any respectable and law-abiding people? For the credit of the Country we hope not. The greatest Charlatan even would not be guilty of such despicable conduct and disloyalty. As we said before, they should respect the office, and we trust they will be compelled to do so while they live under that glorious old "Flag" which, for a thousand years, has braved the battle and breeze. Long may it continue to wave

over us, is the hearty desire of every good and loyal subject.

THE CANDIDATES.—For the Government—Jas. Boyd, Esq., and Geo. D. Street, Esq., two other gentlemen we understand will be brought out on the same side. The Opposition have nominated J. McAdam, A. H. Gillmor, J. W. Chandler and James Brown.

THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW, for February, has been received from those enterprising publishers Messrs. L. Scott & Co., New York. The contents are interesting, and consist of:—1.—Employment of Women. 2.—Modern Style. 3.—Dr. Samuel Brown. 4.—Dr. Kane's Arctic Explorations. 5.—Mrs. Browning's Poems. 6.—Richard Hooker. 7.—Art Unions. 8.—The Trade in Opium. 9.—United States Politics, Foreign and Domestic.

The Asia arrived at New York 4th April, no news of importance.

POLITICAL SKETCH.

In compliance with the promise made in our last number, we will now endeavour to lay before our readers a slight political sketch of those Members of this County, who have been in opposition to the present Government; and we cannot doubt but the majority of the thinking members of the community will agree with us, that Messrs. Gillmor and McAdam have not truly represented the interests of this important County since their re-election last year, but have, on the contrary, in many instances, voted directly against principle and the known wishes of their constituents. We would premise, that it is only of the political character of these Gentlemen we speak—far be it from us to say one word against their private character or station. We have been at some pains (and some pain) to read the speeches of these Gentlemen in the published Debates during the recent Session, and out of their own mouths will convict them; let them explain themselves on the hustings if they can do so, but no mere assertion on their parts, in the face of facts, will avail them at the bar of public opinion, before which they will, we presume, shortly stand again. Before referring to the recent Session, we will say a few words regarding the short Session of 1856. Then, as now, we find both the subjects of our sketch arrayed against our independent and respected Governor and the Government, condemning the latter for taking office, and the former for dissolving the House of Assembly, with the advice of his Council, in order that the vexed question of the Liquor Law might be brought constitutionally before the people. We see them voting in the small minority, supporting the amendment to the Address to His Excellency's Speech, and when the great question on the repeal of the "Liquor Law" was taken, we find Mr. Gillmor, "knowing, as he must have known full well, that nine-tenths of the very men who returned him were desirous of having it repealed," speaking and voting to sustain that obnoxious Act!!! Why did he vote directly against his constituents' wishes? Why, as he had made up his mind how he would vote on this question, had he not the manliness like his colleague to declare his intentions, instead of *implying*, as he undoubtedly did on the hustings, and leading people otherwise generally to believe, that he would not oppose its repeal? These questions he will find it difficult to answer, and if Mr. McAdam's sweeping declaration, that "it is not safe to repose confidence in those who have once forfeited it," is to be the guiding rule of the people of Charlotte, we can imagine that Mr. Gillmor, after the approaching election, will find that he will have the winter months to devote to his private business, and perhaps be able to spare a little of the time he would be otherwise spending in the House, "in paying attention to the acts of the Government;" but we beg our readers' pardon, we are quoting from speeches made this Session, regarding which, however, our space will allow us to say but a few words. Mr. Gillmor's speech on the amendment to the Address, has been already before our readers; we pass by the prefacing remarks (putting the vulgarity which dictated them), and would merely draw attention to the fact, that "because the Government is in the hands of the same party who were turned out in 1854" (which we deny), and "because he conceived they were not fairly and honorably in power in accordance with the principles of Responsible Government," he (Mr. G.) was prepared to turn them out at once, without reference to their past doings or measures.

Comment on this tirade of nonsense, is surely superfluous; the people cannot forget that every Member of the Government in the House of Assembly has been before them and elected by overwhelming majorities; but perhaps Mr. G. "has been so much engaged with his private business," that besides being "unable to pay much attention to the acts of the Government," he was also unable to ascertain the above important fact. We cannot with patience pursue the subject further, but would beg Mr. Gillmor to believe, that "coming from a small place" he most certainly did make "a small speech" on the above occasion, and we think he will shortly be able to apply his vulgar quotation (which we forbear repeating) to his own case.

