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# The Evening Times ★ Star

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## THE LION AROUSED

### Britain Only Beginning; Even If Her Allies Were Obliterated, England Would Fight On

London, Oct. 17—The Times' military correspondent, replying to the Frankfurter Zeitung's statement that Great Britain was unable to raise more than 600,000 troops, says:

"We have at the present moment exactly double that number, namely 1,200,000 men, and the number grows almost faster than we can cope with it. This is only the beginning.

"It is our way to begin to raise our arms after war breaks out, and to go on raising them until our ultimate end is reached. With 1,200,000 men at home, the army in the field, and the hundreds of thousands forming in India, Canada, Australia and elsewhere, we merely see the nucleus upon which other armies will eventually be built.

"It is only a question of time. It stands to reason that an empire of 400,000,000 can never lack men. This war for us has hardly begun. We have sent merely an advance guard into France. In the spring the remainder of the advance guard will follow, and somewhere toward the end of the 1915, the main body will begin to come within view.

"We are sorry for the allies that we are even slower than Russia in making our weight felt, but a year or so hence, when the allies need a rest, we shall be in a position to make good war.

"Nothing can arrest the steadily ascending figures of our army. Their cost is of little account since Germany will ultimately have to pay—in territory as well as in money.

"Imagine things at their worst. Imagine the last Cossack on the Urals, and the last French door-keeper evicted from Bordeaux. Then we would begin a maritime war against Germany and still be no worse off than when we began war against Napoleon."

## Six Caught In Fire Trap And Two Burn To Death

### Babe and Brother Die Despite Heroic Efforts of Elder Boy — Grim Tragedy in Maine

Calais, Oct. 17—News of the saddest happening of the year hereabouts comes in the report of a tragedy which occurred at North Perry on Thursday, in which two young children of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Eaton lost their lives in a fire which consumed their home, a fair-sized frame dwelling situated a short distance from the Murchie mill.

According to William Flagg, who was boarding at the Eaton place, the fire was caused by the bursting of the chimney which was located in the centre of the building while the accumulated soot in the chimney was burning. So rapid was the spread of the flames in the upper story of the dwelling, which was petitioned off and covered only with sheathing paper, that the six occupants of the sleeping rooms were caught in a trap, from which only four out of the six escaped.

Mr. Flagg went to work about half-past six o'clock, leaving Mrs. Eaton and her sister in the living-room of the house. The sister, who was ill, returned to her room, and Mrs. Eaton went to the barn to feed the hens. She had been there but a few minutes when she heard cries of distress from the dwelling and saw smoke pouring out.

The upper floor of the house was a mass of flames. Mrs. Eaton was unable to reach her children, but her ten-year-old son George succeeded in reaching the window with his 11-year-old sister, Doris, and his brother, Lee, aged seven, and bravely attempted to save his baby brother, William, but was unable to do so. He was himself obliged to leap from the window after his gallant attempt at rescue.

David, aged eight years, who was sleeping with George was, it is thought, struck and stunned as the chimney fell, as he made no effort to get out of the burning building, and the charred remains of William and David were afterwards found in the ruins of the home, the body of the smaller child being almost wholly consumed.

Mrs. Eaton's sister was badly burned about the head and arms before escaping from the building, and her condition is said to be serious. Doris and Lee were badly injured by their fall from the window, and George was also injured in leaping from the second floor. Mr. Eaton was absent from home, and is understood to be living in Boston. Efforts to locate him by telegraph have been unavailing.

## MISSIONARY WORK IS DISCUSSED IN MONCTON

Moncton, Oct. 17—Missionary work in its various phases was ably discussed at a banquet held last evening in the vestry of the Central Methodist church. Stirring addresses were delivered by Bishop Richardson, of Fredericton; R. Hamilton, secretary of the Laymen's Missionary Movement for the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and David Rose, secretary of the movement for the Anglican Church in Canada. The banquet was attended by a large number of men. Dr. Coleman presided.

On Friday afternoon a conference was held in the Highfield street Baptist church. The secretaries are now making a tour of Eastern Canada to renew interest among laymen in the missionary movement. From here they went to Sackville.

