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The Toronto World.

PERFORATED RUBBER MATS
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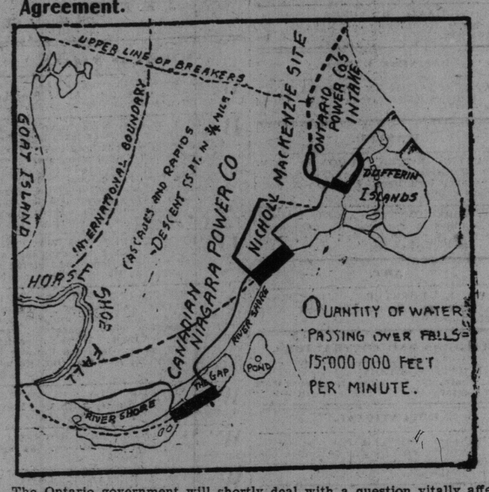
THE GUTTA PERCHA & RUBBER MFG. CO.
Of Toronto, Limited.

TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR — TEN PAGES—FRIDAY MORNING APRIL 14 1905—TEN PAGES — ONE CENT

POWER COMPANY TO DOUBLE PRIVILEGES UNLESS ONTARIO GOVERNMENT HOLDS OUT

Senate Reading Room—
S—341

Electrical Development Company of Niagara Falls Wants to Develop 250,000 Horse Power or Twice What It Is Empowered to do Under Its Agreement — How the Public Interest is Threatened—Text of the New Agreement.



The Ontario government will shortly deal with a question vitally affecting the public interests involved in the power development at Niagara Falls. This is no less than a demand from the Electrical Development Co. for power to develop 25,000 horse power, or twice the concession granted it under its agreement with the government. Last January a few days before the provincial elections an order-in-council was passed doubling the development privileges of the big power company, familiarly known as the Mackenzie, Nicholls, Pellatt syndicate. It embodied a new or second agreement whereby the company was to have the privilege of developing 250,000 horse power instead of 125,000 horse power as provided in the first agreement. To bring the second agreement into force it was provided that it should be confirmed by another order-in-council and an act of the Ontario legislature. These confirmatory measures the company is now asking for. The question is, will the Whitney government grant them?

It is pointed out the public has already slight stake at Niagara Falls, that the four companies practically control the situation, and that to double the privileges of the Electrical Development Co. as above stated would be to destroy the public's last hope of protecting its interests in the matter of power development. Mr. Langmuir says the extra concession which it is proposed to grant the company is not sufficient for independent operation. It is not yet known what expert opinion Mr. Langmuir has to back up this assertion, and at any rate it is claimed that the extra concession should not be granted till the company shows how it intends to deal with the municipalities. Here is the second agreement in full:

This agreement, made the ninth day of January, A. D. 1905, between the commissioners of the Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park, acting herein on their own behalf and with the approval of the government of the Province of Ontario hereafter called the "Commissioners" of the first part, and The Electrical Development Co. of Ontario, Limited, hereinafter called the "Company," of the second part.

Whereas, for convenience and to prevent ambiguity, it is agreed and understood by and between the said parties hereto and is hereby declared as follows, that is to say:

(a). The expression the "The Park" wherever it occurs herein shall be understood to mean the Park proper, namely, the Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park, south of its original boundary in front of the property formerly known as the Clifton House and running easterly to the Niagara River.

(d). The expression "The Commissioners" wherever it occurs herein, shall be understood to mean not only the Commissioners of the Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park—as representing the government of the Province of Ontario in the premises—named as parties hereto of the first part, but also their successors and assigns and those who for the time being may be commissioners of the Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park or other representatives of the government in Ontario.

(c). The expression the "Company" wherever it occurs herein shall be understood to mean The Electrical Development Company of Ontario, Limited, its successors and assigns, duly incorporated by letters patent, dated 18th February, 1903, issued under the great seal of the Province of Ontario in accordance with the Ontario Companies Act.