Our space this week forbids our making more than a passing remark on Mr. McAdam. He is a man of so few words that it is impossible from his speeches to discover the motives of his acts. "He thought" however "that the Government had not done anything to regain the confidence they had lost, and hoped they never would."—We would simply ask this gentleman, whose confidence the Government had lost, except that of the factious Opposition? Only one measure—the repeal of the Liquor Law, had at the opening of the present Session been brought forward, and neither the Country or the House had any idea (further than what appeared in His Excellency's opening Speech), of their past acts or future intentions, and we have too much faith in the honesty, integrity, and justice of the people to believe, that they are desirous of condemning any one unheard—that they will echo Mr. A.'s hope, or that they will blindly subscribe to his belief (thus shutting the door to any chance of reform whether in a Government or in a criminal), "that it is not safe to repose confidence in those who have once forfeited it,"—even if they supposed for a moment that the far-sighted Executive stood in the position assumed by the Honble. Member.

(To be continued.)

The last Royal Gazette contains a list of the Laws passed during the recent Session of the Legislature, from which we select the following local acts for the County of Charlotte:—

An Act to alter and amend Chapter 22, Title III, of the Revised Statutes, "Of sick and disabled Seamen."

An Act to alter the time of holding the Circuit Court in the County of Charlotte.

An Act to repeal an Act to provide for the more effectually repairing the Roads and Bridges in the Parishes of Campo Bello and Grand Manan, so far as it relates to the Parish of Grand Manan.

An Act to erect the eastern part of the Parish of Penfield, in the County of Charlotte, into a separate Town or Parish.

An Act to authorize the Rector, Church Wardens and Vestry of All Saints' Church, in the Parish of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, to sell and convey the Glebe and Church Lands in the said Parish, and reinvest the proceeds in other Lands or securities.

An Act relating to the Public Burial Grounds in the Parish of Saint Stephen.

An Act to incorporate the Saint Andrews Rural Cemetery Company.

An Act to incorporate the St. Stephens Academy.

An Act to incorporate the First Universalist Society at Milltown in the Parish of St. Stephen.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.—William Henry Scovill, Frederick W. Hatheway, and Joseph Myhrall, Esquires, to be Railways Commissioners under the Act 19 Victoria, Chapter 15.

William Henry Scovill, Esquire, to be Chairman of the Board.

By His Excellency's Command.

R. D. WILMOT, Secretary's Office, March 30, 1857.

John F. W. Winslow, Esq., has been appointed High Sheriff of Carleton County. Sheriffs re-appointed in York, Sunbury, Queen's, King's, Westmorland, Albert, Charlotte, Northumberland, Gloucester, and Restigouche.

No appointment of Sheriffs in Kent, Victoria, or St. John.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the friends and supporters of the present Government was held last evening at the Hall of the Institute, which was crowded to excess, and hundreds had to go away, being unable to obtain admittance. The meeting was addressed by the Attorney-General, who spoke an hour and a half, by the Hon. Mr. Simonds, Mr. Lawrence, and Mr. Godard. Much enthusiasm was manifested, and the different speakers were frequently greeted with rounds of applause.

The Attorney-General intimated that L. H. DEVEREUX, Esquire, will be a candidate for the City, to run with Mr. Lawrence. This announcement was met with great enthusiasm. [New Brunswick.]

THE SUPPLIES.—The factious opposition in the Legislature have done great injustice as well as much injury to the Country by intimating, on the part of their leader and principal spokesman, that they would oppose the Budget item by item—no matter how just or equitable might be the sums of money which the Government had made up their minds to grant for the public service, including Roads, Bridges, Schools, &c., they were all to be stopped by the factious, no matter at what loss, delay, confusion and injury to the Province. We imagined that both the faction and their organs would have been heartily ashamed of their conduct in this respect, but we are mistaken. They are so far lost to every principle of right and justice that they glory in their shame, and seek, under cover of the grossest misrepresentation, to make the country believe that it was the fault of the Government that the Supplies were not granted. They strive to hide the damaging fact that it is owing solely to their perverse and unprincipled conduct that all this evil has been inflicted on the people. The Morning News, in one of its vagaries, for which it has become so famous, charges the members of the Government with the sin of all this, which is in perfect keeping with many other of its untruthful sayings; but the people know better; they understand all about the faction, and how they sacrificed the interests most dear to

the Country in order to carry out their dark and diabolical designs. They have, however, been thwarted in their machinations, against the rights of the people, and they will shortly be judged before their tribunal. [New Brunswick.]