### The N. Y., N. H. and Hartford

New York, Oct. 17—The dissolution decree asked by the government against the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was filed in the federal district court here today.

## WEATHER BULLETIN

Phelix and Pherdinand

Issued by authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stupart, director of meterological service.

Synopsis—The southern disturbance now covers the Great Lakes and Middle States as a shallow low area. The weather is showery in Ontario and Quebec, elsewhere fine. The temperature is unusually high in the western provinces, having been more than eighty yesterday in southern Saskatchewan, with no indication of change.

Showery

Maritime—Fresh southeast winds, foggy and showery tonight and Sunday.

New England Forecasts—Unsettled tonight and Sunday, probably rain, gentle to moderate [illegible] south winds.

## I. C. R. ENGINE MEN WOULD GO TO THE WAR

Moncton, Oct. 17—It is understood that I. C. R. enginemen, who have volunteered for railway service with the British expeditionary force in Europe, have been notified from Ottawa to make application to the officer commanding Military District No. 6, Halifax, who will issue instructions in case a Canadian railway corps is sent to the front. The recent report that expert railway men were needed in France has aroused considerable interest among I. C. R. men, and it is said that several have expressed their willingness for overseas service.

## SOLDIERS' DAY IN MONCTON; RAISING MONEY FOR FUND

Moncton, Oct. 17—The first work undertaken by the Women's General Patriotic League, organized in Moncton on Thursday evening was begun today, scores of active workers appearing in the streets. This is "Soldiers' Day" in Moncton. Small flags are sold at ten cents each. It is expected that several hundred dollars will be realized. The suburbs have also been organized for the work.

Ald. P. A. Belliveau has sent to the Moncton Branch of the Canadian Patriotic Fund $55, the proceeds of the horse races here Thanksgiving Day.

Prince Albert Lodge, I. O. O. F., has contributed $50 to the Belgian Relief Fund.

At a "patriotic dance" in Windsor Hall on Thursday evening $50.20 was realized for the Patriotic Fund.

### CONSULS IN ST. JOHN.

At the present time when international relations are of more importance than usual, many people are anxious to know who the consuls are for the different European nations. The Times has been requested to publish the list and the names of those representing the different nations not at war with Great Britain are given below:

Belgium—D. Mullin, consul.
Denmark—J. I. Knight, vice-consul.
France—W. F. Hatheway, consular agent.
Netherlands—P. W. Thomson, vice-consul.
Norway—K. J. MacRae, vice-consul.
Portugal—H. A. Allison, consul.
Sweden—R. T. Leavitt, vice-consul.

## LETTER HERE FROM CAVALRY OFFICER AT FRONT TELLS OF CONDITIONS ON THE FIRING LINE IN FRANCE

A cavalry officer with the British expeditionary force writing from the front under date of September 26, to a relative in St. John, makes many interesting comments on the war. The recipient of the letter permitted the Times to publish a few extracts which follow:

"I have been engaged in this great war for the last six weeks now, and during that time have been with cavalry under General Allenby. It seems to me that our small army has done very well considering the difficulties which they have had to face, but the great trouble is that we are so outnumbered by the vast hordes against us and of course, are, in consequence largely dependent on our allies.

"The German as a machine, is undoubtedly wonderfully good, but the individual fighting capacity of the soldiers seems very inferior to ours, and also, I believe, of the French. They have a superiority over us with their guns, which they handle with great skill, combined with the aeroplanes which fly everywhere over our positions, and communicate most accurately with their artillery. We on the other hand, have a most undoubted superiority over them with the rifle and although they vastly outnumber us, they never seem to be able to make a successful attack on our positions, man to man. It is always guns at long range most accurately used.

"The bulk of our casualties have been from shell fire, which is a very different factor in this war from any that we have been previously engaged in, owing to modern improvements. Our guns are now doing very well and when we get a few more men, we will, I am sure, score some successes that will surprise the Kaiser.