(d). The expression "The First Agreement" wherever it occurs herein shall be understood to mean the agreement bearing date the 29th day of January, A. D. 1903, and made between the said commissioners of the first part and William Mackenzie of the City of Toronto, capitalist: Henry Mill Pellatt of the same place, capitalist, and Frederick Nicholls of the same place, capitalist, therein called "The Syndicate" of the second part, whereby **the said commissioners did grant unto "The Syndicate" a license irrevocable to take from the waters of the Niagara River within the park a sufficient quantity of water to develop 125,000 electrical or pneumatic or other horse power for commercial use,** and did also grant to the syndicate the right to construct, build and do and perform and operate the specific works therein designated and located in pink lines upon the map or plan marked "N" annexed to the said agreement upon the terms and subject to the conditions in the said agreement specified.

And whereas the first agreement was duly approved by the lieutenant-governor-in-council by order-in-council, dated the 30th day of January, A. D. 1903;

And whereas it was expressly provided in and by the first agreement that the syndicate should within two years from the date thereof sell, assign, convey and transfer to a company or corporation formed under proper authority having power to construct and operate the said works all the rights and franchises by the first agreement given and conferred to and upon the syndicate and in accordance with such provision and pursuant thereto the said syndicate by an indenture of assignment, bearing date the 21st day of March, 1903, did sell, assign, convey and transfer to the Electrical Development Company of Ontario, Limited, being the company hereto of the second part, its successors and assigns, the said agreement of 29th January, 1903, meaning the first agreement, together with all the rights and franchises given and conferred thereby and all benefits and advantages to be derived therefrom.

And whereas the locations of the several works authorized under the first agreement which have been constructed or which are in process of construction are shown in black lines upon th accompanying map marked "O."

And whereas, the company represent that the quantity of water intercepted by the works authorized by their first agreement is sufficient to enable power to be developed in excess of the amount already authorized by such first agreement, which if not secured and made sure of while construction of works under first agreement is proceeding, would be to lose the utilization of such excess of water forever.

And whereas, the location of the new works which the company now desires to construct are shown in red lines and figures upon the accompanying map or plan marked "O" and which may be described as follows:

(a). To remove the masonry revetment wall 1, 5, 6, constructed by the company.

(b). To build an outer line of arched masonry sheer ice booms from or near the point 1, to or near the point 2, and an inner line from or near the point 3 to or near the point 4.

(c). To construct a second power house with rack, screen, gate house, wheelpit, penstocks and machinery within the area marked 3, 4, 7, 8, the design and construction of which shall be of the same general character as has been authorized and approved of by the commissioners for the power house provided for under the terms of the first agreement.

(d). To terrace the front of the building in a manner to be approved of by the commissioners.

(e). To carry the electricity generated in the second power house to points beyond the park by means of underground conduits, carried under the surface of the park and under the pipe lines of the Ontario Power Company in a manner to be approved of by the commissioners.

(f). To construct a masonry lined tail race tunnel with branch tunnels on either side of the wheelpit to carry the discharge water from the wheels of the second power house to the river below the Falls.

Now, therefore, this agreement witnesseth as follows, that is to say:

1. For the purpose of generating electricity and pneumatic power or other power for commercial use to be transmitted and capable of being transmitted to places beyond the park, the **commissioners hereby grant to the company, subject to the consent and approval of the proper authority and save as hereafter limited, a license irrevocable to take and** use any excess of water which may be found within the forebay and works of the company constructed in accordance with the terms of the **first agreement over and above the amount required to generate the 125,000 electrical horse power heretofore granted for the purpose of developing such additional electrical pneumatic or other power as the**

CONTINUED ON PAGE 3

ONLY SOLUTION POSSIBLE ALL RIGHTS PROTECTED

Chairman Langmuir Thinks Best Care Taken to Guard Rights of Province.

Frederic Nicholls was asked yesterday what reasons the company had for seeking the additional horsepower, and how it would be disposed of. "You will understand that it would be injudicious of me," he said, "to speak about the matter just now, when the legislature must pass upon it. When the proper time comes, I should be pleased to let you know all I can, but now that the case is sub judice, of course, I can say nothing."