BARBADOS.—The government and people of Barbados are considering the project of a submarine telegraph to connect the islands with this continent. A public meeting was held at Bridgetown to hear Capt. Rassloff's exposition of the project to lay down a line of submarine telegraph to connect the North and South American continents, through the islands of the lesser Antilles; the line to be placed in North America, in connection with the transatlantic line connecting the British islands with that continent through Newfoundland. Resolutions endorsing the project were passed, and the Assembly at once entertained the matter, resolutions being passed to aid the undertaking with an annual appropriation of £7000.

IT SAVED MY LIFE.—Such is the repeated testimony of hundreds of persons of all ages, with regard to the magic effect of Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer. When every medicine fails, this seems to possess a perfect charm over the various diseases incident to mankind. Sold by druggists generally in the United States and Canada.

YORK ELECTION.—The Radicals have made up their ticket, viz: Messrs. Fisher, Hatheway, Pickard and Friel—so says the Reporter. The Conservatives have not yet made up any "ticket," nor do we know that they intend doing so; but there will be four Conservatives, sound and true, in the field, whose names we expect to be able to announce next week. [Head Quarters.]

QUEEN'S COUNTY.—By last advices from this County we learn that a requisition was out and being numerous signed, calling upon S. H. Gilbert Esq., to come forward again as one of the candidates. If Mr. G. offers there is little doubt but he will be returned.—[b]

NEW INVENTION.—We were present last Saturday, by invitation, to witness some experiments which Mr. Foulis was exhibiting to the Commissioners of the Bay Lights, was a new invention of his which he calls a *Hydro Galeonic Gas Gun*, which in its present form is intended for a fog alarm, and a projectile for throwing ropes to stranded vessels, for the saving of crews, &c.

Mr. Foulis states, that in another form his apparatus may also be used for warlike purposes. We consider the experiments made with the working model to be very satisfactory, and to prove to a demonstration the practicability of the scheme. The gun is charged in an instant of time, and the supply of ammunition (decomposed water) endless, so that any number of explosions can be produced in succession. The whole apparatus seems simple and compact in its construction, and very portable, and quickly set in action. We consider the invention one of great value, and hope that Mr. Foulis will meet with that encouragement in carrying out his scheme which his "ingenuity" merits. [New Brunswick.]

COPARTNERSHIP.—It may interest our brethren of the press to know that Dr. J. C. AYER of Lowell, (Cherry Pectoral and Cathartic Pills), has associated with him, his brother Frederick Ayer Esq., long and favourably known as a leading merchant of the West. Mr. Ayer will conduct the widely extended business of the firm, which now reaches to the commercial nations of both hemispheres, while the Doctor will devote himself to his scientific investigation and pursuits. [Mercantile Journal.]

MARRIED.
On the 5th inst., by the Rev. Dr. Alley, Mr. Edwin Hunt, of St. Andrews, to Miss Catherine M. Spinney of St. George.

By the Rev. J. Davis, in the Upper Falls Meeting House, on the 15th ult., Francis Hibbard, Esq., of St. George, to Urania, second daughter of Daniel Gillmor, Esq., of the former place.

At Perry, Maine, on the 26th ult. Lee Portee Esq. to Abby G. Dana of Perry.

DEAD.

On Friday morning, Mrs. Ellen Hagerty, of Chacomack, aged 89 years.
In Halifax, at his residence north end of Brunswick-street, on Saturday evening, last, Douglas Nicholas Tuckey, Esq., Assistant Surgeon H. M. steamer *Columbia*, aged 36 years.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.
April 1st.—Packet Matilda, McMaster, Eastport, general cargo.
3rd.—Packet Sisters, Gaskill, Grand Manan, passengers, &c.

Barque Josephine, sailed from Carthagens, 2d, for St. Andrews.

A pancheson of Geneva marked JWS, St. Andrews, NB, (an anchor) J. DeKuyper & Son, was picked up 28th Feb. off the Manacles Rock, and delivered at Newport, 11th.

TO LET.

Possession given 1st May.
THAT Cottage at the upper end of Water Street, known as the "Springate house," with a garden attached. The house has been recently thoroughly repaired and painted, and contains a good cellar kitchen, with a never failing well of water.