"I am filled with admiration for our gallant Canadians who are leaving their peaceful homes to help in this great struggle for liberty and justice. Your heart would bleed could you see the condition of the parts of France that I have seen. That the Germans are pure barbarians, entirely out of place in this modern world, there can be no more manner of doubt. Notwithstanding all the outcry raised in the world at large over the brutal sack of Louvain, they have since destroyed Rheims cathedral, one of the historic treasures of the world, the place where the old French kings were crowned. This could afford them no military advantage of any sort, but was done out of sheer barbarism.

"I am afraid the war may last a long time yet, which is a sad outlook for the world at large. We are having a day off to rest our horses, otherwise I could not even write this."

"P. S.—The Germans have good heads for business management. Their generals and their staff all seem good and their military power is immense. We must, however, beat them, for the world will know neither law nor peace until they are defeated."

## REV. W. F. PARKER NEW PRESIDENT

### Maritime Baptist Convention Business — Rev. F. S. Porter of St. John Treasurer—Meetings of Other Baptist Bodies

Fredericton, Oct. 17—The sixty-ninth annual Maritime Baptist convention opened in Brunswick street Baptist church this morning with an attendance of about 250 delegates. The first half hour was given over to devotional exercises led by Rev. Dr. Francis of Boston. Mayor Mitchell officially welcomed the delegates to the city and addresses of welcome were also delivered by pastors of the local Baptist churches. Rev. Dr. Hutchinson replied.

Rev. Dr. Francis, Rev. Dr. Brown, of Toronto; Mr. Poultrous, of Montreal; Mayor Mitchell and the pastors of the local churches were invited to seats in the convention.

Reports were submitted on the financial condition of the eastern section, foreign missions and denominational funds of the three provinces. The following were appointed a nominating committee:—Rev. Dr. Hutchinson, convenor; Rev. Dr. J. H. McDonald, Rev. A. B. Cohoe, Rev. F. S. Porter, Rev. G. A. Lawson, Dr. E. D. King, Rev. Dr. W. L. Archibald, Rev. J. B. Ganong, Rev. A. S. Lewis, W. G. Clark, Rev. W. F. Parker, Rev. Z. L. Fash, D. C. Clarke, Rev. L. H. Crandall, and Rev. L. E. Ackland.

The committee made the following report on officers for the ensuing year which was adopted:—

President, Rev. W. F. Parker of Sussex; first vice-president, J. A. Christie of Amherst; second vice-president, Rev. W. D. Wilson of P. E. Island; treasurer, Rev. F. S. Porter of St. John; assistant secretaries, Revs. I. M. Rose, Guysboro, N.S., H. G. Brewster, Fredericton; Foreign Mission Board, retiring in 1915 to fill vacancy by removal of Rev. M. F. McCutchen, Rev. C. W. Rose, Amherst; retiring in 1917, Rev. Dr. Hutchinson, Rev. W. Camp, St. John; W. H. White, Sussex; A. A. Wilson, St. John; Dr. W. C. Kierstead, Fredericton.

The United Baptist Historical Society is meeting this afternoon and an adjourned meeting of the Maritime Baptist Publishing Company will be held. The Maritime Baptist Sunday School Board will meet at 7.30.

The pulpits of the evangelical churches of the city, Marysville and Gibson will be occupied tomorrow by delegates to the conference.

## FOR THE FUNDS

Contributions to the Canadian Patriotic Fund are acknowledged by the treasurer, C. B. Allan, as follows:

Amounts collected bq W. A. Dunham and S. M. Wetmore, in Beaconsfield, parish of Lancaster:—Frank S. Tilton, $5; Geo. E. Dawes, $5; Mrs. J. H. Crossley, $2; Friend, 50c.; Mrs. E. B. Rogers, $2; C. R. Russell, $1; Friend, 50c.; H. S. Cruikshank, $2; E. J. Neve, $10; Mrs. E. Archibald, $10; Jas. Hayes, $2; Helen B. Connor, $1; Mrs. McKella, $2; Mrs. F. H. Johnston, 50c.; Miss Susan Drummond, 50c.; Friend, 25c.; Friend, 50c.; Miss Edwards, 2; Mrs. Jas. Kane, $1; M. McAnulty, $1; John M. Powers, $1; Peter McCarty, $2; E. F. Trueman, $5; Friend, 50c.; Mrs. John E. Newman, 50c.; Wm. Ruddick, $5; Friend, 25c.; S. M. Wetmore, $5; W. A. Dunham, $5.