J. W. Langmuir, chairman of the Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park commission, said that his report of March 1, to the provincial secretary, contained all the facts in the case. The matter arose simply out of an unforseen depth of water in the river. The site allotted the Electrical Development Company was below that given the Ontario Power Company, but just as close to it as would permit a flow of current to the coffer dam. The engineers of the former company had found in the bed of the river, instead of 8 feet of water, as expected, a depth of 20 or 22 feet. This company was also required to use the weir water or waste water from the Ontario Power Company's dam. The distance between the two locations was too short to permit of a site being granted to any other company, and it appeared best to allow the Electrical Development Company to develop the extra power. The interests of the province were safeguarded in every possible way. It was provided that one-half of the power generated should be at all times available for use by the municipalities of the province for lighting, heating or other public utilities, and the price of the power to be paid by the municipalities was left in the hands of the lieutenant-governor-in-council to be determined at the expiration of every term of fifteen years. Finally the agreement was made subject to ratification and confirmation by the legislative assembly.

Mr. Langmuir was asked if he thought the purchasers of power were protected against a combination. "Well, we have put in a stipulation that the companies shall not combine," he replied. "That's as far as we could go. There is now used in the whole of Ontario 86,000 horsepower, and in the State of New York 537,000 horsepower. There are four companies at the Falls, and permission has already been given to develop 475,000 horsepower. With that competition, and that amount of power, there should be no danger of it being held at too high a figure."

Asked if he thought there was a necessity for grantinga privilege for such extra development, Mr. Langmuir said he believed that within ten years all railroads within a 200 mile radius of the Falls would be operated by electricity. He was confident that there would be an immense increase in the use of electric power on all sides in the next few years, and that all generated at the Falls would be utilized.

Premier Whitney stated last night that the government had not yet decided on what action it would take in reference to the agreement, as the matter had not come up for consideration. It would have to be considered, however, but until he had gone into it he was not in a position to express an opinion.

EARL GREY IN TORONTO ON VICTORIA DAY.

Quebec, April 13.—Hon. S. N. Parent this morning received a letter from Earl Grey, Governor-General of Canada, thanking him and the aldermen of Quebec for their expressions of welcome and visit to Quebec on Victoria Day, May 24 next.

His excellency regretted that he was due in Toronto on that date, but promised to visit the ancient capital in June.

Karnak Cigarettes absolutely Pure. 135

EXPECTS AN ACT SOON.

Ottawa, April 13.—"We expect that before the session ends some legislation respecting trading stamps will be brought down by the government," stated Honore Gervais, M. P. for St. James division of Montreal, to-day.

THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA,
28 King Street West, Toronto.
Savings Department.

THE LATEST.

Ottawa, April 13.—The Liberals are now saying that Mackenzie & Mann are at the bottom of the attacks on Laurier and Sbarretti in regard to the autonomy bills, and that Rogers and Campbell of Winnipeg are but their instruments.

Smoke Alive Bollard's Mixture.

THE EASTER ADJOURNMENT.

Ottawa, April 13.—(Special.)—Sir Wilfrid Laurier announced in the house to-day that the house would adjourn from Wednesday next at 6 p.m. until the following Tuesday.

Furniture polished, desks cleaned out, offices put in order for the season. Toronto Window Cleaning Company, Limited, 59 Victoria-street. Phone M. 1413.

CANADA LIFE'S ADVANTAGE.

There are practical and immediate advantages in insuring with the company holding the strongest policy reserves on the continent. Examine the Canada Life's Guaranteed Accumulation Contract.

Storm Windows taken down and cleaned. Toronto Window Cleaning Co., Limited, 59 Victoria-street. Phone M. 1413

A Tobacco Worth Smoking.
Entirely different from any other line of smoking mixtures. "Chop Cut" is what they call it; made from purest selected Virginity and Latakia tobaccos. Has a most delicious flavor. 1-4 lb. tin 50c, 1-2 lb. tin $1. A. Clubb & Sons, sole distributors, 49 King West.

Fireproof, Windows, Doors Skylights, Metal Ceilings, Corrugated Iron. A. B. Ormsby, Limited, Queen-George.

Bargain in Pipes.
French Brier Pipes, real amber mouthpiece, positively worth 50c and 75c, reduced on Saturday to 25c. United Cigar Stores.

No paste used in Tuckett's Cigarettes. 135

The Royal Templars of Temperance Lodge, Toronto City Council No. 2, held a semi-annual concert and social at the Temple Building last night.