Apply to
C. GILLILAND.
April 8th, 1857.

New Brunswick and Canada Railway & Land Company.

COMPANY'S OFFICES,
St. Andrews, April 6, 1857.

TENDERS for doing the repairs on the Line between the
Terminals at St. Andrews and the
Fredericton Road Store.

Will be received at these Offices till the 16th inst. The work will be let by the mile, and the tenders must state the price for each mile separately, though they may be sent in for one or more miles. Full particulars of the amount and description of work on each separate mile, will be given on application at the Offices, where forms of tender may also be obtained.

JULIUS THOMPSON, Manager.

[Provincialist, 1 in.]

ELECTION.

CHARLOTTE, to wit.
I THOMAS JONES Esquire, High Sheriff of the County of Charlotte, having received Her Majesty's Writ for the Election of four able and discreet persons to serve in the General Assembly of this Province, for the said County, do in obedience thereto, hereby PROCLAIM and GIVE PUBLIC NOTICE, that a Court will be held by me at the County Court House, in Town of St. Andrews, on FRIDAY, the 1st day of MAY, next, at eleven of the clock, A. M., for the purposes of the said Election; of which all persons will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

And in case a Poll shall be then and there demanded, I do hereby further proclaim, and give Public Notice, that POLLING Booths will be opened on THURSDAY the 7th day of MAY next at 8 of the clock A. M., and will continue open until four of the clock P. M., of the same day, at the following places, to wit:—

For the Parish of St. Andrews, at the County Court House.
For the Parish of St. David, at the head of Oak Bay.
For the Parish of St. Stephen, at Salt Water, near the head of Tide Waters.
For the Parish of St. James, at or near the Kirk on the Scotch Ridge, and at or near John Knox's, Baillie's settlement.
For the Parish of St. Patrick, at Dudgeon's Mill.
For the Parish of Dunbarton, at the Rolling Dam.
For the Parish of St. George, at the Lower Falls.
For the Parish of Penfield, at the School House, near the Episcopal Church.
For the Parish of Lepreau, at or near William McGowan's.
For the Parishes of West Isles and Campo Bello at Indian Island, and
For the Parish of Grand Manan, at Grand Harbour, for the purpose of taking the said Poll.

And I hereby further Proclaim and give Public Notice, that the said ELECTION will be CLOSED on MONDAY the 11th of May next, at the hour of 3 o'clock, P. M.

at the County Court House, and the persons chosen to serve in the General Assembly, will be then and there openly declared. Of all whom said Proclamation, all persons will take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

THOS. JONES, High Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, April 7, 1857.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

Gentlemen,
In consequence of the Dissolution of the House of Assembly, I have consented to be one of your Representatives; and, in again coming before you to solicit your suffrages, after so short a tenure of the trust reposed in me, I deem it my duty to explain to you my views of the present position of affairs in this Province.

The result of the last Election, and the votes of a large majority of the House of Assembly, both on the Prohibitory Liquor Law and the course pursued in reference to that question by the Lieutenant-Governor, established the correctness and constitutionality of His Excellency's conduct, and I had hoped that those issues having been determined, the late House of Assembly would have proceeded with the business of the Country and independent of faction or party spirit, and would have been prepared to consider the measures submitted to them by the existing Government, and judge of them by their merits without reference to the particular individuals by whom those measures had been prepared.

As you will have observed, however, from the published proceedings of the late House of Assembly, a different course was pursued, and from the commencement of the Session to its abrupt termination, it seemed to be the combined determination of a strong party to obstruct the progress of public business, and to force the Government to resign their offices into the hands of their opponents. Believing as I did, and still do, that the Electors of this County whose votes I received at the last Election, did not wish me to pursue such a course, I did not hesitate to express my condemnation of it and my intention to support the present Government, if I approved of their measures, rather than throw the Government of the Country into the hands of men, who from their previous acts while in power, and their conduct when in opposition, did not appear to me to be at all events a bit better entitled to the confidence of the Country.

With these views I again offer myself as a Candidate for your suffrages; and should they meet with your approval, I shall feel proud of the honor of being one of your Representatives.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your faithful servant,
GEO. D. STREET.

County Accounts.

PERSONS having Accounts against the County, must leave them at the Office of the Clerk of the Peace, by ten o'clock on Tuesday 11th April, instant.