Collected by A. H. Clark, Lancaster avenue:—Mrs. P. O.Brien, $1; Mrs. H. Watters, $1; D. McDermott, $1; two American ladies, 50c.; W. H. S., $1; Friend, 25c.; Howard Wilson, $1; Cash, $1; David McPherson, sr., 50c; Jas. Robinson, $1; J. E. Long, 25c.; Fred Duncanson, $5; Willie McCarty, 25c.; Mrs. Jas. McCarty, 25c.; Harry Selick, $1; J. L. Sweet, $1; H. S. Carpenter, 50c.; Geo. Sweet, $1; Harold Chadwick, $5; LeB. Flewelling, $2; Mr. Wells, $1; A. Knight, $1; A. H. Clark, $5; Mrs. A. H. Clark, $5; Thos. Appleby, $1; W. J. Linton, $2.

Received by treasurer—G. Otty Armstrong, former St. John boy, $20; Lower Jemseg Sub., $15; Friend, W. E. A., $10; M. L. Kane, $10.

### Belgian Relief

Mayor Frink has received for the Belgian Fund, $4,604.15 ,not including the $2,000 voted by the municipal council. The amounts acknowledged today are as follows:—His Lordship the Bishop of St. John, Rt. Rev. E. A. LeBlanc, $760.40; Rev. Fr. John J. Walsh, Holy Trinity Church, $170.03; Boys of St. Malachi's School, per Cyril Driscoll, treasurer, and Arthur Cunningham, secretary, $8.50; Refund of discount from Vassie & Co., Ltd., $6.87; Miss Louise A. Olive, $2; Stanley G. Olive, $3; Lower Jemseg, $47; Fred. Gordon, $1; Nerepis, Westfield and Grand Bay, $129.55.

### LINEN SHOWER.

An enjoyable time was had last evening at the home of Mrs. W. H. Higgins, 73 Kennedy street, when a linen shower was tendered Miss Pearl Dingee in honor of an approaching nuptial event. She was the recipient of many useful and pretty remembrances from the large gathering present. All took pleasure in games and music.

## THEY DO WELL FOR DISTRESSED BELGIANS

### Westfield, Nerepis and Grand Bay Give Generously in Cash and Supplies

Residents of Westfield, Nerepis and Grand Bay have taken active steps to show, in a substantial manner, their sympathy for the Belgians and this week large contributions of cash and supplies were collected by an energetic committee.

The movement was inaugurated in that district by Rev. Craig Nichols and, in response to his call, a well attended meeting was held in Westfield on Monday evening. Rev. Mr. Nichols was elected chairman, E. R. Machum treasurer and Miss Hoyt secretary. Committees were appointed and immediately entered upon their work. The results of their canvass of the district are shown in the list of acknowledgements as follows.

Nerepis ... ... ... ... ... ... .....$17.00

Westfield and Grand Bay:—

Collected by

| | |
|---|---|
| Mrs. Rathburn and Mrs. Waters .. | 21.75 |
| Miss Parker ... ... ... ... .... | 8.50 |
| Mrs. Prime, Mrs. Baxter, Miss Myrtle Porter and George Crawford ... ... ... ... ... ..... | 34.60 |
| Mrs. E. R. Machum ... ..... | 11.50 |
| Miss Lois Lingley .. .. .. .. .. | 13.25 |
| Mrs. Edwin Finlay.. ..... ... .. | 6.50 |
| Miss Helen Hayter ... ... ..... | 5.75 |
| Mrs. Joseph Thompson .. .. .. .. | 10.70 |
| Total ... ... ... ... ... ... .....$129.55 | |

In addition to the cash contributions there were sent from Nerepis twelve bags of vegetables and six sacks of bedding and clothing and from Westfield and Grand Bay five packing cases filled with bedding and clothing and five barrels and nine bags of vegetables.