URIU'S FLYING SQUADRON TO CUT OUT SHIP BY SHIP

"Lion of Japanese Navy" Has Probable Task Which Will Lead Him Into Early Fighting.

CLASHES SURE BEFORE MAIN BATTLE

Tokio, April 13.—While the Japanese imperial government will not give a reasonable clue to the movements of the combined fleets under the command of Togo, Kamimura, Kataoka and Uriu, it can be said upon official authority there is no truth in the reports cabled here from Paris to-day that the battleship squadron and the cruiser division was engaged yesterday morning off Great Natuna Island with Admiral Rojestvensky's warships. The report excited derision in the admiralty office, but it would not be wholly surprising to learn that Uriu's squadron of two armored cruisers, three protected cruisers of the first class and two torpedo flotillas had attacked a division of the enemy.

The naval chiefs here do not throw out this suggestion, but it is nevertheless true that Uriu is in command of the flying squadron, and it is known definitely here that his ships were as far west as British Borneo on Friday of last week. His is the scouting division of the great Japanese fleet, and the admiral's American training and Japanese dash might have made the opportunity. There is no confirmation, however, of any engagement in the China Sea, and it would be surely known, as there is no manner of doubt that the movements of the fleet are sent every day to the Tokio government.

Wireless in War.

This was true when they were before Port Arthur and in the Sea of Japan. The battle with the Vladivostock fleet was sent while the engagement was in progress in fifteen minute bulletins across 140 miles of sea. The government has the most expert wireless telegraph system in the world, and its swift gunboats, communicating with one another miles apart, could easily flash the news of a sea battle.

That a clash will come before the main battle is a certainty, and it will not be at all surprising should the Japanese navy in a night dash disable two or three of the most formidable ships in the Russian fleet. It was the destruction of two good warships in Chemulpo harbor and the disabling, on the same night, of two battleships in Port Arthur harbor that gave Japan the balance of power on the sea at the beginning of the war. Those who know the great ability of the naval officers, the excellent training of the fighting men and the splendid condition of the fleet look for a brilliant success previous to a fight by the great battleships.

Uriu's Mission.

Long before Rojestvensky makes his way to the China Sea, ship after ship may be cut out of his splendid fleet. This is the mission of Uriu, and "the Lion of the Japanese Navy" may at this moment be carrying out his task.

It is reported here to-day that the Russians are continually reinforcing the garrison at Vladivostock, and that the work of strengthening the fortress is progressing constantly. It is said that the plans of the Russians contemplate garrison numbering 100,000 men with 500 guns. Many additional batteries, redoubts, barriers and pits are in course of construction for enormous amounts of ammunition are being accumulated. The Russians, it is said, hope to so equip the fortress that it will be capable of withstanding a siege.

RUSSIAN FLEET SIGHTED GOING NOR' BY NOR' EAST.

Singapore, April 13.—The Russian fleet was in latitude 8 degrees north, longitude 108 degrees 55 minutes east at noon April 11. The peninsular and oriental steamer Nubia, which has arrived here, reports having passed no less than forty-two vessels there. They were steering north northeast at a speed of eight or ten knots.

The position of the fleet was then about 300 miles northeastward of the Natun Islands (which lie between the Malay Peninsula and the west coast of Borneo), and more than 200 miles southeast of Capr St. Jacques. This course indicates that the fleet was not going to Saigon, French Cochin-China.

HOSPITAL SHIP AT SAIGON TO SECURE NECESSITIES.

Chicago, April 13.—A Chicago Daily News special from Saigon says: "Rojestvensky's hospital ship arrived here last night to take on board provisions, coal and medicines. It will leave tomorrow at midday to rejoin the main squadron."

MAY SEIZE TEMPORARY BASE FIGHT IN JAP TERRITORY.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—(5.59 p.m.)—The news of the northward movement of Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron and his evident intention to accept battle whenever Admiral Togo chooses to offer it has for the present stilled all activities in the direction of peace.

In Naval circles the impression prevails that the squadron will continue to the Straits of Formosa, where, if Togo does not elect to give battle, or is defeated, Admiral Rojestvensky may seize a temporary base in Japanese territory and if it is considered advisable he could there await the arrival of Admiral Nebogatoff's division.