These contributions were received in response to the call of the committees appointed to wait upon the residents. Many had previously contributed money, clothes, bedding or farm products.

### Exchange of Prisoners

London, Oct. 17.—In a despatch from Amsterdam, Reuter's correspondent says the Cologne Gazette has published a message from its correspondent at Kiel, stating that 157 prisoners of war, men attached to the British ambulance corps, have arrived at the German Danish frontier for exchange with an equal number of German ambulance corps men held by the British. The Englishmen will travel home by way of Copenhagen.

# Enemy May Now Try For Dunkirk

## IS TAKING AN EXCITED VIEW

### F. Hopkinson Smith Predicts Dire Result of Zepplin Attacks

### LONDON AND PARIS FIRED!

### On Arrival at New York Sends to President Wilson Request That He Step in With Protest in the Interest of Humanity

New York, Oct. 17—Unless the United States intervenes at once London and Paris will be attacked and fired by a fleet of German Zeppelins. The attack is not far off, and the only power that can stay the hand of the unscrupulous German, is the United States."

This statemnt was made last night on board the White Star liner Olympic by F. Hopkinson Smith, author and painter, who returned from Glasgow after a trip of five months abroad.

Mr. Smith mailed to President Wilson a set of resolutions against the use of the bombs dropped from aeroplanes and Zeppelins upon women and children. It was signed by 200 prominent passengers on the Olympic, and with it Mr. Smith sent the following personal letter to the president:

"I have the honor to forward to you the inclosed memorandum, which explains itself. We earnestly beg that some steps may be taken to forestall, before it is too late, the setting free of the fleet of Zeppelins and aeroplanes which are now preparing for its deadly work. We feel it is not a question of neutrality, but a question of humanity, and that any power refusing to heed your wise and humane counsel would forfeit the sympathy of the world."

The meeting, which was held on board the Olympic on Thursday night in aid of the Red Cross authorized the following resolution:

That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the President of the United States accompanied by a personal letter, begging him in the interest of humanity, to protest, as far as lay within his power, against the continuance of this practice.

First—Because it is contrary to the instincts of all self-respecting nations.

Second—As being sure to alienate every particle of sympathy from those endorsing such outrages, and:

Third—As not only brutal and cruel in the last degree but without any other military advantage than the terrorizing, maiming and killing of innocent noncombatants who are helpless against such attacks.

Mr. Smith said that few in this country realized what a menace threatens London. He predicted that there would be many innocent women and children killed in their beds and in the streets, if the United States did not step in and warn Germany.

"London is helpless against this Zeppelin attack," he said, "and it is coming as sure as fate. The Germans are rushing their work on the air fleet and I hope sincerely that the United States will advise them to abandon it before it is too late.

"I am confident that Germany would heed a warning from this government.

"I am a disciple of neutrality. I believe firmly in the president's ideas of neutrality. "It has to do with legitimate warfare, but the dropping of bombs on unfortified cities by stealth in the middle of the night when no one can defend himself, is not warfare. It is brutal treachery and in the name of humanity it should be stopped."

## PROMINENT CHURCHMEN

### Distinguished Ministers in the City For Sunday and Special Events

Rev. Dr. Herridge of Ottawa, moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian church in Canada, arrived in the city today and will remain here for more than a week during which time he will be the guest of Robert Thomson, 2 Mecklenburg street.

During his stay in St. John, Dr. Herridge will be a busy man. He is coming primarily to aid in the mission which is to be conducted in St. David's church all next week by the allied Presbyterian churches of the city and will address a meeting each evening. He will also preach twice tomorrow.

The laymen's missionary movement is planning a big banquet and conference and Dr. Herridge will be one of the principal speakers. In addition to these engagements he has been asked to address the Canadian Club next week.

Owing to the position he occupies in ecclesiastical circles the visit of Doctor Herridge to St. John is regarded as an event of importance and not only on account of the fact that he is the head of the Presbyterian church in the Dominion of Canada, but also on account of his personal qualities. From one end of the country to the other he has attained a reputation as one of the greatest preachers in the Dominion and it is expected that the opportunity to hear him will be eagerly welcomed by St. John people.

There arrived in the city this morning from Montreal a distinguished visitor in the person of Rev. Dr. E. I. Hart, superintendent of Methodist Missions in that cosmopolitan city. Dr. Hart is the son of Rev. Dr. Virgil C. Hart, pioneer missionary to West China and was himself born in China. Until two years ago he was the pastor of Dominion Square church, Montreal, one of the largest churches in that city. He is slated as one of the speakers at the laymen's missionary banquet and will assist in conducting a missionary institute in Centenary church.

## Speculation As To What Will Follow Occupation of Ostend; Reports From France and Russia Are Favorable

London, Oct. 17—German forces, as was predicted, have occupied Ostend, near the sea, where the German right wing and the allies' left are struggling in the latest phase of what was once the battle of the Aisne.

All reports reaching London say that German imagination has been fired by the taking of Ostend and the cry now is not only "on to "Calais," but "on to Boulogne."

What progress, if any, the Germans have made since they entered Ostend on Thursday morning, is not known here, but their next objective apparently is Dunkirk.

Opinion in England seems to differ as to what part the British fleet would play should the battle continue to skirt the coastline, and the reports that British Dreadnoughts would back up the French, British and Belgian forces from the Straits of Dover, seem to originate in German sources.

London papers generally deprecate the importance of the German occupation of the coastline, pointing out that the British mine field prevents the enemy bringing ships to operate from the none-too spacious harbor of Ostend. The fact remains, however, that as the fighting gets geographically nearer to England, the public, heretofore discussing and speculating on a Zeppelin raid, is bound to ask itself what will come next.

The allied left is holding its ground. At some points it is even moving forward, having occupied Laventie, driving the Germans back in the direction of Lille. One report had it that the Germans had been driven out of Lille, but this has not been confirmed.

### THE RUSSIANS

There was little definite news of fighting along the Vistula River, where the Russians say they have repulsed a German attack. Whether the German advance on Warsaw has been permanently checked only the future can show. One version has it that the Germans are preparing to winter in Poland.

According to a despatch from Petrograd, dated on Friday, but received here today, the Russians now have opened their attack along the entire line, with special energy in the south, where General Brussiloffs' cavalry is said to have captured several Austrian detachments, together with trains carrying reinforcements and supplies. In retreating from Warsaw, it is said that the Germans lost forty-two guns intended for the siege of that city.

### GERMANS OCCUPY OSTEND

London, Oct. 17—The Germans entered Ostend at 10.30 o'clock on Thursday morning, according to the Daily Mail's correspondent, who left that port at the moment of German occupation.

"Their appearance," says, "excited a tremendous commotion among the hundreds of refugees, who had been unable to get away and stood panic-stricken on the quays. There was an outburst of groans and hoots mingled with screams and cries." The correspondent got away on a small Red Cross motor boat.

### BELGIANS READY TO FIGHT

London, Oct. 17—The Times' Antwerp correspondent, who accompanied the Belgian army in its retreat to France, telegraphs from the present headquarters of the Belgians, which is unnamed, saying that, far from the army being demoralized, the troops, though fatigued, are in the best of spirits and anxious to meet the Germans again.

### OFFICIAL PARIS REPORT

Paris, Oct. 17—An official statement given out at the French war office this afternoon is as follows:—

"In Belgium the German troops occupying western Belgium have not crossed the line running from Ostend to Thourout to Roulers to Kenin. There is relative quiet along the greater part of the front.

"On our left wing, there has been no change. In the region of Ypres, on the right bank of the Lys, the allied troops have occupied Fleurbaix as well as the immediate approaches to Armenteres.

"In the region of Arras, and also in the vicinity of St. Mihiel, we have continued to gain ground.