Get your office cleaned up. Small charge. Toronto Window Cleaning Company, Limited, 59 Victoria-street, Phone Main 1413.

MARRIAGES.

BRAND—MARSHALL—At the residence of her sister Mrs. James McGlashan, on Wednesday, April the 12th, by the Rev. Canon Baldwin of All Saints' Church, Florence, youngest daughter of the late K. R. Marshall, Esq., to Alexander Brand, Esq., of Stavely, Alta, N.W.T.

DEATHS.

BROADBENT—Drowned at Port Hope, on Saturday, April 8th, 1905, Willie, the dearly beloved and only son of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Broadbent, late of Toronto, aged 3 years and 9 months.

DEWEY—At his late residence, 200 Carlton-street, on Thursday, 13th inst., Edwin B. Dewey, in his 50th year, a native of Cheshunt, Hertfordshire, England.

Funeral private.

McKAY—At his late residence, Cosborne-avenue, Todmorden, on Tuesday, April 11th, 1905, William McKay, sr., in his 90th year.

Funeral Friday, April 14th, at 2 p.m., to Norway Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

AN UNWELCOME GHOST.

THE COERCION KNIGHT: Pardon me, my old friend, but may I request that you abstain from "butting in" here 'till I have finished this argument.

AXES WIFE AND GIRL, STRIPS AND HIDES BODIES KICKED AS HE KNELT, LOOSED DEVIL WITHIN HIM

Penetang Frenchman Confesses to Brutal Crime—Used Two Axes and Knife on Victims, and Then Went Away to Secure Employment.

Midland, April 13.—(Special.)—A small log shanty situated near the Firstbrook factory, on the north of side of Penetang, near the Grand Trunk Railway tracks, was the scene of one of the most brutal murders that has ever been committed in Simcoe County. The crime occurred between 8 and 9 o'clock on Wednesday night. The facts of the case are almost too revolting to describe.

About 8 o'clock on the night in question, a Frenchman, by the name of DesRoche, who had been working with a farmer across the bay, returned home and found the house locked up. He commenced splitting wood in the yard, and in a few minutes his step-daughter, Annie Frisk, came along and enquired where her mother was. DesRoche answered that he did not know. The girl evidently had an idea as to where she was, however, and proceeded to a neighbor's house. On her way she met her mother coming home, and arriving at the house it appears, from the evidence given by the prisoner, DesRoche, his wife commenced to use abusive language towards him and he became enraged.

Grabbing an ax, he dealt the woman a blow over the head, and struck her again as she lay upon the ground. He then turned his attention to the girl, but upon striking her the ax handle broke. He then unlocked the door and dragged the bodies into the house, where he secured another ax and proceeded to finish his horrible work which he had begun in the yard. He struck them both again to make sure that both were dead; he then stripped them of all clothing, and, taking out a large jack-knife which he had in his pocket, he stabbed them both in the throat.

Hid the Bodies.

Having completed the work of killing, he proceeded to hide his victims under the house in a small cellar, and into this he brought both bodies. Then, going down, he picked his victims up and pushed them back under the floor as far as he could. Returning to the scene of slaughter, he commenced to clean up the house by washing all the blood off the floor and concealing the clothes in the cellar. He then left the house and started for Midland.

Matters remained in this shape until early this morning, when James Frisk, a step-son, about 18 years old, who was working at one of the livery stables in the town, returned home for his breakfast. He noticed blood-stains on the kitchen floor and at once went to the neighbors. An investigation took place, but as they could find nothing but a few blood spots, evidently did not think that anything serious had happened. The son got his own breakfast and went back to work.

Discovered by Neighbor.

Shortly after, however, a neighbor who had been called thought he would look around again, and, while searching, opened the cellar door, where he discovered the blood-stained clothing. He gave the alarm and the case was placed in the hands of the authorities about 9 o'clock.

The search for DesRoche revealed the fact that he had taken a situation in one of the mill yards in Midland. He was arrested there this afternoon and taken back to Penetang. At the coroner's investigation this afternoon he gave the story as above, and, after the post-mortem, which will take place tonight, he will be committed to Barrie jail.

Had Frequent Quarrels.

DesRoche is a thick-set Frenchman, below the average standard of intelligence, and it is stated that at times he was given to acting strangely, but he was never known to be violent. Yesterday he admitted having been drinking. The family had frequent quarrels, but the prisoner states that he had never threatened or had any idea of doing harm. The dead girl is about 14 years of age.

DesRoches tells his story as calmly as another would tell of killing a chicken. He was perfectly possessed when he told the details to the coroner's jury. He does not explain the fact that he undressed the bodies, except to say that "he did not know what he was doing." His wife had some reputation as a shrew, and upon her return with her daughter she is believed to have attacked him so viciously that his temper got out of control. There is a story current that the mother had appealed to a constable for protection in behalf of her daughter, upon whom the stepfather had designs, but it is generally discounted.

The people are of the dregs of the town, and with them education and morality are at a discount. When the stepson, Joseph Priske, came to the neighbors and confessed to having quarrelled suspicion naturally fell on him, but the arrest of DesRoches in

Continued on Page 2.

POPE'S BLESSING FOR SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

LONDON, April 13.—Sir Charles Tupper yesterday received the Pope's blessing for his consistent defence of the rights of Roman Catholics in the Dominion.

INSPECTOR OF THREE DAYS MUST HAND BACK HIS KEYS

Something Slipped a Cog at Kingston and Ex-Mayor Wright is Out a Job.

Kingston, April 13.—(Special.)—Three days only as license inspector is the unique record of Clark W. Wright, an ex-mayor of this city.

On Monday morning Mr. Wright received word from the license department that he had been appointed inspector.

By the same mail William Glidden, who has been license inspector here since 1879, got word to hand in his resignation and give over the keys to his successor.

The appointment came as a surprise to the local Conservative executive, who had not yet made any recommendation.

It is understood a protest was lodged at once in Toronto on this account. Mr. Wright has now received word to again hand over the keys to Mr. Glidden, and the former inspector has been asked to assume office until further notice.

The sudden changes have caused considerable talk.

Mr. McIntyre, the Conservative candidate in the last election, has been in Toronto since Monday.

Try "Lowe Inlet" Canned Salmon. Always Reliable.

Fashionable Walking Canes.
Special—We have a line of silver-mounted partridge wood canes, which we are selling absolutely 25 per cent. below cost. United Cigar Stores, ed7

Special sale on Carnations, 35c dozen. Extra fine, all colors, at College Flower Shop, 445 Yonge. Tel. north 1192.

INFANT IS MURDERED.

Body Found in an Outhouse in Rear 81 Manning Ave.

The body of a female infant was found in an outhouse in the rear of 81 Manning-avenue.

It was taken to the morgue. A coroner will investigate.

ENOUGH FOR ALL.

New York, April 13.—Agents of several of the transatlantic steamship lines with offices in this city, when informed of the action taken by the Cunard Line officials in Liverpool, to-day said they did not believe it would lead to a renewal of the rate war. Summarized, the opinion of the agents seemed to be that there was enough business for everybody just at this time.

The first annual at home of the Journeymen Barbers, Local 376, was largely attended last night at the Labor Temple.

"FREE PRESS" MAKES JIBE "TELEGRAM" UTTERS THREAT

Laurier Organ Asserts That Manitoba Minority Under Settlement of 1897 Really Enjoy Separate Schools.

IS SO, THERE'LL BE A QUICK CHANGE

Winnipeg, April 13.—(Special.) — The Free Press, the official organ of the Laurier government in the west, today devoted a two-column editorial to an attempt to prove that the minority in Manitoba enjoys almost as great privileges as do their co-religionists in Ontario, saying in part:

"In Manitoba we have to-day a school system which, as it is actually being carried on, ought to arouse fervent discord-promoters in Toronto to far greater wrath than the school system in the territories. It ought to incite them to pour out bitter denunciations upon Premier Roblin, instead of pointing to him, as they do, as a staunch, unyielding champion and defender of national schools now. It ought to make them call aloud upon Premier Roblin to set his own house in order first, before undertaking to say anything about the sort of schools the new provinces should have.