"In the Russian field of operations, there has been no change of importance on the front in East Prussia.

"Along the middle reaches of the Vistula River, the Austro-Hungarian armies have been driven to the defensive. Along the entire front to the south of Przmysl the fighting continues and the Russians have taken 500 prisoners."

### Russians Use Mines

Petrogad, Oct. 17—The Russian government announces that, because of the presence of German submarines in the Gulf of Finland and the sowing of mines in Russian waters by the enemy, it has been compelled to have recourse to similar measures. Consequently, certain zones of Russian waters, especially those near the Gulfs of Riga and Finland, and the Littoral Archipelago, must be considered as dangerous.

In order that non-combatants shall not run risks, the entrances and exits of the gulf of Riga and Finland, it is stated, are considered closed from the moment of the publication of this notice.

### English Airship Brought Down

London, Oct. 17—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Amsterdam says that, according to a German paper an English aeroplane was shot down near Peronne, France, inside the German lines. The two aviators aboard were captured.

### Belated News of Fighting

London, Oct. 17—Reuter's Paris correspondent sends a despatch received there from Hazebrouck, which describes at considerable length the reconnoitering in that district.

"On October 7," the despatch says "the Germans took the offensive on the line of Douai, Anise and Auberchicourt and for two days the battle raged, the allies eventually being compelled to give some ground. Meanwhile, the allies' left wing continued its northward movement, menacing the Germans' extreme right. The Germans thereupon moved north also."

### German Money to Turks

London, Oct. 17—The Exchange Telegraph Company has given out a despatch from its Athens correspondent who says he has learned from a reliable source that a sum of money equal to $5,000,000 in gold, has reached Constantinople from Germany.

## MUST GO TO SEA; SAYS HE WILL JUMP FROM THE SCHOONER FIRST

Charles Williams, colored, a sailor on the schooner Ethel Pearl, which will sail for Bermuda this evening, was handed over to the police yesterday afternoon by Captain Chute, and appeared before the magistrate this morning on a charge of refusing duty. William said that he had been ill-treated by the captain and would rather go to jail than sail with him. Captain Chute said that Williams had signed articles. The magistrate told him he would have to go back. Deputy Chief Jenkins and Policeman Briggs started to take the man to the vessel, but he refused to be taken, and sat on the steps of the police station, saying that if they took him, they would have to drag him all the way. It was decided to leave the man in a cell until the boat was ready to sail, when he will be conveyed to the Ethel Pearl by wagon. Williams has threatened to jump overboard as soon as the vessel gets outside the island. Captain Chute would be quite willing to leave him here, except that he would be liable to a fine of $500 if he did not take him back to the port from whence he sailed.

### OATS ADVANCE

The price of oats has advanced during this week three cents a bushel in Montreal and Chicago, according to the reports of the local wholesale dealers.

## DUTCH STEAMER STRIKES ON THE COAST OF KENT

London, Oct. 17—In a despatch from Dover the correspondent of the Evening News says the Dutch steamer Tubanti of the Royal Holland Lloyd line, went ashore on the coast of Kent today on her way to Rotterdam. She is believed to have a considerable number of passengers aboard. Assistance has been summoned from Dover and other ports.

### TURN OVER BUSINESS TO CANADIAN NORTHERN

New York, Oct. 17—The Uranium Steamship Co. is closing its New York offices, temporarily at least, because of the war.

Such affairs of the company as may be pending or unfinished, have been taken over by the Canadian Northern Railway Company in Toronto. The company's three steamers, the Uranium, the Principello and the Campanella which normally ply between this city and Rotterdam, are now being operated by the Canadian Northern, between Montreal and Bristol.

### TAX REFORM LEAGUE

"Union is strength, your help necessary," is the slogan of the Tax Reform League of Eastern Canada, whose annual meeting, with that of the Single Tax Association, will be held in Toronto on Oct. 22. Among the speakers will be John McF. Howie, of Buffalo; H. B. Cowan, of Peterboro; and Controller Simpson, A. W. Roebuck, and James Watt, of Toronto.