"For the plain truth is, that, without the name of separate schools, Manitoba has to-day in full operation what is virtually, to all intents and good purposes, a separate school system. The Roblin government has found it advisable and expedient, under cover of retaining the form of national schools, to yield the substance."

Much Greater Rights.

After adducing specific instances in proof of its argument, and showing that persons belonging to religious orders teach in Manitoba public schools, The Free Press continues:

"It is thus evident that, here, in Manitoba, where we are supposed to have a system of national schools, which Mr. Willison and other dancing dervishes in Toronto proclaim to be a perfect paragon of system, the minority have, as a matter of actual fact, much greater educational privileges than their co-religionists in the territories will have under the autonomy legislation which is arousing Toronto denouncers of that legislation to such ecstasies of fanatical rage. The contrast is a striking one. The minority in Manitoba have their own schools, which, in fact, tho not in form, are pretty nearly on the same basis as Ro-

Continued on Page 4.

IT IS SAID.

That when Robert Roswell Gamey, M. L. A., speaks to his request in the legislature that the records of his case be expunged, he will produce an affidavit from a prominent Toronto, admitting that certain books were falsified at the instigation of one of the persons chiefly concerned in the matter.

SULTAN FORMALLY REJECTS FRENCH REFORM PLANS.

London, April 14.—The correspondent at Tangier of The Daily Telegraph reports that the Sultan of Morocco has definitely rejected the French reform demands, declaring that they must be referred to the signatories of the Madrid convention.

10c Gato cigars for 5c Alive Bollard.

From Sunny Italy.

Italian Alpines and Fedora hats have won the day with America's dressy men. Dineen has the latest designs by Borsalino and other great Italian makers.

Special sale of Carnations. 35c dozen Extra fine, all colors, at College Flower Shop, 445 Yonge. Tel. North 1192.

FAIR AND COOLER.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, April 13.—(8 p.m.)—The weather today has been quite cold in Manitoba and the Territories, where, excepting in Assiniboia, the freezing point has not been exceeded. Cool conditions have been general thruout Eastern Canada, with some local exceptions in Southern and Eastern Ontario.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 12—38; Port Simpson, 34—44; New Westminster, 42—50; Kamloops, 16—34; Calgary, 16—24; Edmonton, 10—30; Qu'Appelle, 10—32; Winnipeg, 12—30; Port Arthur, 20—36; Parry Sound, 34—46; Toronto, 27—57; Ottawa, 30—58; Montreal, 32—40; Quebec, 26—48; St. John, 32—52; Halifax, 36—46.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Northwesterly winds; fair and cooler.

Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence—Fair and cooler.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Strong northerly winds; cloudy and cool.

Maritime—Strong winds and moderate gales; east to north; cool and showery.

Superior and Manitoba—Fair and cold.

Use "Maple Leaf" Canned Salmon. The best packed.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

April 13	At	From
Cevic and Majestic	New York	Liverpool
Koenigin Luise	New York	Genoa
Corinthian	New York	Moville
Teutonic	Liverpool	New York
Cymric	Queenstown	Boston
Latouraine	Havre	New York

Babbit Metal, best made. The Canada Metal Co.

CHAMBERLAIN TO MEET BALFOUR MAY SETTLE ON RETALIATION

Reticence as to Decisions of Yesterday's Conference of Chamberlainites but Ending of "Civil War" is Hoped for.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, April 13.—A great effort is being made to lessen the breach existing between the Chamberlainites and Balfourites. A private meeting held yesterday in the house of commons of some 150 followers was presided over by Mr. Chamberlain.

In an official statement which has been issued, it is said that a statement presenting the views of the tariff reformers was unanimously adopted, and a deputation appointed to convey the statement to the prime minister, which deputation Mr. Chamberlain will personally conduct.

Members are somewhat reticent as to what actually took place at the meeting. It is possible that taxation of imports for revenue purposes both as a means of effective retaliation and of granting a colonial preference will be indicated.

This is on the lines of Mr. Balfour's now almost famous half sheet of notepaper, but until the deputation is received to-day nothing will be known for a certainty. Consequently the result is looked forward to with much interest.

The feeling among the Unionists is that it will go far to end the civil war